

POETRY.

LAMENT OF THE GOLD-DIGGER.

Hear me far from all the pleasures
Of the digging, washing gold;
California, with all your treasures,

Witness any toiling creature,
Wet from morn till dewy eve,
Does not every care-worn feature

Watch him when the "cradle rocking,"
Watch him digging in the sand,
And then say, was it not shocking,

Watch him, his old tin pan baking
To and fro in search of pelf;
See him, pick and shovel packing—

See him stewing "jerks" for dinner,
See him drawing of his tea—
Ask the disappointed sinner

Ask him if in that home is dwelling
Wife, or child, or sister dear,
When for their heart is swelling,

Gold! gold! gold! man's chief reliance,
Curse upon thy power to charm;
Give me back God's best appliance,

Our "Devil" (says the Jefferson City
Metropolitan,) is the promulgator of
the following "pathetic" lines. The words
in italics are technical terms among Printers,

THE PRINTER'S EPITAPH.
ORIGINAL—BY STAMPER.
Beneath this bank of clay
The form of a Typo fell,

His stick was a guide to all,
His name a shining star
For he was a follower of the cross,

Too soon his take of life run out,
He could not stand the chase;
And by this stone he now doth lie,

SINGULAR REVENGE.
An incident is related in our latest Parisian
files, which could have taken place
nowhere else but in France.

Mons. P—, an old military officer—
a man of harsh and unbending character—
had resolved to marry his son to the
daughter of one of his brother officers.

The preliminaries having been duly ar-
ranged, the Mayor of C— (M. Morbi-
ban) put to the groom the usual question—
"Arthur P—, will you take this wo-
man, Emma C—, for your wife?" etc.

Arthur slowly raised his head, and in
a trembling, yet clear, emphatic tone, an-
swered—"No!"

Of course, then followed a scene, to the
portrayal of which we cannot hope to do
justice. All was confusion. The party
separated in disorder—the relatives of
the interested bride indignantly demand-
ing an explanation of Mons. P—, senior,

A few days subsequent to this extra-
ordinary occurrence, a young girl was
seen rapidly ascending the stairs of a ho-
tel garni in Rue St. Honore. She had
learned from the porter that Mons. Ar-
thur P— arrived the preceding night.

"Sir!" said she to Arthur, her eyes
flashing with anger, "you have grossly
insulted me, and I demand reparation!
Refuse this reparation at the peril of your
life! Let us return at once to the mayor-
ality of C—, both in marriage costume.

When the customary question is put to
you, you will answer 'Yes,' and I shall
answer 'No!' when my honor will be sat-
isfied."

Emma seconded her persuasive elo-
quence by brandishing her pistol with
both hands. It was a powerful argu-
ment.

After all, she was right, or nearly so—
at least such was Arthur's opinion. He
promised, and set out the same day with
his father, who ground his teeth during
the journey, but uttered not a word.

Finally, they presented themselves
again at the mayoralty, before the same
magistrate. Arthur bravely answered
"Yes," as arranged, and prepared his
countenance to express the proper degree
of indignation when he should hear the
reply of his betrothed.

The Mayor resumed—"Emma L—,
do you consent?" etc. "Yes," answered
Emma, in the most natural tone possible.

Mons. P—, senior, was delighted;
he declared that this union commenced
under such auspices, would end like the
fairy tales. And they are now actually
living together, as happy as the days are
long!

A SCENE.

The following scene occurred at one of
Mr. Benton's appointments:
At the meeting in Ralls county, the
following scene took place:

As soon as he had concluded his speech
Senator Priest rose, and calling him by
name, said that he had a question to ask
him. Colonel Benton seemed not to hear
him, when Senator Priest repeated a lit-
tle louder "Colonel Benton, before you
leave the stand I have a question to sub-
mit to you."

Colonel Benton, turning with fire in his
eye, and a scowl upon his brow, scream-
ed at the top of his voice, "Well, sir,
what is it?" Col. Priest then remarked
that he might not understand him, and
would like to know "whether he was for
or against the Wilmot Proviso?"

Col. Benton's fury rising still high-
er, he roared out in a sneering tone "The
Wilmot Proviso! Wilmot Proviso! dead
and rotten, dead and rotten! you had as
well bring the carcass of a dead dog from
off the commons into this house! it is the
Jefferson proviso, sir! Have you heard
the news? Have you heard from Cali-
fornia? They are all for the Jefferson
proviso." "But," says Col. Priest, "it
matters not what the people of California
are for, we want to know whether you
are for the Wilmot Proviso."

Benton—"The Wilmot Proviso again!
I tell you sir that it is the Jefferson pro-
viso; none but a nullifier would call it the
Wilmot Proviso!"

