

**Original Portrait of Franklin.**—The Paris correspondent of the Boston Atlas, gives the following account of an original portrait of Dr. Franklin, recently discovered or brought to notice in France.

Mr. Cloutman, of Portland, has on his easel a portrait of Franklin, ordered by a gentleman here. The head is copied from an original portrait, recently published by W. W. Hoppin, Esq. of Providence, R. I., and was painted for and under the immediate inspection of Queen Marie Antoinette, in her apartment at the Petit Trianon, near Versailles. At the time of the pillage of the royal palaces, during the French revolution in 1782-3, it was assigned to the care of one of the Queen's attendants, of whom it was afterwards purchased by Dr. Swediaur, a German physician settled in Paris, who had been the intimate friend of Franklin. The Rev. Edward Foster, who was Dr. Swediaur's residuary legatee, having frequently heard from him the circumstances of the manner in which this portrait of his favorite friend came into his possession, selected it for himself, not only as a remembrance of his friend Dr. S., but also from the curious circumstances connected with it. The Rev. Mr. Foster died some years since, and his widow has disposed of this unquestionably authentic portrait, which is also a fine work of art, and is thus fortunately secured to our country.

A full length original sketch of Franklin, which is in my own collection, was executed for the Philosopher himself, by one of the first artists of the epoch; it has great merit, both as a work of art and as a historical record of his reception as master Mason in the Lodge of the Nine Muses. The moment selected is the charge of the Master of the Lodge, La Lande, the astronomer, to whose apparently impressive discourse Franklin appears to listen with the deepest attention, standing in the required attitude, clad in his usual simple garb. M. de la Dixmère and the Abbe de Rousseau are seated at the Warden's tables, while in the groups standing around are, among others, the Count de Persan, Count de Stroganoff, and Captain Paul Jones, all pronounced, by those who have seen other known likenesses, to be correct, and evidently sketched from nature. In the background are the musicians, and the details of the Lodge furniture, jewels, &c. are given with minute truth. A few months afterwards Franklin was chosen Junior Warden of this noted Lodge, in which capacity he officiated at the funeral oration in memory of Voltaire, pronounced by its orator on the 28th of Nov. 1778.

**Lieut. Col. Fremont.**—In the St. Louis Daily Union of May 20th, appears a long defence, by Lieut. Talbot, Adjutant of the California Battalion, of Lieut. Col. Fremont against the charge of wilful absence from the actions of San Gabriel & Mesa. We extract from the article alluded to, the following notice of the march made by Col. Fremont from Monterey to Los Angeles; it was not such a brilliant affair as the retreat of the Ten Thousand, it is true; nor is Lieut. Talbot such a graphic historian as Xenophon; it will not compare with Moreau's celebrated retreat through the Black Forest; in the meantime it was no ordinary display of good Generalship on the part of the commander, or of patient discipline and active energy on the part of the soldiery, and instead of being a retreat in face of an outnumbering enemy, like the two instances we have adduced, it was an advantage.

He marched (from the point of assembling, near the bay of Monterey) 500 miles through an insurgent country, without spilling blood, recovering and pacifying the country as he went, leaving friends to himself and the United States, where he had found enemies, and could walk alone and unarmed, on the track of his march, guarded and greeted by those he came to subdue. He might have made every town through which he passed the scene of a fight, and the subject of a victorious bulletin; but he chose to conquer by other means, and be done so. These things, though done far from home, were not done without witnesses. The battalion consisted of near 500 men divided into ten companies, with officers, whose names will be known in the United States, and whose reports, when they arrive, will confirm what I say, and silence detractors. A mixed command of many nations, and even fifty Indians from various tribes, were all kept in order, and all provided for. Forced to live upon the country, and to take beef and horses for subsistence and remounts, (some hundreds of ours having perished of hunger and of the cold and heavy rains,) yet he so managed his levies of supplies as to leave no resentments behind, always giving certificates to the friendly and orderly whose property was required to be paid at the peace, and only taking without certificates, supplies from those absent in arms."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

