

Wednesday Morning, September 12, 1866.

"Hope" and "Home" will be inserted in a short time, at present our space is limited.

The Governor's Message Appears in our paper to-day. It will repay careful perusal.

RACES & BARBECUE.—There will be racing next Tuesday at Mr. Jack Hair's race course, at 11 o'clock. Also a fine barbecue by Dr. Epling.

Broad River Bridge Completed. We are gratified to learn that the trains on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad will commence running to-day and henceforth regularly over Broad River Bridge at Alston.

Two handsome little papers, the Cheraw Advertiser and Florence Gazette, have reached our sanctum to-day for the first time. The former by James and H. C. Powell, and the latter by J. P. Chase and W. A. Brunson. Success to them both and the sections they represent.

We acknowledge the reception of the American Farmer for September, published at Baltimore Md. This is one of the best magazines for the farmer and planter that we know. The present number is full of interest and worth the price of a year's subscription.

We are pleased to state that Capt. Paysinger and Mr. Edward Peterson have returned from Charleston, whither they were taken some time since by military authority. These gentlemen, we learn, received very kind favors at the hands of Messrs. Willis & Chisolm, Mr. Purcell, of the Mills House, and Col. T. P. Slider. We hope that friends going to Charleston will remember these kindnesses.

An Apology.

In consequence of the forced smallness of our paper (the new material not having arrived) and the great demand upon our columns for advertising matter and State papers, we cannot publish the legislative proceedings. But as the greatest interest will be felt in the final labors of the legislature, we shall publish the list of acts as soon as they appear.

Personal.

We had the pleasure of a visit yesterday from our talented young friend Capt. H. L. McGowan, of the Laurensville Herald, who has just returned from a short visit North, whither he had gone to recruit his health. He looked really handsome, and one would hardly suppose, to look at him, that he suffers from the effects of a painful bullet wound through one of his lungs, received at the battle of Savage Station.

Greenville & Columbia Rail Road.

The Greenville Enterprise, in reference to this road, says, that the bridge over Broad river having been completed, and the train running through, important changes by its energetic President Hammett, will be soon made, in the reduction of freight rates, and a change made in the running schedule, by which much time will be saved by the passenger. This is cheering intelligence. After the long inconveniences, high rates of freight, and high prices of goods and provisions, all those interested in this road will hail a change for the better with relief. In anticipation of this decline in freights, prices have fallen in Greenville, corn to \$2 per bushel, and bacon in small lots at 21 cents per pound.

Revival Item.

We make the following interesting extracts from a private note: "To-day, (11th Sept.) I received 9 whites into the church, and 23 colored by Baptism. I came yesterday, from Frog Level, where a most powerful revival is in progress, in which I have participated for several days. It is a Union meeting. The Methodist, Lutheran and Associate Reformed churches are there represented by the following ministers: Rev's. J. B. Traywick, M. M. Boyd, J. M. Boyd, Zimmerman, T. S. Boinest, J. A. Sligh, J. N. Hawkins and J. C. Boyd. To be there you cannot tell that Christians of various names are engaged in the meeting. Scores have already professed conversion and each of the churches have received a number of accessions. God be thanked for Christian union. I am glad to state to you as a friend of Christ's that in the meetings in which I have participated about two hundred and fifty have professed conversion. A note from Frog Level states that forty-five have joined the Church, together with sixty conversions."

Messrs. Lengnick & Sell.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Millinery, Straw and Fancy Goods, Charleston, S. C. We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers, far and near, to the card of the above named firm. From what we hear about their beautiful emporium or "garden of fashion," we are all but inclined to follow the example of the good queen of Sheba, (who went to see King Solomon's temple, on the strength of the reports she heard concerning its splendor,) and go to Charleston specially to view Messrs. L. & S.'s labyrinth of elegant goods, where bonnets, hats, ribbons, flowers, feathers, veils, ruffles, laces, crapes and silks, are to be seen in endless variety, and of the latest and most beautiful designs and finish. These gentlemen import from the best markets of the Old World, and for richness of fabric, and delicacy and loveliness of tint, their goods are unsurpassed.

