



Poetic Success:

From the Southern Agriculturist.

THE PLOUGH.

Of all the occupations,
And trades of every kind,
Through the most distant nations,
There is not one you'll find,

More useful in its station,
If history be true,
There is not one so ancient,
As is the faithful Plough.

Hold Ploughman said the Gardner,
Count not your trade with ours,
But walk in through the Garden,
And see these early Flowers.

See every curious border,
And pleasant walk review,
There's no such peace or pleasure
Proceeding from the Plough.

A Paradise of pleasure,
A Garden is you know,
And Eden was a Garden,
Five thousand years ago.

Old Adam was a Gardner,
When he was just made new,
Our Trade is then more ancient,
Than is your painful Plough.

Then said the jolly Ploughman,
No calling I despise,
So each man for his living,
Upon his Trade relies.

Though Adam in the Garden,
Was sent to keep it right,
He sojourned not in Eden,
Longer I think than one night.

He eat not of his labor,
But what was his due,
He was driven from the arbour,
And sent to work the Plough.

Some of each generation,
This calling do pursue,
That Bread might feed the nation,
The produce of the Plough.

You see the hardy Mariners,
Who range the pathless seas,
To bring home foreign treasures,
For those who live at ease.

They must have their provisions,
Their sails and cordage too,
And these are all productions,
From the labours of the Plough.

Nor can a Tradesman live,
If we consider right,
The Mason, Smith the Weaver,
The Tailor and the Wright.

The Millers have no corn to grind,
Nor could they take their toll,
But they and thousands more we find,
Subsisting on the Plough.

Charleston S. C., May 1843.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Lord's day Afternoon.—The following paragraph is copied from the Christian Intelligence:

"In our cities, and towns, and villages, it is now customary to break off the morning's exercise at the end of about an hour and a half, with the implied understanding, that after the stated interval has elapsed the people will reassemble to reunite in prayer and thanksgiving, and hearing the gospel of Jesus. Nevertheless, in many places, that sacred service is obliterated; and where it is not altogether effaced, it is neglected. The preacher must be in his pulpit—but the people are not in their pews. Now the very presence of the speaker implies hearers. Of what use would be the gospel, even announced by Paul himself, to an empty house? There is a solemn contract between the Church and the congregation, and their minister. They 'call' him to preach the gospel; but that act directly certifies, that they will listen to his discourse, and unite with his prayers and praise. Absence, therefore, from the house of prayer, where works of necessity or mercy do not interpose, is an open violation of their own solemn 'call' and a direct infringement of the principle of reciprocal equity. The churches do not 'call' their ministers to waste their energies upon the air, and to 'preach the word' to walls and benches. They are invited to announce the 'glad tidings of great joy,' and the persons for whom it is designed are not present; to give life and comfort to the believer, and he is wandering in his field or asleep in his parlor. This indifference and contempt of the public worship of God on the Lord's day afternoon or evening, is the very 'working of Satan,' by which 'hullaby' the conscience is hushed into carnal security, and the preaching of the gospel is rendered of none effect. The starved soul cries out 'my leanness, my leanness!' and blames the preacher for his deadness, when the indolent Sabbath-neglector in the Church is like a weight upon the minister's shoulders, through which burden he cannot fly, or scarce go to reach eternal joys. Think of one thing only—Suppose it were possible that you should have no more of heaven in the eternal world than you allow to the service of God in this state! Could you impeach the justice and the benevolence of the 'judge of all the earth,' if he thus requit you, as you have dishonoured him? Consider your ways and be wise!"

Be not Discouraged.—Let not the poor mechanic be discouraged in his efforts to attain intellectual elevation. Many of the brightest luminaries of the scientific and literary world, sprung from the ranks of the toilers, but they had a noble ambition—not to rise above their own rank—not to become the oppressors, but the benefactors of their fellow men.

