The Press and Banner.

BY HUGH WILSON.

ABBEVILLE, S. C.

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Sick or Ill.

There as been some discussion recently in literary circles as to the proper use of the word "ill." Harper's Weekly took the word in hand a few weeks since and said:

There are signs of an existing propensity to constrain the partial withdrawal of the word "sick" from the American language in favor of the word "ill." Newspapers in their headlines and elsewhere speak now-a-days about "a very ill man." It used to be "a very sick man." Why the change? "An ill wind" is a satisfactory use of language, but "an ill man" grates on the ear and sounds like an attempt to improve on the useage that had no perceptible defect. They say this new whim is a euphemism imported from England. A correspondent of a Boston paper discusses and disapproves it, protesting not only against the use of the unwarrantable adverb "illy," but against the "growing use of the word "ill" in place of the homely word "sick." This Boston protestant, quoting Webster, finds that Shakespeare, with hardly an exception, uses "ill" to mean mental, moral or impersonal disorders. "Ill at ease," "ill advise," "ill bred," "ill fares" are all fit and familiar uses of a good and industrious little word that has plenty of legitimate work of its own without being constrained to figure as a feeble substitute for "sick."—News and Views.

The Press and Banner knows nothing at all of the true meaning of the word "ill." We do not use it when referring to a man's physical condition. An illiterate physician, however, once explained to us that "ill" meant that the patient was in a low or a critical condition.

As we understand, "sick" more often has reference to the condition of the stomach. We say a man is sick of fever, but we would hardly say that a man was sick of rheumatism or tooth-ache.

The man who would say "illy" deserves to be shot with the man who says "program."

By the Reckless and Unwarranted Shooting of a Negro a White Man is Killed.

The following notice copied from the State is not the first of the kind that has appeared in the newspapers:

"Brookland was very much saddened by the untimely death of Mr. John Bundrick, who was killed accidentally about 9 o'clock Saturday night. Mr. Bob Doyle, who in firing at a fleeing negro caused the death of his own friend, is very much shocked and saddened by the involuntary homicide.

"The coroner of Lexington county, Mr. J. O. Wilson, held an inquest yesterday and the jury brought in a formal verdict that the deceased came to his death from a wound inflicted at the hands of Bob Doyle who was firing at a negro escaping from an officer of the law.

"The unknown negro, whose arrest and subsequent escape and flight caused the firing of the fatal shot, has not been found, nor is there any clue to his identity. The policeman, Mr. Sturkie, has the negro's cravat and pistol, and these articles may yet aid in his arrest. The negro is subject to indictment to no charge more serious than that of carrying concealed weapons, resisting an officer, etc."

If there are men on this earth who need to be more severely dealt with than the man who carries a pistol, it is the constable who shoots a fleeing prisoner in the back. Especially is this true when the fleeing man has committed next to no offense. The idea that a man is resisting an officer by running from him is the merest dream of the imagination.

Reform the Schools.

When in Greenville recently Dr. Thomas of the Baptist Courier was discussing holidays in the schools. He said he had taken the trouble to count up the holidays in the Greenville schools and he found that from thirty to forty school days were taken up with holidays of one kind and another. The doctor thought a reform was needed. There is food for thought just here.—R. S. G., in Associate Reformed Presbyterian.

And the Doctor is right. There is room for a reform all along the line. If the Press and Banner had the authority it would abolish the holiday business in all the schools, except in cases where the pupils were poor and needed a holiday to launder their clothes. We would, therefore, abolish the Saturday holidays. If any man can give a sensible reason for suspending a school on Saturdays where the pupils are boarders, we should like to hear of it. In the rural districts where children must take a hand in washing their clothes, there is reason for the Saturday holiday. But there is no reason, except to follow an old custom of the country schools, for suspending the exercises of a college on Saturday.

The Present Need.

Twenty years ago the Legislature of this State thought to promote industrial enterprises by returning the taxes for ten years on all cotton mills. This to give employment to poor people, and to keep them at home.

Now, the great need of the State is monuments. The State Legislature appropriates $20,000 for a monument, and committees or committeemen are to be appointed in every County in the State to worry and annoy the the people. And then all the counties need Confederate Monuments. And patriotic women and pretty girls in every community will make the men stand and deliver.

As the Legislature, in returning taxes, intended to encourage the material prosperity of the State, so, we presume, the building of monuments is intended to encourage the dead to keep on being dead.

If the dead could see the struggle that the living are making to keep their money from falling into the hands of the monument builders, they would be satisfied to stay dead.

Three Cheers for Heyward.

Reports in the newspapers would indicate that Governor Heyward intends to make the foreigners of Charleston obey the law of their adopted State and city.

