

Telegraphic.

News Items.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Maj. Gen. Fry, late Provost-Marshal-General of the United States, sailed from New York, yesterday, for California, to enter upon the duties of Adjutant-General of the Military Division of the Pacific.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 11.—There is much interest felt to learn the decision of Judge Bartol in the habeas corpus case of the Police Commissioners appointed by Gov. Swann to succeed the old board, and in the case of Sheriff Thompson, arrested and committed for not summoning a posse, in answer to a requisition of the newly-appointed Commissioners. The decision is expected to cover the whole ground as to the legality of Gov. Swann's action and the consequent legality or illegality of the proceedings in Judge Bartol's court. It is generally believed that Gov. Swann will immediately summon an extra session of the Legislature, when questions of the State will be submitted for consideration.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Messrs. Lowry and Hillyer, Commissioners from Mississippi to ask the pardon of Jefferson Davis, are in this city and will visit the President to-morrow. The examination of applicants for consular places proves not to be a mere form, but is rigid and thorough. Out of the numerous candidates who have presented themselves, only two have been passed by the board.

The coin on hand, to-day, in the Treasury, is \$67,000,000, and the coin certificates nearly \$21,000,000.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 12.—Gov. Ward has appointed Fred T. Freeling-huysen to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Senator Wright.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 11.—The Maryland Horse Fair is announced to take place here this week, commencing on Tuesday. The famous horses Dexter and Pa chen are to be present, and there will be trials of speed each day for premiums ranging from \$2,000 to \$4,000.

European News.

New York, November 12.—The steamer Saxonia has arrived, bringing Southampton dates to 31st October.

The cholera had broken out afresh in Woolwich and Charleston. The disease prevailed lightly in Edinburgh, and had also appeared in Yorkshire.

Oscar Becker, who five years ago, attempted the life of the King of Prussia, has been pardoned.

The Great Eastern has been chartered to carry visitors from New York to Brest during the Paris exhibition. Afterwards, she will be taken to lay the telegraph cable between France and America.

Marshal O'Donnell was seriously ill in Paris.

In Candia, the Turco (Egyptian) army had gained a decisive victory over the insurgents. Mustapha Pacha, with 18,000 troops, captured Soronia, and subsequently pushed forward to the mountains, where he was defeated, after four days' fighting.

Latest Market Reports.

New York, November 12.—Gold 145 1/2. Exchange 109 1/2; sight 110 1/2. Flour and wheat dull. Corn le. higher. Cotton heavy and nominal, at 36 3/8.

7 P. M.—Gold 44 1/2. Flour dull —Southern \$12.25. Cotton dull, at 36.

MOBILE, Nov. 12.—Cotton sales, today, 1,000 bales; middling 33 3/4. Market dull.

Foreign News.—Per Cable.

New York, Nov. 8.—The Herald has special dispatches from London of the 7th. The Bank of England resumed into its vaults during the month ending Friday—Gold to the value of \$919,000. The increase in the week, after deducting payment, was \$242,000 in reserved notes there was also an increase of \$650,970.

An insurrection has commenced in Candia, and it is officially stated that three fights had occurred, in which the insurgents lost 112 killed.

A further concession for the Christians from the Sultan is expected.

The Fenian Prisoners.

Toronto, Nov. 7.—The Fenian trials were resumed this morning. R. McKenzie and J. P. Fleming appeared in behalf of the American Government. The American Consul was also present.

John Stevens, a Fenian man, was placed on trial, and after the examination of several witnesses, who testified to having seen him carrying a rifle at Fort Erie, the Judge summed up the case and the Jury, after a short absence, brought in a verdict of guilty. He was sentenced to be hung on the 13th of December.

Legation to Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Edward Lee Plum, Secretary of Legation to Mexico, in company with General Sherman's Chief of Staff, left here this evening for New York, where they will wait the arrival of our Mexican Minister, Hon. L. D. Campbell, and General Sherman, who are expected to arrive in New York to-morrow or next day. The party will sail from New York for Vera Cruz probably on Saturday next, upon the United States steamer Susquehanna.

Orphan's Home, &c.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The Secretary of the Treasury has told the on Marine Hospital at Charleston, S. C., to the Protestant Episcopal Church, South, of that city, to be used as an orphan home, and school for the education of freedmen's children. President Johnson has subscribed one thousand dollars to a fund to enable the Secretary to make the purchase.

From Canada.

MONTREAL, November 8.—It is understood the Government at a Cabinet meeting, resolved to commute the sentence of Lynch and McMahon.

Three men, named Bell, Flanagan and Wells, confined in old jail since June last, on charge of Fenianism have been released.

From New York.

NEW YORK, November 8.—The typhoid fever has broken out in a malignant form in one of the charitable institutions of Manhattan Island. Seven cases have been reported to the fever hospital within a few days.

