

# The Edgefield Advertiser.

M. LABORDE, Editor.

"We will cling to the pillars of our liberties, and if it must fall we will perish amidst the ruins."

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

VOLUME 3.

EDGEFIELD C. H. (S. C.) OCT. 11, 1838.

NO. 36.

The Edgefield Advertiser, IS PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING.

TERMS.—Three Dollars per annum if paid in advance.—Three Dollars and Fifty Cents if paid before the expiration of Six Months from the date of Subscription.—and Four Dollars if not paid within Six Months. Subscribers out of the State are required to pay in advance.

No subscription received for less than one year, and no paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the Editor. All communications will be continued unless otherwise ordered, at the end of the year. Any person procuring five Subscribers and becoming responsible for the same, shall receive the sixth copy gratis.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at 62 1/2 cents per square, for the first insertion, and 43 1/2 cents for each continuance. Advertisements not having the number of insertions marked on them, will be continued until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

All Advertisements intended for publication in this paper, must be deposited in the Office by Tuesday evening. All communications addressed to the Editor, (post paid) will be promptly and strictly attended to.

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

George Hancock, and Sarah W. Bill for Hancock and others, vs. Charles Lamar, Executor. Partition.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of a Decree from the Court of Chancery, I shall offer for sale at Edgefield C. H., on the first Monday in November next the following lands belonging to the Estate of William Tarrance, deceased, viz:

One tract of land situate upon Little Horse Creek, in the District of Edgefield, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres, more or less, and bounded according to a grant thereof from the State of South Carolina to the said William Tarrance, by lands of John Tarrance, Thomas Lamar and Jno. Carter, and by other vacant lands.

One other tract containing two hundred and sixty (260) acres, more or less, conveyed to the said William Tarrance by a Deed of Release from John Carter, and therein described as situate in the District of Ninety-six, on

the north side of the Cherokee Ponds, near the Cherokee Ponds, containing two hundred and twenty-eight (228) acres, more or less, bounded by lands of Mima, Rambo, Morris, Lamar and Thompson, and intersected by the Road leading from the Cherokee Ponds to Augusta. Said lands to be sold separately, on a credit of one and two years, purchasers to give bonds and personal security, and to pay the purchase money.

J. TERRY, C. E. E. D. Commissioner's Office, Edgefield, Oct. 1st, 1838. e 35

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

Benjamin T. Abney and others, vs. Tabitha Abney and others.

By virtue of an Order from Chan. Johnston in the foregoing case, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on Friday the second day of November next, at the Store of Richard Coleman, four tracts of land belonging to the Estate of Zachariah Abney, deceased, situate in Edgefield District, on the waters of Saluda River, the tracts to be sold separately, and the number of acres, buttings and boundings to be made known on the day of sale; the terms of sale will be a credit of one and two years, except the costs, two thirds of which must be paid in cash by the purchaser; the remaining third to be paid by the widow. The purchasers to give bond and security to secure the purchase money.

J. TERRY, C. E. E. D. Commissioner's Office, Edgefield, Oct. 1st, 1838. e 35

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

WILLIAM ATTAWAY vs. before me a red Cow, with a white face, some white under the belly, about half the tail white, no mark nor brands. Appraised at \$12. HARDY WHITE, J. P. June 8, 1838. c 31

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

BURRELL RESE tells before me one Bay Horse, 4 years old 4 feet 9 inches high, with a star and snip on his head; no brands perceivable. Appraised to \$30, by Martin H. Day, and Wm. Lloyd. JOHN DAY, J. Q. July 30, 1838. c 32

## Improved Cotton Gins.

### New Invention.

THE subscriber has just received a supply of the PATENT RIBS for Cotton Gins, which have been spoken so highly of wherever they have been tried throughout the Cotton Growing States.—These Ribs are so constructed that one set will last twenty years or more, and be constantly in use, by having an extra set of Cast Steel faces. The faces are made to fit on the front of the Ribs, where the Saws pass through, and in so simple a manner that any person can put them on. The subscriber will always keep a supply of Gins on hand of the above description.