We have already stated that there was a plan on foot for cutting a passage for vessels through Isthmus of Suez. The *Portafoglio* of Malta, publishes the following summary of the conditions under which it is to be undertaken; Egypt is to stand in the relation of a neutral Power; Prussia, Russia, and the United States are invited to respect this neutrality, guaranteed by the Porte, France, England, and Austria, the contracting parties. The last three are to charge themselves with the construction of the canal, and are to receive a tonnage duty until they are completely reimbursed for all their expenses. The execution of this work is not to be interrupted, even if war should break out between the contracting parties. Austria is also to undertake the work of making the Nile navigable for large vessels as far up as Damietta, which is destined to become a great port. England is to turn attention especially to Suez, and to make excavations there similar to those at Damietta, and with France, is to construct the canal.—*Boston Atlas.*

**A good one.**—When the brave captain Walker, who had so distinguished himself in the Mexican battles, was on a visit to Washington city, several months ago, Daniel Webster asked him: "Well, Captain, when do you think we shall have peace?" "Just when you Whigs learn to act like men and support your country." That was a scorching.—*Easton Argus.*

**Alexander Dumas.**—The annexed anecdote is from the May number of Blackwood. It is well known that the celebrated romancer has a slight tinge of black in his blood:—

A person more remarkable for inquisitiveness than for correct breeding—one of those who, devoid of delicacy and reckless of rebuff, pry into every thing, took the liberty to question M. Dumas rather closely concerning his genealogical tree.

"You are a quodron, M. Dumas!" he began.

"I am, sir," quietly replied Dumas, who has sense enough not to be ashamed of a descent that he cannot conceal.

"And your father?"

"Was a mulatto."

"A negro," hastily answered the dramatist, whose patience was wanting.

"And may I inquire what your great-grandfather was?"

"An ape, sir," thundered Dumas, with a fierceness that made his impertinent interrogator shrink into the smallest possible compass. "An ape, sir,—my pedigree commences where yours terminates."

The father of Alexander Dumas, the republican general of the same name, was a mulatto, born in St. Domingo, the son of a negress and of the white Marquis de la Pailleterie. By what legitimizing process the band sinister was erased, and the marquisate preserved, we have hitherto been unable to ascertain.

**Modern Skepticism.**—An editor out West thinks the story of Tantalus being physically thirsty, while water was always flowing up to, though not reaching his lips, is all moonshine. He supposes that that worthy was a politician—an arrant office seeker, always wanting—never getting office and that after old Charon had ferried him to Hades, he applied for office to the shades of the departed, and wanted to administer to their estates.

An exchange tells a story "a man, who at an 'anxious meeting,' gave his 'experience,' and stated that he was a great sinner, totally depraved, and merited eternal misery for his wicked acts. A neighbor got up and said he had no doubt it was all true, for he had known him for twenty-five years. The minister and the people smiled, and the individual referred to, got up and called his neighbor (who confirmed his depravity) a liar and a rascal, and threatened to lick him when they got out of church.

**A Boy adopted by a Wolf.**—An officer of rank in the Indian army writes from Ferazpore, that a male child, about seven years of age, has recently been discovered by some police in the den of a wolf. He cannot speak, eats only raw flesh. The boy is claimed by parties who say they lost him four years ago, when he was three years old; and it is supposed he has led a wolf's life ever since. The magistrates still retained possession of this strange founding, when the letter detailing these facts was written. Henceforth we may believe in the legend of Romulus and Remus.—*Liverpool Albion.*

**American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.**—The anniversary of this Society was celebrated last evening in the Washington Square Church. The meeting was begun with prayer, after which was sung the hymn:

"Assembled at Thy great command,  
Before Thy face, dread King! we stand."

A statement of the operations of the Board was made, by which it appears that the missions are 26 stations, planted in Western and Southern Africa, Greece, Constantinople, Asia Minor, Syria, Persia, Western and Southern India, Ceylon, Siam, China, Indian Archipelago, Sandwich Islands, and amongst the Indian tribes in Oregon Territory in the West and North-west of the United States, and the remnants of the Six Nations bordering on the great Lakes.

