

## Revival of the National Sentiment

It is difficult for the North to get over the impression that the South has finally and fairly abandoned the idea of setting up in business on her own account, or if it is admitted that secession and slavery are dead past resurrection, there is a lingering feeling among us that her people are still at heart disloyal, and live under the old flag and form a part of the Union from necessity, not from choice. It is this perhaps not unreasonable distrust that keeps alive the embers of sectional bitterness, which are easily fanned into a consuming flame by the breath of Blaines and Mortons and Philipsses and Wades who share it, and who would not have the fire extinguished if they could do it by a word. Yet we believe, and the belief is founded upon observation and experience, that this distrust rests upon ignorance and the false views of Southern character and aims. There is a solid South to day, a South more solid than the Confederacy of twelve years ago, but it is a South as solid for union as that was solid for secession. In the days gone by thirteen States were united in an effort to withdraw from the Federal Union and establish a government of their own; now the same States are united to demand for themselves the rights and benefits of members of the same Union. The struggle for recognition as members of the Federal family began as soon as it was known and acknowledged that the struggle for separate national life had ended, and it will continue until the North and South agree that the Union is really restored and that the States forming it are not inseparable, but possessed of the same privileges there under. There is misapprehension on both sides. The North distrusts the South's loyalty; the South distrusts the North's good will. When all this distrust is dissipated there will be no lack of loyal or fraternal sentiment on either side.

These reflections are suggested by a perusal of one of the most notable speeches of the year, although hitherto almost unnoticed. It was delivered by an ex-Confederate General before his old comrades at a reunion of Hood's Brigade at Waco, Texas. The orator was General T. M. Logan, the youngest Major General in the Southern service, but now a leading lawyer and author, and one of the foremost thinkers in the South. His subject was "The Nationalization of America," and there is not a line in the address that might not have been spoken as appropriately and have been well received in Pennsylvania before an audience of Union veterans as in Texas before an audience of Confederate veterans. The proposition was that no nation has ever been permanently established without common ties to unite its people, without some bond of union to hold the people together. There must be social cohesion, whether resulting from past associations, and the attachments of ancestry or from future hopes and the sympathies of a common destiny. The first condition of national unity is a nationalized people, but the American people have been nationalized. Differences of interest destroyed the conditions which seemed favorable to nationality when the government was established, and these differences embroiled the country more than fifty years. The alienating differences being destroyed the greatest obstacles to national unity no longer exist. They were due to conflict of institutions, not to those inherited principles which are ineradicable. There is no irreconcilable political antagonism such as sectionalists are ever harping upon. No sectional issue on Federal State rights ever existed before the slavery agitation; nor need any exist hereafter. The struggle between State and Federal authority may continue, but there is no reason why it should raise a sectional issue. The only way in which sectional division may now arise is by the persistent discussion of the old issues. It is only necessary to suppress Bourbonism North and South in order to make reconciliation complete and national unity an immovable fact. In the South provincialism and illiberal prejudice must be suppressed; lawlessness and vio-

lence must cease. In the North the spirit of peace must supplant the spirit of war; distrust must give way to fraternal confidence.

All true patriots hail with delight the revival of the national spirit throughout the South, and have watched with eager sympathy its growth from the very hour when the bitter cup of reconstruction was drained to its dregs. It began with the nomination of Horace Greeley at Cincinnati and the acceptance of his nomination and his platform at Baltimore. The South then squarely turned her back upon the past and planted her feet fairly upon the national highway, upon which she thenceforth walked, loyal to the Union, true to the constitution, honoring the flag. The elections of 1874 brought another advance, and despite all adverse influences, "fightings within and foes without," this advance has been steady until the overthrow of the bayonet government has taken away the last prop of Bourbonism. The time was ripe for the policy of President Hayes. He conceded home rule to the South in fulfillment of the inexorable logic of events, just as the South had been obliged to concede the nationalization of the Union. Both concessions were political necessities. There is no going behind one or the other, and it is plain enough that there is little disposition to do so. The duty before us is the cultivation of the national sentiment by every legitimate means. This was the gospel preached by the ex-Confederate General at Waco, and which was cheered to the echo. It has been preached also at home and on the floor of Congress by Lamar and Gordon, and Hill and Brown, always having the same reception from Southern men. For our part, and we believe we speak for a large majority of the people who have never faltered in devotion to the Union, we are prepared to meet revived loyalty with revived fraternity. North and South may well unite in the patriotic sentiments of General Logan's eloquent oration: "Then let common hopes and aspirations, worthy of the American future, animate our common purposes. Let statesmanship and patriotism harmonize all differences, and by establishing American nationality perpetuate American freedom." This is the great lesson of the present epoch in our country's history.—Philadelphia Times.