There has been more pure rot about the difficulty of enforcing the law in Charleston than elsewhere. The foolishness of such allegations is being proved by the way violations are now being punished. They have more policemen in Charleston than elsewhere and with proper effort on their part the law should be more easily enforced in Charleston than in places where few or no policemen are to be found.

Governor Heyward is certainly proving himself to be a man.

Tillman's Bail.

It is said that the refusal of bail to Tillman will create sympathy for him. He is, we believe, the only man who has been refused bail, and the jurors and the public may take the view that the denial was judicial persecution. It is said that no further effort will be made for bail.

No man has ever been hounded down as James H. Tillman has been. For years he has been the subject of much unkindness and unnecessary abuse. It seems that when a man is behind prison bars that honorable journalism should let him alone.

It seems, too, that the Judges ought to treat him as they treat other prisoners.

Should Sit Down.

The Hon. Wm. Jennings Bryan can't keep his mouth shut. And the worst of it is he seems to think that he is the whole thing. If possible, he would be more autocratic than President Roosevelt, whose title should be changed to King or Czar. He appoints officers on a basis of efficiency, and reminds of what one of the millionaire said: "the people be damned."

Paints, oils, glass and putty at Milford's Drug Store.

The President's Autocratic Views.

The Columbia Record quotes the President as saying:

"In making appointments I have sought to consider the feelings of the people of each locality so far as I could conscientiously do so without sacrificing principle. The prime tests I have applied have been those of character, fitness and ability, and when I have been dissatisfied with what has been offered within my own party lines I have without hesitation gone to the opposite party—and you are of course aware that I have repeatedly done this in your own State of Georgia. I certainly cannot treat mere color a permanent bar to holding office any more than I could treat creed or birthplace—always provided that in other respects the applicant or incumbent is a worthy and well-behaved American citizen. Just as little will I treat it as conferring a right to hold office."

All this is very well if the President was King or military ruler.

In a Republican government it is not contended that the people would select abler or more efficient officers than could be appointed by an officer having absolute power to do as he pleases.

Officers are chosen or elected in a Republican government more because of acceptability than because of fitness for office.

In a Republican government the will of the people should govern, and when Mr. Roosevelt appoints objectionable people to office because they are capable and against the will of the people, he usurps the rights of the people, and gives offense to the true American sentiment.

The act of appointing objectionable officers against the will of the people is not palliated because of the efficiency of the appointee. Such appointments are offensive and is an act which could scarcely be exceeded by a military despot.

A Needed Law.

If South Carolina needs any more laws, we think the recent tragedy in Spartanburg would emphasize the necessity of defining the duty of teacher in reference to refractory students.

In case of disobedience or neglect of duty on the part of student, is it better to dismiss him from the school, or is it better for the teacher to whip?

If there is no law on the subject, then there should be some official declaration by which the teacher as well as the scholar should be governed.

Whether children should be whipped at school may be a question, but there can be no question of the necessity for obedience to the rules of the school.

If a young man feels that he cannot respect the wishes of the teacher, or conform to the rules of the school, then he should voluntarily return to his parents. In case he did not do this, then he ought to be dismissed.

In one sense the school teacher is a government officer, and for the scholar to resist the control of the teacher is a high offense.

See account of Spartanburg killing.

Hogan's Foolish Act.

Senator Morgan of Alabama is making a fool of himself—not to use a stronger adjective. Although any man of any discernment can see that the will of the people is to build the Panama canal, yet he tries by stategem or artifice to defeat their will.

It isn't possible for Morgan and his followers to defeat the canal.

Democrats in Washington.

If the Democratic Senators would devote their talent, time and energies to serving the country, they would have less time to make figures of themselves, by opposing needed legislation on no better grounds than opposition to the Republicans.

The Orangeburg Times and Democrat says: "All must admire the course of The State in its treatment of James H. Tillman since he killed its editor. It has never uttered a word of comment on the tragedy in its editorial colums, and has treated Tillman with conspicuous fairness in its news columns."

ODDS AND ENDS.

Picked Up in and Around the City.

Mrs. McCracken, of Toccoa, Ga., is in the city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Will Harris.

Miss Belle Lindfors, has returned to her home in Columbia, after an extended visit to her brother, Mr. E. O. Lindfors.

Mr. John R. Stephens is in Greenwood visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. Theodore Lindfors, who has been working in Columbia has returned to Abbeville and resumed his work in the Seaboard Shops.

Miss Maggie Pennel has been quite sick for the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Mills have returned to their home in Columbia, after spending two weeks in the city with relatives.

Miss Nancy McIlwain has returned from a week's visit in Spartanburg.

Miss Lizzie Penney went to Due West Monday to resume her position with the firm of R. M. Haddon & Co.