The genius of a few laborers has done more to ameliorate the condition of man, and break off the shackles of servitude and degradation, than all the high bred literati that the world has yet known. Necomer, the plumber, Smeaton and Watt, the watch-makers, and Fulton the

poor painter, have through their inventions and discoveries opened a world of enjoyments, which have given a new impulse to the civilization and refinement of man. They were originally poor mechanics.

The influence of their improvements on the steam engine with others which have since been made upon the destinies of man, cannot be estimated. But for the steam engine to facilitate mining operations, the large population of England, particularly in the manufacturing districts would be illy supplied with fuel, so great would be the expense of mining and transporting it to market.

Many persons imagine that increased production when the result of machinery oppresses the laborer, but this is a mistake. It will be found upon examination that the more labor there is required to perfect any fabric, the less will its use prevail among the poor—even the very men who produce it.

When stockings were made by hand, their use in England was confined to the wealthy classes. But now stockings are manufactured by machinery, and are generally worn.

The inventions of Arkwright and Compton, the barbers, have enabled the poorer classes of society to clothe themselves as they never were clothed before. A poor shoemaker discovered the properties of the magnet, which led to the invention of the compass, without which this continent could never have been discovered, nor peopled by its present race.

Many other examples might be cited to show that the working classes are indebted for the introduction of their most valuable physical comforts, to their own rank. Let no laborer, therefore, be discouraged in his efforts to improve the condition of himself and fellow-men; let him toil with his mind as well as hands, and he will assuredly do something for society. A heavy weight presses upon the shoulders of the poor, and crushes them to the earth—that weight is mental torpor; let them shake it off, and they will be free—in mind and body.

GROCERIES, &c.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have received a large and fresh supply of GOODS, selected by one of the firm, in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Charleston, which in addition to their former stock, comprises the largest and best assortment of Goods ever offered in this market, consisting in part as follows:

40 hhds. Porto Rico, New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars,
350 bags Rio, Cuba, Porto Rico, St. Domingo, Java, and Mocha Coffee,
70 hhds. West India Molasses,
10 tierces Cuba do.
35 bbls. New Orleans do.
70,000 lbs. Bacon, Hams, Sides & Shoulders,
80,000 " Swede Lard, assorted sizes,
5,000 " English do.
3,000 " Band and Hoop Iron,
3,000 " Nail Rods & Horse Shoe shapes,
2,000 " Case, German & Blistered Steel,
200 sets Wagon Boxes,
1,700 sacks Salt, (bleached sacks.)
2,000 bushels Salt, in bulk,
500 pieces Hemp and Tow Bagging, 43 to 46 inches wide,
250 pieces Gunny Bagging,
1,000 lbs. Bagging Twine, (Weaver's.)
150 coils Manila Bale Rope,
100 do Hemp do
1,500 yards Onions,
5,000 lbs. double refined Loaf Sugar,
3,000 " " crushed do.
3,000 " powdered do.
1,000 " single refined Loaf do.
20 boxes Turpentine Soap,
10 " Spermin Candles,
20 " Hull's patent Candles,
5 tierces fresh ground Rice
2,000 lbs. White Lead No. 1 Union Mills,
25 bbl. Canal Flour, (choice brand.)
40 doz. dining, parlor, rocking and children's Chairs,
Tensies Hats and Caps,
150 casks Stone Lime, (in fine order.)
20 kegs Dupont's TFF Powder,
1,000 lbs. Red Lead,
40 boxes Window Glass 8x10 & 10x12,
130 bags Shot, assorted sizes,
2,500 pairs Sacks,
Tea, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Chocolate, Cinnamon, Almonds, Starch, Nutmegs, fine chewing Tobacco, Negro Cloths, Blankets, Wool Tread, Cotton Yarn, Cotton Cards, Shoe Cards, Tacks, Nails, Plough Lines, Indigo, Madder, Blue Stone, Copperas, Epsom Salts, Linseed Oil, Lamp Oil, (a superior article.)
Trace Chains, Fifth Chains, Smoothing Irons, brass bound cedar Buckets, horse Buckets, Pails, Tubs, Kecklers, Willow Wagons, nests Measures, Feathers, &c. &c. &c.