A philosopher says every married man should have a dog in the house. A dog will scare off robbers at night, eat up scraps of meat, and when you come home out of humor and find supper an hour in arrears, you can give vent to your wrath by kicking the animal clear across the room.

"What," asks an exchange, "are the causes of drunkenness?" Well, we can't answer for all of them, but we believe whiskey causes a great deal of it; whiskey, sir, resolutely stuck to will cause about as large a drunk as anything we know of, although a judicious mixing up of various drinks will accelerate matters if a man is in a hurry.

SICK HENS.—The comb is the hen's pulse. If that be strong, bright, and of a good color and full of blood, snaking with every quick movement of the bird in the combed varieties, the bird is in normal health, and in laying condition. When the rim of the comb and wattles have a purplish tinge, the bird is not well.

At Woodstock, Chamberlain said: "I see a hand you can not see." Bald Dan must be an expert at draw poker. Hampton saw his hand and raked in the pot.

The United States navy at the present time consists of 146 vessels of 150,157 tons measurement.

"That portable stove saves half the fuel," said an ironmonger. "Fair thin, I'll take two of them, and save it all," replied his customer.

"Give me a fifth-story room, next the skylight, so I can get out one way at least," said a traveler as he registered his name at a city hotel.

An unsuccessful lover was asked by what means he lost his divinity. "Alas!" cried he, "I flattered her until she got too proud to speak to me."

## TUTT'S PILLS

A Noted Divine says  
They are worth their weight in gold.

READ WHAT HE SAYS:

Dr. J. C. TUTT, of New York, writes: "I have been a sufferer from Dyspepsia, Constipation, and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me, and I used them with little faith. I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular bowels, and I have gained fifty pounds since I used your pills. They are worth their weight in gold."

Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

Dr. Tut has been engaged in the practice of medicine thirty years, and has a long list of testimonials from the Medical College of Georgia, hence persons who use his Pills have the guarantee that they are prepared on scientific principles, and are free from all quackery.

His first success in combining in them the heretofore antagonistic qualities of a *strongly purgative*, and a *gentle laxative*, is a fact.

Thus the system is nourished, and by their tonic action on the digestive organs, regular and healthy evacuations are produced.

The rapidity with which persons take on flesh, while under the influence of these pills, is a fact which indicates their adaptability to nourish the body, and hence their efficacy in curing nervous debility, melancholy, dyspepsia, wasting of the muscles, sluggishness of the liver, chronic constipation, and impure blood, and strength to the system. Sold everywhere. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE BILIOUS COLIC

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE FEVER AND AGUE

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE BILIOUS COLIC

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE KIDNEY COMPLAINT

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

TUTT'S PILLS  
CURE TOXIC LIVER

## THE SUN.

1877 NEW YORK 1877

The different editions of THE SUN during the year that has passed. The daily edition will on week days be a sheet of four pages, and on Sundays a sheet of eight pages, or 64 broad columns; while the weekly edition will be a sheet of eight pages of the same dimensions and character that are already familiar to our friends.

The Sun will continue to be the strenuous advocate of reform and retrenchment, and of the substitution of statesmanship, wisdom, and integrity for hollow pretence, imbecility, and fraud in the administration of public affairs. It will contend for the government of the people by the people and for the people, as opposed to government by frauds in the ballot box and in the counting of votes, enforced by military violence. It will endeavor to supply its readers—a body now not far from a million of souls—with the most careful, complete, and trustworthy accounts of current events, and will employ for this purpose a numerous and carefully selected staff of reporters and correspondents. Its reports from Washington, especially, will be full, accurate, and fearless; and it will doubtless continue to deserve and enjoy the hatred of those who thrive by plundering the Treasury or by usurping what the law does not give them, while it will endeavor to merit the confidence of the public by defending the rights of the people against the encroachments of unjustified power.

