

by the Dean, and the President of the Board of the Trustees, the former facilitating and illustrating the advantages and necessity of cultivating the sciences connected with that of medicine, and the latter forcibly impressing the intellectual and moral discipline necessary to succeed in professional life.

LOOK OUT FOR THE THIEF.

It is ascertained that the person who stole the package of \$5,120 Bank of St. Marks, was on the 23d ultimo, is a foreigner, apparently a German, about 22 years of age, light hair, and fair complexion, wearing the various names of Braun, Ponder, Bruner, &c. He hailed from New York, which place he left about the 15th of the month. When he speaks, his low forehead compresses against his gums and teeth, and his upper lip projects a little. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, stoop shouldered, weighs about 150 pounds, speaks slow, and is rather thick-tongued.

The notes were nearly all payable in Savannah, a capital E written on the right upper corner of the bill, which were almost entirely new. He was in New Orleans about the 4th instant, and no doubt will make his way up the Mississippi or to Texas.

The reward offered for him is \$750. Two different persons left Mobile a few days since, in pursuit of him. The one who catches him, will do two good things—he will line his pocket with \$750, and rid the country, for a time at least, of a precious and precocious scoundrel.—*Aug. Chronicle.*

Great Mail.—The mail brought by the steam ship Unicorn, from the Acadia at Halifax, was the largest ever arrived in the United States. The number of letters was about 49,000, and there were 40 bags of newspapers. The postage on the letters for New York amounted to about \$3300; Philadelphia \$650; Baltimore \$200; Albany (city and distribution) \$500. The clerks in the post office worked like horses. Twenty-one hands were employed the whole of one night in sorting, counting, &c. the letters and other packages, and by indefatigable exertions every thing was sent in due season.

From the Charleston Mercury. It appears by the late census, that the most valuable agricultural production of the United States, is *Indian Corn*—the number of bushels raised according to the last census, being 377,413,875, which, at 50 cents a bushel, will amount to \$188,766,937. The article next in value is *Hay*, the number of tons being 10,248,000, which at only ten dollars a ton, amounts to \$102,480,000. The next article in importance is *Wheat*, viz: 81,823,272 bushels, which, at one dollar a bushel will amount to \$81,823,272. *Cotton* comes next, viz: 700,479,275 pounds which at nine cents, amounts \$63,043,134. It thus appears that cotton ranks in importance as the fourth agricultural production. Then come *oats* and *potatoes*, and then *tobacco*, being the seventh in value of agricultural productions.—*Boston Journal.*

We find the Whigs very industriously mystifying the subject of a Tariff, by such paragraphs as the above. We could add somewhat to the force of it by the statement of a very simple certainty, that cotton is not even the great interest of South Carolina. We presume that our annual export of Rice would cover our import of all articles of food, and that therefore South Carolina produces the subsistence of all her population. If the average cost of subsistence to each individual be estimated at \$30 per annum, the value of all the articles of food produced annually in the State, is nearly 18,000,000, which is not far from twice the value of the annual product of cotton.

But what of all this, or what has it to do with the effect of a tariff—or rather is not the comparatively small value of cotton a still more striking proof of the injustice and oppression of the protective policy? For it we look to our commerce, we find this same cotton to constitute its very basis and substance, to be nearly twice in value all other exports of the country—and still more, we find the Tariff directed against the commerce with those countries to which we send scarcely any thing but cotton. If this staple then, be comparatively so insignificant, by what rule of justice is it to be made to bear the whole burden of supporting the Federal Government.—What sort of equity is it to heap oppressive taxes on a single product of the country, and then cover it by the tariff that its value is trifling, and that the people who produce it are by no means so rich as their neighbors—poor devils, let them support the Government since they have got into the habit of working hard to support themselves—we that are rich know the luxury of taking our ease, undisturbed by the vulgar intrusion of tax-gatherers, publicans, and sinners!