Messrs. C. A. Lengnick and Ed. Emerick Sell, who have been residents of the "city by the sea," since early youth, are the gentlemen who compose the firm; with both of whom we are personally acquainted, having sojourned in our town at brief intervals during the war, and take pleasure in recommending them for all those virtues which constitute the honorable citizen and successful merchant.

The Galaxy, No. 10, for Sept. 18 is received. Contents—Archie Lovell; June day at Port Hudson; Mignonne; Pamela Clarke; Four British Statesmen; The Elder Booth; Too Late; The Claverings; Along the James; The Patio at Sienna; Heraldry in America; Charade and Nebulae, by the Editor. This is the second number of the second volume. The first volume may be obtained from the Publishers, elegantly bound in cloth for \$3; or those wishing to subscribe may, by the payment of six dollars receive the bound volume and be credited for the balance of the year to May 1st, 1867; the third volume commences May 1st, 1867. Address W. C. and F. P. Church, No. 39 Park Row New York.

Exchanges state the belief that the great meteoric shower of 1833, will be repeated this year, that Prof. Newton of Yale college declares that a prodigious flight of meteors will take place on the morning of the 13th or 14th of November next. Look out for it.

A lot of land, six and a half acres, in the village of Belton, says the Anderson Appeal was sold on sale-day last, and only realized fifteen dollars. A convincing proof of what may be expected, if some relief is not afforded by the Legislature.

We regret to notice a reduction in the size of that excellent paper, the Carolina Spartan. Want of mail facilities and sufficient patronage, the unfortunate cause.

The Planters of Georgia meet in Convention at Macon, on the 15th inst. Can't the planters of Carolina meet together. Good must result.

A tri-weekly mail will soon be run on the Blue Ridge Rail Road, we are gratified to learn from the Pickens Courier.

Mr. John Sloman and daughters will soon return to Charleston, from Rochester, England.

South Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind.

We are pleased to announce to the Public, that arrangements have been perfected for the resumption of the exercises of this well known Institution, on Wednesday, the 14th of November next. Pay pupils will, as heretofore, be charged One Hundred and Fifty Dollars in Specie, or its equivalent, per annum, for board, tuition and all other attendances except physician's bills. Those unable to pay the whole or any part of this sum can become participants of the Legislative bounty, by making application to the Commissioners, or to either of the subscribers.

The following is a list of the Officers of the Institution:

Board of Commissioners.—Gov. J. L. Orr, Columbia, S. C., Chancellor H. D. Lesesne, Charleston, S. C., Judge T. N. Dawkins, Unionville, S. C.

Faculty.—Department for Deaf and Dumb, N. F. Walker, Prof. J. M. Hughton. Department for the Blind, J. S. Henderson, Mrs. Henderson, Maron, Mrs. M. L. Walker.

Parents and Guardians desiring to place their children or wards under our charge, where their life-long affliction, though incurable, can be greatly mitigated, and where they may be prepared by moral, intellectual and physical culture and training, to become useful and happy members of society, should make immediate application, as the number received for the present, will necessarily be limited. By order of the Board of Commissioners, J. S. HENDERSON, N. F. WALKER, Associate Principals.

Cedar Springs, Spartanburg Dist., S. C., September 1st, 1866.

A PLEASANT LIFE TO LEAD.—The gentleman who gives the following account of himself lived till recently on the dividing line between Mexico and Texas:

I have had a plantation in the harbor of Mazatlan (on an island); received 24 pound shells through my house and 12 pound shot alongside; have been annoyed in every conceivable manner possible. My peons ran off; my cotton crop and sugar cane destroyed; some 6,000 tomato plants eaten by the worms (I was shipping tomatoes to California at 50c. per pound—\$10,000 loss of plants); and finally three different attempts to assassinate me in one week. The cursed French have had me prisoner in Mazatlan five days at a time, and the other side robbed me of all my arms—two revolvers, one rifle and double-barreled shot gun. I have, through all this, had the coast fever or callentura for six months; most of the time delirious; and altogether have passed through more during the year than in all my life combined.