WILLIAM JONES, A few doors above the Upper Market, Augusta Ga. July 13 1838. h 26

## Improved Cotton Gins.

THE subscribers having established a COTTON GIN MANUFACTORY in the Town of Hamburg, S. C., on the improved system of Mr. Boatwright, beg leave to recommend their Gins to the public. They warrant their Gins to be equal if not superior to those of Mr. Boatwright, on account of an alteration, which, in their opinion, is a decided improvement; that is, instead of blocks of wood on the ribs, they have adopted the plan of making the ribs of their Gins entirely of steel and iron, which have proved by experience to be preferable.

Mr. Boatwright having declined the gin making business in August, Mr. L. B. Cobb, who conducted it there for him, being one of the partners in the concern, they will endeavor to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom.

Gins repaired at the shortest notice. COBB & KENNEDY, Hamburg, S. C., April 19. Gm 11

## Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Stephen Tompkins, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands to present them properly attested.

WILLIAM BRUNSON, Adm'r. Sept. 6, 1838. if 32

## NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against Wm. R. Conner and Wade H. Conner, deceased, are hereby requested to hand them to the Subscriber, duly attested, and those indebted to either of the above named intestates, are requested to make immediate payment. D. H. JONES, July 30, 1838. ac 36

## List of Letters.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Edgefield C. House, on the 1st of October, 1838.

A & B. Attaway, Rebecca Mrs. Bird, Eldred M. Barlow, Benj. Barronby, Mary Mrs. Bonham, M. M. J. Bryant, Jesse Brazier, Wm Dr. Bellenger & Wimbish Bredwell John Blocker, Bartley C.

D, F & G. Clark, Aaron A. Chitty, Joseph Crane, Madison Claxton, Zechariah Cook, Samuel Cornet, Frances Mrs.

Holston, Moses Hunter, Alexander Horns Creek Church, care of J. Landrum Hunter, Nathaniel Jackson, Humphrey Harris, John C. Harris, Moses Heath, J. A.

J & K. Johnson, William Jenks, Calvin Kenny, Margaret Miss

L. La. John F. Long, Elizabeth A. Langley, Monning Mrs. Littleton, Wm

M. Mitchel, Caleb Martin, Elizabeth Mrs. Weeks, Bryant Mitchell, Miss Caroline Mays, Danuit H. 3 Moultrie, Seaton

Nix, Charles Noble, Wm

Randol, John R. Reynolds, Joseph Esq. Roper, Emily Mrs. Remington, John

S & T. Sharpton, Alexander Stenier Mr S. Tillman, Benj R

V, W & Z. Vinson, Elizabeth Mrs. Whilock, James Walker, Ramsay Wallace, B. A.

M. FRAZIER, P. M. Oct. 9, 1838. c 35

## MEDICAL.

THE subscriber, from the impurities of his friends, has concluded so far to resume the practice of his profession, as to attend to all calls in Chronic Diseases. Among these, he would mention particularly Scrofula or King's Evil, Cancer, Diseased Mammas, Chronic Sore Legs, &c. Address E. L. CARTLEDGE, Park's P. O., Edgefield Dis., S. C. May 10, 1838. if 14

## Improved Surgeons' Truss.

FOR the radical cure of HERNIA, invented by HEBER CHASE, M. D., Philadelphia. (rearranged to cure.) All orders by mail or otherwise will be promptly attended to. Address either Dr. H. BURT, Dr. M. LABORDE, Dr. J. J. JIMS, Edgefield C. H. S. C. c 24

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

WILLIAM ATTAWAY vs. before me a red Cow, with a white face, some white under the belly, about half the tail white, no mark nor brands. Appraised at \$12. HARDY WHITE, J. P. June 8, 1838. c 31

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

BURRELL RESE tells before me one Bay Horse, 4 years old 4 feet 9 inches high, with a star and snip on his head; no brands perceivable. Appraised to \$30, by Martin H. Day, and Wm. Lloyd. JOHN DAY, J. Q. July 30, 1838. c 32

## Improved Cotton Gins.

### New Invention.

THE subscribers having established a COTTON GIN MANUFACTORY in the Town of Hamburg, S. C., on the improved system of Mr. Boatwright, beg leave to recommend their Gins to the public. They warrant their Gins to be equal if not superior to those of Mr. Boatwright, on account of an alteration, which, in their opinion, is a decided improvement; that is, instead of blocks of wood on the ribs, they have adopted the plan of making the ribs of their Gins entirely of steel and iron, which have proved by experience to be preferable.