From the Charleston Courier. Correspondence with Santa Ana.—The *Diario del Gobierno*, of the 20th ult., published in the city of Mexico, contains an interesting correspondence of Col. B. E. Bee, of the Texian legation, and General Hamilton, respectively, with Santa Ana, Dec. 27, 1841, compliments Santa Ana for his firmness and wisdom, and tells him he can never conquer Texas, and that the people of the valley of the Mississippi would unite with Texas to oppose his designs, and that if he will submit the question of recognition to the inter-mediation of Great Britain and the United States, existing difficulties may be amicably adjusted. Col. B. concludes with recommending the Santa Ana prisoners to the kind treatment of Santa Ana. Santa Ana's reply expresses much personal kindness for Col. Bee, but disdainfully rejects his overtures, boasts of the courage and resources of Mexico, accuses the Texians as a despising, supping and ambitious race, of which in regards the Santa Ana expedition as evidence of its decision his determination to prosecute his designs against Texas, and leaves that he has treated the Santa Ana prisoners with humanity and in accordance with the usages of war, and that he liberated Vasquez and Combes account of the respectability

of our country. An example of the same kind of justice is temperance.

The following letter is dated on board the *Argonaut*, Jan. 13, 1842. He proposes to Santa Ana an indemnity of \$5,000,000 to be secretly placed at the disposal of the agents of the Government, as the consideration of a treaty of peace and limitation with Texas. The reply of Santa Ana is a long and rude one, abusive of Gen. H., styling his proposition an insult and a piece of audacity, and expressive of a determination never to contribute to the recognition of the independence of Texas.

Appended to the letter is the protest drawn up by him in June, 1836, against the government of Texas, for having violated certain promises of kind treatment made towards himself and Gen. Wool—for infringing a treaty for the exchange of prisoners; for violence offered to his person, &c.

MOBILE, March 12. The New Orleans Picayune has issued an extra, containing the latest news from Mexico, brought by Mr. Lumsden, the editor of that print. There has also been an arrival at New Orleans with later dates.

Santa Ana has issued an order, forbidding the payment of all debts by the National Treasury, except the English claim, and what is called the Tobacco fund.—Foreign functionaries, so far as their patious are interested in this matter, have protested, and Santa Ana has requested the Ministers resident to furnish him with plans for filling his treasury.—The expenses of the government are 24 millions, and the annual receipts 6. Besides, the President has stopped the payment of interest on all debts at home and abroad, amounting to some 20 millions.—The government bonds scarcely bring 30 per cent of their value.

Nearly all the Cabinet have resigned. The loss of Gen. Tornel is a blow to Santa Ana. Gen. Valencia has been removed on the pretence of his being engaged in a conspiracy. It was feared that he would be shot.

Santa Ana has appointed Johschim Velasquez de Leon, Colonel of Engineers, Charge d'Affairs of Mexico at Washington City. The Colonel was one of the Board of Commissioners who had the examination of the claims of our citizens against Mexico.

Mr. McKee, bearer of despatches to Mr. Ellis, has returned. The N. O. Advertiser says of his mission, it appears that Santa Ana refuses to surrender Mr. Kendall, on the ground of his being an enemy, and an abettor of the Texians, whom he pleases to regard as invaders of the Mexican territory. It would appear, further, that the evidence of Mr. Kendall's having a passport, and of its destruction by the Mexican authorities, was met by the statement of the Mexican Consul at New Orleans, that he had not granted Mr. Kendall one.

Mr. Lumsden had full intercourse with Mr. Kendall for a part of the time, but at last was forbidden to communicate with him. No communication was permitted with any of the prisoners, after the 20th of February. Those of them who were detained in the city of Mexico, were huddled together every night in St. James Church, and with chains on their limbs, were forced to work in the streets and sewers during the day. They kept their health well. Among the sick were Mr. Kendall and Dr. Whitaker. They were in the St. Lazarus Charity Hospital. Mr. K. was laboring under the measles. Eighty two of them were at Puebla working on the roads. The only Americans released were Combs and Van Ness,—and that as a favor to their connexions in the U. States. The proof that Mr. Kendall had a passport, is strong, notwithstanding the denial by the Mexican Consul.

There has been a correspondence in Mexico, between Col. Bee, the Texian Minister, and Pakenham the British Minister on one side, and Santa Ana on the other, relating to the termination of the war, and the recognition of Texian independence.—The answer of Santa Ana is substantially the same as that contained in the correspondence with General Hamilton.—*Register.*

HYMNICAL.
"The silken tie that binds two willing hearts."

