

### Would Not Offend the Susceptibilities of the Japanese.

In a recent speech, Mr. Seddon, Premier of New Zealand, said he had no desire to offend in any way the national susceptibilities of the Japanese, but New Zealand's racial purity must be preserved, and this could only be done by preventing Asiatics, whether subjects of King Edward or of the Mikado, from coming into the colony in such numbers as to constitute a real menace.

### GOOD BATHING RULES.

That Much Misunderstood Bracer the Cold Bath.

In a suggestive article on bathing, a doctor in the New York Evening Telegram gives some hints which should never be forgotten, and which are of interest to those who have long known them as well as to those who have not. Here are a few excerpts:

Should one feel chilled after a cold bath and the following hard rub, that person must realize that cold baths are bad.

"There is really no way I can suggest that a person can tell whether or not cold baths are good for them, except by the glow and bodily warmth that should follow. I think if the finger nails look blue and the body is covered with gooseflesh after the bath that it is too strenuous," says the physician.

"As to the method of taking baths, I believe that a needle shower or sponge bath is best, for few are strong enough to stand a plunge, and as to sitting or lying in a tub of cold water, I would say unhesitatingly that it is unwise, for it takes too much animal heat and results in a loss of energy that is unnecessary. Frequently those who are not strong enough to take a cold water bath as it comes from the spigot will find it immensely beneficial when a bag of salt is placed in the tub, or by taking the chill off with the addition of warm water, the bath will still be practically cold, for the body.

"Cold baths should, as a rule, be taken only in the morning directly after rising, unless a person is very warm and wants a cold tub on a hot day, or, in a few cases of extreme fatigue. When very warm I would suggest that the individual wait until the perspiration was entirely dried on the body before getting into the water. For the shock to the nerves and the rapidity with which the blood is drawn to the surface of the skin by the cold is not good. The same rule applies to salt water bathing. And many persons who jump into the surf when very warm and covered with perspiration often wonder why they feel nauseated after they



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### EXCLUSIVE AGENCY

Studebaker Wagons,  
the 20 year kind,  
Columbus Buggies,  
standard of the world,  
Genuine Oliver Plows,  
the original best,  
Planet, Jr., Implements,  
for farm and garden.  
Pittsburg Perfect Fencing,  
electrically welded,  
every rod guaranteed,  
These high grade and reliable goods  
cost no more than worthless imitations.

### WAGES ARE RAISED

Fall River Owners Concede a Substantial Advance

LARGE NUMBER ARE INCLUDED

About 45,000 Operatives are Benefitted. Since First of Year 165,000 Textile Operatives in New England Have Been Granted Increased Wages.

Boston, Special.—An advance of 5 per cent in wages in the Cotton Mills in 30 or more cities, towns and villages of Southern Massachusetts and Rhode Island, went into effect Monday.

About 45,000 operatives are benefitted. Since the inception of the upward movement in mill wages early in the year, 165,000 textile operatives in New England States have had their pay advanced five to 14 per cent. Of the total number 110,000 work in the cotton mills, and about 55,000 in the woolen mills, and worsted plants.

All the cotton mills in Fall River increased their wages 10 per cent a week ago, with the exception of the Fall River Iron Works Mills which were paying 10 per cent more than the other factories. This brought the weaving schedules to the basis which existed before the reduction of 1904. Today the Fall River Iron Works mills which are controlled by M. C. D.

### NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

Epitome of Current Happenings of Interest Briefly Told.

The Russian Land Commission is deadlocked on the question of how the expropriation of land shall be carried out.

Disorders among the peasants in different parts of Russia are growing in gravity.

Emperor William of Germany visited King Haakon of Norway at Trondheim.

China's volunteer soldiers are reaching a high state of efficiency.

The steamer Fishren sank after collision with the steamer Langdale in the British channel.

With the tariff as the main issue, some interesting corollary issues are springing up to be fought out in the coming Congressional and Presidential campaigns.

Some remarkable figures on the growth of the exports and imports of the United States in the last 10 years are given in an official monograph just issued.

