

The Prussian Soldier - by the French were beaten.

We take the following admirable statement of the peculiar excellencies of the German military system from a letter of Mr. Frederick Knapp, dated Berlin, August 11, printed in the Nation of Thursday last:

In reading the French papers, you will find that the defeat is attributed by them to the greater numbers of the Germans. I admit that thus far we have been stronger on every field and at every given point than the French. But does this fact speak in their favor? Their populations and our is about equal. They have between thirty-seven and thirty-eight millions of inhabitants, while, on the other side, the North German Confederation has thirty, Bavaria five, Wurttemberg, Baden and Southern Hesse three and a half—a total of thirty-eight and a half millions. The French were three weeks ahead of us when they declared war, but they did not move beyond the frontier for the first blow. Nevertheless, they considered themselves so strong, and were so sure of the victory, that they neglected the most ordinary precautions. Why, then, were they beaten? We Germans are better organized for a war, we have a better and more thorough way of doing things in that line, than the French. They are courageous, gallant, and full of spirit, but they do not care for the details of the service; they labor under the mistaken idea that everything can be done and carried out by impetuosity and bravery. The strength of our organization does not lie in the one part, of the population which forms the regular army, but in the number of those who have served their time, and in case of war are called in as reserve and landwehr. Every year 100,000 fully drilled men are mustered out of the standing army, who, in case of war, are liable to active duty in the field for nine more years. Thus, while the standing army numbers only 300,000, our reserve and landwehr are 600,000 strong. They are the flower of the nation—none younger than twenty and none older than thirty-two. The French have only thirty men. Their last effort to imitate the German system was frustrated by the egotism of the ruling classes, who did not feel disposed to devote part of their time, and, in case of need, their lives, to the service of their country.

When the German troops moved towards the frontier everything was ready for battle; the smallest strap of the knapsack, the last button on the coat of the steward, were in their places. Formerly, the normal time for mobilizing the army was a fortnight. This time less than a week was required; in some instances, the work was done in four days. Again, formerly the forwarding of an army corps by railroad took either five, or at the utmost eight days, for it was supposed that a railroad could not forward more than twenty or twenty-four trains of troops a day. Each army corps requiring one hundred and thirty to one hundred and fifty trains, the whole number of trains for ten to eleven corps thus amounted to from thirteen hundred to eighteen hundred. We have five trunk lines running from east to west at our disposal, and, instead of ten to eleven days for forwarding the army to and beyond the Rhine, only six days were required; instead of thirty, we had forty and fifty trains a day, the government dispatching a train about every forty-five minutes. On coming from Cologne to Berlin, I counted sixty-three military trains, each of which contained about one thousand men. A battery of artillery (six pieces) occupied five to seven cars. The service was done with wonderful promptness and exactness. Not one train was behind time, and only two accidents happened. The soldiers, who were expressly drilled for this kind of railroad service, entered and left the cars with as little noise and delay as the passengers of an express train. I was present when the Second Regiment of the Guards—three thousand men—left Berlin; they marched along the platform, and each car having the number it could hold marked on the outside (as, for instance, forty men or six horses, &c.) they were seated in about three minutes.

After the first week's service, the employes were so accustomed to their work that they dispatched trains as rapidly as passenger trains. The whole Second Army Corps (Pomeranians) were sent from Berlin to Neukirchen, near Saarbrücken, in fifty hours, (feeding, drinking and marching included), and arrived there punctually to the minute. This spirit of punctuality and strict obedience to the orders of his superior has been inculcated into every Prussian and North German from his earliest youth. The whole training of the nation is pre-eminently military, and whatever bad effects it may have in other relations and at other times, in emergencies like the present one it is wonderfully adapted for carrying out even the most difficult military task. These qualities cannot be drilled into a man in a month or a year; they must be interwoven with his feeling and thinking; they must work by tradition as well as by present practice. In Prussia these traditions and practices are now two hundred years old.