MARRIED.
At Trinity Church in this village, on the morning of the 15th inst., by the Rev. E. F. Ford, CHARLES A. MEIGS, Merchant of this place, to MISS MARY JEANETTE, daughter of Samuel Carter, M. D., of Vernon N. Y.

We acknowledge the receipt of a handsome fee, in the above case.

Apple Vinegar.
A CHOICE article may be had of SCRANTON & MEIGS, march 23 2 8

Ground Pepper.
A SUPERIOR article, put up in small packages for family use, just received and for sale by SCRANTON & MEIGS, march 23 2 8

Notice.
WILL BE SOLD on the first Monday in April next, for Cash, a likely Negro Girl, belonging to the estate of A. G. Borton, deceased.
N. L. GRIFFIN, Executor. 21 8

SCHOOL NOTICE.
MISS CAROLINE M. CARTER is now Teaching School at the Bridge in this District; her present term will expire on the 1st of April next, at which time she will commence again and continue the balance of the year. Miss C. has been teaching several years, two years in this District, and is highly recommended, and well qualified as a teacher.
Good Board can be had in the vicinity and near the School House, at from \$5 to \$7 per month.
march 23 c 8

Sweet Potatoes.
200 BUSHELS Seed Potatoes of the best quality, for sale low for Cash. Apply at the subscribers plantation 4 1/2 miles N. E. of Edgefield C. H.
A. BLAND, c 6

NEW STORE.
THE Subscribers have just opened, and are still receiving, as fine a **STOCK OF GOODS,** as ever were brought to this market, most of which were bought for cash, which enables them to sell on very reasonable terms; they would therefore invite their friends and the public generally (the non-paying excepted), to call and examine them, and we will satisfy them, that Goods can be bought as cheap in Edgefield village, as Hamburg or Augusta.
FRAZIER & ADDISON, march 23 t 8

CLOTHING.
THE Subscribers has laid in a fine supply of **CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, DRA DE LAS, LINENS,** and other Summer CLOTHS, and have employed Mr. JOHN COLGAN, to superintend the **Tailoring Department,** and would invite their friends to call and see if they cannot be suited, both in price and quality.
FRAZIER & ADDISON, march 23 t 8



Head Quarters, CLARENDON, Feb. 26, 1842.
Order No.—
THE Brigadier General of the 5th Division, will order their several Colonels, in their respective Brigades, to open and hold a Poll in their respective Regiments, on Saturday, the 21st of May next, for a MAJOR GENERAL, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Major General Thomas F. Jones.
The Brigadier General will immediately after the returns are made to them, render a statement of the Polls of their respective Brigades to the Adjutant General's office at Columbia.
By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
J. W. CANTEY, Adj't. & Ins. Gen'l. march 23 t 8



Head Quarters, CLARENDON, Feb. 26th, 1842.
Order No.—
THE resignation of Major General Thomas F. Jones, having been accepted, Brigadier James J. Caldwell will command the 5th Division until the vacancy is filled.
By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
J. W. CANTEY, Adj't. & Ins. Gen'l. march 23 t 8

Head Quarters, CLARENDON, 8th March, 1842.
Orders No.—
THE following Regiments and Corps are ordered to parade for review and drill, at the times and places herein mentioned, viz: The 16th and 17th Regiments of Infantry, the Ancient Battalion of Artillery, and the Charleston Light Dragoons, near Charleston, on the 9th of April next.
The Upper Battalion of the 31st Regiment, on Thursday, the 21st of April, at a point the Brigadier may deem most convenient; who is hereby ordered to report immediately, to the Commander-in-Chief, the place so selected.
The Lower Battalion, at Georgetown, on Tuesday, the 26th of April.
The 32nd Regiment at Conwayborough, on Friday, the 29th of April.
The 33rd Regiment at Marion Court House, on Saturday, the 7th of May.
The Corps of Cavalry will parade with the Regiments or Battalions most convenient.
The commissioned Officers of the 8th Brigade will encamp on Monday, the 2nd of May, at Godfrey's Ferry, in Marion District, on the Great Pee Dee river.
The 29th Regiment of Infantry, at Darlington Court House, on Tuesday the 10th of May.
The 30th and 44th Regiments at Sumterville, on Friday the 13th of May.
The commissioned Officers of the 2nd Brigade of Infantry, will encamp near Barwell Court House, on Monday, the 23rd of May next.