Miss Annie Penney returned Tuesday from Spartanburg where she has been visiting the family of Mr. H. P. McIlwain.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Taylor leave today for Columbia, where they will make their home in the future. These popular young people will be greatly missed, and it is with regret that their friends see them leave.

Mrs. Alice Simmons has moved to the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. P. Hammond, where she will stay until she regains her health.

Mrs. Edd Nickles and her pretty daughter, Miss Nannie Nickles, was in the city shopping Monday.

Mrs. T. G. Gaston and Mrs. A. R. Gaston, was in the city shopping Tuesday.

Miss Jannie Campbell, of Long Cane, is in the city spending a while with her cousin, Miss Mary Gilmer.

COURT NEWS.

February Term Close Sine Die—No Further Business.

Pleasant Anderson vs. S. A. L. Ry. Co. The following jurors tried the case:

W. V. Brownville,	T. H. Cochran,
A. H. Patterson,	J. A. Ellis,
W. R. Crowther,	J. C. Munday,
T. V. Miller,	D. A. Wardlaw,
John Wright,	Jas. A. Wilson,
J. L. Fisher,	J. W. McKee, Sr.

Motion was made for a non-suit and sustained.

Graydon and Graydon for defendant., W. P. Greene and J. L. Glenn for plaintiff. Verdict for $1,000

Alex Graves vs. Abbeville Furniture Factory.

W. P. Greene and W. N. Graydon for plaintiff. Verdict for plaintiff $900.

Preacher Johnson vs. S. A. L. Ry. Co. Motion made for new trial. Motion refused.

P. D. Klugh vs. G. W. Syfan. Motion made by F. B. Gary for new trial. W. N. Graydon opposition. Decision was reserved.

In the case of Alex Graves vs. Abbeville Furniture Factory a motion was made but withdrawn for a new trial.

ONE OF FIFTY.

Liberal Offer to the Builders of Monuments.

A gentleman of public spirit, with the means to back what he says, offers to become of fifty men to build all the Confederate monuments that may be needed in Abbeville County. This offer is made on condition that the ladies turn the whole matter over to the "fifty men." We would tell who made this offer, but Mr. S. F. Cromer asked us not to tell. Hon. John E. Bradley says that the proposition ought to be accepted at once as it is probable, after six months experience in the furniture business, Mr. Cromer may change or modify the offer.

"Clifton" in Towel Sacks.

All 48-lb sacks in which "Clifton" flour is packed are made of regular towel goods. The flour in these sacks costs you no more than that in the ordinary cloth sack. Ask for "Clifton" in the towel sack. L. T. & T. M. Miller.

If you wish to buy a second hand, soda fount see Speeds Drug Store.

WEST END.

Happenings and Incidents of a Week About the City.

Abbeville, March 3, 1903.

Miss Annie Penny went to Spartanburg last week to attend the marriage of her friend Miss Ollie McIlwain to Mr. W. A. Mulier. Miss Penny has returned to Abbeville.

Miss Eliza Thomson returned to Abbeville Tuesday after teaching a large school at Hilda, Bamburg County for the past school year.

Mrs. R. Lawton Dargan left the first of last week for Spartanburg where she will spend some time with her sister Mrs. H. Frank McGee.

Miss Frances Calhoun came in from Latimer Saturday and spent Sunday in the city the guest of her mother Mrs. Ed. Calhoun. Miss Calhoun has charge of a school at Latimer.

Mr. M. T. Coleman has been in the city for the past ten days.

Miss Pearl Martin returned the first of last week from Bishopsville where she has been spending some time with her cousin Mrs. McCutcheon.

Mr. J. C. Miller spent Sunday and Monday in the city with his home people.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Haddon left Thursday for the Northern markets. They will spend some time in New York and Baltimore selecting their spring and summer goods.

Mrs. Victoria D. Lee has returned from a visit to her niece Mrs. Albert L. Hawes, in Elberton.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Elmore Taylor leave Wednesday for Columbia where they will make their home in the future. It is with regret that their friends learn that they will leave Abbeville to make their home elsewhere.

JUNIOR D. OF C.

Thursday afternoon the young people of the city met at Miss Marie Gary's and organized a Junior Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy. Miss Blake met with, and organized the Chapter. Miss Male Robertson was elected president, Miss Ellen Sherard, vice-president, Miss Helen Smith, secretary, Miss Brunson, treasurer. Over seventeen members have been enrolled and a greatdeal of interest has been shown. The Chapter will have a meeting Thursday afternoon promptly at 5 o'clock at the home of Miss Nettie Brunson. The meeting will be an important one as a name is to be decided upon for the Chapter.