The movement of New York brokers to establish direct connections with Washington is taken to mean a desire on their part to keep in touch with changes in the Administration's attitude toward the trusts and other financial interests.

Editor Henry Watterson predicts that the next tickets will be Roosevelt against Bryan and that the former will suffer a death blow to his ambition from the anti-third-term sen-

### RAILROAD HEAVILY FINED

Railroads Assessed Heavy Fines for Granting Rebates.

Chicago, Special.—Judge Landis, in the United States District Court, sentenced the Chicago and Alton road recently convicted of granting illegal rebates at Kansas City, to pay a fine of \$20,000 on each of the two counts.

John Faithfull and Fred A. Wann, former officials of the road were sentenced to pay a fine of \$5,000 each, on two counts. The defendants were fined on two counts of the indictment containing ten counts. The specific charge on which they were convicted was that they had given to the Schenck and Sulzberger Co. a rebate of one dollar per car on all shipments from the Kansas City plant of the packing company. Judge Landis practically directed the jury to bring in a verdict of guilty. The attorneys for the railroad and individual defendants asked until time to show that the rebate was not a secret matter. The court in passing sentence said that he could see no extenuating circumstances in the granting of rebates. The defendants gave notice of appeal.

The two older daughters, Mary and Addie, aged 18 and 16 respectively, managed to carry the dead bodies from the house and extinguish the flames. Then they ran to the nearest neighbor, W. B. Barbers, and told the story of the awful tragedy. There being no officers of the law at this place, R. R. Mulliken, train dispatcher on duty at that hour, was notified and promptly wired the news to the sheriff at Salisbury, who started at once to the scene with bloodhounds and a posse of armed men. Bloodhounds were also sent from Winston-Salem to assist in the pursuit of the guilty.

Mr. Lyerly was a highly respected citizen and well connected and it is inconceivable that any one should have anything against him or his family.

Three negro men and a negro woman were arrested.

### AN AWFUL TRAGEDY

Four Members of Family Are Butchered in Their Beds

FIRE SET TO DESOLATED HOME

The Lyerly, His Wife and Two Children Murdered as They Slept in Their Home by Unknown Hands. Several Negroes Arrested for the Crime.

Greensboro, N. C., Special.—One of the most horrible tragedies in the history of Rowan county occurred near Barber's Junction, about 40 miles from this city Saturday morning. Between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock an unknown person or persons entered the home of the Lyerly, a well known farmer, while its occupants were asleep, killing Mr. Lyerly, his wife and two of the youngest children and fatally wounding the third.

The parents and the three children were asleep in the front room on the first floor, there being two elder daughters sleeping up stairs, who were unmolested and were awakened by the smoke from below. The girls descended the stairs to awaken their father and mother. On reaching their room they beheld their father and mother and three youngest children lying on the bed, their heads were crushed and their faces badly disfigured.

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band away to Mr. Files. Gillespie is described as a fussy negro.

One of the ladies told the officers of a conversation that their father had with Dillingham, one of his hands. He had been after Dillingham for being trifling when the negro told him that he was going to leave and go to work at the saw mill. Mr. Lyerly answered: "Yes, if you go there and work five days right straight along I will set you free."

This seemed to rile Dillingham, for he told some one that, except for the reason that he lived on the old man's place, he would have given him a cursing.

Friday Mrs. Lyerly had trouble with Dillingham's wife, who was taken to task for leaving dirty water in a wash tub, which had been loaned to her. The negroess became mad and abusive.

Those who were looking for motives thought that Jack Dillingham and his wife should be arrested.

Attack on Rowan Jail.

Salisbury, N. C., Special.—On Saturday night, just before midnight, a desperate attack by a leaderless mob was made upon the jail here with the purpose of releasing summary punishment to the alleged murderers of the Barbers Junction family. The officers allowed two committees of the lynchers to go through the jail and see for themselves that the prisoners had been removed to Charlotte. Then the mob dispersed.

The Margarita on Fire.