In accordance with the arrangements of Brigadier General Jamieson, the commissioned officers of the 2nd Brigade of Cavalry are also ordered to encamp at the same time and place.
The 11th and 43rd Regiments of Infantry will parade at Barwell Court House on Saturday, the 29th of May.
Brigadier General Jamieson will order one of the Troops or Squadrons of his Brigade to parade at the same time and place.
The commissioned and non-commissioned Officers of the Regiments and Corps ordered for review, will assemble the day previous, for drill and instruction at their respective places of parade.
The Major Generals and Brigadier Generals will, with their Staff, attend the reviews within their commands.
Brigadier Generals Hanna, Schrieler, Hammond, Hopkins, Jamieson, and Harlee are charged with the extension of so much of this order as relates to their respective Brigades.
By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
J. W. CANTEY, Adj't. & Ins. Gen'l. march 23 t 8

Head Quarters, CLARENDON, 8th March, 1842.
THE following Aids-de-Camp to the Commander-in-Chief are ordered to attend the review at Charleston, viz: Colonels J. P. Dickinson, John Phillips, John English, J. L. Harleston, Read, Jr., James McPherson, J. L. Manning, M. S. Singleton, and G. W. Taylor.
At the reviews and encampment of General Harlee's Brigade, the following Aids-de-Camp are ordered to attend, viz: Colonels J. Phillips, J. Harleston, Read, Jr., M. S. Singleton, and G. W. Taylor.
At the review at Darlington Court House and Sumterville, the following Aids-de-Camp are ordered to attend, viz: Colonels J. P. Dickinson, J. L. Manning, M. S. Singleton, and G. W. Taylor.
And at the encampments of General Hammond's and Jamieson's Brigades, the following Aids-de-Camp are ordered to attend, viz: Colonels T. Wigfall, John Phillips, James McPherson, John English, J. L. Manning, and G. W. Taylor.
The other members of the Governor's suite, who reside at a greater distance, are also expected to attend, if convenient.
The Quarter Master General will attend as many reviews and encampments as his time will permit.
By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
J. W. CANTEY, Adj't. & Ins. Gen'l. march 23 t 8

MOFFATT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.
ORIGIN OF THE LIFE MEDICINES.
THE reader may not perhaps be aware that the origin of Moffatt's Life Medicines was the result of a protracted and painful illness of their originator, Mr. John Moffatt. When taken ill, Mr. M. was a prosperous and flourishing merchant in the lower part of the city of New York; and having consulted and employed a number of our most skillful physicians, he, after months of suffering, was prevailed upon to purchase the recipe of the invaluable vegetable preparation now offered to the public.
The effect of the Life Medicines in his own case, was so singular and remarkable, that he immediately determined to offer to the world a medicine to which he not only owed his life, but his happiness. The uniform success which has since attended their administration in every instance, where a fair trial has been given, has been attested by thousands, and uncontestedly proves their intrinsic merit.

THE LIFE MEDICINES—GENERAL REMARKS.
These medicines are indebted for their name to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and ending them with renewed tone and vigor, and to the undoubted fact that at a very early period in their history they had rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day, prescribed by physicians, had utterly failed, in which cases they also permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great indeed had their efficacy invariably proved, that it was scarcely less than miraculous to those who were unacquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they were compounded, and upon which they consequently act.

THE PHENIX BITTERS are so called, because they possess the power of restoring the expiring embers of health, to a glowing vigor throughout the constitution, as the Phoenix is said to be restored to life from the ashes of its own dissolution. The Phoenix Bitters are entirely vegetable, composed of roots found in certain parts of the western country, which will infallibly cure FEVERS AND AGUES of all kinds; will never fail to eradicate entirely all the effect of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla, and will in moderate cure the deterioration of BLOOD TO THE HEAD; never fail in the sickness incident to young females; and will find a certain remedy in all cases of nervous debility and weakness of the most impaired constitution. As a remedy for chronic and inflammatory Rheumatism, the Phœnix of the Phœnix Bitters will be demonstrated by the use of a single bottle.

