



"TO THINE OWN SELF BE TRUE, AND IT MUST FOLLOW AS THE NIGHT THE DAY: THOU CANST NOT THEN BE FALSE TO ANY MAN."

By STECK, SHELOR & SCHRODER.

WALHALLA, SOUTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1915.

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LACE AND EMBROIDERY.

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No one ever regretted what they saved—always what they spent or never had. Open an account WITH US to-day and you will take pleasure in Banking your earnings.

"Begin to Save Now, Be It Ever So Little."

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"Begin to Save Now, Be It So Little."

TAX ASSESSORS RECOMMENDED.

Oconee Delegation Hands in Names of Those to Equalize Valuations.

Senator E. E. Verner, Representatives F. H. Shirley and James H. Brown have agreed upon a list of those who are to be appointed as tax assessors for Oconee county, having handed in their recommendation for the following named gentlemen:

Center Township—H. L. Verner, Westminster; W. P. Mason, Westminster; R. F. D. No. 3; B. J. Marett, Fair Play.

Chattooga Township—L. A. King, Tamasse; W. H. Mongold, Mountain Rest; Albert M. Brown, Mountain Rest.

Keowee Township—W. H. Lusk, Salem; J. Fulton Hunnicutt, West Union, R. F. D. No. 1; John J. Rankin, Tamasse.

Pulaski Township—Geo. Matheson, Long Creek; J. Nathan Watkins, Long Creek; D. F. Carter, Battle Creek.

Seneca Township—J. O. Campbell, Seneca; D. A. Perritt, Seneca; J. B. Whitten, Pendleton, R. F. D. Seneca Town—John W. Harper, J. M. Barron, W. K. Livingston, all of Seneca.

Tugaloo Township—A. H. Land, Westminster, R. F. D.; C. H. Miller, Westminster; —, —, King, Westminster.

Wagner Township—Marshall Abbott, Walhalla, R. F. D. No. 1; John W. Shelor, Richland; W. M. Cobb, Walhalla.

Whitewater Township—J. B. Burgess, Sr., Jocassee; Jesse Lay, Tamasse, Route 1; Franklin L. Moody, Tamasse, Route 1.

Westminster Town—W. M. Dillard, B. M. England, F. W. Cannon, all of Westminster.

Walhalla Town—J. A. Steck, John A. Ansel, Thos. A. Grant, all of Walhalla.

Commissions Ready.

Governor Manning has announced that he will commission all those who have received recommendation at the hands of the Oconee delegation. Formal notice has been sent to each by Clerk of Court John F. Craig, and as soon as each appointee has subscribed to the required oath before a notary public, and the same is returned by the Clerk of Court to Governor Manning, the latter will issue the commissions.

Fountain Inn County Flunks.

(Columbia Record, 30th.)

Information received at the Governor's office Saturday lead to the belief that the movement for the organization of a new county to be known as "Fountain Inn" county has proven unsuccessful, and the supporters have determined to discontinue their efforts in this direction. The territory which it was proposed to include in this new county was part of Greenville and Laurens counties, it was said.

Thank American Children.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Messages of thanks from the city of Nantes and the prefects of Legers and Lemans for the gifts sent by American children to those of France have been received at the State Department through Ambassador Sharp at Paris. At Nantes a number of Belgian refugees were among those to whom gifts were distributed.

FARMERS TO MEET FEB. 13.

To Meet in Every County and Discuss Fertilizer Practices, Etc.

Clemson College, Feb. 2.—Special: "Fertilizer and Economy Day" will be held at each county seat in South Carolina on Saturday, February 13th. This announcement is made by W. W. Long, State agent of demonstration and director of extension work at Clemson College. At each county seat a meeting will be held and there will be addresses on the two topics mentioned in the name of the occasion. Mr. Long urges that all farmers note the day and make inquiries of their county agents or others for the particulars of the meeting in order that they may attend and join in the exchange of ideas on these two very important subjects.

The extension and demonstration forces of Clemson College had planned to hold "Economy Day" in South Carolina at an earlier date and it is announced that such a "day" would be held the latter part of December. Mr. Long saw, however, that unexpected increases in the burdens of the organization were going to make necessary the postponement of this occasion. Just at that time, also, there began to pour into various offices at Clemson College requests for information about what fertilizers to use under present abnormal conditions. Farmers by the hundreds have been seeking information from the college on the fertilizer practices to be followed in 1915. The demand became so large that Prof. J. N. Harper, dean of the agricultural department, prepared a special bulletin on the subject and copies of this bulletin—Extension Bulletin B—are to be had upon application to the extension division.

Because of the conditions existing, Mr. Long decided to put off the "Economy Day" program and to combine it at a later date with a program in which information on fertilizers would be given to farmers.

This date is February 13th, and the occasion has been named "Fertilizer and Economy Day." The meetings will be addressed by speakers who will confine themselves to short, practical addresses. "We can promise those who attend that there will be no long speeches," said Mr. Long.