The steamer Florida arrived to-day from Havana. She had twenty-nine deaths on the passage from cholera. There are five patients still on board, who will be transferred to the Illinois. The Florida is chartered by the French Government to go to Vera Cruz and to deliver a supply of touches at New York to leave to-morrow.

Georgia Legislature.—Mr. Sowards' position.

MILLEDGEVILLE, November 4.—Hon. A. H. Stephens, in a private letter to a gentleman in this city, incidentally alludes to the statement of a correspondent of the New York Times, regarding himself and brother in the matter of the constitutional amendment, and characterizes it as utterly without foundation. He thinks the Legislature should reject the amendment promptly.

New Items.

BALTIMORE, November 5—12 P. M.—After a conference lasting up to 10 o'clock, last night, between the Police Commissioners and a committee representing the conservative party, with a view to the latter naming one judge and one clerk, to be appointed by the Police Commissioners, for each precinct, according to the arrangement made at the conference with Gen. Grant, the conservative committee abandoned the whole matter, and withdrew without making any nominations to the Police Board. This the list of judges and clerks stand as at the Mayor's election.

BALTIMORE, November 6.—The election is progressing quietly, so far as heard from. No disturbance anywhere.

8 P. M.—The election passed off quietly. Incomplete returns indicate that the conservatives carried the city.

WASHINGTON, November 6.—The State Department has official information of the departure of Maximilian from the City of Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, November 5.—The Episcopal Bishops of Vermont, Alabama and Mississippi have arrived, and will consecrate, to-morrow, Rev. J. P. B. Wilmer as Bishop of Louisiana, in place of Bishop Park, killed near Atlanta. Dr. Wilmer arrived this evening.

Cable Dispatches.

LONDON, November 5.—Earl Derby encouraged a duplication on the subject of a Nicaragua railway.

An American vessel, the Gen. Sherman got ashore at Vera Cruz, and forty persons on board were murdered by the natives.

CONSULS. Five consulates, in the Prussian army in Saxony has been ordered to be demobilized.

VIENNA, November 6.—A project for military reform in Austria includes the universal liability to serve in the army, the use of breech-loading arms, and other measures.

LIVERPOOL, November 6.—Cotton quiet and active; sales of 13,000 bales—middling undressed 15 1/4.

News Items.

Lieutenant General Sherman and Hon. L. D. Campbell, Minister to Mexico, sailed to-day for Vera Cruz.

It is thought that Lently will be extended to the Fenian prisoner McMahon.

The greatest commercial city of the world, London, sends out no mail, and has no postal delivery on Sunday.

No neither does Winstboro.

An Arizona letter dated October 12, says a scouting party from Fort McDowell killed and wounded fifteen male Indians and captured two squaws and seven children.

The Hartford (Ct.) Times says that the bars, for miles east of that city, are stuffed with home-raised tobacco, worth more than a million of dollars.

Hot for Africa.—The ship Galeonda, which is to carry a cargo of colored passengers to Africa, arrived in Charleston on Thursday.

The uprising among the working classes in England has no equal in the memory of the living generation.

VERMONT LEGISLATURE.—A vote was taken in the House, on the 30th, upon the proposed amendment to the Constitution, it stood, yeas 106; nays 11.

In Ohio, a machine has lately been introduced by which a well sixteen feet deep, and one inch in diameter, may be dug in forty minutes. The machine sinks an inch into the water, thus produced is said to be pure and cool.

Late Mexican advices say that all Northern Mexico, except Durango, is in Liberal hands. Mexican territory is clear of Indians, but that of Texas, the frontier military posts being unoccupied, is full of them.

"What makes you look so grim, Tom?" "Oh, I have to endure a sad trial to my feelings." "What on earth was it?" "Why, I had to lie on a pretty girl's bonnet while her ma was looking on."

WASHINGTON, November 10.—A delegation of prominent Western men, including Hon. Mr. Morgan, member of Congress, and elect from Ohio, called upon the President yesterday, to urge the removal of Mr. Rollins and the appointment of Mr. Spooner as Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The Raleigh, N. C., papers profess to have knowledge of a secret and well organized society in the South, composed of loyal men, and known as "Red Swines." There are said to be ten thousand of them in North Carolina.

It is said that the eldest daughter of the late Gen. Scott died broken hearted in a French convent, because her father would not give his consent to her marriage with a young French nobleman and officer.

At Mossy Creek, on the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad, zinc is known to abound in immense quantities. A company was formed to develop these mines in 1860, but the war coming on in 1861, put a stop to the enterprise. The Atlantic Era says another company has been formed within the past month for the same purpose, and that the prospects of success are very flattering.

GRAND'S SECRET.—"I have always considered advertising liberally and long to be the great medium of success in business, and the price to be paid. And I have made it an invariable rule, to advertise in the fullest times, as well as the busiest, long experience having taught me that money thus spent is well laid out." (Stephon Girard.)

