

The Abbeville Press and Banner

BY W. W. & W. R. BRADLEY.

ABBEVILLE, S. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1910.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

HONORED DEAD.

Of Whom Some Facts Are Asked--Reply At Once--This is Due to the Memory of Patriotic Soldiers.

The admirable address of the Hon. F. B. Gary at Due West on Memorial Day inspires the desire to see in print the names of all the men who went from that city and the surrounding country to take up arms for Southern Rights.

If any reader can supply missing dates as to death or other interesting facts, of any soldier, I will be glad to receive a postal card immediately. Please write at once. May print a revised or corrected copy in pamphlet.

If it be true that because of his valor the name of a French soldier was called with the roll of the living for a hundred years after his death, and if it be true that Bob Toombs, of Georgia boasted that he would at the close of the war call the roll of his slaves at Bunker Hill, and if it be true that every orator who has spoken to an Abbeville County audience since the war has called the roll of fewer than half dozen of our distinguished dead without giving a single reason, or stating a single fact that would warrant the intrusion of their names upon our attention at a time when we are trying to honor our own dead, may we not with the utmost propriety, once in fifty years call the roll of our patriotic neighbors and kinsmen who consecrated their lives to their country and who either gave up their lives in battle, or in the camp suffered untold hardships for their country?

Don't neglect to send me a postal card, supplying information as to one or more of the soldiers.

Respectfully,
HUGH WILSON.
Abbeville, S. C., May, 1910.

Agnew, A. M.
Aigry, John B.
Allen, Henry, killed at Jones' Farm, Sept. 30, 1864.
Anderson, William D., died of disease in hospital, 1862.
Ashley, Augustus W., died of disease in hospital, 1862.
Austin, William H.
Alewine, George W., died 1909, at home.
Alewine, John D.
Alewine, Joseph.
Alewine, Francis.
Ashley, James D., died of disease in Charleston, S. C., 1862.
Ashley, John D., died of disease in Guntown, Miss., 1862.
Ashley, Aaron, died of disease in hospital.
Ashley, Reubin T., died at Chester, S. C., of disease, 1865.
Ashley, James N.
Armstrong, Robert H.
Beacham, T. J., died in hospital, 1862, of disease.
Bell, Patrick Noble.
Black, George Washington, died of wounds, Petersburg, 1864.
Bowen, Cornelius, died of disease, Maryland, 1863.
Bowen, Bartholomew, lost leg Jones Farm, September, 1864.
Bowen, S. Newton, died of disease, Richmond, 1862.
Bowie, Lewis D., wounded at battle of—1864, returned home, was elected Clerk of Court of Abbeville County. The battle in which he was wounded is unknown. He died thirty years after the war.
Botts, Charles A.
Brooks, James.
Brooks, Andrew P.
Brooks, T. William, died of disease, Elmira, N. Y., 1865, while in prison.
Brook, John W.
Burton, Tobias J.
Burton, John A.
Burton, William, killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Blackwell, Thos. R.
Blackwell, Joel, on pension roll 1910.
Bell, F. Marion, died 1908 at Due West, aged 80 years.
Bell, James Henry.
Branyan, Thomson, died of disease in Kentucky, 1863.
Branyan, John R., died of disease, in Mississippi, 1862.
Bratcher, Robert B., died at home, 1863, while on sick leave.
Bratcher, Samuel, died of disease, Charleston, 1862.
Bratcher, Henry, died in hospital of disease, 1862.
Burton, William.
Bell, Franklin M.
Bell, James W.
Brook, Stephen.
Brownlee, George W., died of disease, Richmond, Va., 1863.
Callahan, T. C.
Callahan, L. A., killed at Gaines' Mill, June, 1862.
Calvert, Frank M.
Calvert, William J.
Chiles, George P., died of wounds received at Second Manassas, 1863.
Chiles, John H.
Cowan, William T.
Clinkscales, Frank, killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Crawford, David.
Cunningham, Reubin F., killed at Gaines' Mill, June, 1862.
Cochran, Samuel W.
Cox, Edward.
Camp, Jacob B.
Cleveland, David, killed at Jericho Ford, 1864.