"Fertilizer and Economy Day" is to be as much for the farmer's wife as for the farmer. Much thought has been given by experts at Clemson to the preparation of an outline of methods in which savings can be effected on the farm and in the farmhouse. Mr. Farmer is urged to bring Mrs. Farmer to the meeting with him.

Posters will be prepared and placed in conspicuous positions throughout the State and the meetings will in other ways be brought to the attention of the public. The idea has very strong support among those who have been consulted for their opinions. Leading bankers have expressed themselves as enthusiastic over the prospects for good results from meetings of the sort proposed.

COTTON CROP BY COUNTIES.

Present Crop Now Exceeds that of 1913 by 56,176 Bales.

Wm. J. Harris, director of the census, Department of Commerce, announces the preliminary report of cotton ginned by counties in South Carolina for the crops of 1914 and 1913. (Quantities are in running bales, counting round as half bales. Linters are not included.)

County	1914.	1913.
Abbeville	32,410	23,303
Aiken	47,723	47,206
Anderson	54,265	70,588
Bamberg	27,426	27,367
Barnwell	59,683	56,554
Beaufort	9,019	7,732
Berkeley	16,383	13,356
Calhoun	30,610	27,031
Charleston	16,882	15,700
Cherokee	16,109	17,681
Chester	33,672	32,022
Chesterfield	33,326	29,822
Clarendon	48,462	40,013
Colleton	23,205	19,230
Darlington	44,768	37,440
Dillon	37,954	36,062
Dorchester	18,291	16,607
Edgefield	32,969	32,476

ANOTHER VICTIM OF EXTRACTS.

Mart S. Sweezy Succumbs to Effects of Alcohol and Extract Mixture.

Mart S. Sweezy died at his home in the High Falls section of the county last Saturday night from an attack due to alcoholic poisoning. During Saturday he called Dr. J. N. Thode into his shop on Main street and asked him to give him some simple remedy that the physician had frequently prescribed for a common ailment, and this Dr. Thode did. Only a short while later Mr. Sweezy again called the doctor and asked him for the same medicine, and was told that he had already gotten it. Sweezy stoutly maintained that he had not only not gotten the medicine, but that he had not seen Dr. Thode before that day.

This peculiar condition of the man's mind attracted Dr. Thode's attention to the gravity of the situation, and he noted then that he was under the influence of some drug or drink. Inquiry finally brought the admission that he was drinking a concoction of alcohol, lemon extract and "Hot Tom." He maintained, however, that he had drunk but two small bottles of the mixture, but it was found later that he had made way with some eight or nine of them. The "Hot Tom" stuff to which he referred is a liquid used in manufacturing certain soft drinks and a chief ingredient is Cheyenne pepper. He stated that he used this to kill the bad effects of the other ingredients of the mixture. He was urged to quit the stuff, but the only reply the physician got was that he was going to "drink a lot of the d— stuff and go to hell."

This conversation between the man and physician took place during Saturday, and it was Saturday night that Sweezy died. There is no doubt that his death was due to the effects of the concoction that he had been taking. A jury of inquest made inquiry into the facts of the case, and their finding was to the effect that the deceased came to his death as a result of poisoning at his own hands.

This is the third victim of this horrible extract drinking that has taken place here within thirty days. On December 31st Will Kiser died here from the same cause, and on the day following J. F. Sweezy succumbed. The two Sweezys were brothers. J. F. Sweezy operated a shoe repair shop here, and after his death his brother came from the High Falls section to run the shop.

Mart S. Sweezy is survived by a wife and several small children. He was about 32 years of age.

The body of the unfortunate man was buried Monday afternoon at Wolf Stake burying ground by the side of his brother, who had preceded him to the grave only thirty days.

Spare the Birds.

It was stated recently in a national convention that protection of birds from slaughter would save to the farmers of the United States a large part of their annual crop loss from insect pests. The same speaker estimated the annual loss from insects at something more than \$400,000,000. This game seems well worth the candle.

ACREAGE REDUCTION KILLED.

Now Ready for Governor's Signature. Will Be Approved.

Columbia, Jan. 29.—The cotton acreage reduction law is now repealed. The Senate this morning gave final reading to the bill already passed by the House repealing the cotton acreage reduction law and ordered it enrolled for ratification. It will be ratified and laid before Governor Manning for his signature early next week. There was no objection to the repeal voiced in the Senate this morning.

The bill providing for a referendum on State-wide prohibition and making the Webb act relate to the shipment of liquor into dry territory were made special orders for next Wednesday morning immediately after third reading bills. Senator John F. Williams gave notice that he was going to introduce a bill providing at the same referendum on September 14 that the people can vote not only on the question of whether the State shall go prohibition, but also whether they prefer the dispensary or high license as the best way of regulating the liquor traffic.

Primary Regulations.

The Nicholson bill putting into law the regulations and rules of the last Democratic primary is also a special order for next Wednesday.

The bill designed to prevent people from blocking the public highways by ploughing in them was made a special order for Wednesday. The bill providing for a loan by the State of \$87,500 to Clemson College passed and was ordered sent to the House of Representatives.

Senator Verner explained his bill prohibiting the loaning of money at a greater rate of interest than allowed by law. It was made a special order for Wednesday immediately after third reading bills and after the other special orders already set for that day.