A voice from the crowd calls out, Wil-
mot Proviso.
Benton, with a scowl upon his face,
looked round the room and says, "Stand
out here, sir, where we can all see you
good."

The man deliberately steps out on the
bench, and repeats in a full voice "Wil-
mot Proviso."

Benton, sneering and scoffing, repeats
—"Brave fellow! you are a brave fellow!"
Then turning to Col. Priest he roared
out—"I have been asked that question
with a six-barreled revolver pointed at me
when I did not answer it, and shall not
answer you, sir!"

CONSOLATION FOR POVERTY.—The
Home Journal gives utterance to some
true philosophy, when, speaking of riches,
it says:

"Aggrandize as we may, the limits of
our senses check miserably at every mo-
ment? You call yourself 'proprietor!'
House and pictures out-live you, and af-
ter taking your will of them for a short
time, you are carried out of your own
door, feet foremost, never again to enter
it. Proprietor you were, perhaps, of
farms and castles, estates and mountains—
but now you own nothing but a hole
in the ground, six feet by two. The ar-
tist who visits your gallery while you live
and own it enjoys it more than you. You
are rich enough to dine twenty-four times
a day, but you must eat sparingly to en-
joy even eating once. Your cellar is full
of exquisite wines, but you can only drink
one bottle yourself, and, to help you use
your store, you are obliged to call around
your friends, relatives, parasites—a little
world could live upon your substance,
and who, instead of gratitude, are likelier
to make you a return in envy. You have
thirty horses in your stable, you can
mount but one—ride after two or four.
To be truly rich, one should have stom-
achs in proportion to the number of din-
ners he can afford; senses excluded, ac-
cording to stock in the bank; sextuple
vigor, and sensibility to concentrate and
return all the love he could propitiate
with gifts. At the close of his life the
rich man has hardly spent more upon his
enjoyment than the poor man. He has
eaten twice a day, slept in bed alone, or
with one wife, and the poor man can do
as much, and the proprietor scarcely
more."

We say there is some philosophy in
these remarks of the Home Journal.—
Riches and Poverty have both their pec-
uliar trials. The most deplorable is no
doubt that in which a man is obliged
to labor, and at the same time receives
for his labor an adequate reward. "Give
me neither poverty nor riches," is a

prayer, the wisdom of which is sustained
by the testimony of human experience,
as well as Divine Revelation.

Kossuth's Children.—The Vienna cor-
respondent of the London Times, learns
from a friend, just returned from Pesth,
some authentic information as to the wo-
men and children now confined in the
castle of that city. He states that Kos-
suth's two sons and one daughter, as al-
so two of Guyon's children, are in the
hands of the Imperialists. The little Kos-
suth's are so totally without pecuniary
resources, that General Haynau was
moved by compassion to deposit £10 in
the hands of the Governor of the castle
for their benefit. The tutor of Kossuth's
children, who was concerned in the re-
bellion, has been removed by the author-
ities, but the governess has been left
with her helpless charges.

Temptation.—How beautiful in the
Lord's Prayer is the invocation of "Lead
us not into temptation." How much it
expresses, and what a volume of thought
it opens, "Lead us not into tempta-
tion." The will may be strong but the heart is
weak, and in an evil hour the tempted
falls before the tempter. Temptation is
a little rill which forms drop by drop—
but follow its course, and it swells until it
becomes a mountain torrent which sweeps
all before it. "Lead us not into tempta-
tion." flee from it as from a pestilence.
Avoid it—for honor, happiness, all will
be drawn its vortex, and become a wreck
upon the shore of time. "Lead us not
into temptation."

FALL TERM, 1849.
The Commissioners of the Poor would
submit as to their actings and doings
for the last year, in obedience to the
Act of the Assembly in such case made
and provided, the following
REPORT:

RECEIPTS,
1849. To amount received from
John Bowen Tax Col., as-
sessment on Gen'l Tax
at 12 1/2 per cent, \$282 29
Treas. com. on monies re-
ceived at 2 1/2 per cent, 7 10

Leaving in Treas. hands, \$275 19
By am't rec'd for price of
2 barrels sold, 50

\$275 69
Amount of expenditures inclu-
ding Treasurer's com. 263 14

Leaving in Treasurer's hands, \$12 55
The Commissioners would further re-
port, that they have under their charge
the following paupers, viz: J. Right, Mar-
tha Prince, Mary Jarvice, Nancy Dowis
and Isaac Dowis, being six in number—
that since their last Report the following
paupers have died, Elizabeth Smith on
the 18th day of October, 1848, and Lew-
is Carver on the 15th instant—this pau-
per had only been at the establishment
since the 20th September last. That dur-
ing the year, two hundred and twenty
seven yards of cloth have been made
which is a sufficiency to clothe the pau-
pers.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
ROB'T. CRAIG,
Sec'y & Treas.
Oct. 29, 1849.