Charles, Joseph D.
Crawford, John D.
Carwile, J. N.
Crawford, Robert Wesley.
Callahan, Robert P.
Callahan, Andrew H.
Clamp, John T.
Clamp, William.
Crawford, James A.
Crawford, J. Franklin.
Clinkscales, Lewis E.
Clinkscales, Addison, Captain Co. H. 19th S. C. V., died at home, 1890.
Dickson, John A., killed at Jericho Ford, 1864.
Davis, J. Allen, killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Davis, Samuel B.
Darr, Thomas J.
Darr, J. Bailey.
Duncan, W. F., died of disease, Charleston, S. C., 1862.
Duncan, Richard.
Duncan, John R.
Davis, George W.
Darrby, James.
Dove, Yancey, died of wounds, 1864.
Ellis, A. Rice.
Ellis, W. Turner.
Ellis, William M., died of disease, Richmond, July, 1862.
Elgin, Anziah E., killed at Deep Bottom, July, 1864.
Ellis, Robert M., died of disease at Richmond, 1862.
Ellis, James R., killed at Second Manassas, 1862.
Ellis, John Robert, died at home on sick furlough.
Ellis, Milton M.
Elgin, Matthew, died at Enterprise, Mass., 1862, of disease.
Fisher, William A.
Fields, Samuel, killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Freeman, William.
Freeman, Middleton, killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Freeman, George.
Flinn, John B.
Flinn, Marion.
Fleming, G. B.
Fleming, Frank A.
Fisher, Samuel M.
Fields, G. W.
Freeman, Strowther.
Freeman, Reubin L.
Freeman, William G.
Gordon, John B., killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Gordon, Robert A., killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Gordon, T. Samuel.
Gassaway, Benjamin F.
Graham, C. Newton, died of disease at Richmond, 1863.
Graham, John B.
Gray, James E.
Gray, Henry D., killed at Gettysburg, 1864.
Griffin, Larkin A., killed at Spottsylvania, 1863.
Galloway, J. Millen.
Galloway, Calvin, killed at Spottsylvania, 1863.
Grier, T. Livy, killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Grier, William Moffatt, lost leg at Williamsburg, 1864. After the war entered the Seminary in the A. R. P. church, was for many years the able and efficient President of Erskine College. Although offered twice his salary at Erskine to go to another institution he refused the higher salary because of loyalty to his church and the church college. He died in the harness. After conducting religious service on a Sunday in 1906, he was stricken with apoplexy, and died the same afternoon.
Gordon, James P.
Gray, John J.
Gunter, John.
Gunter, James, killed at Marietta, Ga., 1864.
Haddon, William L., died at Sullivan's Island, 1862.
Haddon, David P., killed at Second Manassas, 1862.
Haddon, Frank, died at Point Lookout, 1864.
Harkness, William N.
Hawthorn, T. Marion.
Hemphill, Robert R., came to Abbeville after the war, commenced the publication of the Abbeville Medium, which, from its first issue was a political power in all that pertained to the welfare of the people. For years he was a member of the House of Representatives, and for two terms he was State Senator. In 1895 he was a member of the Constitutional Convention of South Carolina, and for years he was Clerk of the Senate, which office he held at his death on Dec. 28, 1909. On matters pertaining to the war, he was, perhaps, the best informed man in the State.
Hemphill, John L., became a minister in the Associate Reformed Reformed church after the war, and at the time of his death in 1901, was pastor of a church in Georgia.
Humphries, Elias J.
Higgins, William W., killed at Fredericksburg, 1862.
Haddon, Robert W.
Hagan, William A.
Haddon, T. Luther.
Hawthorn, William R.
Hood, William, native of North Carolina, was graduated from Erskine College in 1854, taught school in Newberry in 1856, married Mrs. McCougan, of that city, was secretary of State; was elected to chair in the faculty of Erskine, resigned that position, and for a time had charge of an institution in Washington, D. C., from which city he moved to Bartow, Florida, where is now, as he has been wherever he was known, a highly respected citizen. He is well preserved at 76 years of age in 1910.
Haddon, Robert A.