But higher than this personal efficiency I value the moral tone of the German army. Our soldiers go to war to defend their hearths and homes, to repel an attack, to settle our relations to France so fully and thoroughly that she will never again venture to provoke us. It is a bad job, you can hear every landwehr-man say, but it must be done; we know that we ruin our business, but now this time

for defeating the French once and forever has come. There is an earnest resignation and firm resolution in these men which deserves the highest admiration from every impartial observer. All classes of society are represented in this popular army. Even a New England regiment could not find so many educated men. While you had the scholar, professional man, and artist by the dozen, we have them by the hundred in every regiment; they constitute in our armies the same percentage which they do in common life. For instance, the other day, I read a small pamphlet written by a Prussian sergeant on the part he had taken in the Bohemian war of 1866. The night before the battle of Koniggratz he had a dispute, he says, with a comrade. It was about the "peripete" of Sophocles' Antigone, and his friend was just going to answer him when the drum suddenly called the soldiers to arms. This same material we have now—of course not all so well educated, but on the average as good as the best of our nation. Each one of these educated men is as good as two others.

The Colored Cadet Agin. The "speckled Mongolian" at West Point has abandoned lying and assumed a belligerent attitude. Cadet Wilson, of Wyoming, the smallest truly loyal boy at the Point, quarreled with Smith at the water cooler, on a point of precedence in drinking. Smith settled the matter by beating the Wyoming cub over the head with a cocoa nut dipper. Result—a senseless little rapier and an arrested mongrel. It is understood that nothing will be done with Smith beyond a formal reprimand.

The son of a roaring Radical politician of Illinois sits next to Smith at table, but he does not like the contact. What monstrous ingratitude! Only four boys speak to the colored cadet? and they are cut by their companions. What detestable hypocrisy! But the end is not yet, as may be perceived by a perusal of the following paragraph, which we find in the Missouri Republican: "After having been one year in the academy, the cadets have the privilege of giving and attending the stylish and fashionable balls which have long been a social feature of the institution and of West Point. No distinction is made at these balls, and no cadet is debarred from them; but the admission of Cadet Smith is a horse of another color; and although the question will not actually present itself for a year to come, the students are asking themselves how they are to solve it. To exclude him would be a breach of the established etiquette of academy; and to admit him, with the concomitant privilege of bringing with him his colored partner to share the festivities of the weekly balls, would be a complete recognition of negro equality that they are not prepared for nor willing to submit to."—August 1st Constitutional.

Princess Salm-Salm.—A correspondent of the New York Times gives an interesting and full sketch of the Princess Salm-Salm. He says: "When I was busily occupied with other things I saw through the window the arrival of a number of army surgeons and Knights of St. John. On a pony was also the Princess Agnes Salm-Salm, dressed in a gray riding-dress, the white badge with a red cross on her arm. She accompanies the celebrated Dr. Busch, of Bonn. I went out to greet her, though I looked more like a robber than a decent man; and several knights and other strangers seemed astonished that I made my way through them. But they were still more astonished when the Princess, on seeing me, rushed into my arms and kissed me upon my mouth, presenting me to them as her old, dear friend. I knew her before she was married, and was the only witness at her marriage. She is a splendid, energetic woman, and the manner in which she has behaved since she was in Europe is much admired by every one. The old King William and the Queen think very much of her, and never omit an opportunity to show it."

Lessons for Fever.—When persons are feverish and thirsty beyond what is natural, indicated in some cases by a metallic taste in the mouth, especially after drinking water, or by a whitish appearance of the greater part of the surface of tongue, one of the "colours," internal or external, is to take a lemon, cut off the top, sprinkle over it some loaf sugar, working it downward into the lemon with a spoon, and then suck it slowly, squeezing the lemon and adding more sugar as the acidity increases from being brought up from a lower point. Invalids with feverishness may take two or three lemons a day in this manner, with the most marked benefit, manifested by a sense of coolness, comfort and invigoration. A lemon or two thus taken at "tea-time," as an entire substitute for the ordinary "supper" of summer would give many a comfortable night's sleep, and on awaking after rest, an invigoration, with appetite for breakfast to which they are strangers who will have their cup of tea for supper, or "relish" and cake and berries or peaches and cream.—Dr. Hall.

Caught.—Secretary Cardozo need not be alarmed. Before election day we will print "facts and figures" enough to satisfy the people in regard to the connection of the Secretary of State with the lands in Georgetown, and on John's Island, sold to the State at his solicitation. One point is already established. Mr. Cardozo does not deny his complicity in these questionable transactions. Nor does he condescend to explain his potent plan for growing suddenly rich.—Charleston News.

