

Poetry.

THE DRUNKARD'S CHILD.

To his weary home the father came,
With looks so strange and wild,
And sought around his rude domain
To find his much-loved child.

The child within his closet knelt,
With sorrow near deranged;
Pen can't describe the grief he felt,
Whilst murmuring, thus exclaimed:

"Oh, God, my father's sins forgive,
Oh, bring him back again;
Teach him the way that he should live,
To escape sin's scorching pain!"

"The grief he causes mother dear,
Is known my God, to thee;
Oh to her aching heart draw near,
And bid her sorrows flee!"

The wretched father heard the prayer—
His sinful heart grew sore,
To hear his son in anguish there,
For him his God implore.

Quick to his heart he clasped the boy,
On high his look he raised—
And meekly cried, with tears of joy,
"For this my God be praised!"

No more the wine-cup lured him thence,
No more a man of sin;
Without all fair—but better far,
His home all peace within.

WHAT IS A YEAR?

What is a year? 'Tis but a wave
On life's dark rolling stream,
Which is so quickly gone that we
Account it but a dream.
'Tis but a single earnest throb
Of Time's old iron heart,
Which tireless now, and strong as when
It first with life did start.

What is a year? 'Tis but a turn
Of Time's old iron wheel;
Or but a page upon the book
Which death must shortly seal.
'Tis but a step upon the road,
Which we must travel o'er,
A few more steps and we shall walk
Life's weary road no more.

What is a year? 'Tis but a breath
From Time's old nostrils blown;
As rushing onward o'er the earth,
We hear his weary moan.
'Tis like a bubble on the wave
Or dew upon the lawn;
As transient as the mist of morn
Beneath a summer's sun.

What is a year? 'Tis but a type
Of life's oft-changing scene;
Youth's happy morn goes gaily on
With hills and valleys green;
Next Summer's prime succeeds the Spring;
Then Autumn with a tan;
Then comes old Winter, death and all
Must find their level there.

THE DEAREST PLACE IS HOME.
Of all the spots that Heaven has blest,
The dearest place is home;
'Tis there the fond heart loves to rest,
And never seeks to roam;
While love plays round the smiling hearth,
'Tis Heaven's own bliss enjoyed on earth.

Of all the joys that man can feel,
The purest sure are there;
While o'er his heart affection steals,
Like balmy summer air;
His wife's caress—his children's smile,
Unlike the world, are free from guile.
Of all the gifts bestowed to cheer
Man's pilgrim path restore,
The richest treasure resteth here,
Which they are blest who know,
While love plays round the smiling hearth,
'Tis Heaven's own bliss enjoyed on earth.

Agricultural.

Six Reasons for Planting an Orchard.

1. Would you leave and inheritance to your children? Plant an orchard. No other investment of money and labor will in the long run pay so well.
2. Would you make your home pleasant—the abode of the social virtues? Plant an orchard. Nothing better promotes among neighbors a feeling of kindness and good will than a treat of good fruit, often repeated.
3. Would you remove from your children the strongest temptations to steal? Plant an orchard. If children cannot obtain fruit at home, they are very apt to steal it; and when they have learned to steal fruit, they are in a fair way to learn to steal horses.
4. Would you cultivate a constant feeling of thankfulness towards the great Giver of all good? Plant an orchard. By having constantly before you one of the greatest blessings given to man, you must be hardened indeed if you are not influenced by a spirit of humanity and thankfulness.
5. Would you have children love their home, respect their parents while living, and venerate their memory when dead—in all their wanderings look back upon the home of their youth as a sacred spot—an oasis in the great wilderness of the world? Then plant an orchard.
6. In short, if you wish to avail yourself the blessings of a bountiful Providence—which are within your reach, you must plant an orchard. And, when you do it see that you plant good fruit. Don't plant crab-apple trees, nor wild plums, nor Indian peaches. The best are the cheapest.