Miss Ellen Sherard left Friday for Columbia where she will spend a few days with friends at the College for Women in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey M. Wilson spent Sunday with relatives in Warrenton.

Miss Nancy McIlwain has returned from Spartanburg after spending some time there with her sister Mrs. H. P. McIlwain.

Mr. A. M. Smith entertained the young mens' Duplicate Whist Club Friday evening at a very pleasant meeting.

Mr. Hugh McIlwain attended the marriage of his sister Miss Ollie McIlwain to Mr. W. A. Mulier, at Spartanburg last week.

EUCHRE CLUB.

The Ladies Euchre Club was pleasantly entertained Friday afternoon by Miss Lalla Calhoun. The next meeting of the club will be held with Mrs. G. A. Newffer.

Senator J. R. Blake spent most of last week in Greenwood the guest of his brother Mr. Ramsey Blake.

The Choral Club held a meeting Tuesday evening at the home of Miss Leona Blake. The club has a number of enthusiastic members and will be very pleasant and profitable.

Miss Marie Gary has gone to Atlanta to visit her friends Miss Florida and Miss Willie Calhoun. Miss Gary will be in Atlanta to see "Ben Hur" as presented by a fine company. A number of people will go over from here.

Mr. Will Morrah of Bellevue was in the city Sunday the guest of Mr. Charles J. Lyon.

Mr. J. R. Starke has bought the Calhoun place. Mr. Starke will repaint and renovate the place before moving in. He will begin work about the first of April.

The friends of Mr. Henry Bonner will regret to learn that he was stricken with paralysis Sunday at his home in Due West.

Mr. James S. Bowie has bought the Parker place on Church Street. The place is one of the most attractive in the city.

Rev. Mr. McKinzie of Ohio, preached in the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church Sunday morning and evening. He will preach in the A. R. P. church next Sunday morning and the Presbyterian Sunday evening. The public are cordially invited to attend both sermons.

DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY.

The Abbeville County Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy will meet Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. John A. Harris at four o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

LOWNDESVILLE.

Bad Roads Improving—Young Folk's Social Club has a Meeting—People's Movements.

Lowndesville, March 2, 1903.

Rev. and Mrs. Homer McMillian went to Abbeville last Saturday, and remained there till Monday.

Messrs. Archer and Shillets of Anderson, came down on Monday and recovered part of the roof over Mr. R. L. Smith's store which was blown off by the storm.

Mr. Charlie Webb of Anderson, an insurance agent, was down on Tuesday.

Miss Ethel Speer went to Harmony Grove, Ga., Wednesday, to spend a few days with friends.

Mr. J. F. Hopkins of Seneca, came down Tuesday and was the guest of his brother-in-law, Mr. A. V. Barnes, for a day or two, on his return home his family who had been here for a short while accompanied him.

Mrs. L. Verner of Elberton, was with Mr. T. D. Cooley and family Thursday.

Mr. J. F. Barnes of Elberton, came over Friday, and was the guest of friends and kinfolk till Sunday evening.

Mr. W. L. Kennedy and Mr. J. Butler are canvassing Elbert County, Ga., in the interest of their stereoscope. It will take them sometime to get through.

Mrs. J. Butler is spending the time of absence mentioned in above paragraph at the home of Mr. W. L. Kennedy.

Maj. and Mrs. F. W. R. Nance spent a few days the latter part of week before last at Greenwood, and on their return stopped for a day or two, the first of this week with friends at Verdery.

Mr. D. L. Barnes, left for St. Louis, Mo. Saturday, where the we went to buy some mules and horses.

A little plowing was done last week, some were breaking land and sowing oats. It is feared that the Fall sown oats were badly damaged by the late freezes.

Mr. Ira Bell and his sister, Miss Daisy Bell, went to Iva Saturday for a short stay.

Somewhat better weather conditions for the past two weeks, have made a decided improvement in the roads. Whereas before that time they were bad, very bad every where, now they are only bad in places, with the places far apart. The change in the general aspect of the country is quite noticeable. Evidences of new life and energy are seen on every hand. The long winter of inaction seems to have ended, and the planters are busy at the work that usually demands work at this date, such as stopping up gullies, cleaning terraces, etc. On many places old houses are being repaired and new ones built, and things generally have put on a more cheerful appearance.

Mr. E. O. Clinkscales and his sister, Miss Leona Clinkscales, of the Fork, were up on yesterday and attended the morning service at the Methodist Church.

The young ladies' social club had a very interesting and pleasant meeting at the home of Rev. H. C. Fennel, on Wednesday. After the business of the club was attended to, delightful music was given by the Rev. H. C. Fennel on the violin and Miss Allie May Fennel on the piano, afterwards refreshments were served and all left decidedly well pleased with the meeting. The next meeting will be at Mr. B. Bolin Allen's.