New Advertisements.

Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera, Ac, cured and prevented by the Hageman's (formerly Velpenau's) Diarrhea Remedy, used with unflinching success since the Cholera of 1832. Sold by druggists generally. Prepared only by Hageman & Co., New York.

Inventors Address Edson Bros., Patent Agents, 469 Ninth streets, Washington, D. C., for advice, terms and references.

Baltimore Female College.

This Institution, incorporated in 1819, and liberally endowed by the State of Maryland in 1830, affords Boarders and Day Pupils every advantage to acquire a thorough and accomplished education. It has a good Library, Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus, and valuable Cabinets of Minerals Gems, Coins, and Medals. Besides pupils from the different counties in Maryland, it has an extensive patronage from the Middle, Southern and Western States. The 23d Annual session opens September 6th.

Faculty of Instruction. N. C. Brooks, LL.D., Professor Ancient Languages; T. Lucy, A. M., Professor of Mathematics, &c.; Mr. Louis Lanier, Professor of German; Mr. J. Van Rensselaer, Professor of Painting; Madam C. M. Chaffee, Professor of French; Miss C. M. Gilmer, Mathematics and History; Mrs. M. E. Lukey, Botany, Letters and Physiology; Miss Inge, H. Simmons, Piano and Singing; Mrs. E. A. Polster, Piano and Guitar; Mrs. Juliet Workman, vocal music.

Newspaper Advertising.

A Book of 125 closely printed pages, lately issued, contains a list of the best American Advertising Mediums, giving the names, circulations, and full particulars concerning the leading Daily and Weekly Political and Family Newspapers, together with all those having large circulations, published in the interest of Religion, Agriculture, Literature, &c., &c. Every Advertiser, and every person who contemplates becoming such, will find this book of great value. Mailed free to any address on receipt of fifteen cents. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Publishers, No. 40 Park Row, New York.

The Pittsburg, (Pa.) Leader, in its issue of May 23, 1870, says: "The firm of G. P. Rowell & Co., which issues this interesting and valuable book, is the largest and best Advertising Agency in the United States, and we can cheerfully recommend it to the attention of those who desire to advertise their business scientifically and systematically in such a way; that is, so to secure the largest amount of publicity for the least expenditure of money."

KIDDER'S PASTILLES.

A sure relief for Asthma. Price 40 cents by mail. STOWELL & Co., Charlestown, Mass.

PSYCHOMANCY, FASINATION OR SOUL CHARMING.—400 pages; cloth. This wonderful book has full instructions to enable the reader to fascinate either sex, or any animal, at will. Mesmerism, Spiritism, and hundreds of other curious experiments. It can be obtained free of charge, with 10 cents postage, to I. W. Evans & Co., No. 41 So. Eighth St., Philadelphia.

NEW MEDICAL PAMPHLET.—Seminal, Physical and Nervous Debility, its effects and cure. Price 25 cents. Address Secretary, Museum of Anatomy, 618 Broadway, New York.

AVOID QUACKS.—A victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple method of cure, which he will send free to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. Tuttle, 78 Nassau St., New York.

PROMPT, HONORABLE, RELIABLE. AGENTS wanted in every city, town and village for the largest and most successful DOLLAR HOUSE in the country. ONLY ONE endorsed by the leading Papers and Express Co's of the United States. Our goods give universal satisfaction, our premiums to Agents cannot be excelled, and our checks are free. Having two houses in Boston and Chicago, our facilities are unequalled, and our business exceeds in amount all other concerns in this trade combined.

Send for Circulars and Free Club to S. C. THOMPSON & CO., 136 Federal St., Boston, Mass., and 148 State St., Chicago, Ill., Aug 24.

Charlotte, Columbia and August Rail Road. COLOMBIA, Dec. 27, 1869.

THE following Passenger Schedule will go into effect on this Road on and after Thursday, September 1st.