A correspondent, in writing to us on this subject, says that there is a deficiency of apricots, plums, and pears in the markets of Washington, and that a hundred varieties of the plum and a hundred varieties of the pear, ripening in June, and in succession until pears ripen again, may be

had of our nursery men—and that some of these fruits sell in New York at \$6 a bushel, and others in Boston at \$2 a dozen. If, he continues, the residents of each ward of our city were to plant the varieties of the highest excellence, the buds and grafts might be distributed among the country people, who are unable to purchase them, and thus these fruits would soon come into the market. Is it not worthy your consideration?—Telegraph.

Obstacles in the Way of Improvement.

It is a custom with many farmers, when a few dollars more are made than barely enough to support their families, to put it out at six or seven per cent interest, when, had it been invested properly upon their farms, which an inspection would tell stood much in need of it, they might have received ten per cent for their investment. Now I am far from recommending the expenditure of money upon a farm, by working farmers, for fancy improvements; but there is a certain class of improvements which, if judiciously made will always pay a handsome profit: good fences, good out-buildings, and all arrangement tending to convenience and labor saving, will be found to pay the farmer a better interest for a while, at any rate, than seven per cent on bonds and mortgages, or money put out on merchants' and traders' notes, who often times make a failure, and rob the farmer of his hard earned gains.

There is one thing that operates much against the improvement of farms in our country, and that is the fact that so few farms remain for a great length of time in the same family. In England and some countries of Europe, farms remain for years and years in the same family; whether that family is large or small, some one or more of its members takes possession of the homestead on the death of their parents, and work it as formerly. Not so here, even if a man takes the vocation of his father for his own, and occupies the same farm, he is not apt to have it long before he is possessed of the idea of "selling out to go west." He will not improve his farm therefore, for he is always expecting to move, even if he does not, and he thinks "it will not pay to improve for other folks, for nobody will pay the worth of the improvements," so that, in fact, oftentimes farmers are found to be constantly getting worse instead of better.

A Beautiful Picture.

The man who stands upon his own soil, who feels that by the laws of the land in which he lives—by the laws of civilized nations—he is the rightful and exclusive owner of the land which he tills, is, by the constitution of our nature, under a wholesome influence not easily imbibed from any other source. He feels, other things being equal, more strongly than another, the character of a man as the lord of an inanimate world. Of this great and wonderful sphere which, fashioned by the hand of God, and upheld by his power, is rolling through the heavens, a part is his—from the center to the sky. It is the space on which the generation before him moved in its round of duties, and he feels himself connected by a visible link with those who follow him, and to whom he is to transmit a home. Perhaps his farm has come down to him from his fathers. They have gone to their last home; but he can trace their footsteps over the scenes of his daily labors. The roof which shelters him was reared by those to whom he owes his being. Some interesting domestic tradition is connected with every inclosure. The favorite fruit tree was planted by his father's hand. He sported in boyhood beside the brook which still winds through the meadow. Through the field lies the path to the village school of earlier days. He still hears from his window the voice of the Sabbath bell, which called his fathers to the house of God; and near at hand is the spot where his parents laid down to rest, and where, when his time has come, he shall be laid by his children. These are the feelings of the owners of the soil. Words cannot paint them—gold cannot buy them; they flow out of the deepest fountains of the heart; they are the lifelines of a fresh, healthy and generous national character.

Long Manure.

Vegetable and animal matters, when brought into a state of fermentation by the agency of air, heat, and moisture, immediately give off carbonic acid gas, which, if confined beneath the surface of the soil, will become mixed with the moisture there, and be taken up by the roots of plants. And what is carbonic acid gas? It is composed of two parts of oxygen, a constituent of atmospheric air, and one part of carbon, the principal constituent of plants, rendered volatile by the heat of fermentation. It is the digested food of plants; it becomes incorporated with water in the soil; it is taken up by the spongy roots of plants; transmitted through the sap vessels to the leaves; is there decomposed by the sun's rays; the oxygen passes into the atmosphere; the carbon passes down through another set of vessels, and being gradually disengaged from the water which conveys it, by evaporation, it becomes a solid substance of the plant. Carbon constitutes principally the structure of the stems, branches, and roots of plants, and it can only find access into plants in a fluid state, combined with oxygen. From this view of the matter, the reader will understand why we recommend long manure for hoed autumnal ripening crops, and why we insist that one half of the value of cattle dung is lost by suffering it to be reduced to the condition of short muck before it is buried in the soil. All vegetable matters contain more or less carbon; and carbonic acid gas is invariably produced in the fermenting and putrefying processes.