Hall, W. Newton,
Hammond, William N.
Hughes, Robert E.
Hughes, Wesley A., died in Kentucky, 1863, of disease.
Jennings, William A., on Pension Roll, 1910.
Jones, J. M., died in hospital of disease, 1862.
Johnston, A. C.
Jones, James, killed at Chickamauga, Ga., Sept. 1863.
Jones, Luther.
Johnson, John, killed at Atlanta, Ga., 1864.
Kennedy, John P., native of Abbeville County, was graduated from Erskine College, became President of the Due West Female, was one of the best as well as one of the purest men Abbeville county ever produced. He died in 1890.
Killingsworth, J. Mark, died at Richmond, 1865 of wounds.
Koon, Andy S.
Knight, James M.,
Kny, Harvey W., died in Hospital of disease, 1862.
Kay, Robert B., died of disease in Charleston, S. C., 1863.
Kay, James H., died of disease in Columbia, S. C., 1863.
Kerr, John T.,
Kelly, J. W., killed near Richmond, 1863.
Langston, E. G., killed at Fort Sumter, 1864.
Langston, L. Matthew,
Latimer, James F.,
Latimer, James T.,
Latimer, T. William,
Long, G. W., killed at Dutch Gap, 1864.
Lowe, Thomas W., died at Richmond, 1862.
Lindsay, Poinsett, killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862, was graduated from Erskine College in 1855, was a native of the town of Due West.
Lindsay, Winfield W., killed at Simpkins Gap, 1862, was graduated from Erskine College in 1856, a native of Due West, son of James Lindsay, who died in 1852, soon after building the Commencement Hall for Erskine College. For many years it was called Lindsay Hall because of the fact that he forgave a debt of \$3,100 then due on his contract for erecting the building. The word "Lindsay" was afterward changed to "Commencement," thus making it Commencement Hall up to the time when it was torn down.
Lee, Joseph F., was a man of much learning. From 1850 to 1868 he was Professor in Erskine College. After volunteering in the Military service, he was rejected because of defective vision. He lived to be 86 years of age, dying in 1909, respected by all.
Latimer, B. Milton, died of wounds at Richmond, 1862, was in the mercantile business at Due West when he took up arms for his country.
Loner, William L., died at Shelbyville, Tenn., 1862.
Madden, Luther C.,
Mattison, Jon W.,
Mattison, James M., killed at Chancellorsville, 1862.
Mattison, H. J.,
Milford, G. W.,
Milford, David M.,
Milford, Graid B.,
Mullinax, John E.,
Mundy, William R.,
Martin, James G., killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Morrison, John, killed at Gaines' Mill, 1862.
Moffatt, Josiah,
Morrison, William P.,
Morrah, W. R.,
Means, C. Benjamin,
Mattison, William N., killed at Atlanta, Ga., 1864.
Moore, Julius E.,
Martin, Robert M., died at home, 1863, on sick furlough.
Maddox, Henry, died at Chattanooga, Tenn., 1863.
Mitchell, Ben N.,
Moore, John N., died at home 1863, on sick furlough.
Martin, Jasper B.,
McAdams, James R., died at Richmond, 1863.
McConnell, Wm. T.,
McDill, Thomas N., died at Sullivan Island, 1861.
McDill, Henry W.,
McGhee, A. H., Jr., killed at Gaines' Mill, 1863.
McGhee, John L.,
McWhorter, John C., died at Richmond, 1863.
McKee, Frank M., died at Richmond, 1862.
McGhee, Abner, killed at Gaines' Mill, 1863.
McGill, James, served in the 19th S. C. V. in the Western Army, and was on duty until the surrender. He died in 1890, aged 80 years.
McAdams, W. N.
McClain, Samuel C.,
McAdams, William R.,
McLeon, Samuel,
McLane, J. C.,
McLean, James M., died at home, 1863, on sick furlough.
McLane, William A.,
McLane, Burton O.,
McDonald, John, died at home.
Pruitt, Enoch W., killed at Gaines' Mill, 1863.
Pruitt, John M.,
Purdy, S. A.,
Pratt, Rufus,
Pratt, John J.,
Patton, E. L., perhaps the most scholarly man in the army. He was at different times professor and president of Erskine College. At one time he was president of the State University. He died in 1895, aged 80 years, pure in heart, pure in life.
Pratt, S. L., died at Richmond, 1862.
Pressley, Samuel P.,
Pratt, J. William,
Poore, H. M.,
Pratt, Robert L.,
Razor, John M.,
Richey, George B., killed at Gaines' Mill, 1863.
Richardson, S. R.,
Robertson, L. K.,
Reid, S. C., killed at Mechanicsville, 1862.
Robertson, R. A.,
Robertson, Wesley,
Robertson, J. L.,
Robertson, Hugh,