Mr. Boatwright having declined the gin making business in August, Mr. L. B. Cobb, who conducted it there for him, being one of the partners in the concern, they will endeavor to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom.

Gins repaired at the shortest notice. COBB & KENNEDY, Hamburg, S. C., April 19. Gm 11

## Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Stephen Tompkins, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands to present them properly attested.

WILLIAM BRUNSON, Adm'r. Sept. 6, 1838. if 32

## NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against Wm. R. Conner and Wade H. Conner, deceased, are hereby requested to hand them to the Subscriber, duly attested, and those indebted to either of the above named intestates, are requested to make immediate payment. D. H. JONES, July 30, 1838. ac 36

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

WILLIAM ATTAWAY vs. before me a red Cow, with a white face, some white under the belly, about half the tail white, no mark nor brands. Appraised at \$12. HARDY WHITE, J. P. June 8, 1838. c 31

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

BURRELL RESE tells before me one Bay Horse, 4 years old 4 feet 9 inches high, with a star and snip on his head; no brands perceivable. Appraised to \$30, by Martin H. Day, and Wm. Lloyd. JOHN DAY, J. Q. July 30, 1838. c 32

## Improved Cotton Gins.

### New Invention.

THE subscribers having established a COTTON GIN MANUFACTORY in the Town of Hamburg, S. C., on the improved system of Mr. Boatwright, beg leave to recommend their Gins to the public. They warrant their Gins to be equal if not superior to those of Mr. Boatwright, on account of an alteration, which, in their opinion, is a decided improvement; that is, instead of blocks of wood on the ribs, they have adopted the plan of making the ribs of their Gins entirely of steel and iron, which have proved by experience to be preferable.

Mr. Boatwright having declined the gin making business in August, Mr. L. B. Cobb, who conducted it there for him, being one of the partners in the concern, they will endeavor to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom.

Gins repaired at the shortest notice. COBB & KENNEDY, Hamburg, S. C., April 19. Gm 11

## Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Stephen Tompkins, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands to present them properly attested.

WILLIAM BRUNSON, Adm'r. Sept. 6, 1838. if 32

## NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against Wm. R. Conner and Wade H. Conner, deceased, are hereby requested to hand them to the Subscriber, duly attested, and those indebted to either of the above named intestates, are requested to make immediate payment. D. H. JONES, July 30, 1838. ac 36

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

WILLIAM ATTAWAY vs. before me a red Cow, with a white face, some white under the belly, about half the tail white, no mark nor brands. Appraised at \$12. HARDY WHITE, J. P. June 8, 1838. c 31

## State of South Carolina

### EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

BURRELL RESE tells before me one Bay Horse, 4 years old 4 feet 9 inches high, with a star and snip on his head; no brands perceivable. Appraised to \$30, by Martin H. Day, and Wm. Lloyd. JOHN DAY, J. Q. July 30, 1838. c 32

## Improved Cotton Gins.

### New Invention.

THE subscribers having established a COTTON GIN MANUFACTORY in the Town of Hamburg, S. C., on the improved system of Mr. Boatwright, beg leave to recommend their Gins to the public. They warrant their Gins to be equal if not superior to those of Mr. Boatwright, on account of an alteration, which, in their opinion, is a decided improvement; that is, instead of blocks of wood on the ribs, they have adopted the plan of making the ribs of their Gins entirely of steel and iron, which have proved by experience to be preferable.

Mr. Boatwright having declined the gin making business in August, Mr. L. B. Cobb, who conducted it there for him, being one of the partners in the concern, they will endeavor to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom.

Gins repaired at the shortest notice. COBB & KENNEDY, Hamburg, S. C., April 19. Gm 11

## Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Stephen Tompkins, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands to present them properly attested.

WILLIAM BRUNSON, Adm'r. Sept. 6, 1838. if 32

## NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against Wm. R. Conner and Wade H. Conner, deceased, are hereby requested to hand them to the Subscriber, duly attested, and those indebted to either of the above named intestates, are requested to make immediate payment. D. H. JONES, July 30, 1838. ac 36



## Poetic Access.

### THE SHIP IS READY.

BY MISS GOULD.  
Fare thee well! the ship is ready,  
And the breeze is fresh and steady,  
Hands are fast the anchor weighing;  
High in the air the streamer's playing;  
Spread the sails, the waves are swelling,  
Proudly round the buoyant dwelling.  
Fare thee well! and when at sea,  
Think of those who sigh for thee;  
Fare thee well! and when at sea,  
Think of those who sigh for thee.