The proprietor rejoices in the opportunity afforded by the diffusion of the press, for placing his VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES within the knowledge and reach of every individual in the community. Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries, which boast of vegetable ingredients, the Life Pills are purely and SOLELY VEGETABLE, and contain neither Mercury, Antimony, Arsenic, nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretender to medical science; and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

The first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crudities constantly settling around them; and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these; and leave such collected masses behind as to produce habitual constiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea, with its imminent dangers. The fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudice of these well informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS is to cleanse the kidney and the bladder, and by this means to give to the blood, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing varieties of human diseases, to which the Vegetable Life Pills are well known to be infallible: DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind.—Flatulency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Appetite, Heart-burn and Head-ache, Restlessness, Ill-temper, Anxiety, Langour and Inequality, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure. Costiveness, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines, with a violent process, and without violence; all violent purges leaves the bowels-cold within two days. Diarrhoea and Cholera, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretions of the mucous membrane. *Fever of all kinds*, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation through the process of perspiration in some cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstructions in others.—The Life Medicines have been known to cure Rheumatism permanently in three weeks, and Gout in half the time, by removing the inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.—*Dropsies of all kinds*, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on those important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of Gravel and Worms, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter in which these creatures adhere: *Asthma and Consumption*, by relieving the air vessels of the lungs from the mucus, which even slight colds will occasion, which if not removed becomes hardened, and produces those dreadful diseases. *Scurvy, Ulcers, and Fæterulent Sores*, by the perfect purity which these Life Pills give to the blood, and all the humors: *Scorbutic Eruptions and Bad Complexions*, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, the morbid state of which occasions all Eruptive complaints, *Saltiness, Clouds, and other disagreeable Complexions*. The use of these Pills for a very short time, will effect an entire cure of *Salt Rheum, Erysipelas*, and a striking improvement in the *Clearness of the Skin*. *Common Colds and Influenza*, will always be cured by one dose, or by two, even in the worst cases. *Piles*,—as a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the Vegetable Life Pills deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well known to hundreds in this city, that the originator of these valuable Pills was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of thirty-five years, and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within his reach, until he tried the Materia Medica. He however, at length, tried the Medicine which he now offers to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

All that Mr. Moffatt requires of his patients is to be particular in taking the Life Medicines strictly according to the directions. It is not by a newspaper notice, or by any thing that he himself may say in their favor, that hopes to be credited. It is alone by the results of a fair trial.

Advice to Females.—Females who value good health should never be without the Life Medicines, as they purify the blood, remove Obstructions, and give the skin a beautiful, clear, healthy, and blooming appearance.
To Parents and others.—Persons of a plethoric habit, who are subject to fits, headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, or drowsiness, from too great a flow of blood to the head, should take it frequently. Children, and persons of all ages, may take them at any time, as they do not contain mercury, or any ingredient that requires confinement or restriction of diet.
To Elderly Persons.—Many healthy aged individuals, who know the value of Moffatt's Life Medicines, make it a rule to take them two or three times a week, by which they remove the causes that produce disease, preserve their health, and keep off the infirmities of age.
Heads of Families should always keep a quantity of the Life Medicines in the house, as a remedy in cases of sudden illness; for by their prompt administration, Cholera Morbus, Gout in the stomach, Cramps, Spasms, Fevers, and other alarming complaints, which too often prove fatal, may be speedily cured or prevented.
Facts for Mothers and Nurses.—It is a fact established by the annual bills of mortality, that one half of the children born are cut off before attaining seven years of age, and the fruitful source of this mortality is found to exist in that foul state of the stomach and bowels which produces the generation of Worms. As the safe restorer of Infantic Health, in this critical state, the Life Medicines have long held a distinguished reputation; and for foulness of the stomach and bowels, and convulsions, although Worms may not exist, it is allowed to be superior to any other.