The number of missionary laborers dependant on the Board principally for support is 511, of which 363 were sent forth from this country. The number of preachers is 9 more, and the whole number 26 more than last year.

The churches gathered by the missionaries and now under their care number 74, with more than 25,000 communicants, in regular standing. During the past year the reported additions to these churches exceed 1,500.

In the educational departments are 7 seminaries for educating native preachers and teachers, with 487 pupils; 34 boarding schools with 1874 boarding pupils, of which 533 are females; and 602 free day schools, with 29,171 pupils; making the whole number more or less under the care of the missions 31,045.

The printing department has 32 presses, 40 fonts of type, several type foundries, and furnished for printing in 27 different languages, exclusive of the English. During the past year 460,000 copies of works, including tracts, were printed, making 40,000,000 of pages. The whole number of pages printed since the commencement of the missions exceeds 525,000,000.—*Phila. U. S. Gazette.*

**Hog and Bacon.**—When Sir Nicholas Bacon, a Judge in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, was on the bench, he was strongly importuned by a criminal to save his life on the score of relationship.

"How so?" said the Judge.

"Why," replied the culprit, "my name is Hog, and yours is Bacon, and hog and bacon is so near akin, that they cannot be separated."

"Aye," said Nicholas, "but you and I cannot be related unless you be hanged; hog is not bacon until it is well hanged!"

"Madam," said a doctor to an old maid, "you stand in need of the sun and air. Till you get them, you cannot get well."

"Law! doctor! I have no objections to having a son and heir, but I must get a husband first."

"Hans," said a Dutchman to his urchin son, "whom he had just been thrashing for swearing at his mother, 'vat da der you're tinking so vicked about, in to corner dere?'"

"I aint tink not'."

"You lie, you fagabone you—you links dam, and now I'll vip you for dat."

### SHERIFF'S SALE

S. F. Goode vs. B. J. Ryan, Presley & Bryan, and others, severally, et. al. same.

By virtue of Executions in the above stated cases, I will proceed to sell, at the house of the Defendant, in the village of Edgefield, on Thursday and Friday, the 24th and 25th inst., a large lot of Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Beds and Furniture, Bed Clothing, Chairs, Tables, Crockery and Glass Ware, cooking Utensils, &c. &c.

Terms of Sale Cash.  
H. BOULWARE, S. E. D.  
June 9

**L. & H. LEHMAIER,**  
HAMBURG, S. C.

HAVING received a large assortment of Spring & Summer Goods, which are selected with the greatest care, in the New York and Boston Markets, they call the attention of the public of Edgefield District, to the extremely low prices for which they are selling them at.

They have on hand every style of GOODS connected with the trade, and usually kept in a large

**DRY GOODS STORE.**  
Viz.—3-4, 4-4, 5-6, 6-4 brown and bleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS. The latest style of Calicoes, Ginghams, Organzies, and Muslin Ginghams. An extensive stock of WHITE GOODS, Silk Shawls and Mantels, Gimps, Gloves, and Mitts, Parasols, Sunshades, Umbrellas, Every description of Bonnets, Flowers and Ribbons, French Drap d'Ete, Wellington Cord, Alpaca, White and brown Linsey and Check, A large assortment of Panama, Leghorn, and Palmote HATS, And a splendid article of Damask Table Cloth.

**Ready-made Clothing,** SHOES and BOOTS. Parin's superior Cologne, fancy Soaps, shell and horn Combs, &c. &c. They have always on hand, a few of those splendid rosewood PIANOS of the celebrated manufacture of Messrs. Sigard & Durham, which they can afford to sell 25 per cent lower than any other establishment.  
may 19

**NEW GOODS.** THE Subscriber is now receiving a splendid Stock of NEW GOODS at the Brick Store formerly occupied by Presley & Bryan, consisting of all kinds of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, SHOES, AND HATS, to which he invites his friends and the public to call and examine for themselves, before purchasing elsewhere.  
N. B. Goods very low for Cash.  
B. C. BRYAN,  
April 6th 1847.

**NOTICE.** THE undersigned have formed a co-partnership under the name of JOHN LYON & Co., for the purpose of carrying on the Merchant Tailoring Business, and will keep at the same place formerly occupied by John Lyon.