SIBLEY & CRAPON.

Hamburg July 1, 1843.

A CARD.

H. L. JEFFERS having this day connected himself with Dr. J. F. GRIFFIN, in the WAREHOUSE and COMMISSION BUSINESS, begs leave to return his sincere thanks to his friends and customers, for the very liberal share of patronage heretofore bestowed upon himself, and hopes the same will be continued to the firm of H. L. JEFFERS & CO., to whose advertisement below, he begs leave to refer.

July 19, 1843.

WAREHOUSE, FACTORY AND COMMISSION BUSINESS.

Hamburg, S. C.

THE subscribers have this day formed a co-partnership for the transaction of the above business in all its branches, under the name and style of H. L. JEFFERS & CO. They are now building, and will have completed by the 1st of Sept. next, an extensive and commodious WAREHOUSE immediately on the principal street leading into town, remote from all danger by fire, and entirely above high water mark, which will be a safe and convenient depository for Cotton, Merchandise, &c., couched to their care. They offer their services to their friends and the public generally, as agents for the sale of Cotton, Flour, Bacon, &c.; the purchase of goods to order, receiving and forwarding merchandise, storing and shipping Cotton, &c. &c.; and promise strict and prompt attention to all orders on business addressed to them.

The subscribers having pledged themselves not to speculate in Cotton, on their own account in any way whatever, are prepared to give their undivided attention to the interest of their customers, and from the long and well known experience of one of the partners in the practical part of the Commission business, they hope to receive and merit a share of public patronage.

H. L. JEFFERS.
J. F. GRIFFIN.

Hamburg July 29, 1842.

Georgia Nankeens,
BROWN LINES, and FINE DRILLS,
Just received by
JNO. O. B. FORD.

Hamburg, April 14

New Spring and Summer GOODS.

THE Subscribers have just received, and are now offering to their customers and the public generally, a full and well selected assortment of

Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,
Comprising every variety of Goods in their line, suited to the Spring and Summer trade, which they will sell at prices to suit the times.

Also—A general assortment of
Groceries, Hardware, Hats, Shoes, &c. &c., which will be sold at prices which cannot fail to give satisfaction to those who may favor them with their patronage. We are induced by the present reduced prices of Goods, to make heavy purchases, which enables us to offer strong inducements to purchasers. We are determined to sell, and let those who doubt our ability to please them, call and see.

We also continue the business of
Millinery & Mantuamaking, under the superintendence of Mrs. C. M. DOWD, and having received a new supply of Goods suited to that branch of trade are prepared to execute all kinds of work with neatness and despatch.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

BLAND & BUTLER,
April 12

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their old customers and the public generally, that they are now receiving and opening their stock of

Spring & Summer Goods;
Embracing a general assortment of
Fancy & Staple Goods,
HATS, SHOES, & GROCERIES.

Having disposed of the greater part of their old stock, they are now able to offer an almost entire new stock of Goods, which they will sell at prices to suit the times.

G. L. & E. PENN.
April 12

New Spring and Summer GOODS.

THE Subscribers are now receiving from New York, their
Spring & Summer Goods,
Embracing almost every article usually kept in this market. We have selected our goods with great care, and request our customers, and the public generally, to call and examine for themselves, and see that the prices do correspond with the times. We are thankful for past favors, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance.

PRESLEY & BRYAN,
April 12, 1843.

JOHN COLGAN, Merchant Tailor.

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers, and the public generally, that he is just returned from Charleston, with a variety of articles in his line, which he will dispose of on terms to suit the times.

March 22

General Orders.

HEAD QUARTERS,
Columbia, 15th June, 1843.