Richey, Samuel T.,
Ricketts, Peter, died at Cartersville, Ga., 1863.
Russell, John P., died at Shelbyville, Tenn., 1862.
Robinson, Isaac,
Simpson, William H., killed at Gaines' Mill, 1863.
Singleton, Henry M.,
Singleton, A. R., killed at Gaines' Mill, 1863.
Shannon, Perry,
Slater, William N.,
Shirley, W. N., died at Richmond, 1862, of disease.
Smith, Joseph,
Smith, J. Moses, died at Richmond, 1862, of disease.
Swaney, John R., died at Richmond, 1862, of disease.
Seawright, William,
Sharp, E. A.,
Singletery, W. H.,
Stokes, J. H.,
Stone, W. D.,
Sawright, I. C., died of disease in hospital at Richmond, 1863.
Shirley, James, died in Northern prison.
Simms, John A.,
Simms, J. R., killed at Chickamauga, September 19, 1863.
Simms, T. B., died at home.
Smith, James, died at High Point N. C., 1865.
Smith, Caleb, died in Hospital, 1862.
Smith, John W.,
Strickland, William L.,
Strickland, S. E.,
Strickland, Franklin,
Shaw, H. W.,
Simms, S. S.,
Simmons, T. S., killed at Atlanta, Ga., 1864.
Thomson, John W.,
Tribble, William,
Tribble, S. M., died at home.
Vandiver, W. S.
Williams, James S.,
Williams, John F.,
Wideman, James W.,
Webb, Williams, killed at Atlanta, 1864.
Williams, J. M., died in Hospital, of disease, 1864.
Williams, Matthew, died of disease at Charleston, S. C., 1862.
Young, Luther J.,
Young, Samuel E.,
Young, John B.,
Young, William P.,
Young, W. D., died of disease at Murphersboro, Tenn., 1862.
Zeigler, M. Z.

FARMERS NOTICE.
The Farmer's Co. Union will meet the 1st Saturday in June the 4th day at 11 o'clock sharp. All Local Unions are requested to have a full Delegation, as business of importance to be transacted.
J. B. Wilson, Pres.

Schedule for Due West Railway.
Morning train leaves Due West at 10:30. Evening train leaves Due West at 4:40. These trains meet the morning and evening trains on the Southern at Donalds.
Passengers can go out from Due West on the evening freight train which leaves Due West at two o'clock.

Kept the King at Home.
"For the past year we have kept the King of all laxatives—Dr. King's New Life Pills—in our home and they have proved a blessing to our family." writes Paul Mathulia, of Buffalo, N. Y. Easy, but sure remedy for all stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 25c at Speed's drug store.

Clemson Agricultural College Examinations.
The examination for the award of scholarships in Clemson Agricultural College will be held in the County Court House on Friday, July 8th, at 9 a. m. Applicants must fill out proper forms, to be secured from the County Superintendent of Education, before they will be allowed to stand the examinations. For detailed information, apply to the Superintendent of Education, or to the President of Clemson College.
Applicants for admission to the College, but not seeking for the scholarships, will also stand entrance examinations at the Court House July 8th.
The scholarships are worth \$100 and free tuition.
The next session of the College opens Sept. 14th, 1910.