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, and fancy articles, will always be kept on hand, which will be sold on reasonable terms.  
JOHN LYON,  
JOHN LYONSCOMB.  
January 1, 1847.

We also would inform the public, that we are receiving from New York and Charleston, a splendid assortment of Goods suitable for Gentlemen's wear, consisting in part of Sup. black French CLOTH, Do. blue do. do. Do. brown do. do. Do. black do. Do. skin CASSIMERES, Do. do. fancy do. Do. fancy check summer COATS, a large variety.

A splendid assortment of VESTINGS, A fine lot of white kid Gloves, black do. Black satin and fancy Cravats and Scarfs, Suspenders, silk under Shirts and Drawers, Cotton and woolen Drawers. Also, a variety of Goods belonging to the trade, such as MILITARY TRIMMINGS, &c., all of which will be sold and made up, in a style that will please any that may favor us with their patronage.  
March 15, 1847.

The subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of the District, for the liberal manner in which they have supported him in his business, and hopes by strict attention, that the public may find it to their advantage to continue their patronage.  
JOHN LYON.

**Notice to Shingle Makers.** THE Graniteville Manufacturing Company, wish to purchase a MILLION of Shingles, to be delivered and stacked at Graniteville. For Shingles 18 inches long 4 inches wide 5-8 thick, of prime stuff, well drawn, they will give \$3 25 per thousand; for similar Shingles 1/2 inch thick \$3 35. If made on the Companies land a fair allowance will be required for the lumber.  
WM. GREGG,  
Pres. G. M. Co.  
april 7

**NOTICE.** MR. ROFF, who held conditionally an interest in the right of Edgefield District, to Hotchkiss' Reaction Mill Wheels, (Patent) has never complied with said condition, therefore he holds no interest, and has no right to sell or make any contract for said Wheels. We, the undersigned are the owners, of said right, and a right purchased from any other, unless our agent, will not be good.  
Mr. J. T. WEBBER, we authorize, with full power to act as our agent.  
COTHRAN & MOORE,  
March 1, 1847.

**STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT, IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.** John W. Holly & wife, and others, Applicants, vs. Daniel D. Holly & wife, and others, Defendants.

IT appearing to my satisfaction, that N. W. Holly and wife Mary, distributees of the real estate of George Lacey, dec'd., reside without the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered, that they do appear in my office, at Edgefield Court House, on or before the first Monday in August next, and sign such, if any, why the said lands should not be sold or divided, or their consent to the same will be entered of record.  
JOHN HILL, O. E. D.  
May 5

**Notice.** ALL Persons having demands against the estate of Henry Carr, dec'd., are requested to present them legally attested, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.  
THOS. LAKE, Administrator.  
June 3

### Executive Department,



LIMESTONE SPRINGS, May 20.  
ALL PETITIONS to the Executive for Pardon, should be accompanied with a copy of the Indictments, the Verdict of the Jury, and the Report of the Presiding Judge.  
By order of the Governor.  
B. T. WATTS, Secretary.  
June 2



**Head Quarters,** COLUMBIA, 8th May, 1847.  
**GENERAL ORDER.**

ALL Officers of Militia of this State ordering elections of officers of the line of whatever grade or rank, or making appointments of officers of the staff, will report the names of the officers so elected or appointed to the Secretary of State, who is directed thereupon to fill up and forward their commissions without delay, and he is also further directed not to issue or deliver any blank military commission.

All commission addressed to the Secretary of State under this order to be endorsed "Military Service."  
The Brigadier Generals are charged with the extension of this order.  
By order of the Commander-in-Chief,  
J. W. CANTEY,  
Adj. & Insp. Gen.  
may 19

**Attention!** HAW GAP BEAT COMPANY. YOU are hereby ordered to meet at the parade ground of your Company, on Saturday the 19th inst., armed and equipped as the law directs, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

By order of Capt. D. L. Shaw,  
P. MATHIS, O. S.  
There will be an Election held at the same time and place, for Ensigns to fill the vacancy occasioned by the promotion of Ensign Bunch.  
By order of G. B. MILLS, Maj. L. B.  
June 2

**TO THE PUBLIC.** THE undersigned would respectfully announce to Travellers and persons visiting Hamburg, that he has taken for a term of years, the Hotel, long known as the **Hubbard's American HOTEL,**

Which it is his purpose to keep as such a house should be kept, and will only promise to all who favor him with a call, that he will do all in his power to please; and where as much comfort and quiet may be expected as can be found in any Public House.

