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MEETING PREVENTS WAR IN NEAR EAST

DEFINITE ASSURANCE OF PEACE GIVEN AT PARIS PARLEY—8 INTERESTED POWERS WILL GATHER TO DRAW UP NEW TREATY.

Paris, Sept. 21.—Definite assurance that there will be no war in the Near East and the calling of a peace conference for the settlement of the Turkish problem were the chief results of the allied meeting this afternoon. Premier Poincare, Lord Curzon and Count Sforza were the participants in the conference.

The eight nations called together including the Angora government, will gather around the peace table within three weeks, probably at Rome or Venice, and make a new treaty with Turkey to take the place of the treaty of Sevres.

The eight nations called together are Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan, Turkey, Greece, Rumania, and Jugoslavia.

Japan's inclusion at the last minute came as a surprise. It was due to Lord Curzon's insistence. The British foreign secretary told Premier Poincare that his government frankly feared the close association it had reasoned to believe existed between Moscow and Angora and Japan's presence was desired to offset this Bolshevik influence. It was also explained that Japan was a signatory of the treaty of Sevres which is to be abandoned for this new agreement and was entitled to be present for that reason.

It is remarked to French circles however that the participation of Japan insures another vote for British policy in any issue which may arise in the conference. M. Poincare in consenting to the presence of Japan demanded also the presence of Rumania and Jugoslavia.

While the United States was not included among the eight countries to participate it is regarded as certain that a mere intimation from the American government that it desires to attend, even as an observer, will be followed by an instant invitation from the allies, in fact there is said to be strong sentiment in certain quarters in favor of asking United States to send a representative, but in view of American aloofness from European affairs it was decided not to take the initiative.

Lord Curzon, M. Poincare and Count Sforza were in complete accord there should be no war in the East, but Lord Curzon asserted Great Britain felt that the presence of a strong fleet in the straits was necessary and Admiral Grassot of the French navy, reported on the military and naval situation in the Dardanelles. Admiral Beatty is believed to have said that freedom of the straits could be maintained by the navy.

While insisting on what they term their legitimate claims to eastern Thrace, Adrianople and Constantinople, the Turks are understood to have informed M. Poincare that they would consent to remain masters of Asia Minor until the conference had given consideration to these other claims.

French officials are confident tonight of a complete agreement with Great Britain when the allied meeting resumes on Friday, and it is freely predicted that the British troops will retire. On the other hand, late tonight, in reply to a question, it was authoritatively stated in British quarters that the British troops were not in danger at Chanak, which gave rise to the report that they might remain there with the tacit approval of the Turks.

Mr. Lawson Sick.
Mr. H. W. Lawson is very sick at home in Calhoun Falls.

FORD GETS COAL; TO REOPEN PLANTS

OPERATIONS WILL RESUME AS SOON AS COAL IS OBTAINED—FORD DECLARES IN DISCUSSING SHUTDOWN—COAL MEN SCOUTING.

Detroit, Sept. 21.—The plants of the Ford Motor company in Detroit closed last Saturday because of the coal situation, thereby throwing 100,000 Ford workers out of work in different parts of the country, will reopen tomorrow morning, it was officially announced today.

Orders for the reopening of the plants were telegraphed here today by Edsel B. Ford president of the company, who is in Cincinnati. Mr. Ford said cancellation of the interstate commerce commission's service order Number 23 had made it possible again to obtain coal.

The telegram read as follows: "Cancellation of the interstate commerce commission order No. 23 has made it possible again to secure coal."

"Movement of coal to Detroit has started and we feel justified in starting the plants tomorrow (Friday) morning."

"Post notices calling the men back to work and notify the newspapers."

Executives of the company said operation would be resumed at Highland Park, River Rouge and Dearborn, where the three large plants of the concern are located at midnight tonight. Assembly plants throughout the country that were shut down with the parent plants also will resume as quickly as their men can be recalled.

It is planned to put production immediately on the basis it was at the time of the closing.

The resumption is understood at the Ford offices here to be a direct result of a conference Edsel Ford had in Cincinnati, Ohio yesterday with a group of coal miners.

DEATH OF MR. L. A. RAMEY

Mr. L. A. Ramey died this morning Sept. 22, 1922, at 5 o'clock at his home in the Sharon section. He had been in failing health for a long time and his death was not unexpected.