Raise your own pork this year.

Wit and Humor.

Vulgarism Refined.

Vulgar—Take the rag off the bush.
Refined—Removing the dilapidated linen from off the infantile tree.
Vulgar—Money makes the pot boil.
Refined—The precious metals cause the cauldron to effervesce.
Vulgar—Money makes the mare go.
Refined—The circulating medium compels the female nag to abscquatulate.
Vulgar—A fool and his money is soon parted.
Refined—The partnership existing between a simple one and his small change are speedily dissolved.
Vulgar—What is bred in the bone cannot come out of the flesh.
Refined—That which is matured in the ossified substance, cannot emanate from the carnosus man.
Vulgar—Tell the truth and shame the devil.
Refined—Proclaim what is veracious, and cease Diabolus to blush.
Vulgar—Each dog has his day.
Refined—Each masculine of the canine species is entitled to the possession of one diurnal revolution of the earth.
Vulgar—Does your anxious mother know you are out?
Refined—Is your solicitous maternal guardian aware that her off spring is a-broad?

Fit for a Lawyer.

An old lady walked into a lawyer's office lately, when the following conversation took place:
Lady.—Squire, I called to see if you would like to take this boy and make a lawyer of him.
Lawyer.—The boy appears rather young, madam, how old is he?
Lady.—Seven years, sir.
Lawyer.—He is too young, decidedly too young. Have you no boys older?
Lady.—O yes, sir, I have several; but we have concluded to make farmers of the others. I told my old man that I thought this little fellow would make a first rate lawyer, and so I called to see if you would take him.
Lawyer.—No, madam, he is too young yet to commence the study of the profession. But why do think this boy any better calculated for a lawyer than your other sons?
Lady.—Why, you see sir, he is just seven years old to-day. When he was only five, he'd lie like a nature; when he got to be six, he was saucy and impudent as any critter could be; and now he'll steal every thing he can lay his hands on.
Shortly after this a new shingle was set up in California, and an addition of one made to a learned profession.

A MINISTER was walking out one day and passed two little boys, one of whom made a low bow. As he turned back he heard the following amusing conversation:
"Why, John, don't you know that was Parson M."
"Yes, of course I did."
"Why did you not make a bow to him?"
"Why, my mother don't belong to his church."

The last great speech is that of a showman, who was exhibiting a picture of Daniel in the lion's den. He said, "Ladies and gentlemen, there is Daniel in the den of the lions. These are the lions, and that is Daniel, whom you will easily distinguish from the lions by his having a blue cotton umbrella under his arm."

A DUTCHMAN was his marvelous escape from drowning, when thirteen of his companions were lost by the upsetting of a boat, and he alone was saved. "And how did you escape their fate?" asked one of the hearers.
"I did not go into de boat," was the Dutchman's reply.

CAPTAIN SCOFIELD, in a letter from California to the New London Star, speaks of the coolness of a young man in prison under sentence of death. On the sheriff visiting him, he asks—"I say, Sheriff, what hour of the day is this little affair of mine coming off?"

A FRIEND of ours says that he has been without money so long, that his head aches ready to split when he tries to recollect how a "silver dollar looks." He says the notion that "we live in a world of change" is a great fallacy.

"CABBAGE," says the Edinburgh Review, "contains more muscle sustaining nutriment than any other vegetable whatever." This it is thought accounts for there being so many athletic fellows among the tailors.

"MISTER, I say, I don't suppose you don't know of nobody that don't want to hire nobody to do nothin' for somebody no how, you don't do you?"
"Yes, I guess not."

Fresh Supplies.