Mr. T. L. Cozby of Greenville spent two or three days last week with the family of his brother-in-law, Mr. J. T. Latimer.

Troupe.

Dreams Explained.

"Dreams," says an eminent lecturer on theosophy," consist of recollections of the combined impressions received and workings of the physical and astral minds. The soul and subconsciousness are independently active, and it is the confusion arising from the confounding of the thoughts of the soul with the exaggerated interpretation of impressions received by subconsciousness which makes it so often impossible to remember dreams."

He who buys land buys many stones,
He who buys fish buys many bones,
He who buys eggs buys many shells,
But he who buys corn whiskey buys nothing else.

Dr. Broughton's Bible Conference, Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 27—March 10.

Account of the above occasion the Seaboard Air Line Railway will sell tickets from all stations to Atlanta and return at rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip.

Tickets may be purchased at any time from February 24th to March 10th and certificates will be honored for return passage up to and including March 13th, 1903.

For information as to board, etc., address E. H. Peacock, Secretary, 107 Powers St., Atlanta, Ga.

"Get in the Push" and play flinch; of sale at Speeds Drug Store.

The most complete line of combs, brushes and toilet articles ever seen in Abbeville at Milford's Drug Store.

Stop that cough with Milford's syrup, white pine and tar. C. A. Milford.

SPRING FASHIONS.

SOME HINTS CONCERNING THE NEW HATS AND GOWNS.

Favored Hues After Black and White, the Reds and Greens Accompanied by Gold—Prominence of Frills and Fine Embroideries on Dressy Gowns.

AT THIS season of the year every woman who can possibly afford it blossoms out in a new costume. Winter styles have passed by, and new and bewildering combinations confront us in the way of spring and summer costumes. The majority of these new styles are very beautiful. This is an artistic season. The dress goods are above all soft and clinging, and they come in the palest and most delicate shades. Plain colors are now the most stylish, although figured goods in Persian designs will be a feature of the season. Crepe de chine, veiling, albatross and grenadines are the leading materials.

There is a marked return to challie for house dresses and for mountain and seaside wear. Particular attention has been paid by domestic printers in bringing out challies with a view to equaling if possible the artistic work of European printers.

Among high art novelties most worthy of note are dentelles-voiles—a lace on nun's veiling—woven on a loom.

Ruby rose is the new shade, but will have a strong rival in reseda green—the first bloom of the olive. Other popular shades will be bohemian blue and buckskin tan.

The muslin fabrics come embroidered in black, white or self coloring. Dotted muslin is taking to a large extent the place of organdie.

Fashion will be full of frills. The tendency to the plain, svelte and sylphlike

THE EASTER GIRL.

will be supplemented by an array of embellishments brighter and more profuse, gayer and more elaborate, and by an astonishing multiplicity of forms of handiwork and arrangement of small materials. The little buttons, dots, braids, narrow ribbons, honitons, beadings, insertions, stitchings, cordings and tuckings will be clustered closer, turned more daintily, and their novel use and arrangement will receive still more attention.

The prevailing form of round, smooth skirts, with broad flare at the bottom, will hold strongly for the beginning of the spring season. Blouse forms for the young and graceful figure, basque forms for the slender and Eton for those who find them best suited to their uses—all will find employment and place. The Parisian woman and the slender European can wear to great advantage basque tails and forms set on; in fact, she frequently needs them. Our more rotund American women do not find these forms either becoming or satisfactory. Much of the clinging to the bolero has been due to the fact that it suits the woman with high hips better than the basque form. The postilion back, however, which is much seen, is not objectionable and will naturally be more employed.

As regards millinery, this is going to be a rose and foliage season. In addition to roses, of course, other flowers will be worn. There are many novelties, especially for undertrimming, trimming in the shape of new voile or veiled roses and foliage, many of which have tinsel embroidered into the make up in the shape of tricotine, which is used as a separate layer in the formation of the flowers. The tricotine is also used to cover fruit, notably bunches of grapes, and is very effective as a method of introducing the gold effect tastefully and not too strikingly.

The hat shapes now showing for spring continue to be extremely low and very broad. The majority are decidedly slanting, though as a rule they are less boldly raised than those we have lately seen. Many of the brims curl gently over at the edge, the brim itself being less straight, but forming a sort of curved hollow. This is a point to be noted, as the majority of both spring and, it is said, summer hats also will be principally trimmed beneath the brim, either with long curled ostrich feathers or with entire and rather large garlands of flowers mingled with lace.