Funeral Services will be held tomorrow morning at Sharon Church at 11 o'clock, and interment will be in the adjoining cemetery.

Mr. Ramey was in the 70th year of his age, and had been a member of the Sharon church practically all of his life, and active in church work.

Mr. Ramey is survived by his wife, who before her marriage was Miss Susie Cason, by his daughter Miss Sallie Sue Ramey and by three sons by a former marriage, Tompkins Ramey of Abbeville, Wesley Ramey of Atlanta and Jordan A. Ramey of Abbeville. His first wife was a daughter of Dr. Thomas J. Mabry, a distinguished physician of this county.

The following will act as pall-bearers: Fred Cason, R. L. Mabry, Grier Shevard, T. H. Maxwell, T. Mabry Cheatham and Lewis B. Ramey.

WANT THOUSAND ACRE TRACT

R. D. Robinson of Hamlet, N. C., agricultural agent for the Seaboard Air Line, has been in Abbeville this week. He is looking for a thousand acre tract of land for a prospective buyer. The land must be in one body. The name of the buyer has not been announced, but he is no "get rich quick Wallingford," because he is coming to this part of the land to show the people how to grow cotton.

Mr. Foster Cromer Sick.
Mr. Foster Cromer is sick at the home of his niece Mrs. Frank Nickles on North Main street.

GREATEST DISASTER IN HISTORY OF ASIA

75,000 SURVIVORS LEFT TO STARVE IN SMYRNA—NO VESSEL OFFER TO SALVAGE LAST WRECKAGE OF HUMAN LIFE. BODIES LINE STREETS.

Smyrna, Sept. 21.—Although eight days have elapsed since fire obliterated Smyrna, 75,000 survivors remain exposed on the quays, destitute, distracted and abandoned. No allied vessel has offered to salvage this last wreckage of human life in the greatest disaster in Asia's history.

Nearly a dozen warships remain in the harbor, but none show a disposition to aid the wretched population except the American destroyers. Deportations continue and Turkish soldiers are beginning to carry off the Greek and Armenian girls.

Sporadic shooting and the crimes continue. Smoke is emerging from the ruins. The Turkish authorities explain that this is due to the burning of human bodies. Dr. Wilfred Post, of New York, medical director of the Near East Relief, has urged the Turks to bury their dead, in order to prevent pestilence. He also has appealed to them to vaccinate every one, in order to guard against cholera and smallpox.

Interviewed by The Associated Press today, Dr. Post said:

"It is regrettable that the allied ships did not do more in salvaging human life. The work on all the vessels on the night of the fire was magnificent, but on the succeeding days, when the impulse of the great disaster disappeared, there was a lull in their energy and spirit. "If we had kept up the work there would be no evacuation problem and thousands would have been saved who might otherwise be deported or killed. Even before the fire there was indiscriminate killing and looting. There are so many bodies in the streets that I had on one occasion to light from my automobile to lift the corpses out of the path of the car. No words could describe the fire as a spectacle."

"It was like a gigantic scene staged by Nero or like a chapter from Tamerlane. It was so vast and complete that it had every appearance of being malevolently planned in advance."

BOYS ROB POST OFFICE

Two Small Colored Boys Rob Calhoun Falls Post Office

William and Henry Mitch, two small negro boys, eight and ten years of age were brought to Abbeville Wednesday night and lodged in jail. They are charged with entering the postoffice at Calhoun Falls Sunday morning, breaking the glass fronts out of letter boxes and stealing about seventy-five letters which they took behind a stable and rifled.

A preliminary hearing was held before the United States Commissioner, W. D. Wilkinson, Thursday afternoon and the prisoners bound over to the November term of the United States Court to be held in Greenwood.

Postoffice Inspector E. J. Mansfield of Greenville, Postmaster A. L. Dickson of Calhoun Falls and Chief of Police Crawford of Calhoun Falls attended the hearing here Thursday.

On account of their age the boys will probably be sent to the National Reformatory for boys in Washington, D. C.

ALMA BOYD CASE DISMISSED

Alma Boyd, a colored woman was arrested Wednesday night by Sheriff F. B. McLane and placed in the Abbeville jail charged with arson. It was thought she set fire to a tenant house about four miles southwest of town belonging to Mrs. A. W. Jones.