JUST Received and now opened the following articles in the Grocery Department, 1 Bbl. very choice Smoked Beef Hams, 1 " " Beef Tongues, 2 Ferkins Fresh Goshen Butter, yellow as gold, 20 Boxes Choice Goshen Cheese, 1 Chest fine Flavored Black Tea, 1 " " Green Tea, 2 Bbls. Superior Cider Vinegar, 10 Boxes Pale Brown and Salt Water Soap, 4 " Superior Pearl Starch, 1 Tierce best new Rice, 4 " Small Rice, 24 lbs to the dollar, Boxes Adamantine Candles, " Sperm " Tallow, 3 Bbls. Double Refined Crushed Sugar, 6 Boxes Layer Raisins, and various other articles, all of which have been purchased with Cash, consequently they can and will be sold at the lowest market rates. If you do not call and price these articles and avail yourself of the bargains offered, you must not blame me for it.

G. L. PENN, AGENT. Nov 26

W. C. MORAGNE,
WILL Practice in the Courts of LAW and EQUITY, in the Districts of Edgefield and Abbeville.
Office at Edgefield, C. H.
Feb. 13, 1851. 2

G. W. LANDRUM,
WILL Practice in the Courts of LAW and EQUITY for Edgefield and Lexington Districts.
Office in Law Range, Edgefield C. H.
Jan. 16, 1851. 52

JOSEPH ABNEY,
WILL be found at all times in his Office, at Edgefield Court House, near the PLANTER'S HOTEL.
He will attend promptly and strictly to business in his profession.
Nov. 14 1851. 51

H. R. SPANN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office the same as heretofore used by WARDLAW & SPANN.
February 5, 1851. 3

THOMAS P. MAGRATH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
And Solicitor in Equity.
OFFICE AT HAMBURG, S. C.
Sept. 18, 1851. 35

WM. M. HILL, M. D.,
OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of the Village and District. Having graduated at the University of New York, with high honor, where he availed himself for the last two years, of the advantages to be derived from the Eye and Ear Infirmary, various Hospitals, &c., &c., offers his services to his fellow-citizens with the hope that he will prove worthy of a share of their patronage.
Room at the SPANNS HOTEL, No. 7.
Oct. 2, 1851. 37

JAMES M. DAY,
Surgeon Dentist,
OF RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
Permanently located at Edgefield C. H., offers his professional services to the citizens of the Village and its vicinity, and will attend to any call he may have either in the Village or Country.
All operations warranted.
March 13, 1850. 8

PRATT & RUFF,
Wholesale & Retail Druggists,
NEWBERRY, S. C.
KEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, BRUSHES, DYE-STUFFS, Surgical Instruments, Perfumery, Window Glass, Glass-Ware, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.
—ALSO—
Dealers in Fine Wines, Liquors, Segars, Chewing Tobacco, &c.
All of which they propose to sell upon as reasonable terms as any house in the State.
Physicians, Planters and Dealers are earnestly invited to call and examine our Stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
August 21, 1851. 31

JAMES ADGER & CO.,
FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Office on Adger's North Wharf, CHARLESTON, S. C.
JAMES ADGER, JAS. ADGER, JR.
E. L. ADAMS.
Charleston, Sept. 15, 1851. 35

SMITH & WHILDEN,
DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Window Glass, AND
SHIP CHANDLERY,
No 60; East Bay, opposite P & M Bank CHARLESTON, S. C.

THEY keep constantly on hand and for sale a general assortment of
Paints and Oils, Window Glass and Sashes, Spts Turpentine, CAMPHENE, SPIRIT GAS, TALLOW, Grindstones, Cordage, Packing Varn, Black Lead, &c.
October 16, 1851. 39

GIBBS & McCORD,
WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
McINTOSH ST., AUGUSTA, GA.,
CONTINUE the above business in all its branches, at their

Fire Proof Building,
and collect a share of patronage from the people of South Carolina.
Orders for BAGGING, ROPE, &c., &c., will be filled at the lowest prices.
Cash advances made on produce in Store.
T. G. GIBBS, GEO. McCORD.
Sept 15 1851. 35

Cheap Boot and Shoe Store!