A careful and attentive Hostler will be kept constantly in the Stable, and Horses shall be attended to in a way that shall give entire satisfaction.  
A liberal patronage is respectfully solicited.  
WM. KETCHAM,  
Hamburg, March 8-10

**Brought to the Jail** OF this District, on the 14th ult., a negro man, who calls himself JIM, says he belongs to Mr. Pinkney Brown, who resides in Baldwin county, Geo., within ten miles of the town of Milledgeville. Jim is of a dark complexion, about 26 years old, 5 feet 7 1/2 inches high, has a scar on his forehead, and one on his left jaw. Says he has been away from home about two months.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take said slave away, otherwise he will be dealt with as the law directs.  
C. H. GOODMAN, J. E. D.  
June 2

**Notice.** THE Estate of Gilber: Summerville being Delinquent on those having demands, are requested to present them, duly attested, and those indebted to make immediate payment to the subscriber.  
JOHN HILL, O. E. D.  
may 26

**DR. JACKSON'S PILE EMBROCATION**

**Warranted to Cure.** HEMORRHOIDS, OR PILES, is a disease produced by local irritation, costiveness, purgative stimulants, undue determination of blood to the hemorrhoidal vessels by excessive riding or walking, or a congestive state of the liver, and peculiarity of the constitution itself.

It is usually considered under three forms, or varieties, as follows—Blind Piles, White Piles, and Bleeding Piles.

This disease is so common, and so very well known, that a description of its symptoms is not deemed necessary.

The success that has followed the use of the Embrocation in the cure of this disease, has been truly astonishing. Physicians now advise their patients to try it, as the only

**Pile Medicine.** In addition to its being a positive remedy for the Piles, it never fails to cure that INTOLERABLE ITCHING, which is so very common, and has its location in the same parts as the Piles.

Read the following, from the editorial columns of Alexander's Weekly Messenger—  
Found at last!—A cure for the Piles—Physicians and Chemists have long been anxious to discover a medicine that would cure one of the most troublesome diseases, the Piles. Success has at last been the result. DR. JACKSON'S PILE EMBROCATION not only stops all bleeding, allays pain and inflammation, subdues that intolerable itching, but effectually cures, like a charm, and in a very short time, persons whose lives have been rendered miserable for years.

For sale by R. S. ROBERTS, Agent, at Edgefield Court House, South Carolina.  
March 10

### UNITED STATES ARMY.



**RECRUITING SERVICE.** WANTED for the United States Army, ABLE BODIED MEN, between the ages of 18 and 35 years, being above 5 feet 3 inches high, of good character, and of respectable standing among their fellow-citizens. None need apply to enter the service, but those who are determined to serve honestly and faithfully, the period of their enlistment, viz: "during the war" with Mexico.

This Table shows the amount of pay which enlisted soldiers, according to their respective grades, are entitled to receive for their services.

Pay per Month.	Pay per Month.
Dollars.	Dollars.

To the Sergeant Major, Quartermaster Sergeant, Chief Musician, and Chief Bugler each, 17  
To the First Sergeant of a Company, 16  
Ordnance Sergeants, 18  
All other Sergeants—each, 13  
Corporals, 9  
Buglers, 8  
Musicians, 8  
Farriers and Blacksmiths, 11  
Artificers, 11  
Privates, 7

A bounty of TWELVE DOLLARS will be paid to each recruit enlisted for the Army or Infantry arm.