CHARLOTTE AND ATLANTA RAILROAD.—We had the pleasure of meeting in the Court room, yesterday, Governor Graham and General Lovett, both looking remarkably well—indeed we thought we had never seen the General in such health. We understand he is the President of the air line railroad from Atlanta via Yorkville to this point, and that arrangements are now perfected to push it right through. This is a great point in the transit route from the great West and Southwest on the East and North.—Charlotte Times.

THE PROSPECT BEFORE US.—THE COMING ELECTIONS.—The following States will elect elections this month:

Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Illinois, Missouri, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas and Nevada, have elections on the same day, November 6. These are all Congressional elections and five, viz: Massachusetts, New York, Delaware, Michigan and Kansas, for Governors of the respective States. The chief interest in them all lies in the elections to Congress. Maine, Vermont, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa and Oregon, have elected fifty-two Republicans to twelve Democratic to the next Congress. The other States enumerated above will elect ninety-one members. Their delegations now stand thus:

Table with columns: Dem., Rep., and counts for various states like Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, etc.

Upon the result of these elections, says the Boston Post, depends the fact whether the radicals attempt to grasp all the powers of Government, or they shall be administered by the different departments under the Constitution of the United States.

A GOOD RETURN.—The Cincinnati Commercial, having taunted Alabama with murdering her paupers, the Louisville Courier thus indignantly retorts upon the first sheet:

This is generous. How came Alabama with so many paupers? The Commercial well knows that they were manufactured for her by the Northern hordes who marched through her borders, leaving long black trails of desolation behind them. Because the people of Alabama happened to believe with the Declaration of Independence, that when a form of government becomes oppressive the people have a right to throw it off, their country was invaded, their men slaughtered, their women insulted, their houses fired, and their whole land devastated. Their misfortunes and not their faults have reduced them from opulence to penury. If they have not bread, it is because they have been robbed of the means to make it. If their lands are uncultivated, it is because their fences were taken to build camp fires, their horses and mules stolen, their agricultural implements destroyed with ruthless vandalism, and their lands laid waste. Yet those who incited these depredations now taunt those whom they have ruined with their penury. Could meanness find a lower depth than that?

A GLOOMY FOREBODING.—Dr. J. F. Andrews, senior editor of the Macon Georgia Citizen, now on a visit to the North, writes the following, among other things, of date October 25, to his paper. "The Doctor is no sensationalist, and what, therefore, so sober-minded a man as he may say, should challenge the most serious consideration. Right here, observes the Griffin Herald, let us say, for fear of being misunderstood, that we hope the South, in guarantee or on guarantee, never will pass the 'constitution amendment,' even if the act keeps her out of the Union for the next five hundred years. But to the extract:

"With reference to the action of the South on the constitutional amendment, to be submitted to their consideration, I have to this day, as my opinion—not my wish—that we will have to swallow the bitter draught to the dregs, or content ourselves with taxation without representation for, perhaps, years to come. With this view of the subject, without intending to advocate the adoption of the amendment—it were perhaps best to let things take their course. Could the South have any guarantee that no more would be required of her than that now presented, it would perhaps be best to yield to the imperative circumstances of the position, as has been done before, and submit with the best grace we can, to the exactions and humiliations imposed on a down-trodden people."

THE TOMBS OF BYRON AND NAPOLEON.—Mr. Doran writes to an English paper to describe the lamentable condition of Huonini's tomb, in which he buried the bodies of Lord Byron, his mother, and "Ada, sole daughter of my house and name." The church was used by Cromwell's troops as a stable, but no farmer with any regard for his horses would think of placing them there now. Should a shower of rain come on during the service, a portion of the soot-laden congregation has to be driven out of the church to another. Mr. Doran asks if Englishmen will not restore the resting place of their great poet from such shameful neglect. If they will not, he proposes to appeal to the Greeks—rather a hopeless idea, we fear, though Byron did die in their behalf at Missolonghi.

A correspondent in Paris writes as follows: "Yesterday we visited the tomb of Napoleon, certainly the grandest monument ever erected over the remains of man. It is almost overpowering in its solemn magnificence—the lofty dome, with its gorgeous frescoes overhead, and below, the immense cenotaph of porphyry in which he lies, with admirably sculptured figures standing around, each face wearing an expression of stern sorrow, the old battle-flags in groups between the figures. You go in with a guide (making no payment), walk about, linger as you like, and have nothing to jar upon your thoughts and feelings inspired by the place. I could not help reciting Mrs. Browning's beautiful poem, 'Crowned and buried.' "Since he had the genius to be loved, let him have the justice to be honored in his grave."