A shape somewhat of the mushroom type, with low and shaped crown, but gently raised on one side, is trimmed with lace draperies falling over the brim, with shirrings of mousseline de soie and butterfly bows of velvet accompanied by a full bunch of full blown roses with foliage beneath the raised side.

Straight brims will not be very general, an undulating movement being imparted to this portion of the headwear. The undulations are, however, most irregular and unstudied, rising and falling according to the requirements of the garniture and apparently supported by it.

Shirt waists are to be as much worn as ever. The bishop sleeve, long waisted effect and soft collar are the dominant features of the season.

The white taffeta waist is beyond question the most popular garment among New York's well dressed set. It is wonderful to observe the great number of silk waists and fancy silk and lace garments that appear at every first class function, whether it be the high class theaters, the swell restaurants or the show places of extravagant metropolitan life.

For colds and lagrippe, take Milford's cold and lagrippe tablets, for sale by C. A. Milford. Phone 107.

Get you a deck of flinch cards. Everybody is playing flinch. You can get them at Speeds Drug Store.

When in need of fine perfumery, call and look at our line. You will be convinced we are the proper. Milford's Drug Store.

L. W. White sells the best yard-wide unbleached sheeting at 5 cts a yard to be found anywhere.

A five barrel kerosene oil tank for sale cheap at Speed's Drug Store.

18 cases of drugs, books and extracts received to-day. I am prepared to meet your wants for these things. P. B. Speed.

R. M. Haddon & Co.

New arrivals in Spring Goods. A large and well assorted line of

EMBROIDERIES, HAMBURG TRIMMINGS and INSERTINGS to match.

A. O. Embroideries and Laces. We have a new and attractive line of Ladies Black Goods at all prices. We have replenished our line of White Goods, Ginghams and Bleached Muslins. We have some bargains in Heavy Dress Goods for ladies walking skirts.

Respectfully,

R. M. Haddon & Co.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

PAINTS *Oils Glass Putty*

C. A. MILFORD,

Phone 107. The Druggist.

Waste of Cotton Seed in Planting.

The South has never stopped to think how much money is wasted in planting each cotton crop. Let us figure it out and see. Upon a safe estimate not less than 400,000 tons of cotton seed are used each spring in planting. The seed is sown lavishly in drills—not dropped at certain distances, as corn—and after the plants are up the crop is thinned with a hoe, more than nine-tenths of the young plants being cut out.

Here we find that the seed used in planting the cotton crop would bring in the market at least $6,400,000. As nine-tenths of this is wasted, we see here a total waste of over five and one-half million dollars ($5,760,000.)

It is time for the cotton growers of the South to call a halt to this extravagance. The old system of sowing cotton seed in the drill is a remnant of the times when cotton seed was almost worthless. Since then their value has so much enhanced that a change should be made in the manner of planting. Instead of sowing the seed in drills drop them at a distance wanted, and by following this method not only the labor of thinning is saved, but nearly 400,000 tons of good cotton seed is saved for commercial use, and the farmers of the South are five million dollars richer.

The Caldwell Cotton Planter saves the seed plants and gives good stand with one peck to acre, saves enough seed to pay for itself in one season. Inquire for it. Agents in all principal towns, or write to Caldwell Cotton Planter Company, Winnsboro, S. C.

NOTE—THIS PLANTER IS SOLD IN THIS CITY BY THE ABBEVILLE HARDWARE CO.—EDITOR PRESS AND BANNER.

Barksdale's Locals.

Stoves, heating, all sizes and kinds. Splendid heater at $2 50. Cook stoves and ranges of all kinds and sizes, from $10.0) to $35.00, stove hollow ware.

We are still handling the Wheeler & Wilson ball bearing No. 9 Sewing machine and parts.

New lot Myers C. O., P. R., C. H. molasses in all sizes, 5, 10, 25 and 50 gallon kegs and barrels. Get our prices before buying.

We are right in the swim on flour, lard, grits, coffee, etc., and all kinds of groceries.

Our strongest line is farm supplies, such as Gantt Guano Distributors and cotton planters, Wilson Cotton planter, Syromse plows and points, Dixie Boy Plows and points, extra handles, plow stocks, plows, single trees, harness, collars and in fact everything necessary for the farm. The best line of plow points ever brought to this market.

A new lot of Pennis No. 1. Horse Apple, Democrat and Sweetheart Tobacco in all shapes and sizes. Come and see our line before you buy.

Pratts food, perhaps the best animal regulator made. Give your stock a package and see them start "up hill." Make your hens lay with Pratts Poultry Food, a sure egg producer.

Shoes, hats, cloth and dry goods of all kinds at right prices. Come and see us in any line and be pleased.

The very finest packed tomatoes 3 lb. cans at 15c, 2 for 25c, $1 35 doz. Same prices on okra and tomatoes.