WILMINGTON AND MANCHESTER RAIL ROAD.—Visiting the shops of this fine Company recently we were shown a magnificent new engine, called "H. T. Peake," after the gentlemanly and indefatigable Superintendent of the South Carolina Rail Road. We were much pleased with the compliment paid a deserving officer, and the good will, this respect shown to another Company, exhibits. A fellowship of interest and feeling must beget harmony of action that will be mutually beneficial. The superior advantage of the Sea-board route must always make it popular with travelers. Energy and enterprise will yet make our lines of rail roads remunerative property. With the river bridged, and the connection through Petersburg effected, we expect yet to see passengers carried from Aquia Creek and Portsmouth to Mobile and New Orleans at great speed and with much comfort.—Wilmington Journal.

PLANT TURNIPS.—Select good lands, prepare the soil carefully, apply manure liberally, and plant five times as much ground in the best varieties of turnips as you ever did before. They are all but inclined to follow the example of the good queen of Sheba, (who went to see King Solomon's temple, on the strength of the reports she heard concerning its splendor,) and go to Charleston specially to view Messrs. L. & S.'s labyrinth of elegant goods, where bonnets, hats, ribbons, flowers, feathers, veils, ruffles, laces, crapes and silks, are to be seen in endless variety, and of the latest and most beautiful designs and finish. These gentlemen import from the best markets of the Old World, and for richness of fabric, and delicacy and loveliness of tint, their goods are unsurpassed.

Let us improve the season, and the circumstances by which we are surrounded, by seeding largely of turnips, rye, and other winter crops. Also, prepare well and sow liberally of your best seed wheat. Much, very much depends on the ability of the country to feed its inhabitants until another crop is harvested. Leave no stone unturned to effect this object.—Keowee Courier.

The New York Citizen says that Mr. Prime, the editor-in-chief of the Journal of Commerce, is devoting himself to preparations for writing the "History of Jerusalem." It is a curious fact that no such work yet exists, and that a city which has played so great a part in the life of civilization still waits a competent chronicler of its varied, picturesque and imposing fortunes.

St. Louis, September 7.—The Circuit Court of Buchanan County has continued the cases of the preachers arrested for not taking the test oath, until the decision of the United States Supreme Court is announced.

The State Adjutant-General has issued orders to disband all militia organizations not in conformity with the State Convention ordinance.

The action of the Philadelphia Convention generally satisfies the radicals here.

St. Louis, September 8.—The President was received with much enthusiasm at Altona and in this city, to-day. Speeches were made by the President and Seward.

BALTIMORE, September 8.—Several post-masters have been removed in Francis' and John L. Thomas' districts, on account of hostility to the Administration.

HEART'S CONTENT, September 8.—The shore end of the cable of 1865 was landed at 4 p. m. to-day. The electrical conduction of the cable is perfect, and messages are passing over it. A second cable will be laid across the Gulf of St. Lawrence immediately.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Mr. J. G. Lindsay, a well known merchant of Yorkville, S. C., who arrived in this city by the South Carolina Railroad, on Thursday, and put up at the Mills House, fell from the third story of that establishment, between 1 and 2 o'clock Friday morning, and died of his injuries about 7 a. m. It is supposed that deceased fell asleep while sitting in one of the windows of his room, lost his balance, and was precipitated to the pavement.

Mr. Purcell, the gentlemanly proprietor of the Mills House, has had the body deposited in a vault at Magnolia Cemetery, subject to the order of his friends.

[Charleston Courier, 8th.]

SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.—The First National Bank of Charlotte buys South Carolina bank notes at the following rates—

as we learn from the Times, of Monday: Bank of Camden, 53; Bank of Charleston, 21; Bank of Chester, 21; Bank of Georgetown, 21; Bank of Hamburg, 17; Bank of Newberry, 58; Bank of South Carolina, 15; Planters' Bank, 15; Bank of the State of South Carolina, before 1861, 22; Commercial Bank, Columbia, 18; Exchange Bank, Columbia, 17; Farmers' and Exchange Bank, 5; Merchants' Bank, of Cheraw, 21; People's Bank, 46; Planters' and Mechanics' Banks, 21; South-western Railroad Bank, 55; State Bank, 5; Union Bank, 60.