THE Subscriber in addition to his usual Stock has received a great variety of Gentlemen's, Boys' and Youth's BOOTS AND SHOES, suited for the season.
Ladies' Gaiters, of various colours,
Jenny Lind Embroidered Shoes, a beautiful article, for \$1.00
" French Kid Walking Shoes, for 1.25
" Slippers and Ties 1.00
Children's Shoes 25
Gents Shoes worth \$1.50, for 1.00
Cheap Slippers and Negro Boots and Shoes in abundance.
Call and see at the Boot and Shoe Store of WM. McEVROY.
October 16 1851. 39

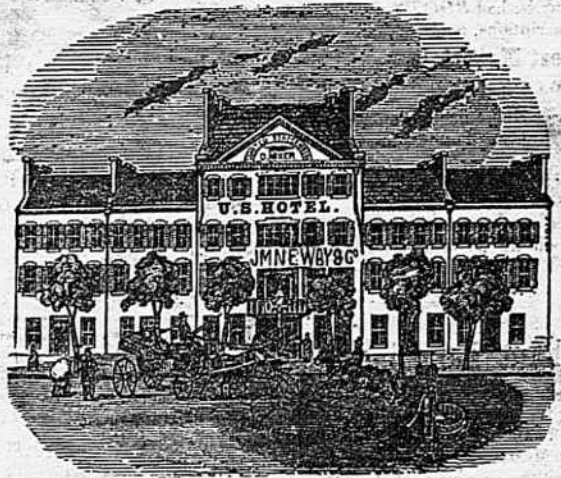
Premium Daguerrean GALLERY,
AUGUSTA, GA.

WHEN you visit Augusta, call at the PREMIUM DAGUERREAN GALLERY, and have a fine Daguerreotype of yourself, for here you will find one of the most elegant Daguerrean Saloons in America.
Daguerreotype stock of every description for sale at a small advance on New York cost.
LEIGH, TUCKER & PERKINS.
June 12 1851. 21

Oils, Oils.
JUST Received a supply of Fall and Winter Lamp Oil, Lined Oil, Train Oil and Neats-foot Oil, all of which is offered for sale low for Cash, by
G. L. PENN, Agent.
Oct 30 1851. 41

N. O. Molasses.
15 BLS. NEW CROP, a superior article, for sale by
H. A. KENRICK.
Hamburg, Feb 3 1851. 3

J. M. NEWBY & CO.,



WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

READY MADE CLOTHING, TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, &c.
UNDER THE U. S. HOTEL AUGUSTA, GA.

J. M. NEWBY & CO., are now receiving the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTMENT of Ready Made Clothing ever offered in this city. Their Stock consists of the latest and most improved styles of manufacture.

—ALSO—

A GOOD SUPPLY OF BOYS, YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
Country Merchants, and all persons visiting our city, are respectfully solicited to call and examine our Stock for themselves.
Augusta, Sept. 23 1851. 36

GREAT SALE!!

THE Subscribers are now receiving direct from Manufacturers, both North and South, the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTMENT of
COMBS, BUTTONS, PINS, NEEDLES, RAZORS, SCISSORS
KNIVES, THIMBLES &c.

Together with a large and elegant Stock of
SUSPENDERS, PURSES, BEADS, WALLETS, PORT-MONIES,
Gold and Silver Pencils and Pens, Spectacles, &c., &c.
—ALSO—

LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS,
Of every style and pattern, together with a full and cheap Stock of
School and Miscellaneous Books, Paper, Ink, &c., &c.
Owing to the great scarcity of money in the country, the Subscribers are determined to sell Goods this season lower than any House in Charleston or Augusta.
Merchants from the country will please call and examine for themselves.
DUNHAM & BLAKELY.
Augusta, Ga., Nov. 26, 1851. 6m

Fall and Winter Goods!

I HAVE now on hand a FIRST RATE Stock of
Cloths, Cassimers & Vestings,
which are of the latest styles and will be made to measure as good and as fashionable as can be had in the Southern Country.

—ALSO—
Always for sale an excellent Stock of fine
READY MADE CLOTHING,
which is cut and made under my own supervision, and any one purchasing from me may rely upon getting full value for their money expended.