COST AND COURSES OF STUDY.
1. Agriculture.
2. Agriculture and Chemistry.
3. Agriculture and Animal Industry.
4. Chemistry and Geology.
5. Civil Engineering.
6. Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.
7. Textile Industry.
Cost per session, including Board, Laundry, Heat, Light, Uniform and all fees, \$118.70. Books and all other miscellaneous supplies, about \$20.00. For students who pay tuition, \$40.00 additional.
For catalog are vacation July 1 they will be awarded to those making the highest average at this examination, provided they meet the conditions governing the award. Applicants for scholarships should write to President Johnson before the examination for Scholarship examination blanks.
Scholarships are worth \$100 and free tuition. The next session will open September 21, 1910. For further information and catalogue, address Pres. D. B. Johnson, Rock Hill, S. C.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA
Scholarship Examination
The University of South Carolina offers scholarships in the Department of Education to one young man from each county. Each Scholarship is worth \$100 in money and \$18 term fee with free tuition.
Examination will be held at County seat July 1. Examination of students generally for admission to the University will be held at the same time.
Write for information to
E. C. Mitchell, President,
Columbia, S. C.

Delinquent Land Sale
By virtue of sundry tax executions to me directed, and lodged in my office by J. F. Bradley, Treasurer of Abbeville County, S. C., for the year 1908, I have levied upon and will sell in front of the Court House in Abbeville, S. C., on the first Monday in June, 1910, being the 6th day of the month, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to wit:
One lot and building, bounded by Estate lands of W. T. Bradley, fronting on Vienna road. Sold as the property of Richard Cook.
One lot and building, bounded by lands of Ernest Gary and others, fronting on Poplar street. Sold as the property of Alfred Ellison.
One lot bounded by Cotran lands, and fronting on Moseley Ferry road. Sold as the property of Lewis Johnson.
33 acres of land, bounded by the Lee Smith Estate, Dan Donaldson Estate and Estate of Mrs. Elizabeth Gilmer. Sold as the property of Jane Nance.
One lot bounded by Scott Burton and others. Sold as the property of Charlie Turner.
One lot bounded by Lumber Yard street, Alex McLaughlin, S. A. L. Ry., same lot conveyed by M. E. Hollingsworth. Sold as the property of Tom Martin.
Levied on and to be sold to satisfy the aforesaid tax executions, penalty and costs. Terms—Cash.
C. J. LYON, S. A. C.