Andrew Johnson said the other day at a way station in New York, where he was enthusiastically greeted by a large crowd, that he was for saving the Constitution and the country, and if anybody's party come in conflict with it, the party might go to the devil or anywhere else. He did not stop to consider what party was to be taken care of before the country. He had always been on the Constitution and the Union, he still stood there, and he was going to fight it out on that line. If anybody can improve that speech, we should like to see it.

SUBSTITUTE FOR BUTTER.—A lady who is a famous housekeeper, says the Eufaula News, recommends an economical plan for making cake without butter, which may be useful to our lady readers. Take a piece of fat salt pork, melt it down, and strain it through a piece of coarse thin muslin. Set it aside until cold. It is then white and firm, and may be used like butter in any kind of cake. In pound cake, she assures us, it is delicious. She says after one trial she never used butter.

There is an organization of freedmen in this place, says the Cheraw Advertiser, whose object is to ferret out and punish crime among themselves. Upon learning that a negro horse-thief had passed through the place, on Friday, a member of the organization put out in pursuit and soon had the thief in limbo, and delivered him up to the authorities. The negro had a horse and buggy, which has been left here subject to the demand of the owner.

Two fellows, Durant and Browning, have been libelling Louisiana at a mass meeting in Philadelphia. The former used the following disgusting language: "If there is another war, I want you to divide your army into three portions. Let the first come with harpoons and do the killing, let the second bring live torches and do the burning, and let the third bring surveyors' lines and remark and re-settle the land."

The Mayor of Memphis recently called the Board of Aldermen a "set of d—d thieves." He afterwards took it back, excusing himself by stating that he was "laboring under excitement." This excitement is produced at various places in Memphis, for twenty-five cents, and is said to be pleasant to those who "take sugar in their."

The Parris Kentuckian says: Never, perhaps, in the memory of the oldest inhabitant, has there been such a prospect for corn in this and adjoining counties. Douglas P. Lewis thinks he will raise 25 barrels per acre on a portion of his land.

The Harrisburg, Pa., papers tell of a man and woman discovered on Monday, who live in a hut in the woods not far from that city, and wear no clothing except a girdle round their loins.

A dispatch of 478 words, in cipher, from the Emperor Maximilian, of Mexico, to the Empress Carlotta, now in Europe, passed over the Atlantic Cable on Friday. The cost of transmission was over \$5000.

A lady at the Louisville and Nashville depot the other day startled everybody by crying out, "I've got the cholera!" A fine boy soon made his advent into the world, and proved to be only a new kind of cholera infantum.

Judge Loring, of Boston, was bathing at Nahant, and some negro thieves went through his clothes—gold watch, ditto snuff box, ditto pencil case, ditto bowed spectacles.

An Englishman in India was horrified by the receipt of a telegram from England that his wife had been delivered of five daughters. The dispatch should have said a fine daughter.

GOOD STATE RIGHT DOCTRINE.—Mr. Seward, in a short address delivered in New York City last week, made the following remark:

In the city and State of New York the people should be faithful, first to their wives, then to their children, then to their city and State, and then to the country.

The story that Mrs. John C. Breckinridge has lately given birth to twins is only half true.

Negro labor is rapidly superseding white labor in Illinois—it is so much cheaper.

Work on the railroad between Richmond and Newport News has been commenced.