For sale by C. A. MEIGS, Agent, ly 8
march 23

Edgefield Hussars, Attention!
AN Election will be held at Edgefield Court House, on Saturday the 26th inst., for a First Lieutenant, and also to fill all vacancies that may then occur in the Troop.
By order of
Capt. A. J. HAMMOND.
Lieut. Anderson, John Fair, and D. Robertson, are appointed Managers.
march 16 2t 7

U. S. Marshal's Sale.
SOUTH CAROLINA DISTRICT.
BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, to me directed, from the Honorable the Circuit Court of the United States, for South Carolina District, will be sold in front of Edgefield Court House, on Wednesday the 6th day of April next, at 12 o'clock, M.
A valuable Negro fellow, named
MILLIGAN,
Levied on, and to be sold as the property of John Thurmond, at the suit of Charles B. Hitt, of Georgia, for the use of the Georgia Rail Road and Banking Company.
Conditions cash, purchaser to pay for title.
THOS. D. CONDY,
U. S. Marshal, S. C. District.
12th March, 1842. 4t 7

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Conditions cash, purchaser to pay for title.
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12th March, 1842. 4t 7

State of South Carolina.
EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.
Joseph Nobles, vs. Richard M. Johnson. }
WILL BE SOLD at Edgefield Court House, on the first Monday in April next, one Negro woman, Fan. To be resold on account of former purchaser, he failing to comply with the terms of sale which was cash. Terms of this sale cash.
S. CHRISTIE, s. e. d. 7
march 16 3t 7

State of South Carolina.
EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.
Randal DeLaughter, vs. Allen Anderson. }
WILL BE SOLD at Edgefield Court House, on the first Monday in April next, in the above stated cases, two Negroes, viz. Ned and Daniel.
Terms cash.
S. CHRISTIE, s. e. d. 7
march 16 3t 7

State of South Carolina.
EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.
Dr. John E. Bobo, vs. John Taylor. }
WILL BE SOLD on the 29th instant at the late residence of John Taylor deceased, the following property, viz: one old negro woman Sarah, one wagon and apparatus, three head of horses, eleven head of cattle twenty three head of hogs, one clock, one piano forte, one gun, plantation tools, household and kitchen furniture, corn, bacon, and many other articles.
Terms Cash.
S. CHRISTIE, s. e. d. 7
March 14 1842 (\$1 50) 2t 7

For Sale.
A SPLENDID new PIANO FORTE, on terms to suit the times, apply to Mr. E. B. Bacon, or Mr. A. A. Clarke, at Edgefield C. H. march 6

Sheriff's Sale.
BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, I shall proceed to sell at Edgefield Court House, on the first Monday and Tuesday of April next, the following property:
N. J. Black vs. S. Sainsimus, one house and lot in the town of Hamburg, known as lot No. 103, adjoining No. 104, the property of S. Sainsimus; also, the house and lot whereon defendant lives.
Brannon & Mandy vs. Edmund Atchinson, Penn & Brannon vs. the same, Montgomery & Fisher, assignee, vs. the same. 500 acres of land, more or less, where defendant lives.
Sarah Stallworth vs. Sherwood Corley, James Stewart, and Randall Ramsey, S. Corley's interest in one hundred acres of land where he now lives, adjoining John Rogers, and others.
Wm. Garrett, sen., vs. Gorge DeLaughter, two negroes.
George Sybert vs. James Morris Jr. William Buckhalter vs. the same & James Morris Jr. Jr. vs. the tract of land where James Morris Jr. lives.
W. T. Minter vs. Mary and William Strome, Adm'rs. 200 acres of land more or less where William Strome lives.
James Randall, for the use of John D. Williams, vs. D. Z. Wright, 500 acres of land, more or less, where D. Z. Wright now lives.