New York, Special.—The Clyde Line steamer Carib, from Georgetown, and Wilmington, reports having sighted the Uruguayan bark Margarita on fire at sea off the Delaware capes. The Margarita left Philadelphia July 3 bound to Halifax. There was no sign of life on board. The vessel was blazing; fiercely aflame. From the main mast forward everything was untouched by fire. The crew were apparently taken off by a passing vessel.

Pharmaceutical Association.

Norfolk, Special.—Sixty members of the Virginia Pharmaceutical Association arrived on their annual outing. On the way up from Norfolk a business meeting held on shipboard at which 60 new members were admitted. The Virginians entertained the Rhode Island Association at a banquet. The visitors left Tuesday and on their return voyage another meeting will take place at which the annual election of officers will be held.

Veteran Tobaccoist Dead.

Danville, Special.—News has been received here of the death in Wilson, N. C., of Edward M. Pace, who was for years a prominent and influential

### LAUGH A LITTLE BIT.

By William Wood.

What's the use o' bein' blue?  
Laugh a little bit;  
Dumps go out when laughter comes  
A chasin' after it.  
Sittin' 'bout an' hopin' 'bout  
Helps no work along.  
Don't you know that burdens flee  
When met with simple song?

Sheddin' tears don't make a dress  
Any better fit;  
Save your rivers, bein' calm;  
And laugh a little bit.  
Baby can't be made to mind  
By neglecting it.  
While you cry and pull your hair,  
So laugh a little bit.

What's the use o' coddlin' self?  
Git right up an' git;  
Thinkin' minds an' doin' hands  
Can laugh a little bit.  
Wash the dishes, bake the bread,  
Then sit down an' knit;  
While yer knittin' think sweet  
(thoughts,  
An' laugh a little bit.

S'pose yer body's full o' pains,  
Yer head about to split;  
Coddlin' hatches millions more  
So laugh a little bit.  
Laughin' drives yer ills away;  
An' laughin' you forget;  
The mischief's played by coddled blues,  
So laugh a little bit.

tones the system up,  
Nourishin', you forget  
The mischief's played by coddled blues;  
So laugh a little bit.

### BOYS' TERRIBLE ECZEMA.

Month and Eyes Covered With Crusts—Hands Pained Down—Miraculous Cure by Cuticura.

"When my little boy was six months old he had eczema. The sores extended so quickly over the whole body that we at once called in the doctor. We then went to another doctor, but he could not help him, and in our despair we went to a third one. Matters became so bad that he had regular holes in his cheeks, large enough to put a finger into. The food had to be given with a spoon, for his mouth was covered with crusts as thick as a finger, and whenever he opened the mouth they began to bleed and suppurate, as did also his eyes. Hands, arms, chest and back, in short, the whole body, was covered over and over. We had no rest by day or night. Whenever he was laid in his bed we had to pin his hands down, otherwise he would scratch his face, and make an open sore. I think his face must have itched most fearfully.

"We finally thought nothing could help, and I had made up my mind to send my wife with the child to Europe, hoping that the sea air might cure him, otherwise he was to be put under good medical care there. But, Lord be blessed, matters came different, and we soon saw a miracle. A different, and we soon saw a miracle. A different, and we soon saw a miracle.

### What is a Backache?

IT IS NATURE'S WARNING TO WOMEN

Disease of Woman's Organism Cured and Consequent Pain Stopped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"It seems as though my back would break!" Women utter these words over and over again, but continue to drag along and suffer with aches in the small of the back, pain low down in the side, "bearing-down" pains, nervousness and no ambition for any task.



Miss Maude Morris

They do not realize that the back is the main spring of woman's organism, and quickly indicates by aching, a diseased condition of the female organs or kidneys, and that the aches and pains will continue until the cause is removed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been for many years the one and only effective remedy in such cases. It speedily cures female and kidney disorders and restores the female organs to a healthy condition.

"I have suffered with female troubles for over two years, suffering intense pain each month, my back ached until it seemed as though it would break, and I felt so weak all over that I did not find strength to attend to my work but had to stay in bed a large part of the first two or three days every month. I would have sleepless nights, had dreams and severe headaches. All this undermined my health.