THE NATIONAL EXPRESS COMPANY.—A notice appears in the Charleston papers, from which we extract the following paragraph: "In compliance with orders received from the General Superintendent of the National Express and Transportation Company, at Baltimore, the operations of the company are temporarily suspended till its liabilities are all paid, when, in pursuance of the recent proceedings of the Board of Directors, it proposes to resume business under the new organization."

DEATH OF RIAL NORTH, Esq.—Our community was startled, yesterday forenoon, by the announcement of the sudden death of Mr. Rial North, the active partner of the firm of Townsend & North, booksellers. Mr. North was a useful citizen in all that appertained to the welfare of the community in which he lived. Whatever he entered into, he did so with his whole heart and energy, and many of our local associations owe much to his energy and zeal for their success.—Phonix.

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TO RENT FOR NEXT YEAR. THE STORE now occupied by Dubose & Co., also convenient and comfortable apartments in Winstboro Hotel, with stable room and garden if desired. nov 10 G. H. McMASTER.

FOR RENT. THE FARM lying one mile below town, and the HOUSE now occupied by R. A. G. Stacy, possession of house to be given 1st December. E. H. McMASTER, nov 10-1m

Schedule over the South Carolina R. R. GENERAL SUPPLY'S OFFICE, CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 3. ON and after Wednesday, November 7th the Passenger Trains of this road will run the following schedule: Leave Charleston, 8:00 a.m. Arrive at Columbia, 6:20 p.m. Leave Columbia, 6:50 a.m. Arrive at Charleston, 4:00 p.m. THROUGH MAIL TRAIN. Leave Augusta, 5:50 p.m. Arrive at Kingsville, 1:05 a.m. Arrive at Columbia, 2:00 p.m. Arrive at Kingsville, 8:40 p.m. Arrive at Augusta, 12:00 night. H. T. PEAKE, Gen'l Sup't. nov 8-1f

Gen'l Sup't's Office, C. & S. C. Railroad. COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 7, 1866. ON and after Nov. 7, 1866, THROUGH PASSENGER TRAINS, will run as below: Leave Columbia at 3:10 A. M. Arrive at Charlotte 9:40 A. M. Leave Charlotte at 6:10 A. M. Arrive at Columbia 1:40 P. M. JAMES ANDERSON, nov 8-1f Superintendent.

On the evening of the 16th October by the Rev. Jas. H. Strong, Captain C. B. Simonton to Miss MARY A. McDILL, all of Portersville, Tennessee. The Louisville Journal says: Look at Sherman and Butler as military rivals. There is a palpable point of comparison. Both made excursions to the sea. Sherman started from Atlanta, Butler from Dutch Gap. Sherman brought up at all manner of places, Butler at Wilmington. Sherman's march took several months, Butler's only ten or twelve days. So Butt. won the race by long odds. Why wasn't an officer of such wonderful expedition kept constantly employed in the expedition line of business!

A FACT WORTH KNOWING.—To buy the ground, erect buildings, supply machinery and put a cotton spindle running, with looms to weave its yarn into cloth, costs forty dollars. With this fact, any man that knows the multiplication table, can arrive at the cost of any number of spindles. 1,000 spindles will convert into yarn about 200 bales of cotton per annum. The same person can easily ascertain how many spindles it will require to use up the cotton crop of the South at a given annual average, and how much capital is required to do it. Will the reader think about it?

Artemus Ward, in one of his letters to Punch, speaks of the 'Traitors' Gate at the Tower, which, he says, is large enough to admit twenty traitors abreast, and adds: 'Traitors, I will here remark, are an onerous class of people. If they wasn't they wouldn't be traitors. They fail and become traitors. They buy her, and they become statesmen and heroes.' Artemus has become a philosopher, and has hit the truth in the case, as they say at the shooting matches, plum centre. The salt water voyage has agreed with Artemus' intellect.

THE MOBILE EXPEDITION TO CUBA.—Copying what the Northern papers say of the 'Knights of Arabia' and their expedition to Cuba, the Mobile Register says: "We don't know much about the expeditions which are to sail from New York and New Orleans, but that which is to sail from this port is now about ready to start. The fleet, now lying at anchor in a frog pond near the mouth of Dog River, is a very formidable one, consisting as it does of no less than two wash tubs and a slop bucket, each armed with rifled brickbats and a double barreled cornstalk. It is confidently believed that the expedition will sail as soon as the commanding officer can get his shirt home from the washer woman's. Let the Queen of the Antilles tremble."

INTERESTING TO LAWYERS.—Judge Clayton, of Mississippi, says an exchange, recently held that legal tender notes were such and a valid tender, stopping interest, when made. That the Act of Congress making such notes a legal tender was constitutional, and that the power to issue such notes is derived from the war powers of the Government. He also held that the suspension of the statute of limitations during the war was constitutional and valid, and that no suit can be maintained to recover on a note the consideration for which was Confederate money. Nor can any suit be maintained to recover on a note given as compensation for the hire of a substitute in the Confederate army.

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