Furnishing Articles,
Such as Cravats, Gloves, Suspenders, Hosiery, White and Colored Shirts, Silk and Merino under garments, Collars, Stocks, Money Belts, Silk and Merino under Vests for Ladies,—and a
Fine Assortment
Of German Colognes, extracts for the handkerchief, Hair, Tooth, Nail, Clothes, Hat and Shaving Brushes, Dressing and Fine Tooth Combs, Fine Socks, Shaving Creams and Soaps, Port Monies, Pocket Books, Purses, Sugar Cases, Hair Oils, and every thing desirable and useful for Gentlemen.

J. A. VANWINKLE.
N. B.—My Store is next to the Georgia Railroad Bank, at the Old Stand of the Chronicle & Sentinel Office.
Augusta, Nov 12 1851. 43

Graniteville Cash Store!

THE Subscriber respectfully calls the attention of farmers and the community generally to his Store in Graniteville, where he keeps constantly on hand a NEW and WELL ASSORTED Stock of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, SHOES, BONNETS, RIBBONS,
and nearly every variety of Goods, and is selling at the Cheapest rates ever known above Charleston.

He buys for CASH and engages to sell as CHEAP as Augusta, Hamburg, Aiken, or any other neighboring market.

Ladies wishing to buy Bonnets of the latest style, either trimmed or untrimmed, will do well to examine his Stock before purchasing elsewhere. He is prepared to have Bonnets trimmed in the latest styles or to order at the shortest notice. All who advocate a

CHEAP CASH SYSTEM
will be sure to save money by giving him a trial.
The highest market price will be given for all saleable produce in exchange for Goods.
A. B. MULLIGAN.
June 4, 1851. 20

WARE-HOUSE AND COMMISSION BUSINESS.

THE UNDERSIGNED having formed a partnership, under the firm of A. WALKER & CO., for the purpose of carrying on the Ware-House and Commission Business, and having rented the well known Ware-House, known as Walker's Ware-House and lately occupied by WALKER & COLEMAN, They tender their services to their friends and the public in general, and pledge themselves to use their best exertions to give satisfaction to those with business.

Fair advances will be made on produce in store.
WALKER,
D. L. ADAMS.
Sept. 4, 1850. 34

Window Glass and Putty.
30 BOXES WINDOW GLASS, just received direct from the Manufacturer. If you wish to replace the Glass that have been broken out of your windows, now is the time to do it, and this is the place to get Glass and Putty. For sale cheap by
G. L. PENN, Agent.
Dec 4 1851. 46

Notice.
ALL those indebted to the estate of Jonathan Kilersee, dec'd, are required to make immediate payment, and those having demands to present them properly attested.
JOHN HILL, Adm'r.
August 28 1851. 32

Fresh Drugs.
RECEIVING and now opening a fine additional assortment of Fresh and Genuine, carefully selected, Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals, Powders, &c., for sale by
G. L. PENN, Agent.
Nov 27 1851. 45

LEWIS' STRAW CUTTER.

THE Undersigned takes this opportunity of stating to the public, that he will have another lot of his Machines ready for market, in the course of a few days. Persons wishing these Machines will do well to send in their orders early so as to ensure their being filled.
He refers to the following Certificate, of the many which he has received, for additional testimony in their favor.
WM. LEWIS.
Hamburg, Oct. 1, 1851. 37

Certificates.
WILSON, (Penn.) January 22d 1851.
Mr. Lewis:—The Patent Straw Cutter which you invented, and are now offering to the public, is a most excellent article and deserves public favor. Two years since I purchased one and have had it in constant use—it has never been out of repair in any respect, answering all the purposes you recommend it for. I most cheerfully commend it to farmers in all sections, and could not be induced to part with the one I have, without the prospect of obtaining another, for five times its cost.
Respectfully,
V. E. PIOLLET.

AUGUSTA, (Ga.) Sept. 16, 1851.
Mr. Lewis:—Dear Sir: Some time since I used one of your Straw Cutters to cut roots for my preparation of Georgia Sarsaparilla. Some of the roots were very hard and tough—I am happy to say your Straw Cutter has far exceeded my expectations. The public need not fear its getting out of order by getting hard or tender, or by accidentally getting hard substances in it.
Yours, respectfully,
J. DENNIS.