"We consulted an old family physician, who advised that I try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began taking it regularly and soon found that I could sleep at night better than I had done for months. Within two months I became regular and I no longer suffer from backache or pain."—Miss Maude Morris, Sec. Ladies Aid and Minded Society, 80 E. Hunter St., Atlanta, Ga.

## WEIGHING THE BABY

AFTER

There may be something wrong in the act of patting a man on the back when he is already going down hill. So, 29-06.

### OUTDOOR LIFE

Will Not Offset the Ill Effects of Coffee When One Cannot Digest It.

A farmer says: "It was not from liquor or tobacco that for ten years or more I suffered from dyspepsia and stomach trouble; they were caused by the use of coffee until I got so bad I had to give up coffee entirely and almost give up eating. There were times when I could eat only boiled milk and bread and when I went to the field to work I had to take some bread and butter along to give me strength.

"I doctored with doctors and took almost everything I could get for my stomach in the way of medicine, but if I got any better it only lasted a little while until I was almost a walking skeleton.

"One day I read an ad. for Postum and told my wife I would try it, and as to the following facts I will make affidavit before any judge: "I quit coffee entirely and used Postum in its place. I have regained my health entirely and can eat anything that is cooked to eat. I have increased in weight until now I weigh more than I ever did; I have not taken any medicine for my stomach since I began using Postum.

"Why, I believe Postum will almost digest an iron wedge.

"My family would stick to coffee at first, but they saw the effects it had on me and when they were feeling bad they began to use Postum. One at a time, until now we all use Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

For full details of Postum in place of coffee, see the truth, and easy pleasant way. "There's a reason." Look in pkg. for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

dovi and all four were condemned to death by shooting. But, on account of extenuating circumstances the Emperor will be requested to commute the sentences of the four officers to dismissal from service and to be deprived of certain rights which they would otherwise enjoy.

Over a Million Immigrants.

New York, Special.—Just 1,062,054 immigrants entered the United States through this past fiscal year ending June 15th, an increase of 199,075 over last year. The largest number 222,606 came from Southern Italy. The Hebrews were second with 125,000. The immigrants brought with them a total of \$19,000,000.

Congressman Adams Dead.

Chicago, Special.—A Congressman Adams, of Wisconsin, died in the Auditorium Hotel. He had been ill several weeks. Mr. Adams was a member of the 53th Congress and was re-elected to the 50th.

Charles Earle Appointed.

Oyster Bay, Special.—The President appointed Charles Earle solicitor for the department of Commerce and Labor to succeed Edwin W. Sims, recently appointed United States district attorney in Chicago.

Conference in Thaw Case.

New York, Special.—An important conference, from the view point of the defense in the Thaw case was held in the Tombs. Those present in addition to Thaw, were his wife and former Judge Olcott, leading attorney for the defense. It is reported as a result of the conference Thaw withdrew his opposition to entering the plea of emotional insanity when the case comes to trial.

Spring Hotel Company, both at French Lick, Ind., it being alleged gambling is allowed on the premises.

Fears are entertained for the safety of the steamer America, which left Mediterranean ports with 150 persons on board bound for New York.

The Arlon Singing Society of Baltimore took part in the prize singing for the first class of organization at Sagamore Hill.

President Roosevelt disposed of a lot of accumulated correspondence at Sagamore Hill.

The Lafayette collection of relics shown at the Chicago Exposition was sold at auction in London for \$27,000.

Secretary Bonaparte has invited shipbuilders to debate their own and others' bids for battleship construction and the recommendations of the Naval Construction Board.

A night session of the Russian Cabinet was held, but the nature of the discussion was not disclosed.

The French Chamber of Deputies annulled the election of Count Boni de Castellane.

Rev. J. W. Jenkins, D. D., superintendent of the Methodist Orphanage, at Raleigh, N. C., and a veteran Methodist minister, died at his home in Raleigh on July Fourth of paralysis.

Two more Warsaw policemen were murdered by Russian terrorists.

In an interview in London Hon. William J. Bryan said the list of candidates should be open until the time comes to choose a candidate for the Presidency.

For its white population South Africa is perhaps the greatest market in the world for musical instruments. It spends for them \$1,000,000 a year, half of which is for pianos.