FOR THE HERALD. MESSRS. EDITORS.—In the present condition of our State, I believe it the duty of every citizen not only to think but to express his thoughts, that by considering the various plans suggested, we may be able to hit upon some method to give vitality to our struggling, gasping country. Let me suggest as one means the following: let the Legislature, if competent to do so, vacate every office in the State. If not let a convention be ordered on the question of the indebtedness of the people of the State. Let said convention be instructed to vacate all offices and reduce the salaries of all officers to one-third of the present amount. Then to carry out the plan, let working men be elected to fill the various offices, and let the aristocracy who have for so long a time misgoverned the State, be turned adrift to find their proper level without extraneous aid. As the last convention emancipated the negroes, let the proposed convention compensate the owners at the market price, say \$500 each, which was about the market price at the time of the surrender. To effect this let the State charter a bank for 21 years, and suffer no other bank or bank agency in the State during that period. Let this bank issue legal tender notes sufficient to pay for the negroes and buy the present crop of cotton, which can be sold for specie to be placed in the vaults of the bank. If the State is able, let her borrow one-third the amount necessary, if not deposit bonds to that amount with the bank for security. Let the people be taxed for the support of the government, and to pay the interest of the loan or bonds sold or deposited, which cannot be paid from the profits of the bank. This plan will I think free the people from debt, enhance the price of land at least 50 per cent above present prices, and render the State independent in five years. This too will give us justice. As the State freed the negroes, she should pay for them. But if the State refuse compensation, sweep away all evidences of debt prior to the surrender. If the convention had a right to take one species of property she has an equal right over every other. M. GRAHAM. Sept. 1, 18 66.

FOR THE HERALD.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, take this method of returning our heartfelt thanks to Messrs. Willis and Chisolm, of Charleston, for very kind and efficient favors extended us during our confinement in Charleston Jail; also to Mr. Purcell, of the Mills House, for his considerate care in furnishing abundant daily supplies of food, and to our friend Col. T. P. Slider, for repeated courtesies and attention. We owe these gentlemen a debt of gratitude, and offer, in part, this simple testimonial of our appreciation. T. M. PAYSINGER, J. E. PETERSON.

New Advertisements.

Pratt, James & Co., practical druggists, chemists and pharmacists, main st., Newberry, opposite the Hotel, have, in addition to their excellent stock of drugs, medicines, chemicals, paints and dye stuffs, just opened another fresh assortment of family articles, and French confectionery. Also fine wines, liquors, ale and London Porter (selected expressly for medicinal purposes). Together with the most desirable brands of smoking tobacco, segars, snuff, and meershaum and powhattan pipes and pipe heads.

We direct attention to the advertised sale at auction, on Monday next, the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, a. m., at Capt. Matt Bythee's sales room, on Caldwell St., next to Post Office, of elegant furniture, mattresses, matting, books, cooking utensils, etc., etc. Also, the unsold stock in trade belonging to Capt. C. W. Parker. An opportunity will be afforded for bargains.

We invite special attention to an important "Notice to Planters" from Messrs. Carwile & McCaughrin, to be found in another column.

S. P. Boozer & Co., have just received a fine lot of Gin Banding and Bristles, and Vulcanized Rubber Belting, of any width, which they will sell at a small advance on cost.

Citations—J. T. Peterson, Ord. Notice—Sale of four hundred and ninety-six acres, at the residence of Adam Cromer, deceased.

For Tax Collector—Thomas H. Cromer. Legal Notice—Silas Johnstone, C. E. N. D. Sale of land—J. T. Peterson Ex'or.

NEW ORLEANS, September 10.—Cholera deaths yesterday twenty-nine. Mexican advices say no twenty leagues exist which are not traversed by guerilla bands.

PORTLAND, September 10.—At 1 o'clock, the Republican majority in this city was 1,000. In 1864 and 1865, it was a trifle less than that in the city. The Republican canvass promised Lynch 2,100 majority in his district. Portland is so far ahead of the canvass. The vote in the city is light.

The Atlantic cable, from the point where it leaves Valentia Island to the spot where it was landed at Heart's Content, is precisely 1,866 miles in length. It's a queer coincidence that it should have been perfected this year.