When from land and home receding,  
And from hearts that ache to bleeding,  
Think of those behind who love thee,  
While the sun is bright above thee!  
Then as down to ocean glancing,  
With the waves his rays are dancing,  
Think how long the night will be  
To the eyes that weep for thee.

When the lonely night-watch keeping,  
All below thee still and sleeping—  
As the needle points the quarter  
O'er the wide and trackless water,  
Let thy vigils ever find thee  
Mindful of the friends behind thee!  
Let thy bosom's magnet be  
Turned to those who wake for thee.

When with slow and gentle motion,  
Heaves the bosom of the ocean  
While in peace thy bark is riding,  
And the silver moon is gliding  
O'er the sky with tranquil splendour,  
Where the shining bows attend her:  
Let the brightest visions be  
Country, home, and friends, to thee!

When the tempest hovers o'er thee,  
Danger, wreck and death before thee,  
While the sword of fire is gleaming,  
Wild the winds, the torrent streaming;  
Then a pious suppliant bending,  
Let thy thoughts to heaven ascending,  
Reach the mercy seat, to be  
Met by prayers that rise for thee!

### THE LOVERS.

BY MRS. SIGOURNEY.  
The watch-light of the lovers stream'd  
Forth from their lattice high,  
As lost in deep discourse they sat,  
While summer winds went by.  
The banding howl'd, the clouds did lower,  
Winds shook the willow's stem,  
The clock toll'd out the midnight hour  
What were such sounds to them.

Oh, steal not on their tranced speech  
Of smile, and murmur'd sigh,  
Shake not the dew-drop from the rose,  
Dim not the opal's dye;  
For life hath many a path of thorn  
To wound the feet that rove;  
But yet no sunnier spot than this—  
Break not the traces of love.

### Miscellaneous.

**TURKISH HONESTY.**—An open gallery, extending along the whole of the northern side of the edifice, (Southaine at Constantinople) is filled with chests of various sizes and descriptions, piled one on the other, and carefully marked; these chests contain treasures principally in gold and silver, jewels to a vast amount, and all are the property of individuals, who in the event of their leaving the country, family misunderstandings, or from other causes require a place of safety in which to deposit their wealth. Each package being accurately described and scrupulously secured, is received and registered at Solimane, by the proper authorities; and there it remains, intact and inviolate, despite national convulsions and ministerial changes. No event, however unexpected, or however extraordinary, is suffered to affect the sacredness of the trust; and no consideration of country or of religion, militates against the admission of deposits that may be rendered by those anxious to secure their property against casualties. On one side may be seen the fortune of an orphan confided to the keeping of the directors of the institution during his minority; on the other, the capital of a merchant who is pursuing his traffic over seas. All classes and creeds alike avail themselves of the depository, and although an individual may fail to reclaim his property for twenty, fifty, or even an unlimited number of years, no seal is broken, or lock is ever forced.—Aud despite that this great National Bank for such it may truly be considered, offers not only an easy but an efficient and abundant means of supply, no instance has been known in which the Government has made an effort to avail itself of the treasures of Solimane.—City of the Sultan.

**From the Pittsburgh Visitor.**  
THE PRINTER.—"You are young"—such was the opening of a letter received by me some years since, written by one of the ablest and most experienced pillars of the Press. You are young, and have chosen a path for your feet, which, from my knowledge of your character, I knew you would select. I am sorry for it; for of what profit is it to print or be a printer—or of what profit are talents? I laughed at the query then, but in sober seriousness do I again read the letter of my honored friend. He has put a question which experience answers with sorrow, and yet there is some consolation to be gained from the pardonable vanity of regarding the position of a public journalist. His motives are noble; his aims to advance the intellectual standard and place it high over the heads of his countrymen. He is the schoolmaster who dares to exhibit error in its ghastly rottenness, to point out the advantages that communities derive from knowledge. He is one of the members of a band of watchful sentinels, who guard the dearest rights of a people, while that people slumber unthinkingly in their tents. And is this nothing? Is not this position a proud one? Foremost in the ranks of reform, the first to discover danger and ever fearless in combating it, the printer brings not from the post of peril while there is a principle in jeopardy, or an honest desire to substantiate. When treason winds itself like about the liberties of a nation, the printer launches his anathemas at the dangerous invader, and quails not before the eye of the despot, whose frown is but the announcement of the dungeon or the scaffold. Is not all this verified in the history of the present century? The pioneer in the march of civilization, the printer plants himself within the shadow of barbarism, and while the echo of the emigrant's wail startles the hitherto untrodden forest, that echo is answered by the click of the type and the lively roll of the printing press.