A Gigantic Loan.

New York, Special.—Negotiations for a loan, understood to be for St. Paul Railroad stated to be from \$25,000,000 to \$50,000,000, was concluded in Paris.

Fertilizer Cases.

Richmond, Va., Special.—In the fertilizer anti-trust cases Judge Waddill granted permission for the defense to incorporate in the courts order a recital of the circumstances attending the appearance of the defendants and attorneys. Both sides before the preparation of the record to be submitted to the Federal Supreme Court. The defense will make a test of the case of J. G. Linsey. When he is committed a habens corpus will be applied for.

Outlaws to Be Punished.

Manila, By Cable.—Montalun, the Ladrone leader, surrendered to Col. Bandiolle Assistant Chief of the Constabulary at Talisay July 8, and was removed to Cavite for trial. The capture of Montalun leaves one more Ladrone leader at large in the country. The chief of the Constabulary has announced that all outlaws must stand trial. The government has been criticised for not hastening their trial.

Killed By Exploding Boiler.

Lumberton, Special.—Jes. S. Stone, well-to-do citizen of this county, was killed by an explosion of the boiler at his saw mill at Long Branch about six miles from Lumberton. He was trying to remedy some irregularity while the regular engineer was away from the room. He was about 50 years old.

some time ago, when it had been cut by Mr. Lyerly, who was preparing to have it thrashed.

Monday Nease Gillespie went down to Mr. Lyerly's house and asked him what he was going to do with the wheat.

"Why, I am going to thrash it and use it," said Mr. Lyerly.

"You will not," declared Nease.

Hot words followed and Mr. Lyerly ordered the negro out of the yard. It was here Gillespie told his landlord that he would kill him or die in the attempt if he used the wheat without giving him a share of it.

It was after this that Nease told Mr. Webb that Mr. Lyerly might cut the wheat, but he would never eat or sell it. Gillespie had been very insolent to Mr. Lyerly.

The crowd which gathered at the Lyerly home heard of this threat of Gillespie and went to his home to arrest him. The negro had gone to his work, a mile or more away, but his wife became frightened and ran to the house of Mr. Dick Files, a farmer, and begged him to protect her, saying that she would be hanged for killing the Lyerlys when she had nothing to do with it.

Said Gillespie knew of the Crime.

"I don't know nothing about it, but my husband does," said Gillespie's wife.

Near the home of Gillespie was a freshly burnt spot, where a straw bed and other things had been fired down daylight. Those who grieved in the charred place found pieces of clothing, and a spoonful of scorched blood. Some paces from the house a bloody shirt, which had been boiled, and was still wet, was discovered in a weed patch. These bits of evidence, when put together, make an interesting and convincing story.

Gillespie's wife was hysterical and wild. She talked two ways, but the officers believe that she gave her husband

large lumber mills upon the property.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

Cossacks in the Province of the Don refused to obey mobilization orders.

Archie and Quentin Roosevelt drove a locomotive from Oyster Bay to Mineola.

The Gibraltar Estate Company has decided to rebuild the Palace Hotel, San Francisco, on the old site.

More witnesses were discovered to say they had heard Harry Thaw make threats of death for Stanford White.

Government attorneys believe they will be able to indict Lake Shore and Standard Oil officials on the charge of rebating.

Red flags were carried and rebel songs sung in many parts of St. Petersburg, causing conflicts with the police and troops.

General Trepoft said the Russian Duma was simply a revolutionary centre and too much freedom of speech was allowed there.

Charles Berry, charged with embezzling \$500,000, is driven by loneliness to return to Boston, Mass., and surrender to the police.

Arrangements are being made for a new railway from Pittsburg to New England by way of the Delaware and Hudson and Boston and Albany lines.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson found the beef packers trying to evade the clean-up order and warned them the Government will not stand it.

The International Policy Holders' Committee organized for the fight against the present managers of the Mutual and New York Life, and elected Richard Olney chairman.

Secretary Shaw sent a letter to national banks, urging them to issue more \$5 bills, saying the United States Treasury is unable to meet the pressing demand for notes of small denomination.