Try Our Specially Prepared Fertilizer FOR SIDE DRESSING

It will soon be time to side dress your cotton and corn.
We have been in correspondence with the agricultural authorities of Clemson College and of the states of North Carolina and Georgia in regard to side dressing and a good fertilizer for this purpose. We have also talked with Mr. J. S. Fowler of this city about it. These agricultural college professors are fine on theoretical farming, and you know Fowler is lightning on practical farming; that is his long suit, that is where he comes into his own—that is where he spreads himself. All of them agree that side dressing is the thing to do. Then, it is the most profitable fertilizer you apply to your crops. Now when theory and practice agree on a plan you run no risk whatever in adopting that plan. The element of risk is eliminated totally. It disappears.
By way of parenthesis we will say that Mr. Fowler is planting forty acres in cotton, on which he expects to make one hundred bales of cotton. He is using Anderson fertilizer on this exclusively, and in this he shows judgment.
Sometimes he uses a little of other makes of fertilizer just to see how much better ours is than anything he has ever tried, but on his brag crops, on his own farming, he uses the Anderson True Blue.
It stands to reason that side dressing is a great benefit to the crop. You don't expect to give your mule or your horse enough food Monday morning to last it until Saturday night, and you certainly don't expect to give it enough on the first of May to last it until frost, but that is what you do to your cotton unless you side dress.
Good cotton, a bale-to-the-acre cotton, won't board itself. Neither will good corn; you have got to board it. You have got to board the cotton plant and the corn plant to get the best results.
Side dressing keeps cotton from shedding. The reason cotton sheds is because it is not supplied with sufficient plant food. If you quit feeding your mule it will shed. If you keep your mule in a good healthy condition and well fed it will not lose flesh. If you keep your cotton and corn healthy—and potash will do that—and feed it on high grade ammoniacs such as we have, your cotton will not shed. We have a complete fertilizer for side dressing which is strong in phosphoric acid, high in potash, and is ammoniated with Nitrate of Soda, fish scrap and high grade blood. The phosphoric acid develops the seed and seed are a very important item in cotton crops. By developing the seed you can improve them and that develops them and by using well developed seed every year you can improve your seed. That is the way you improve your chickens and your cows; you get the best specimens and raise from them. The potash develops the lint, enables your crop to stand a drouth better, prevents rust and blight and the other diseases that cotton is liable to. The ammonia gives size to the plant. This fertilizer we are offering you now is heavily charged with Nitrate of Soda. This acts quickly, and then the fish scrap and high grade blood are assimilated and become plant food, and feed and nourish the plant until gathering time, coming in as the Nitrate of Soda gives out. This fertilizer we are offering you, we think, is better than just straight Nitrate of Soda. Nitrate of Soda by itself gives a quick rapid growth and then it gives out. That is like a cotton crop getting a good soaking season and then having that followed by a long dry spell, but this fertilizer that we are offering you, composed of Nitrate of Soda, blood and fish scrap, will have the same effect on your cotton as a good soaking season followed by a shower until frost, because the fish scrap and blood will continue the growth started by the Nitrate of Soda. Now, you cannot command the seasons or the showers, but you can apply the fertilizer which is the only excellent substitute and is the only one available.
Side dressing adds largely to your crop. It shades the ground under and this helps the land produce more leaves, makes more stalks, and when this is plowed in it adds humus to the land, and land without humus is like leather without oil; it has lost its usefulness.
By side dressing you can make a bale of cotton to the acre and more, and the seed out of a crop of cotton which yields a bale to the acre and more, will about pay for the fertilizer and the picking. You have seen crops of cotton where the whole crop would not pay for the fertilizer. It costs something to side dress, but what does that matter when you get back three or four dollars to where you pay out one. You can tell the difference between a field of cotton that you side dress and one that is not side dressed, by riding by. It takes three or four hundred pounds of seed cotton to the acre to make a difference enough to tell it by riding by so that when you do tell it by riding by you may know that the better field will yield at least three hundred pounds more of seed cotton than the other. Now, this three hundred pounds of seed will yield you more than 100 pounds of lint. We don't know what cotton will be worth next year; it is 14¢ now. Call it 12¢ next year. One hundred pounds of lint cotton will bring you twelve dollars, and it will cost you less than four dollars per acre to side dress it. Any farmer who has ever side dressed his cotton will tell you that it paid him to do it. There is good money in it, and then it makes a man feel better and gives him a better standing in his community to have fine, large, greasy looking cotton that it does to have little, yellow, rusty, stunted, bumble-bee cotton. The time has passed in this country when a man can maintain his respectability and raise bumble-bee cotton. That time has gone.
Now, if by making two blades of grass grow where but one grew before, you confer a favor on the whole human family, how much greater favor do you confer when you make two bales of cotton grow where but a half grew before. You cannot do it unless you side dress, and side dress with the right kind of fertilizer. By side dressing with our specially prepared side dressing fertilizer you can make a long ways the best cotton and corn crops you have ever grown.
Try it, and the only regret you will have will be that you have not been doing it ever since you have been farming.

Anderson Phosphate & Oil Company
ANDERSON, S. C.
J. R. VANDIVER, Pres. D. S. VANDIVER, Manager.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME

By roofing your house with BURRIS' METAL SHINGLES, artistic in design, never leak. Fire proof, insurance less than wood shingles. Look better, wear indefinitely, need no repairs. Costs no more to cover with our goods than the wood shingles and last five times as long. Any one can put them on for you, or we will furnish the shingles and put them on. No danger of fire these windy days under BURRIS METAL SHINGLES.
We will soon have 20 or more machines making our goods in other states, which shows the merit in our shingles as other people see it. We can convince any man if we can get to show our goods, the merit in them, we want to show you.

Jno. T. Burriss & Son
Manufacturers of BURRIS METAL SHINGLES.
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Abbeville Lumber Co. local agents.

POSE AS A CAPITALIST.

For ONE DOLLAR we will send you three handsomely lithographed, but worthless, Stock Certificates, which you can fill out yourself for any amount, and have lots of fun showing to your friends as proof that you are wealthy. These certificates appear to represent railway, gold mining and insurance enterprises and look just like the "real thing," but must not be used to realize money on. ONE SAMPLE FOR FIFTY CENTS. (Send two cents stamps for illuminated circular.)

Washington, D. C. Independent Printing Company

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ABBEVILLE, S. C.
Office—First floor City Hall.