EDGEFIELD C. H., Sept. 10, 1851.
Mr. Wm. Lewis:—Sir: In your letter you ask how I like the Straw Cutter I bought from you. I say it exceeds any thing of the kind I have ever seen, and I could not be induced to part with it, without the prospect of getting another, for any common consideration.
WM. P. BUTLER.

EDGEFIELD C. H., Sept. 18, 1851.
Dear Sir: I have been using one of your Straw Cutters for some three or four months, and am satisfied that its advantages over all others, are such that it will recommend itself to every observer. Its adaptability to cutting all kinds of grain, in any desirable length, its security to the operator, the minimum of power required to keep it in operation, the dispatch with which it executes its work, combined with its simplicity and durability, must make it invaluable to every one that may have use for them.
A. G. TEAGUE.
To Wm. Lewis, Esq., Hamburg S. C.

DR. DENNIS' GEORGIA SARSAPARILLA,

FOR
Jaundice, Sick Head-ache, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Constipation, the Bowels, Piles, Catarrhs, Costiveness, Pain in the Bladder, or Rheumatism, caused by the use of Mercury, Syphilis, Scarcity, Boils, Ulcers, &c.
THIS PREPARATION is made as pure as possible; its bitter taste, and beneficial effects in diseases of the Liver, and diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood, prove it to be the PUREST and MOST USEFUL.

Preparation of Sarsaparilla that is made. Those who have used the various preparations of Sarsaparilla will find, by the taste and effect, that there is more Sarsaparilla in one bottle of Dr. DENNIS' preparation, than in half a dozen bottles of any other preparation.
Its alterative and mildly purgative effects upon the bowels, make it not only a good substitute for Mercury, but useful in removing all diseases arising from the impure state of the Blood, and all other diseases generally.
Prepared only by J. DENNIS, M. D., Augusta, Georgia.
Sold by A. G. TEAGUE and G. L. PENN, Edgefield C. H.; R. M. COHEN and G. L. PENN, Charleston; R. M. COHEN and G. L. PENN, Columbia; A. J. CROIGHTON, Hamburg; Wm. F. TOTT, D. B. PLEAS, HAVILAND & RILEY, W. F. & J. TURPIN, W. K. KITCHEN, BARNETT & CARTER, Augusta, Geo., and by Drug Gists generally.
Price—\$1 per bottle; 6 bottle for \$5.
Remember to ask for DENNIS' GEORGIA SARSAPARILLA.
June 26, 1851. 23

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN ORDINARY.
BY JOHN HILL, Esq., Ordinary of Edgefield District.
Whereas, R. P. Brunson, hath applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of Malachi Brunson, late of the District aforesaid, deceased.
These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Edgefield Court House on the 19th day of January inst., to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.
Given under my hand and seal, this 5th day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, and in the seventy-sixth year of American Independence.
JOHN HILL, O. E. D.
Jan 8 1851. 21

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

IN ORDINARY.
BY JOHN HILL, Esq., Ordinary of Edgefield District.
Whereas James Jones and Joseph J. Kennedy has applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of Henry Shultz, late of the District aforesaid, dec'd.
These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me at our next Ordinary's Court for the said District, to be holden at Edgefield Court House on the 23rd day of January, inst., to show cause, if any, why the said administration should not be granted.
Given under my hand and seal, this 7th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, and in the 77th year of American Independence.
JOHN HILL, O. E. D.
Jan 8 1851. 21

Ready Made Clothing.

JUST received a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of Alpaca, Linen and Gro Dets SACKS and PANTS.
Black Satin Silks and Marcella VESTS, all of which will be sold very low.
WILLIAMS & CHRISTIE.
May 22, 1851. 18

Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

JUST Received 6 dozen of Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's original compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, and for sale at the Drug and Chemical Store of
A. G. TEAGUE.
May 1, 1850. 15

Boarding for Young Ladies.

THE Subscriber will accommodate with boarding, ten or twelve Young Ladies. His House is roomy and pleasantly situated, convenient to the Female Academies. Parents and Guardians may be assured that every attention necessary will be paid to Girls committed to his care.
EDWARD PENN.
Jan. 1, 1851. 50