By the 9th section of an act of Congress, entitled "An Act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and for other purposes," "each non-commissioned officer, musician, or private now in service or who may hereafter be enlisted during the present war with Mexico, and who shall receive an honorable discharge either by expiration of his term of enlistment, or for disability incurred in the course of his service, will be entitled to a warrant for One Hundred and sixty acres of Land, which he will be at liberty to locate in one body, upon any of the public lands that may be subject to private entry; or he may, at his option, when honorably discharged, receive treasury scrip to the amount of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, bearing six per cent interest, payable semi-annually, and redeemable at the pleasure of the Government."

Besides the monthly pay, as above stated, one ration per day is allowed every soldier, which is amply sufficient for his subsistence—also a large supply of comfortable and genteel clothing. Good quarters and fuel are at all times furnished; and every attention will be paid to making those men who may enlist, and are determined to serve their country in good faith, comfortable and contented with their situation. The best medical attendance is always provided for the sick soldier; and no deduction of pay is made during the period he is unable to perform his duty. Should the soldier be disabled in the line of his duty, the laws provide a pension for him.

By the above it is seen that the pay and allowances are respectable, and that, with prudence and economy, the monthly pay of the soldier may be laid up—as every thing requisite for his comfort and convenience is furnished by the Government, including his sugar and coffee, and a soldier, who shall bring to the rendezvous an able bodied recruit, who shall be regularly enlisted. The citizen should present his recruit to the Lieutenant or Captain, and not to the Recruiting Sergeants. A. M. PERRIN, 2d Lieut. 12th U. S. Infantry.  
Planter's Hotel, Edgefield C. H. S. C.  
Recruiting Rendezvous, June 1, 1847.  
June 2

**Beckwith's Pills.** THE Proprietor, many years ago, while searching for a remedy for his own ill health which the prescription of the day had failed to benefit, to hit upon the composition of these Pills, and they proved entirely successful in restoring his health. Their composition was freely communicated to many Physicians, and it was not the design of the Inventor that they should extend beyond the private practice of himself, and that of his medical friends. Applications for them, however, began to multiply, and he was advised by many of his professional brethren, and other gentlemen, of character and distinction, to prepare a quantity of them and place them in the hands of an apothecary. Even this seemed insufficient, and he was urged to send them, by means of agencies, throughout the country. Calomel had long been a common domestic remedy. There was scarcely a family in which a vial of it was not to be found, and in which it was not used to a degree of freedom from which a well informed Physician should shrink. A strange infatuation too seemed to exist among many of the Faculty. Hardly a case was prescribed for, whether acute or chronic, in which calomel was not given, in some stage of the disease, without fear or reflection; and thousands are still suffering from its pernicious effects. Calomel is, without doubt, a most valuable medicine, and in some cases may be regarded as essential, but it should not be stricken from the list of domestic remedies, and be administered only under the prudent and judicious advice of a thoughtful Physician. Upon trial, by many Physicians and others, these Pills were found to be a substitute for mercurial preparations in a large number of cases, and hence their popularity, and the large demand for them. The idea of obtaining a Patent for this was never entertained, nor has it been sought in this day. It was believed that by giving them a popular form and circulating them through the country, thousands would be benefited by their use, who would, otherwise, never hear of the prescription and never learn that a preparation had been compounded which rendered the indiscriminate and pernicious use of calomel unnecessary. These were some of the inducements which led the Inventor of the Pills to consent that they should become an object of public sale.

None are genuine without the signature of J. N. BECKWITH, M. D.  
For sale by R. S. ROBERTS, Agent, Edgefield C. H., South Carolina.  
April 29

**STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, EDGEFIELD DISTRICT, IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.** Julius C. Pardue, Complain't, vs. Sam'l P. McVary, Adm'r. of Daniel P. Walker, dec'd., & others, sureties, Defendants.