Ready to Be Ratified.

The following bills have passed both Houses and have been ordered enrolled for ratification:

Regulating the deposit of official funds by the State, county and municipal officers; authorizing the trustees of Greenville schools to order an election for issuing bonds; amending the act abolishing the county commissioners of Dillon county; requiring the treasurer of Dorchester county to refund all license fees collected for the year 1914 under Section 610; amending the act providing for the issuance of \$30,000 school bonds in the townships of Allendale, Baldoe and Bull Pond, in Barnwell county; amending the act relating to the certificates of wages; providing for educational exhibits at county fairs under certain conditions; empowering the school board of Barnwell to mortgage the old school building; empowering the trustees of Eutawville High School to charge a matriculation fee.

A concurrent resolution authorizing the introduction of a bill to incorporate the Upper South Carolina Conference was introduced by Senator Carlisle, of Spartanburg; and immediately agreed to. The resolution now goes to the House for concurrence.

At 2:05 o'clock the Senate adjourned to meet again on Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

New Bills in Senate.

The following new bills of general interest were introduced in the Senate to-day:

Mr. Earle: Relating to the rate of interest which may be charged by reducing the rate.

Mr. Verner: To provide for the establishment of a new school district in Oconee county.

Mr. Odell: To authorize Liberty school, Pickens county, to charge and collect contingent fees of pupils.

Mr. Carlisle: To provide for the assurance and registration of land titles.

J. F. Williams: To require certain industrial and manufacturing companies to make annual reports.

Mr. Sherrard: To require the board of county commissioners of Anderson county to publish quarterly statements.

Mr. Carlisle: Making it a misdemeanor to advertise the sale of alcoholic liquors.

Mr. Spigner: Relating to peremp-

"DRINK OR DEATH" IS HIS CRY.

Man Threatens to Kill Senator Sheppard for Prohibition Views.

Washington, Feb. 1.—An irate anti-prohibitionist has threatened the life of Senator Sheppard, of Texas. The letter, unsigned, was postmarked Washington. It reads:

One a Sheppard: Your days are numbered, and you will pay for your prohibition views with your life. The people of the District are not going to put up with your despotism, and I am willing to go to the electric chair for the satisfaction of killing a devil like you. I have no interest in the liquor business, and do not drink except a glass of wine often at dinner, and you have no right, legal or moral, to deprive me of it.

Do away with saloons, but let a except a glass of wine often at dinner, and you have no right, legal or moral, to deprive me of it. Do away with saloons, but let a except a glass of wine often at dinner, and you have no right, legal or moral, to deprive me of it.

"One Who Will Die for Liberty."

Card of Thanks.

Editor Keowee Courier: We wish a little space to thank our friends and neighbors for the assistance and many kindnesses shown us during the sickness and death of our beloved sister, Mrs. Sarah E. Jenkins. We will long remember them and pray God's richest blessings on them all.

Miss Caroline Logan,
Mrs. J. B. Logan.

tory challenges in criminal cases. Mr. Johnson: Relating to traffic in seed cotton.

J. F. Williams: To submit to the qualified electors the question of the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors and beverages under a high license system.

Mr. Goodwin: To provide for the branding and labelling of mattresses, to provide against the use of unsanitary or unhealthy materials in the manufacture of mattresses, and to provide against the sale of mattresses containing such unsanitary or unhealthy materials.

Mr. Buck: A joint resolution with reference to taxation and assessments.

Governor Will Sign Promptly.

Columbia, Feb. 1.—Governor Manning stated Saturday that he would sign the bill repealing the enactment of the special Legislature limiting cultivation in this State of cotton to one-third of the arable lands, which will be presented to him late Friday for his signature.

When asked whether he would sign the bill repealing the acreage reduction law, the Governor said:

"I will sign the bill repealing cotton acreage reduction. I make this statement in order that our farmers may know definitely what to expect and to be able to pitch their crops and make their arrangements for the season. This action of the Legislature relieves me of the effort to enforce a law for which no provision was made for enforcement, and it would seem an injustice to the small farmers to require such reduction by legal enactment when no other State in the cotton-raising belt required it. Material and heavy reduction in South Carolina's cotton acreage will be automatic by reason of the heavy losses incurred on last year's crop and the depression in business resulting therefrom.

"I trust that the lesson of disaster from a single money crop will be lasting, and that in diversification of crops, cattle and stock raising, our farmers will prepare for the condition that will be upon us in a few years from the approach of the boll weevil. The time is upon us when we must meet this situation. I hope that a campaign of education on this subject will awaken our people to the necessity of solving our marketing problems, so that efforts to diversify our crops will not be abortive or bring less to those who try it. Raise home supplies and provide a sane plan for leasing surplus crops and stock. Reduce the use of fertilizers by winter cover crops and stock.

"We must raise cotton more economically—the largest item of expense is the fertilizer bill, and yet reduction of the fertilizer bill should be by reducing acreage in cotton rather than in curtailing the amount of fertilizer used per acre."

Totals... 1,424,950 1,368,774