A man's love of sanctity cannot be measured by his loathing for soap

ST. VIRUS DANCE: A FEROUS DISEASE permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. 22 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ltd., 381 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Of all cities Rome has most frequently been in the hands of enemies.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The Mayor of Chicago receives a salary of \$10,000.

Cured at Once.

No says all who take Dr. F. R. Huckleberry's Cordial for Dysentery, cholera and cholera. At Drugists 25c and 50c.

It is a good deal better to hold a child than to have to hold meetings to save wandering men.

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Medical Department

TULANE UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA Its advantages for practical instruction, both in medicine and surgery, and its location in the heart of the South, make it the most desirable place for the study of medicine and surgery. Free catalogues given to the great Charity Hospital with 100 beds and 30,000 patients annually. Special instruction is given to the students in the hospital. The next session begins October 1, 1904. For catalogue and information, address PROF. S. E. CHAILLE, M. D., Dean, P. O. Drawer, 261, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

So, 29-06.

WANTED

Address of (1) persons of part Indian blood who are not living in the Indian army, or (2) those who served in the Indian army, or (3) those who served in the Indian army, or (4) those who served in the Indian army, or (5) those who served in the Indian army, or (6) those who served in the Indian army, or (7) those who served in the Indian army, or (8) those who served in the Indian army, or (9) those who served in the Indian army, or (10) those who served in the Indian army, or (11) those who served in the Indian army, or (12) those who served in the Indian army, or (13) those who served in the Indian army, or (14) those who served in the Indian army, or (15) those who served in the Indian army, or (16) those who served in the Indian army, or (17) those who served in the Indian army, or (18) those who served in the Indian army, or (19) those who served in the Indian army, or (20) those who served in the Indian army, or (21) those who served in the Indian army, or (22) those who served in the Indian army, or (23) those who served in the Indian army, or (24) those who served in the Indian army, or (25) those who served in the Indian army, or (26) those who served in the Indian army, or (27) those who served in the Indian army, or (28) those who served in the Indian army, or (29) those who served in the Indian army, or (30) those who served in the Indian army, or (31) those who served in the Indian army, or (32) those who served in the Indian army, or (33) those who served in the Indian army, or (34) those who served in the Indian army, or (35) those who served in the Indian army, or (36) those who served in the Indian army, or (37) those who served in the Indian army, or (38) those who served in the Indian army, or (39) those who served in the Indian army, or (40) those who served in the Indian army, or (41) those who served in the Indian army, or (42) those who served in the Indian army, or (43) those who served in the Indian army, or (44) those who served in the Indian army, or (45) those who served in the Indian army, or (46) those who served in the Indian army, or (47) those who served in the Indian army, or (48) those who served in the Indian army, or (49) those who served in the Indian army, or (50) those who served in the Indian army, or (51) those who served in the Indian army, or (52) those who served in the Indian army, or (53) those who served in the Indian army, or (54) those who served in the Indian army, or (55) those who served in the Indian army, or (56) those who served in the Indian army, or (57) those who served in the Indian army, or (58) those who served in the Indian army, or (59) those who served in the Indian army, or (60) those who served in the Indian army, or (61) those who served in the Indian army, or (62) those who served in the Indian army, or (63) those who served in the Indian army, or (64) those who served in the Indian army, or (65) those who served in the Indian army, or (66) those who served in the Indian army, or (67) those who served in the Indian army, or (68) those who served in the Indian army, or (69) those who served in the Indian army, or (70) those who served in the Indian army, or (71) those who served in the Indian army, or (72) those who served in the Indian army, or (73) those who served in the Indian army, or (74) those who served in the Indian army, or (75) those who served in the Indian army, or (76) those who served in the Indian army, or (77) those who served in the Indian army, or (78) those who served in the Indian army, or (79) those who served in the Indian army, or (80) those who served in the Indian army, or (81) those who served in the Indian army, or (82) those who served in the Indian army, or (83) those who served in the Indian army, or (84) those who served in the Indian army, or (85) those who served in the Indian army, or (86) those who served in the Indian army, or (87) those who served in the Indian army, or (