COMMERCIAL.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Markets corrected weekly by Mays and Martin—currency prices, Bagging, Gunny, per yard, 45c; Dundee, 5c; Bale Rope, Manila, per lb., 35 to 40c; Hemp, 30 to 35c; Plough Steel, per lb., 18c; H. S. Iron, 12 to 14; Sweede Iron, 14; Nails, 22; Blue Stone, 25; Coffee, Java, 40; Sugar Brown, 16; Refined, 23 to 25; Rice, 18; Salt, Liverpool, 5.50; Cheese, 4.00; Mackerel, kits, 4.00; Candles, Adamantine, 40c; Spermaceti, 50c; Molasses, Sorghum, 1.00; Cuba, 1.00; Corn, 2.10; Meal, 2.25; Gold, 45.

Produce Market—Wagon Price. Butter, per pound, 25c; Beef, 10 to 12; Bacon, 25 to 27; Eggs, per doz, 20c; Flour, per bbl., 18 00; Lard, per pound, 25c; Peas, per bushel, 1 to 1.50; Chickens, 20 to 30.

NEWBERRY, Sept 12—Cotton dull, no change since last quotations. NEW YORK, September 10—7 P. M.—Gold 46 1/2. Cotton firm—sales of 3,000 bales, at 33 a 35. Southern flour firmer, at \$10.75 a 11.75.

MOBILE, September 10.—Sales of cotton to-day 500 bales; market unchanged—middling 30.

NEW ORLEANS, September 10.—Cotton unchanged—sales of 650 bales; middlings 30 a 32. Gold 44 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Noon, September 8.—The cotton market is steady and unchanged. The sales to-day are about 1,000 bales—middling uplands quoted at 13d. The breadstuffs market is firm.

COLUMBIA, Sept.—Cotton, ordinary 24, middling 28; flour 12 a 18; gold 45; Liverpool salt 54; sugar 15 a 22.

[From the Chicago Times.] "THE SUCCESS OF THE CROSBY OPERA HOUSE ART ASSOCIATION.—The past week has been a fruitful one for this widely-spread enterprise. Our exchanges from every quarter are filled with notices of its success. Its advertisements, which are on a scale surpassing in general extent anything which has been attempted by even an American enterprise before, occupy pages of the New York press. A correspondent writing of its success at New York, says: "The office reminds me of a railroad ticket office a few minutes before the departure of the train." The feeling of personal interest in Mr. Crosby seems to pervade the whole country. Every little town or village has its one or more clubs, and we understand that the rapid sale of certificates throughout the country is in a measure to be attributed to the cordial support of the National Banks, the Presidents and Cashiers of which are its most numerous and efficient agents. Another large club has been organized here upon the plan of that of the express and telegraph men. It is to be composed exclusively of railroad and steamboat men. They have secured 1,000 certificates. The work packers have also a club of 500 nearly filled. The Young Men's Association are forming a large club. The Chamber of Commerce club is full. Several Boards of Trade clubs, holding a large number of certificates, have been filled, and others are in progress. Activity in this line seems to increase with each week. These movements are rapidly taking up the certificates all over the country, and hastening the happy consummation of a scheme which has in it more interest, novelty and spirit, than any thing which has engaged public attention within our recollection.

As many of our readers may not be aware of the unusual inducements offered by this Association, we give the following summary here upon the plan of that of the express and telegraph men. It is to be composed exclusively of railroad and steamboat men. They have secured 1,000 certificates. The work packers have also a club of 500 nearly filled. The Young Men's Association are forming a large club. The Chamber of Commerce club is full. Several Boards of Trade clubs, holding a large number of certificates, have been filled, and others are in progress. Activity in this line seems to increase with each week. These movements are rapidly taking up the certificates all over the country, and hastening the happy consummation of a scheme which has in it more interest, novelty and spirit, than any thing which has engaged public attention within our recollection.

THE FIRST PREMIUM.

THE CROSBY OPERA HOUSE, IN CHICAGO, situated on Washington street, with a frontage of 14 feet and a depth of 150. It is built of marble, and four spacious stores on either side of the entrance hall, with the office and studios above, produce an aggregate rental of \$30,000. The actual cost and value of this splendid building, conceded to be one of the finest in the world, amounts to six hundred thousand dollars.