JULIUS C. PARDUE having this day filed his petition before me, setting forth that he is a creditor of Daniel P. Walker, dec'd., to a considerable amount, and that Samuel P. McVary, administrator of that estate, has removed beyond the limits of the State, without having accounted, it is therefore ordered, that the said Daniel P. McVary, adm'r., as aforesaid, and Penelope Williams and Nathaniel Burton, administrator and administrator of Gibson J. Williams, dec'd., who was surety to said administration, do appear before me in the Court of Ordinary, to be held at Edgefield Court House, in the District aforesaid, on Tuesday the 29th of June inst., to show cause, if any they can, why they should not render before me, an account of said administration. Given under my hand, at my office, on the 1st June 1847.  
JOHN HILL, O. E. D.  
June 2

**Valuable Lands for Sale.** THE Subscriber now offers for sale the tract of Land on which he now resides, lying on Log Creek, nine miles west of Edgefield Court House, containing nine hundred and nine acres, of which there is about five hundred acres of woodland. On the premises is a large and comfortable Dwelling House, and all other necessary out buildings. The plantation is in good repair. Those wishing to purchase can call and examine for themselves.  
J. F. BURNS,  
april 7

**New Trusses for Ruptures, RIDDEL'S TRUSS AND ABDOMINAL SUPPORTER.** THE Subscriber having bought the Patent Right of Riddel's Trusses and Abdominal Supporters, recommends them to the public, as the most valuable, and perhaps only instrument of the kind that performs a cure in almost every case of Rupture. It is adapted to the anatomical structure of the Pelvis, and is admirably calculated to relieve these several cases of Protrusion Uteri, or falling of the womb, which make the patient suffer so much, to the universal destruction of health. The Abdominal Supporter is eminently serviceable in Piles, never failing to cure them by removing the cause.

Persons having Negroes ruptured, may have a cure guaranteed, and the terms not more than one third of what the hand would be increased in value. Where the cure cannot be effected, from the destruction of the parts by time, the Truss will enable the wearer to encounter the most severe work of any kind. Planters would do well to attend to this notice.

Price of Truss \$5 without guarantee, and \$50 or \$100, or as may be agreed on for a cure.  
R. S. ROBERTS,  
may 26

**Dr. Brandreth's Pills!** CITIZENS OF THE U. STATES—Let it be remembered, that Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills have now been before the citizens of the United States for nearly six years, and used by hundreds of thousands. They are so well known that it need scarcely be mentioned that they are a "Purgative Medicine," so "justly balanced" that the "experience" of a century has proved that they may be taken in any dose, according to Nature's requirements,—and this rule refers to both sexes and all ages. They have been used in every variety of derangements of the human body, and yet, when properly used, never failed to restore to health, except in those cases where nature has exhausted before the pills were commenced with.

Experience has taught that Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills remove all corrupt humors from the body, in an easy, safe and effectual manner; producing no effect but what will finally conduce to the perfect purification of the Blood, and thereby cure the disease, (whatever name it may be called), and give perfect health to the whole system.

Remember, Druggists are not permitted to sell my Pills—if you purchase of them you will obtain a counterfeit. B. BRANDRETH, M. D., Dr. Brandreth's Principal Office 241 Broadway, N. Y.; other offices in New York, &c. The genuine only for sale in Edgefield District by R. S. ROBERTS, Edgefield Court House, Ketcham & Thayer, Hamburg, and Sawyer's Store, Meeting street.

Every Agent having the genuine has a certificate of Agency, signed by the Doctor himself.  
may 26

**ROBERTS' WORM TEA.** THIS excellent and infallible preparation is recommended to the public. The signs of Worms and fetid breath, swelled stomach, very little, or too great appetite, nausea, headache, affection of the brain, vomiting, tickling and irritation about the nose, disturbed sleep, fits and convulsive twitchings, slimy and disordered state of the bowels and fever. Parents would do well to bear in mind, that the remedy can be had for these dangerous complaints, when proceeding from Worms; for 12 1/2 cents only.  
R. S. ROBERTS,  
march 31

**NOTICE.** ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of George Pope, deceased, are hereby notified, that it is absolutely necessary to collect all the money due the Estate, and that those who do not pay will be sued before return day. The Notes are in the hands of N. L. Griffin or J. W. Gibbs, Esqrs.  
THOS. H. POPP, Executor.  
Jan 3

**Leghorn Bonnets.** ONE CASE fine LEGBORN BONNETS, at \$2 75 each, just received and for sale by  
R. S. ROBERTS,  
may 19