At a preliminary trial Thursday afternoon before Magistrate R. S. McComb the case was dismissed for lack of evidence.

PLANS TO PROTEST SEARCH OF SHIPS

ENGLISH TO NO LONGER OVERLOOK SEIZURES—MORE IMPORTANT ISSUES INVOLVED THAN LIQUOR SMUGGLING, BRITISH CONTENT.

Washington, Sept. 21.—Unless the defendants take an appeal from the decision of the federal court in Boston yesterday and permit a higher tribunal to pass upon the claim of the American prohibition navy to jurisdiction over the seas beyond the three mile limit the British government is expected here to take up the subject diplomatically with the state department.

Up to the present the British embassy has confined itself to requests for information as to the facts connected with the several seizures and searches of vessels under the British flag by prohibition agents and has made no appearance in the resulting legal proceeding.

A complete lack of sympathy with the operation of the rum runners on the part of the British officials is said to have caused the assumption of the attitude but now that cases have begun to emerge from the court dockets throwing the weight of judicial decisions behind the claim of extended high seas jurisdiction it is understood there is to be a change in the course of the London government.

It is the British contention that the issue raised by the court decision yesterday in Boston in the case of the British schooners Grace and Ruby, which were held for rum selling beyond the three mile limit, are far more grave and important than any mere question of the punishment of a few smugglers or the enforcement of domestic customs laws.

In the British view there is involved the greater question of freedom of the high seas. If it is possible for any nation to extend its jurisdiction beyond the old recognized limits at its own pleasure and without reference to the other maritime powers it is regarded by the British, as highly important that some understanding should be reached as to the extent of the powers claimed.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS

For October Term of Court of Common Pleas

The following jurors have been drawn to serve on the October term court of Common Pleas which convenes second Monday in October 1922:

- Cold Spring—R. L. Langley, R. M. Stevenson,
- Due West—J. M. Bigby, C. H. Brock, A. G. Davis, G. W. Sharp, B. L. Magill.
- Diamond Hill—L. E. Gable, J. P. Carwile, E. T. Blanchett, E. L. Bell, W. E. Kay, W. C. Prince, E. M. McCarter.
- Abbeville—Mack L. Williams, C. F. Graves, W. O. Graves, R. T. Simpson, J. S. Cochran.
- Donalds—J. A. Cox, J. J. Bigby, T. S. Seawright, L. P. Tribble.
- Long Cane—R. S. Gordon, D. M. Bowie, S. F. Uldrick.
- Lowndesville—R. E. McLain, T. D. Cooley, W. B. Crocker, W. L. Lattimer, Ebb Campbell.
- Magnolia—O. B. Tucker, J. A. Cooper, F. B. Milford, T. W. Ayers, W. J. E. Scott.

MRS. GIBBONS HOME.

Mrs. Alma C. Gibbons is at home after taking the special course at Winthrop college. This course was designed to prepare the County Agents to be of more service to the housewives in the marketing of their home produce. Since the boll weevil it is very necessary for the women in the country to help keep the pot boiling.

CONGRESS READY TO END SESSION

FINAL TOUCHES GIVEN LATE LEGISLATION—MEMBERS TO COME BACK AT CALL OF PRESIDENT HARDING—DYER BILL GOES OVER

Washington, Sept. 21.—Final touches were given in congress today to last moment legislation and leaders predicted adjournment sine die some time tomorrow afternoon releasing members for the election campaign and home affairs until the prospective call by President Harding for a special session about November 15.

The deficiency appropriation bill tonight was the only important bill on Republican leaders' program for passage before adjournment. This bill was passed today by the senate and after the conference report tomorrow, the adjournment gavel are due to fall. The house resolution arranging for adjournment at 2 o'clock was given today to Chairman Warren of the appropriations committee to present to the senate for adoption upon completion of the deficiency bill. It was hoped that the senate could adjourn by 2 o'clock, but leaders were prepared to defer adjournment an hour or two longer.

President Harding was expected to attend the closing hour of congress to sign the deficiency measure and other minor papers.

Postponement of action of two other important bills before the administration measure to loan \$5,000,000 to Liberia and the Dyer anti-lynching bill appeared to be certain. Republican leaders said opposition and protracted speeches begun today would prevent votes being reached on both bills.