The price of the daily Sun will be 56 cents a month or \$6.50 a year, post paid, or with the Sunday edition \$7.70 a year.

The Sunday edition alone, eight pages, \$1.20 a year, post paid.

The Weekly Sun, eight pages of 56 broad columns will be furnished during 1877 at the rate of \$1 a year, post paid.

The benefit of this large reduction from the previous rate for the Weekly can be enjoyed by individual subscribers without the necessity of making up clubs. At the same time, if any of our friends choose to aid in extending our circulation, we shall be grateful to them, and every such person who sends us ten or more subscribers from one place will be entitled to one copy of the paper for himself without charge. At one dollar a year, postage paid, the expenses of paper and printing are barely repaid; and, considering the size of the sheet and the quality of its contents, we are confident that the people will consider The Weekly Sun the cheapest newspaper published in the world, and we trust also one of the very best. Address, THE SUN, New York City, N. Y.

## VICK'S

ILLUSTRATED PRICED CATALOGUE

Fifty pages—300 Illustrations, with Description of thousands of the best Flowers and Vegetables in the world, and the way to grow them—all for a few cents postage stamp. Printed in German and English.

Vick's Floral Guide, Quarterly, 25 cents a year.

Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden, 50 cents in paper; in elegant cloth covers \$1.00.

Address, JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

## Vick's Floral Guide

A beautiful Quarterly journal, finely illustrated and containing and elegant colored Flower Plate with the first number. Price only 25 cents for the year. The first No. for 1877 just issued in German and English.

Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden, in 50 cents; with elegant cloth covers \$1.00.

Vick's Catalogue—300 Illustrations, only 2 cents.

Address, JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

## VICK'S

FLOWER AND VEGETABLE GARDEN

is the most beautiful work of the kind in the world. It contains nearly 150 pages, hundreds of fine illustrations, and six chromo plates of flowers, beautifully drawn and colored from nature. Price 50 cents in paper covers \$1.00 in elegant cloth. Printed in German and English.

Vick's Floral Guide, Quarterly, 25 cents.

Vick's Catalogue—300 Illustrations, 25 cents.

Address, JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

Jan. 25 20

## Dr. R. J. Gililand

HAVING returned and permanently located at Pikesville, respectfully offers his Professional services to the citizens of that vicinity and surrounding country. Charges reasonable.

May 9 41

## THE CHRONICLE AND SENTINEL

Is Published Daily, Tri-weekly and Weekly.

AT AUGUSTA, GA.

By WALSH & WRIGHT, PROPRIETORS.

Full Telegraphic Dispatches from all points. Latest and Most Accurate Market Reports.

Interesting and Reliable Correspondence from all parts of Georgia, South Carolina, and Washington City.

GEORGIA AND CAROLINA NEWS A SPECIALTY.

DAILY: One Year, \$10.00; Six Months, \$5.00.

TRI-WEEKLY: One Year, \$5.00; Six Months, \$2.50.

WEEKLY: One Year, \$2.00; Six Months, \$1.00.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

## Newspaper Advertising.

ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories, and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000, according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to price charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada, printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### PICKENS HIGH SCHOOL.

1877.

THE Scholastic year is divided into two Terms of 20 weeks each. The First Term commences February 5th, and ends June 23d; the second Term commences July 23d, and ends December 7th.

Students entering within two weeks after the commencement of the Term, will be charged for the whole Term; those entering after this time, from the time of entering. It is more satisfactory that Students enter at the commencement, when the several classes are forming.

### Course of Study.

#### PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

##### JUNIOR CLASS.

1st Term—Spelling and Reading.

2d Term—Spelling and Reading continued; Primary Geography; Mental Arithmetic; Exercises in Writing.

##### INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

1st Term—Spelling and Reading continued; Geography continued; Introducing English Grammar; Elements of Written Arithmetic; Exercises in Writing.

2d Term—Spelling and Reading continued; Elements of Written Arithmetic completed; Intermediate Geography completed; Analytical English Grammar; Primary U. S. History; Exercises in Writing.

##### SENIOR CLASS.

1st Term—English Grammar completed; Physical Geography; Common School Arithmetic; Towns Analysis of Words.

2d Term—Greene's; Analysis of English Language; Arithmetic continued; Smaller Composition; Higher U. S. History.

#### PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

##### JUNIOR CLASS.

1st Term—Latin Book and Harkness' First Latin Book; Latin Reader; Davies' Algebra; History of England.

2d Term—Four Books of Caesar; Arnold's second Latin Book on Analysis of the Latin Sentence; Greek Grammar; Kendrick's Greek Ollendorff; Greek Reader; Davies' Algebra completed; Natural Philosophy.

##### INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

1st Term—Six Books of Virgil; Greek Reader completed; Plain Geometry; Higher Composition and Rhetoric.

2d Term—Sallust's Cataline & Jugurtha; Xenophon's Anabasis; Higher Algebra commenced; Solid and Spherical Geometry completed; Chemistry.

##### SENIOR CLASS.

1st Term—Cicero's Select Orations; Xenophon's Memorabilia; Trigonometry and Surveying; Roman History; Latin Prose Composition.

2d Term—Horace, entire; Six Books of the Iliad; Greek Prose Composition; Algebra completed; Astronomy.

The above course will prepare candidates for admission into the Sophomore Class of any of our Southern Colleges. Students, who do not stand a satisfactory examination upon the several studies of each class, will not be allowed the privilege to advance to the next higher, but be retained in such class, till all the studies of it be satisfactorily completed.

#### TUITION OF PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

##### PER TERM.

Junior Class, \$5.00

Intermediate Class, 12.50

Senior 15.00

Preparatory Department, 20.00

No deduction will be made for lost time except from prolonged sickness.

Monthly reports of punctuality, deportment, and recitations in each study, will be furnished parents.

J. H. CARLISLE, Principal.

Dec. 23, 1875 17

## Fits and Epilepsy

POSITIVELY CURED.

The worst cases of the longest standing, by using Dr. HUBBARD'S Cure.

It has Cured Thousands.

and will give \$1,000 for a case it will not benefit. A bottle sent free to all addressing J. E. DIBBLE, Chemist, Office: 1855 Broadway, New York.

## SHUN DRUG POISONS.

MEDICINE RENDERED USELESS.

## Volta's Electro Belts and Bands

are endorsed by the most eminent physicians in the world for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, liver complaint, dyspepsia, kidney disease, scabs, pains, nervous disorders, fits, female complaints, nervous and general debility, and other chronic diseases of the chest, head, liver, stomach, kidneys and blood. Cook with full particulars free by Volta Belt Co., Cincinnati, O.

## METROPOLITAN WORKS.

CANAL ST., FROM SIXTH TO SEVENTH, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

## ENGINES.

Portable and Stationary.

Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Boilers, Castings of Brass and Iron, Forgings, &c.

## ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK.

In all its branches, done by experienced hands.

IMPROVED PORTABLE ENGINES for driving Cotton Gins, Thrashing Machines, Separators, Grist Mills, &c. A number of second-hand Engines and Boilers of various patterns, in first rate order, on hand.

Repair work solicited and promptly done.

WM. E. TANNER & CO.

Oct 14, 7 1y

## PICKENS COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Senator—R E Bowen.

Representatives—D F Bradley and E H Bates

Clerk of Court—John J Lewis.

Judge of Probate—W G Field.

Sheriff—Joab Mauldin.

Coroner—Berry B Earle.

School Commissioner—G W Singleton.

Treasurer—W R Berry.

Auditor—John O Davis.

County Commissioners—B J Johnson Chairman—John T Lewis, Thos P Loper, Clerk

County Commissioners, O L Hollingsworth.

Trustees—Justices—Earley, T W Russell—San

litude, J R Holcombe—Central, James A

Liddle—Pickens C H, G W Taylor—Dacus

ville, B F Morgan—Mile Creek, T W Tullison.

## South Carolina Railroad.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 18, 1875.

On and after Sunday, December 19, the Passenger Trains of the South Carolina Railroad will run as follows:

### FOR COLUMBIA.

(Sundays excepted.)

Leave Charleston 9:15 a.m.

Arrive at Columbia 6:00 p.m.

### FOR AUGUSTA.

(Sundays excepted.)

Leave Charleston 9:15 a.m.

Arrive at Augusta 11:15 a.m.

### FOR CHARLESTON.

(Sundays excepted.)

Leave Columbia 9:00 a