DISBURSEMENTS.
Oct. 30, To amount due Treas.
as per last Report, \$5 85 1/2
Mar. 6, To — bushels Oats, (not
inserted in last Report,) 3 00
To am't paid John Price for 146 1/2
bushels corn, at 30 cents, 43 95
To amount paid John Price for
100 lbs. picked cotton, at 5 cts. 5 00
To am't paid J. Price for leather, 2 12 1/2
" " for tin cups, 30
" " John Edes for 2 days'
cradling, 1 50
" " John Price for wages
as Steward, 80 00
" " John Price for 25 bu.
corn, at 40 cents, 10 00
" " for tobacco for paupers 1 00
" " for 7 1/2 lbs. Iron, 50
" " for hauling from Ham-
burg, 7 00

1849, Oct. 18,
To am't paid Catharine Craig for
corn, 2 20
" " Hardin Price for 2
barrels S. F. Flour, 12 00
" " Hardin Price for 150
lbs. 2nd quality do., 3 75

Oct. 19, To am't paid S. Kirksey
for sundry items as per
account receipted, 9 14 1/2
June 4, To am't paid J. Grisham
for 2 barrels S. F. flour, 10 00
To am't paid James W. Lewis
for pork, 34 40
" " J. J. Howard, for Su-
gar, Coffee, Salt, &c., 25 00

Total am't of expenditures, \$256 72
Treas. com. on monies paid out, 6 42

Amount of expenditures with
Treasurer's com. \$263 14
Approved,
JOHN SHARPE, Foreman.

A CHANGE FOR SPECULATION.—We
commend the following advertisement,
which has been handed in to any of our
readers who are anxious to engage in the
kind of business which it presents:

"Recommended to the attention of Mr.
and Mrs. Busybody." By a member of
the "Anti poking-your-nose-in-to-other-
people's-business-Society."

"Wanted immediately.—A person of
fair character, (age or sex immaterial,)
at a salary of \$500 a year, to mind their
own business, with a periodical increase
equivalent to \$1000 per annum. ££ Only
to leave other people's business al-
one. ££"

JENNY LIND.

Barnum has published a card in which
he states that he has offered the night-
ingale \$1,000 per night for two hundred
nights, besides payment of all contingent
expenses, and that he has sent an agent
to England to hear her ultimate!

Washington Monument.—We learn
from the National Intelligencer that this
magnificent structure is now fifty four
feet above the ground level. The two
massive doorways have been finished, and
the whole thus far is remarkable for the
solidity of the architecture.—Carolinian.

W. T. HOLLAND offers for
sale, his Shop Furniture, and a large and
fresh stock of Medicines.

—ALSO—
The Farm on which he now lives, (the
Bachelors Retreat place.) I would great-
ly prefer selling to a good Physician with
a large family, it will suit a person of that
profession and family better than any
other, as the Farm is good, with a com-
fortable Dwelling House, Kitchen, Barn,
Tanyard, and other conveniences com-
mon to well improved Farms. There is
a good Academy within 1-4 of a mile of
the house, and it is decidedly the best
stand for a Physician in the up country,
and I will do all I can to introduce a
man into practice while I remain at this
place.

££ The South Carolinian, and Laur-
ensville Herald, will please give the above
four insertions, and forward accounts to
this office.

W. T. HOLLAND.
Pickens, Oct. 27. 24 4t

JAMES V. TRIMMIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SPARTANBURG, C. H. S. C.
Will practice in the Courts of Union,
Spartanburg and Greenville.

All business committed to his care will receive
prompt and faithful attention.
REFERENCES:
Hon. D. WALLACE, Union, S. C.
T. O. P. VERNON, C. E. S. D., Spartanburg, S. C.
May 18, 1849 1-tf

Last Arrival!
JUST RECEIVED FROM PHILA-
DELPHIA A FINE SORTMENT OF
UMBRELLAS,
which we will sell low for Cash.

P. & E. E. ALEXANDER.
June 30, 1849. 7-tf

NOTICE.
Application will be made at the next
Session of the Legislature for a Charter
for a Turnpike Road across Sassafras
Mountain, beginning near the house of
Jacob Lewis, and terminating at the
North Carolina Line.