Opponents of the anti-lynching bill late today in the senate won the first skirmish after one of the most involved and lively parliamentary snarls in years. They headed off for several hours a speech by Senator Shortridge of California in favor of the Dyer measure, Senator Harrison of Mississippi finally winning the floor for a long speech over the protests of Senator Shortridge and a dozen other Republicans. Calls of a quorum, roll.

DEMONSTRATION DAY

Saturday at Planters Bank—Come See the Exhibits.

Saturday, beginning at 9 o'clock, there will be an all day demonstration at the Planters Bank and we are anxious that every one come and see what the Home Demonstration Department has accomplished through the club women over the state. We are proud of the fact that we are helping the club women and girls over the State to market their products that they have canned.

Be sure to come and see the exhibit and maybe you will try to put up some of the special products for next year. These products are being handled by some of the merchants of Abbeville and we are especially anxious that the ladies of the town come and sample these products.

BREAKS INTO HIGHWAY CAMP

Will Brown, colored, is in jail charged with breaking into the camp of Havird & Friday, contractors on the highway work near Abbeville. He stole \$19.00 in money, a pair of shoes and a suit of clothes. All of the stolen goods have been recovered from Brown except the cash.

STATE AGENT ARRIVES.

Miss Julia Stebbins, assistant state marketing agent will arrive in the city today and will begin preparations for the demonstration to be given in the Planters bank tomorrow morning beginning at 9 o'clock.

EXPECTING RISE IN COTTON PRICE

WAREHOUSE COMMISSIONER TALKS OF FORTY CENTS—A GAIN FROM \$25 TO \$50 MAY RESULT IN FEW WEEKS, MR. RIVERS THINKS.

Columbia, Sept. 21.—Cotton at 35 or 40 cents a pound before another year is "entirely within the bounds of reason," according to J. Clifton Rivers, warehouse commissioner, in a statement issued yesterday.

Mr. Rivers urges farmers to go slow in offering their cotton for sale as he expects a gain of from \$25 to \$50 a bale within a few weeks.

In discussing the general situation Mr. Rivers made the following statement:

"Knowing that it is not good policy to advise people concerning the future prices of cotton, I have refrained so far this year from appearing in the public prints, but conditions have forced themselves upon us and in the face of a market steady and strong, with the sale of Texas cotton at the rate of 50,000 bales per day, together with an industrial situation, the like of which at marketing time the cotton belt has never experienced, it is time for somebody to sit up and take notice."

"Cotton with all this tirade of selling and violent bearish circumstances has remained steady at a price around 22 cents per pound; therefore, those who have studied the situation are convinced that as soon as the supply begins to diminish and the industrial situation has a prospect of settling, a great deal higher prices than at present will be realized for spot cotton."

"It, therefore, behooves every farmer who has a bale of cotton to go slow in offering it for sale, as a few weeks, in the opinion of the writer, will show a gain of \$25 to \$50 per bale in the amount realized from such sale. Store your cotton in a state warehouse and get a receipt issued by the state and relieve yourselves of your liabilities and watch your product increase in value shortly by leaps and bounds, at a minimum cost. It is entirely within the bounds of reason to predict that cotton will bring 35 to 40 cents per pound before another year, and this increase in value should be turned into the hands of the farmers rather than into the hands of the cotton speculators. Sell just as little cotton at present prices as you possibly can and store and hold for a few weeks and realize the profit, which in my opinion and in the opinion of others who have studied the situation, will be a great increase over the present price."

COL. BAILEY SELLS INSTITUTE

Three Members of Faculty Take Charge of School in Greenwood

Greenwood, Sept. 21.—Col. F. N. K. Bailey, superintendent and owner of the Bailey Military institute announced today that he had sold an interest in the institution to Maj. John W. Moore, Maj. S. Brooks Marshall and Maj. J. E. Burnside, Jr., all members of the faculty.

Under the new arrangement, Colonel Bailey will retain an interest in the school, but the active management will be under Majors Moore, Marshall and Burnside. Major Moore will be superintendent, Major Marshall, treasurer and Major Burnside, director of student activities. Other members of the faculty will retain their present positions.

THE COTTON MARKET

Cotton brought	21 cents on the local market today.
Futures closed	
Oct.	21.01
Nov.	21.17
Jan.	20.97
March	20.98