Fertilizers roysters bone good for cotton. Acid, kainit, potash, soda, etc. Cotton seed meal, any quanity.

Cotton seed hulls any quanity delivered.

W. D. Barksdale.

Love Your Work.

When Gen. Grant returned from his triumphal tour around the world in 1879, John Russell Young, who had accompanied him on his trip, said, "General, your career for the last 20 years seems to rival the achievements of Aladdin and his wonderful lamp." "Why," said the General, "I never thought of it in that way."

It was this forgetfulness of self that made General Grant great. It was the same quality that made Abraham Lincoln great. Each was animated by the same great purpose—the preservation of the Union and the crushing of the rebellion. Considerations of self and personal con-equences played no part in the career of either. Each saw his duty and performed it without regard to what the future might have in store for him. Each assumed responsibilities without considering individual results.

It is the possession of just such qualities that makes success possible for every boy and man in this country. No matter what your business or profession, love your work. Choose that career which is best suited to your abilities, that career which you love, and then throw yourself into your work with all your energy and strength. It is not the one who works merely for the sake of acquiring wealth who succeeds best. It is he who works for work's sake—the one who is in love with his work, business or profession—to whom success most surely comes.

If the desire to grow rich is the principal aim in life, failure is certain. The writer who writes merely for the dollars his work will bring, will never succeed, but he who writes because he believes he has something to say to his fellow men that will benefit them, is the one the world wants to hear from.

And so it is with all classes of business. He who goes into his work with his whole heart and all his strength of mind and body, giving to it his time, energy and talents because he cannot help it, will find his place. Had General Grant or Abraham Lincoln been animated solely by personal ambitions to become great and powerful, neither would have been successful.

Is it Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflamation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try ONE bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. You can get this reliable remedy at Speed's Drug Store.

Found!

The place to get everything fresh, such as bread, cakes, pies, rolls, pound cake, fruit cake, coffee cake, lady fingers, jumbles, drops, ginger snaps, iced cakes, cocoanut lunch, jelly rolls, wine or cup cakes, ginger bread, the kind grandmother used to make.

Also tobacco, segars, canned goods, prunes, cottolene, coffee, citron, apples, oranges, fine lemons, at 15c. doz. Home made taffy and peanut candy, Sparrow's high grade chocolate and bonbons, at 35c. half pound, 60 c. lb. Another grade at 25c. per half pound, and 40c. per pound, another at 15c. per half pound.

Come and see them and don't forget to ask for a 10c. box of Trowbridge's chocolates!

All can be had at the new bakery.

Yours for business.

J. W. Breihahn.

The polite and courteous bakery. Phone 67. Fresh County Butter at 20c.

Glenn's Locals.

A merciful man is thoughtful of his cattle, don't wait until they are down, come at once and get a pkg. of Pratts Cattle Food and keep them well.

Now is the time to sow cabbage seed. Call and make your selection, allvarieties. Buist's are the best.

My line of cheviots and plaids are up to date, in style, quality and price.

If you are a lover of good bread don't fail to try my new brand of flour. My customers are delighted with it. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A nice assortment of men's suits with prices that will astonish you.

Call and examine my line of men and boys shoes, the best goods for the least money.

Get my prices on syrup and molasses before buying elsewhere. Can give you a you a bargain by the gallon or barrel.

If you need something nice for breakfast, dinner, or tea, phone Glenn No 116.

Seeds, seeds fresh and pure onion sets, red and white Bliss potatoes, this is the potato for the South, found at Glenns.

12 lbs. of good soda 25c. at Glenn's. Think of soda being less than flour.

What for breakfast? Phone Glenn. 116.
What for dinner? Phone Glenn, 116.
What for tea? Phone Glenn, 116.

Glenn is nearly out of that good 10c coffee, but has 1,500 lbs. on the way from New York.

L. W. White's Locals.

L. W. White is now offering bargains in ladies jackets, and men's over coats. These goods will be sold at cost for the next thirty days.

Now is the time to buy a pair of blankets. You can get the best bargain ever offered in this line from L. W. White.

100 pieces of bleached long cloth just received by L. W. White. Great inducements offered by the price.

Prints, percales, madras, cheviots, ginghams and coverts are now offered in endless variety by L. W. White.

If any of the ladies have not seen that new material for waists that L. W. White is now offering it would be well for them to see it at once. It is called toile de-soie, and is worth 25 cents a yard, but is now offered for 10 cents.

It is certainly a bargain. In appearance it is like silk. Think of it—a silk waist for 25 cents.

L. W. White has now in stock five hundred dollars worth of embroideries, all of which are selling very rapidly. Call and see them.