But the category of my friend remains yet unanswered. "What profit to print or to be a printer?" What no matter. The public journalist goes down to his resting place with the fact to cheer his last moments that he has done his duty. As to his patrons—but I will not go on.

**Washington Irving has said.**—"There is something in sickness that breaks down the pride of manhood, that softens the heart, and brings it back to the feelings of infancy.—Who that has languished even in advanced life, in sickness and dependency, who that has pined on a weary bed, in the neglect and loneliness of a foreign land, but has thought of the mother that looked on his childhood, that smoothed his pillow and administered to his helplessness? Oh! there is an endearing tenderness in the love of a mother to a son, that transcends all other affections of the heart. It is neither to be chilled by selfishness, nor daunted by danger, nor weakened by worthlessness, nor stifled by ingratitude. She will sacrifice every comfort to his convenience; she will surrender every pleasure to his enjoyment; she will glory in his fame, and exult in his prosperity; and if adversity overtake him he will be the dearest to her by misfortune; and if disgrace settle upon his name she will still love and cherish him; and if all the world beside cast him off, she will be all the world to him."

**Method of Restoring life to the Apparently Drowned.**—recommended by the Royal Humane Society of England, instituted in the year 1774. Avoid all rough usage. Do not hold up the body by the feet, nor roll it on casks or barrels, or rub it with salt or spirits, or apply tobacco. Lose not a moment in carrying the body to the nearest house with the head and shoulders raised. Place it in a warm room, if the weather is cold. Preserve silence, and positively admit no more than three intelligent persons. Let the body be instantly stripped, dried, and wrapped in hot blankets, which are to be frequently renewed. Keep the mouth, nostrils and throat free and clean. Apply warm substances to the back, spine, pit of the stomach, arm pits, and soles of the feet. Rub the body with heated flannel, or the warm hands. Attempt to restore breathing by gently blowing with a bellows into one nostril, closing the mouth and the other nostril. Press down the breast carefully, with both hands, and then let it rise again, and thus imitate natural breathing. Keep up the application of heat—continue the rubbing—increase it when life appears, and then give a tea spoonful of warm water, or very weak brandy and water, or wine and water. Persevere for six hours. Send quickly for medical assistance.

**Osteometer.**—An ingenious machine, called the Osteometer, has been invented by Dr. Heine, of Wurtzburg, and exhibited in St. Petersburg, where it has met the approbation of scientific surgeons, and of the Emperor. It is intended for the purpose of setting bones which have been fractured or dislocated, an operation which it performs in a very handsome manner, giving much less pain to the patient than the pulling and hauling, and twisting and jerking process which is in general use.—Boston Jour.

**The Female Heart.**—The strongest evidence that can be given of the superior fidelity of the female heart over that of the other sex is given in a statistical table respecting the morals of Paris; wherein we find the following contrast: Husbands who have deserted their wives, - 2,348 Wives who have deserted their husbands, - 1, 132 Difference in favor of the females. - 1,216 Microcosm.

**WIDOWER'S LAMENTATION.**—Two gentlemen having lost their wives, were usually thrown together, and commenced a conversation in regard to their disconsolate situation. One of them observed that the last day he spent with his dear wife was as pleasant as the first. The other replied that he could bear that—for the last day he spent with his lady was more pleasant than the first.

**French Politeness.**—The following compliment was lately paid by a Parisian dentist to a lady. He had made several ineffectual attempts to draw out her decayed tooth, and finding at last that he must give it up, he apologised by saying, "The fact is, madame, it is impossible for any thing bad to come out of your mouth."