The President & Directors of the Bank of the State of South Carolina, vs. John Evans, seventy acres of land, more or less, adjoining Cloud, Meigs and others, lying on the North side of the Martintown Road about three miles from the Town of Hamburg.
George Parrott, vs. Mitchell and Ransom, three negroes, Sarah, Eliza and her child Simkins, four clocks, saddle and bridle, levied on as the property of M. A. Ransom.
W. H. Yellieb, vs. Margaret Ogilvie and Talbert Cheatham, the tract of land where defendant Ogilvie lives, containing three hundred and sixty acres more or less.
James Purvis, bearer, vs. Charles Lamar, Executor of Wm. H. Cary, deceased, 2000 acres of land more or less adjoining Jacob Wise and others.
Ellen T. Wallace, Executrix, vs. Charles Lamar, the above described property.
Goodwin, Harrington & Co. vs. Dawson Atkinson, 600 acres of land, more or less, where defendant lives.
Casper Nail, vs. Abner Whotley, three hundred acres of land, more or less, where defendant lives, adjoining D. Atkinson, and others.
Wright, Bull & Co. vs. Rudolph Carter, five thousand acres of land, adjoining John Wise, W. S. Howard, and others.
Catherine Griffin, vs. the same, the above described property.
Benjamin Evans, vs. Elizabeth Cloud, the defendants interest in the tract of land where she now lives, containing three hundred and fifty acres more or less, adjoining Aquilla Miles, and Benjamin Howard.
Charles Lamar vs. Julius Howard, John Howard, and Rudolph Carter, five thousand acres of land, more or less, adjoining John Wise, W. S. Howard, and others, levied on as the property of R. Carter.
Charles Lamar, vs. John Howard, Julius C. Pardue, and Rudolph Carter, the above described property of R. Carter.
E. Jackson, bearer, vs. J. C. Pardue, Daniel McAfee, bearer, vs. the same. Tho State, vs. the same, two Negroes, viz. Hannah and Bob.
Hollis Danton, for the use of Bates Wrenn, Senr. vs. Talbert Cheatham, one wagon and two horses.
James Sheppard & B. T. Rearden, vs. Talbert Cheatham, the above described property.
Perry & Dozier, vs. James Wheeler, seventy-five acres of land, more or less, where defendant lives, adjoining Thornton Coleman, and others. Terms cash.
S. CHRISTIE, s. e. d. 7
march 16 c 7

State of South Carolina.
EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.
H. Hutchison, Cashier, vs. Turner Goldsmith. }
WILL BE SOLD on the first Monday in April next, in the above case, I shall proceed to sell on the first Monday in April next, at Edgefield Court House, two Lots in the town of Hamburg, known in the plan of said town as lots Nos. one and two, lying on Centre street on a credit of six months, titles to be signed but not delivered till the whole of the purchase money be paid, and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of the purchase money when due, the property to be re-sold for cash, on account of the former purchaser. Costs to be paid in cash.
S. CHRISTIE, s. e. d. 7
march 16 c 7

State of South Carolina.
EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.
Stephen P. Oliver & wife, vs. Precious Lark & Wm. Rai. }
WILL BE SOLD at Edgefield Court House, on the first Monday in April next, in the above stated cases, two Negroes, viz. Ned and Daniel.
Terms cash.
S. CHRISTIE, s. e. d. 7
march 16 3t 7

State of South Carolina.
EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.
Dr. John E. Bobo, vs. John Taylor. }
WILL BE SOLD on the 29th instant at the late residence of John Taylor deceased, the following property, viz: one old negro woman Sarah, one wagon and apparatus, three head of horses, eleven head of cattle twenty three head of hogs, one clock, one piano forte, one gun, plantation tools, household and kitchen furniture, corn, bacon, and many other articles.
Terms Cash.
S. CHRISTIE, s. e. d. 7
March 14 1842 (\$1 50) 2t 7

State of South Carolina.
EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.
Anna Maria Terry, vs. Daniel Branson, and others. }
WILL BE SOLD on the 29th instant at the late residence of John Taylor deceased, the following property, viz: one old negro woman Sarah, one wagon and apparatus, three head of horses, eleven head of cattle twenty three head of hogs, one clock, one piano forte, one gun, plantation tools, household and kitchen furniture, corn, bacon, and many other articles.
Terms Cash.
S. CHRISTIE, s. e. d. 7
March 14 1842 (\$1 50) 2t 7

State of South Carolina.
EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.
Stephen P. Oliver & wife, vs. Precious Lark & Wm. Rai. }
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