ORDER No.—
The following REGIMENTS will parade for Review and Drill, at the times and places herein stated, viz:

The 1st Regiment at Virrennes, on Saturday the 9th of September.

The 2nd Regiment at Morrow's old field, on Thursday the 14th of September.

The 3rd Regiment at Lomax's, on Saturday the 16th of September.

The 4th Regiment at Lowe's, on Tuesday the 19th of September.

The 5th Regiment at Richardson's, on Thursday the 21st of September.

The 6th Regiment at the Old Wells, on Saturday the 23rd of September.

The Commissioned and non-commissioned officers will assemble at their respective Regimental master grounds, for drill and instruction on the day previous to their review.

The Major Generals and Brigadier Generals will, with their suite attend the reviews within their commands.

The Brigadier Generals are charged with the extension of this order so far as relates to their respective Brigades.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief:
J. W. CANTEY, Adj. & Insp. Gen.

To be published in all the papers located within the Brigades ordered out for review, and to continue until the reviews are over.

June 28

Head Quarters,

Columbia, 11th July, 1843.

ORDER No.—
The following REGIMENTS of Cavalry will parade for Review and Drill as follows, viz:

The 1st Regiment, at a place to be selected by the General in command of the Division, on Thursday the 7th September, he reporting to the Commander-in-Chief by the 15th of August.

The 2d Regiment at Longmires, on Saturday the 16th September. The Commissioned and non-commissioned officers will assemble on the day previous for Drill and instruction, at the Regimental Parade Grounds.

The General in command of the 5th and 1st Divisions, will extend this order, and attend with their suite the reviews.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief:
J. W. CANTEY, Adj. & Insp. Gen.

To be published in all the papers located within the Brigades ordered out for review, and to continue until the reviews are over.

July 19

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of this State, for an Act of Incorporation for the Church at Hardies, commonly called Big Stephens' Creek.

August 7

Head Quarters,

Columbia, 22d June, 1843.

ORDER No.—
In Election for Major General to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Major General George McDuffie of the First Division, will take place on Saturday the 30th of September next. The Brigadier Generals of the Division are required to extend this order to their respective Brigades, and make a return immediately thereafter, to the Adjutant and Inspector General's department at Columbia, the result of said election.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief:
J. W. CANTEY, Adj. & Insp. Gen.

July 5

Head Quarters,

1st Division, S. C. M.,
Edgefield, July 18th, 1843.

ORDER No.—
In obedience to an order from the Commander-in-Chief, the following Regiments of Cavalry, will parade at the times and places herein stated, viz:

The 1st Regiment at Old Pendleton Village, on Thursday the 7th Sept.

The 2d Regiment of Cavalry at Longmires, on Saturday the 16th Sept.

The Commissioned and non-commissioned officers (corporals included) will assemble the day previous for drill and instruction.

The Division and Brigade Staff, will attend the reviews of the division.

By order of Brig. Genl. M. L. Bonham—
Commanding 1st Division.

JAS. L. ORR, Dep. Adj. Genl.

July 19

Reg'tl. Head Quarters,

Edgefield, July 2, 1843.

ORDER No. 12.
The Upper Battalion of the Seventh Regiment Infantry, S. C. M., is hereby ordered to Parade at the Pine House, on Saturday the 26 of September next, for Drill and Review. The officers and non-commissioned officers will assemble the day previous for Drill and instruction.

The Seventh Regiment will parade at the Old Wells, on the 23d September, the officers and non-commissioned officers the day previous.

LOUIS T. WIGFALL, Col. 7th Reg't Inf. S. C. M.

July 5

State of South Carolina.

EDGEFIELD DISTRICT,
IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.

Wm. Wise, Adminr. of Henry Wise.

WHEREAS William Wise, Administrator of Henry Wise, has removed from this State without having accounted for his administration, and whereas Moses Swearingen, one of the sureties of said administrator, has applied to me for relief on the premises: These are therefore to summon and require the said William Wise, administrator of Henry Wise, and his sureties, Moses Swearingen, and Lewis Jones, to appear at my office on the 8th day of November next, at 10 o'clock, to render an account of said administration, and abide such further order or decree as may be made in the premises.