**THE EVIL AND THE REMEDY.**—Some persons who have travelled much in steamboats, are very strong in the opinion, that ardent spirits have been the cause of not only the destruction of the Pulaski, but of all the steamboats which have been lost at the south and west. A letter has been published in the Mercantile Journal, from a gentleman in Virginia, who has travelled during the past winter several thousand miles upon the Mississippi and its tributaries, who says there is ground for the general opinion, that intoxicating drinks are the cause of nine-tenths of the loss of life and property which occur on board of the steamboats in which he travelled, he says it was a general custom, if not universal, to let out the privilege of keeping the bar to some person who would agree to find the deck hands and officers of the boat in drink, and would put a certain number of decanters of spirit on the dinner table every day. Allowing that the captains are reputed sober men, and profess to limit their views to the moderate use of spirit, yet, as he says, it is easily seen how readily abuse may take place, when there is not one in twenty of the captains, who does not hold to the exploded delusion, that strong drink is necessary for labouring men, and who are themselves, with but few exceptions, moderate drinkers.

It is time Congress took this subject up. Unless something is done by that body, these awful calamities will continue to take place, and perhaps they will then, unless the community refuse to travel in boats where ardent spirits are allowed to any, either passengers or crew. If one boat on each of the great thoroughfares should commence in this way, we believe they would be well patronized.—Zion's Herald.

**Hamlet's Grave.**—The objects of interest to a stranger at Elsinore, are the castle or fortress and the garden of Marienstus, where is to be seen what is called the grave of Hamlet. The interior of the fortress contains nothing remarkable; the grave is a misnomer—for Hamlet lived, reigned, and died, and was buried in Jutland. A conspiracy had been formed against his life by his step-father and mother, as the ancient Dutch chronicles state, he feigned imbecility of mind, being aware of the plot to destroy him, formed another against them, and eventually, burned to death the whole family, by setting fire to a house in which they were, and stopping up the doors. He afterwards reigned quietly and respectfully, and died a natural death. I may affirm that there is no brook crowned with willows near Elsinore, where Ophelia could have perished; and the enthusiastic reader of Shakspeare may be relieved from the pain her fate has inspired him with, by the conclusion of its falsity. The grave of Hamlet, as seen in Denmark, is to the back of the mansion of Marienstus. About a stone's throw you catch a view of the sea between a contiguous clump of trees planted in a circle, and it is noted by some scattered square stones of small size, which appear to have once served for a cenotaph, and which stands on a knoll or rising mound covered and surrounded by birch trees. I could learn nothing of their history—they seem little respected or thought about by the inhabitants of Elsinore, but pious and romantic pilgrims have conveyed away considerable portions of them, and a few years will probably witness their total dispersion.—Standish's Notices of the Northern Capitals.

The following dialogue was held between an Irish teacher and his pupil, during an examination in Scripture History:—"Is there any account given in history of Phelim, of a dumb baste spaking?"—"Yes."—"What dumb baste was it that spake?"—"It was a whale."—"Yes. To whom did the whale spake?"—"To Moses in the Bulrushes."—"What did the whale say to Moses?"—"Almost thou' persuadest me to be a Christian."—"Very well. What was Moses' reply?"—"Thou art the man."

Thunder observed Sir John Herschel, can scarcely ever be heard more than 20 or 30 miles from the flash which it produces.—Lightning on the other hand, may be seen (or at least its reflection in the clouds, forming what is called sheet lightning) at the distance of 120 or 200 miles.

The income of Great Britain from customs, was in 1830 50,000,000 1840 421,000 1850 1,500,000 1792 4,407,000 1815 11,360,000 1837 21,500,000

**Jonca.**—The Fourth of July was celebrated at Denmark, on strictly Temperance principles: upwards of eighty persons sat down to the table, and no intoxicating liquor was provided. At West Point, upwards of 500 sat down to the table, and no intoxicating liquors were drunk.

A pleasant cheerful Wife is a rainbow set in the sky when her husband's mind is tossed with storms and tempests; but a dissatisfied and fretful wife, in the hour of troubles, is like one of those friends who are appointed to torture lost spirits.

The heart, in woman is the citadel, and all the rest, suburbs; in men, an inconceivable out-work—which can be lost without injuring the palace.

A writer in the Christian Watchman, recommends that the bars of taverns be filled with ripe fruit, instead of liquor.