Dr. J. N. Lawrence.
Will attend punctually to all calls in
the line of his profession. Unless absent
on professional business, he may be found
at his Office, or his private residence in
the Village. He also has on hand a
general assortment of medicines which
he will furnish to customers at reduced
prices.
Pickens C. H., S. C. }
May 18, 1849. } 1. 1-tf

FR. J. W. EARLE,
TENDERS his Professional Services to
the citizens of Pickens Village and the
District. He can always be found at his
Office, or at the residence of MAJ. W. L.
KEITH, unless professionally engaged.
He has received a fresh assortment of
Drugs and Medicines, which he will sell
low.
Pickens, C. H., July 28, 1849. 11

TIN WARE!
The Subscriber being about to remove
from this place, has a large assortment
of Tin Ware which he will sell low
for cash, at wholesale or retail.
Those indebted to him will do well to
call and settle by Court, or they will find
their Notes and Accounts in the hands of
officers for collection.
H. R. GASTON,
Pickens C. H., Oct. 13, 1849. 22

JOB PRINTING,
EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS
AND DESPATCH AT THIS OFFICE

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to P. & E. E.
Alexander prior to the 1st January last,
must pay on or before the 10th October
next.

Due attention to the above will save
costs, as no longer indulgence can be
given.
P. & E. E. ALEXANDER.
Pickens C. H., Sept. 10, 1849. 18

Letters.
Remaining in the Post Office at Pickens: C.
H. Quarter ending 30th Sept., 1849, which is
not taken out within three months will be sent
to the Post-Office Department as dead letters

George Barnes, Joel Moody
Wm. Boothe, John Owens
James Baron, Foster Perry
James Cannon, Sarah Ann Rankins
John Couch, John Reid
Gen. J. W. Cantey, B. C. Register
Daguerrean Artist, Wm. Rowland
Garner Evans, Aaron Roberson
Wm. A. Edwards, Committee of Safety
Hardy J. Fennel, James R. Smith
Ira G. Gambrell, Matthew Vickry
Wm. Howard, James Walker
Jesse Jones, Robt. Wilson 2
C. G. McGregor, Samuel Wilson
Dr. R. Maxwell, John B. Young

P. ALEXANDER, P. M.
Oct. 6, 1849.

Just Received!
A large and well selected assortment of
Books and Stationary, consist-
ing of Histories, Family and Pocket
Bibles, School and other Books.

—ALSO—
A Lot of Iron, Nails, Castings, &c., &c.
at the Store of
BENSON & TAYLOR.
Pickens C. H., July 7, 1849.

NOTICE!
JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE LOT OF
Fall and Winter Goods
for Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear, of the
latest Styles and Patterns.

Groceries, Hardware, Crockery-ware,
Shoes and Boots, Saddles, Bridles, Drugs
and Medicines, &c.; all of which we will
sell low for cash, as our motto is quick
sales and small profits.

We will take in payment for Goods
10,000 pounds Bees wax, 1000 pounds
Tallow.

A. B. & J. TOWERS,
No. 12, Brick Range,
Anderson C. H., S. C., Oct. 8, 1849.
22 4w

NOTICE.
Application will be made at the next
session of the Legislature for a Charter
for Jenkin's Ferry, on Tugaloo River, 8
miles below Jarrett's Bridge on the road
leading from Pickens C. H. to Carnsville,
Georgia.

Sept. 3, 1849. 173m

ESTRAY.
John Lukeroy, two miles East of
Cherry's Bridge, tolls before me a Bay
Mare, 10 or 17 hands high, and supposed
to be 19 or 20 years old, dim star in
forehead, no brands perceptible, collar-
marked, right eye out. Appraised at
fifteen dollars.

J. B. E. CARADINE, M. P. D.,
Pickens Dist., July 6th, 1849. 10

NOTICE.
W. T. Holland has commenced collec-
ting money, and will continue so to do, as
rapidly as the Law and William Griffin
Esq. will justify, without respect to per-
sons, both in the old and in the new.

Pickens, Oct. 26. 24 4t.

THE
Pickens Academy.
APPLICATIONS will be received by
the Board of Trustees until the first Mon-
day in December next, for a competent
Teacher to take charge of the Academy
at this Village. At that time a selection
will be made; undoubted credentials will
be required.

E. M. KEITH, Sec'y and Treas.
Board of Trus.
Pickens, C. H., S. C., Oct. 27, 1849. 4t.

SOUTH CAROLINA.
IN THE COMMON PLEAS
PICKENS DISTRICT.
Henry Whitmire, ) Dec. in Attachment
vs. ) E. M. Keith
John Bishop, ) P. M. Att'y.

The Plaintiff having this day filed his
declaration in my office, and the defend-
ant having neither wife nor attorney
known to be in this State.—On motion;
It is ordered, that the defendant do ap-
pear, and plead or demur to the said de-
claration, within a year and a day from
this date, or judgment will be entered by
default.

W. L. KEITH, C. C. P.
Clerk's Office.
May 10, 1849.

NOTICE.
Is hereby given that application will
be made to the next Legislature for an
Act incorporating the Village of Pick-
ensville.
August 11, 1849.