OLIVER TOWLES, C. E. D., Ordinary's Office, 8th August, 1843.

State of South Carolina.

EDGEFIELD DISTRICT,
IN EQUITY.

Richard Hardy, et al. vs. Thomas Hardy, et al.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, that the Defendants Thomas Hardy, James Hardy, Barbara Howerton Allen Howerton, deceased, Charles Hassey and wife Eliza, and James Key, Abner Ganton and wife Tasy O. Ganton, John Parks and wife Lucy W. Parks, reside within the limits of the State; on motion, by Bonham, Complainants Solicitor, ordered, that the said absent defendants do plead, answer or demur to the publication of this order, or the said bill will be taken pro confesso against them.

J. TERRY, C. E. D., Comm'r's Office, Edgefield May 20, 1843.

State of South Carolina.

EDGEFIELD DISTRICT,
IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

S. M. W. D. L. MILLER, who has been arrested, and is now confined within the bounds of the Jail of Edgefield District, by virtue of a capias ad satisfactionem, at the suit of James Canaday, having filed his petition, with a schedule on oath, of his whole estate and effects, with a view of obtaining the benefit of the Acts of General Assembly, commonly called the Insolvent Debtors Acts.

Public notice is hereby given, that the petition of the said S. M. W. D. L. Miller will be heard in the Court of Common Pleas for Edgefield District, at Edgefield Court House, on Wednesday the fourth day of October next, or on such other day as the Court shall order, during the term commencing on the first Monday in October next, at said place; and all the creditors of said S. M. W. D. L. Miller, are hereby summoned either personally or by their attorney, then and there, in said Court, to show cause, if any they can, why the benefit of the Acts aforesaid should not be granted to the said S. M. W. D. L. Miller, upon his executing the assignment required by the Acts aforesaid.

GEO. POPE, C. E. D., Edgefield C. H. Clerk's Office.

24th March 1843.

State of South Carolina.

EDGEFIELD DISTRICT,
IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

JOHN MARSH, who is in the custody of the Sheriff of Edgefield District, by virtue of a writ of capias ad satisfactionem, at the suit of Owens & Finley, for the use of S. Owens, having filed his petition in my office, with a schedule on oath, of his whole estate, real and personal, for the purpose of obtaining the benefit of the Acts of General Assembly commonly called the Insolvent Debtors Acts.

Public Notice is hereby given, that the petition of the said John Marsh will be heard and considered in the Court of Common Pleas for Edgefield District, at Edgefield Court House, on the second day of October next, or such other day of the next term, for said Court as said John Marsh may direct; and all the creditors of said John Marsh are hereby summoned to appear then and there in said Court, to show cause, if any they can, why the benefit of the Acts aforesaid should not be granted to the said John Marsh, upon his executing the assignment required by the Acts aforesaid.

GEO. POPE, C. E. D., Clerk's Office, June 26, 1843.

June 28

Sheetings and Shirts.

5-4, 6-4 and 12-4 Brown & bleached SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS.

Just received by
JNO. O. B. FORD.

Hamburg, April 17

State of South Carolina.

ABBEVILLE DISTRICT,
IN EQUITY.

William C. Black, Bill for Account, and Marshalling Assets, &c.

J. L. Pearson, & al

IN pursuance of an Order, made in this case, at June term, 1843, requiring the creditors of Samuel Caldwell, to appear before the Commissioner, and prove their demands against said estate, on, or before the first Monday in November next. I hereby appoint Saturday the 28th day of October next. The creditors of said estate will therefore take Notice to appear before me and prove their demands, on that day, at Abbeville Court House.