Another supply of that 8 oz. feather tick at 12 1-2 cents a yard. Anywhere else the price is 15 cents a yard. Call on L. W. White for it.

L. W. White still sells unbleached sheeting a yard wide at 5 cents a yard. Also unbleached drills in remnants at the same prices.

Nowhere is something for the farmers.
1500 bushels corn.
400 barrels flour.
500 bushels corn meal.
50 barrels molasses.
400 bushels seed oats.

All the above at the store of L. W. White.

Question Answered.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers' and grandmothers' never thought of using anything else for Indigestion or Biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. You can get this reliable remedy at Speed's Drug Store.

Price 25c and 75c.

"Tom please stop at Glenn's and tell him to send up at once, a bbl. Majestic flour, a nice ham, 10 lbs. grits, 5 lbs. Mocha and Java coffee 2 lbs. cheese, 2 lbs. macaroni, 4 lbs. prunes, 2 lbs. peaches, a qt. Boston beans, 1 pk. potatoes, a can lunch tongue, 2 cans veal loaf, can California peaches, 2 cans tomatoes, 3 cans sugar corn, 2 pkgs. Knox's gelatine and 10 bars Polo soap for 25cts.

You had better ask Glenn about garden seed, he has just received a fine assortment from Buist. Be sure and have Glenn save you some early Alaska Peas and Red Bliss Potatoes."

If you want mean "sticky" flour, buy from the other fellow. If you want good baking flour, then buy from Glenn.

We make prescription work a specialty. We have two of the finest Prescription Men to be found in South Carolina One on duty all the time. Night call No. 42. Milford's Drug Store. Phone 107.

Phone us your orders and Prescriptions, we will have them in your house before you can send to the store. Milford's Drug Store. Phone 107.

Try us on school books, tablets, pencils inks, &c. If we can't fill your order, it can't be done in Abbeville. P. B. Speed.

Dissolution.

T. W. CAMPBELL, a member of the firm of Calhoun Falls Grocery Co., a firm doing business at Calhoun Falls in the State of South Carolina, has this day withdrawn from said firm. All debts due said firm will be receipted for by said firm. All claims will be paid by said firm. The business will continue under same name.

T. W. CAMPBELL.

Feb. 18, 1903. tf

Seaboard Air Line Railway.

Double daily service between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans and points South and West.

In Effect January 11, 1903.

SOUTHWARD.		Daily No. 37.	Daily No. 27.
Lv New York, P. R. R	†	2 10 pm	12 10 am
Lv Philadelphia, P. R. R		4 46 pm	7 20 am
Lv Baltimore, P. R. R		7 10 pm	9 36 am
Lv Washington, W. S. Ry		8 50 pm	10 46 am
Lv Richmond, S. A. L. Ry		12 32 am	2 15 pm
Lv Petersburg	"	1 12 am	2 58 pm
Lv Norlina	"	3 18 am	4 54 pm
Lv Henderson	"	3 46 am	5 18 pm
Lv Raleigh	"	5 25 am	6 27 pm
Lv Southern Pines	"	7 30 m	8 10 pm
Lv Hamlet	"	8 45 am	9 30 pm
Lv Columbia ‡	"	11 00 am	12 15 am
Ar Savannah	"	2 15 pm	4 55 am
Ar Jacksonville	"	7 40 pm	9 15 am
Ar St. Augustine	"	9 25 pm	10 50 am
Ar Tampa	"	6 45 am	6 00 pm
		No. 36	No. 41
Lv New York, N. Y. P. & N	†	7 55 am	8 55 pm
Lv Philadelphia	"	10 16 am	11 21 pm
Lv New York, O. D. S. S. Co	†	3 00 pm	
Lv Baltimore, B. S. P. Co			† 6 30 pm
Lv Washington, N. & W. S. S			6 30 pm
Lv Portsmouth, S. A. L. Ry		9 45 pm	9 25 am
Lv Weldon	"	12 35 am	11 55 am
Lv Norlina	"	3 15 am	1 40 pm
Lv Henderson	"	3 46 am	2 10 pm
Lv Raleigh	"	5 25 am	4 00 pm
Lv Southern Pines	"	7 30 am	6 30 pm
Lv Hamlet	"	8 50 am	9 00 pm
Lv Wilmington	"		4 30 pm
Ar Charlotte	"	11 40 am	11 50 pm
Lv Chester	"	12 01 pm	11 50 pm
Lv Greenwood	"	2 39 pm	2 05 am
Lv Athens	"	5 19 pm	4 15 am
Ar Atlanta ‡	"	6 40 pm	5 15 am
Ar Augusta, C. & W. C		5 30 pm	
Ar Macon, C. of Ga		12