In addition to this the premiums consist of more than three hundred splendid oil paintings, the first American artists. BIERSTADT'S great painting, "The Yosemite Valley," value \$2,000; CROSBY'S "American Autumn," value \$5,000; Irving and his friends, value \$5,000; "Woods in Autumn," value \$5,000; "Recognition," value \$5,000; BEARD'S "Deer on the Prairie," value \$4,000; GIGNOUX'S "Alpine Scenery," value \$3,000, as well as works by all the leading artists of the country, constituting the grandest collection ever brought before the public; also, the original life-size bust of Abraham Lincoln, executed from life by L. W. Volz, value \$2,500.

To enable the public to judge for themselves, this entire collection, the largest and MOST VALUABLE EVER OFFERED BY ANY ART UNION,

Will be on free exhibition, a part alternately in the OPERA HOUSE, CHICAGO,

AND THE ART INSTITUTE, No. 625 BROADWAY.

Tickets of Membership—For \$5, one share or certificate, with one of the following beautiful Steel Engravings: "The Little Wanderer," by Thomas Reed; or "Gathering Apples," by Jerome Thompson. For \$10, two shares or certificates, with the superb Steel Engraving of "Washington Irving and his Friends." For \$15, three shares or certificates, with the fine Allegorical Engraving on Steel, "Mercy's Dream," by D. Huntington. For \$20, four shares or certificates with the splendid Chromo Engraving of "Autumn."

The award of premiums will be made on the 1st of October next. Application for shares can be made to U. H. CROSBY,

Actuary, A. A., and directed to the Art Institute, No. 625 Broadway, New York, or the Crosby Opera House, Chicago, where further particulars can be had on application.

THE CROSBY OPERA HOUSE ART ASSOCIATION IS NO GIFT ENTERPRISE, AND MUST NOT BE CONFUSED WITH DOZENS OF OTHERS WHICH HAVE BEEN ADVERTISED TO TAKE PLACE AT THE OPERA HOUSE, WITHOUT THE AUTHORITY OR CONSENT OF THE PROPRIETORS.

The famine in India is increasing, and starving wretches have begun to flock from the country to the city. "Hundreds of men," says a Bengal circular, "are daily coming down to Calcutta from the famine-stricken districts, of whom some get their food once in a day, and some do not. Many pass their days eating skins of mangoes picked up in the streets; many sell their children for an anna or two, or devote themselves to pocket-picking and murder."

Justice, they say, is blind; how then is she to discover that one man is white and another colored?—New York Tribune.

How? by the smell! "There are more things in heaven and earth, Horatio, Than are dreamt of in your philosophy."

Over 1,500 buildings are in course of erection in Memphis.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—You will please announce THOMAS H. CROMER as a candidate for Tax Collector Newberry District, at the next election. MOLLOHON, Sept 12

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please announce DR. CHARLTON H. SONDELY, as candidate for Tax Collector, of Newberry District, at the next election, and oblige MANY FRIENDS.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—You will please announce N. F. JOHNSON, as a candidate for Sheriff of Newberry District, and oblige MANY FRIENDS, April 4, 14.

The friends of Capt. THOS. M. PAYSINGER respectfully nominate him as a suitable candidate for Sheriff of Newberry District. VOTERS.

Messrs. Editors—By nominating Mr. Daniel B. Wheeler as a candidate for Tax Collector of Newberry District, you will oblige his many WARM FRIENDS. July 4

Messrs. Editors: You will please announce J. D. SMITH, as candidate for the office of Tax Collector, Newberry district and oblige MANY FRIENDS. May 2, 1866.

Messrs. Editors:—You will oblige the friends of Mr. W. J. LAKE, by nominating him as a candidate for Sheriff of Newberry District. NEWBERRY. Apr 11, 14.

MARRIED.

On the 9th inst., by the Rev. J. M. Boyd, Mr. R. T. C. HUNTER and Miss REBECCA BOOZER, all of Newberry District.