H. A. JONES, C. E. D., Commissioner's Office, 20th June, 1843.

THE U. S. DISTRICT COURT,

DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN the matter of Daniel Hoyt, Mechanic, formerly of New York, now of Abbeville District, South Carolina, a Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an Order of the District Court of the United States, for the District of South Carolina, Notice is hereby given, that cause be shown before the said Court, at the Federal Court House in Charleston, on the ninth day of September next, at eleven o'clock, A. M., why the said Daniel Hoyt, should not receive his Discharge and Certificate as a Bankrupt.

Charleston, 12th day of June, 1843.

H. Y. GRAY, Clerk.

THE U. S. DISTRICT COURT,

DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN the matter of Martin Posey, late a Miller, now a Farmer of Edgefield District, S. C., a Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an Order of the District Court of the United States, for the District of South Carolina, Notice is hereby given, that cause be shown before the said Court, at the Federal Court House in Charleston, on the ninth day of September next, at eleven o'clock, A. M., why the said Martin Posey, should not receive his discharge as a Bankrupt.

Charleston, 12th day of June, 1843.

H. Y. GRAY, Clerk.

DR. CHAMPION'S

Vegetable Ague Medicine.

A safe and certain cure for the Chills and Fever in all its complicated forms, also an effectual remedy for fevers of every description.

This Medicine has been used by the proprietor a number of years in extensive practice, during which time, he has treated some thousands of cases of fevers and from the success in this mode of practice, he is confident it must and will be the prevailing practice in fevers. It never fails to perform a cure of Chills and Fever the first day.

Bilious, Typhus, Nervous, Congestive, Winter and Yellow Fever, all yield to the use of this Medicine, &c. &c. are cured by this system of practice in a shorter time, and with much more certainty than by any other system of practice that has ever been recommended.

CERTIFICATES.

SHEPHERD, Fayette Co. Ala. Jan. 10, 1842

Dr. Champion:—Dear Sir, I have been a great favorite of Dr. Sappington's Pills, and until last fall had not heard of your pills. Your agent has left some in this country, and I have used them in my practice to a considerable extent, and I can with pleasure say, that as far as my knowledge extends, they are much superior to any medicine I have used in cases of Fevers. I am so forcibly and from personal knowledge convinced of the salutary and all important effects of your pills, that I am extremely anxious to have you make an agent in this vicinity. There can be a large amount sold here for cash.

Yours truly,
H. P. LEONARD, M. D.

DALLAS Co. Ala., April 4, 1843.

Dr. Champion:—Dear Sir,—Of the pills which I received from you, I have found cause for a considerable quantity. I think that it will be sickly here in consequence of the wet spring. Your pills give such general satisfaction here, that I am persuaded by my neighbors to write to you for a large supply of both kinds. It is now known that I keep them, and people will come 30 or 40 miles for them. Please send them soon, as I expect to sell all I have written for by the time your agent is around in July.

Yours with much respect.

BENJAMIN KING.

Each box contains 24 pills, 12 of which are sufficient to cure any ordinary case of Chills and Fever. Price \$1.25, and

—ALSO—
DR. CHAMPION'S

VEGETABLE ANTI-BILIOUS, ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PURIFYING AND CATHARTIC PILLS.

Possessing four important properties, for the cure of diseases, carefully and correctly combined, one article to assist the effect of another, for the benefit of the health of mankind.

This medicine is recommended to the attention of those afflicted with Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Bilious habits, Costiveness, Cholera morbus, Rheumatism, Scrofula, foul Stomach, depraved appetite, Worms, Congestive, (which is known by a sinking sensation at the pit of the stomach,) Jaundice, Headache and sick stomach, palpitation of the heart, Diarrhea, Dysentery, or flux, Nervous affection, Heart burn, White swelling, and all those diseases arising from impure blood.

Price 25 cts. per box, and for sale by FRAZIER & ADDISON.

Edgefield C. H., S. C.

RISLEY & CO. Hamburg, S. C.

HAVILAND, RISLEY & CO.</