GOING NORTH. Leave Augusta, S. C., at 6.00 a.m. Columbia, S. C., at 11.30 a.m. " Winnsboro, " " 1.55 p.m. Arrive at Charlotte, N. C. Making close connections with Train of North Carolina Road for all points North and East. COMING SOUTH. Leave Charlotte, N. C. at 8.20 a.m. " Winnsboro, " " 12.45 p.m. " Columbia, " " 3.15 p.m. Arrive at Augusta, " " 7.50 p.m. Making close connections with Trains of Central and Georgia Railroads for Savannah, and all points in Florida, Macon, Columbus, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Selma, Chattanooga, Memphis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and all points South and West. Palace Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Through Tickets sold, and Baggage checked to all principal points. Passengers by this route going North, have choice of three different routes. C. BOURNIGHT, Superintendent. E. R. DONSKY, General Freight and Ticket Agent. Sept 3.

Davidson & Co., are now selling their entire stock of Spring Goods out at cost.

WM. SHEPHERD & CO.,

No. 24 Hayne St., Charleston, S. C., Dealers in COOKING STOVES, RANGES and HEATING STOVES.

Pictura of Stoves, with prices and description, will be sent upon application. June 30-ly

UNIVERSITY OF NASHVILLE.

E. KISBY SMITH, Chancellor. BUSHROD R. JOHNSON, President. The next Session of the Collegiate Department, (in all its Classes) with Preparatory School, opens September 12, 1870.—Course, Classical and Scientific, Disipline, Military. For Circulars, address, E. KISBY SMITH, Chancellor, or BUSHROD R. JOHNSON, Pres. Aug 16-1m

WANTED EVERYWHERE AGENTS, \$100 to \$250 per month, male and female, to introduce the Genuine Improved Sewing Machine, Sense Family Sewing Machine, underfeed and overfeed styles. Price only \$18. These machines will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, cord, gather and embroider. The cloth cannot be pulled apart even after every other stitch is cut. Every machine warranted 5 or 6 years. We will pay the salary of a commission from which twice the amount can be made. Address for terms to Agents, &c., GEORGE McRATHRON & CO., Nashville, Tenn.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and practical machine manufactured. Aug 16-1m

KY. MILITARY INSTITUTE.

6 Miles from Frankfort, Ky. The 25th Academy Year will begin on Monday, September 5, 1870. Send for Catalogue, to Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, Sup't, Farmdale Postoffice, Franklin, Co., Ky. Aug 16-1m

Hocker Female College, LEXINGTON, KY.

The Second Session of this Institute will open on Monday, September 12th, 1870. The School is of the HIGHEST GRADE, and the facilities for a thorough Education unsurpassed. For Terms, &c., apply to JAS. M. HOCKER, Prop'r. Aug 16-1m

COTTON GINS, &c., &c. Gullett's Patent Steel Brush COTTON GINS.

THIS Celebrated Gin can be seen at work in every District in the State. Price, \$5 per Saw. Brown's Georgia Pattern Cotton Gin. Price, \$4 per Saw. Hall's Patent Cotton Gin Feeders—preventing any hard substance entering the Gin, protecting the saws from injuring and the lint from being lost. Price, \$1.50 per Saw to size of Gin. Deering's Cotton Press—Price \$275. Penobly's Cotton Seed Huller—Price \$75. Hutchinson's Cider Mills—Price \$25. Cahoon's Patent Broadcast Seed-Sowers, for wheat and small grain—Price \$10. And all kinds of agricultural implements for sale low. C. GRAVELLY, 52 East Bay-st., South Old Post Office Aug 11-3m

Lippman's GREAT GERMAN BITTERS. THE PUREST MEDICAL CORDIAL. THE AGE. Alternative, Ant bilious, and Invigorating Properties. LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS is prepared from the original German receipt now in the possession of the proprietors, and is the same preparation that was used in Germany upwards of a century ago; and to day it is the household remedy of Germany, recommended by its most eminent physicians.

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS is composed of the purest alcoholic essence with the juices and extracts of rare herbs, roots and barks; all of which combined make it one of the best and surest preparations for the cure of Dyspepsia, Loss of Tone in the Stomach and Digestive Organs, Nervous Debility, Langour, Constipation, Liver Complaint, General Exhaustion, &c. &c. AND AN Preventive for Chills and Fever AND Malarious Diseases Generally. FEMALES Will find LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS the best tonic known for the diseases to which they are generally subject, and where a gentle remedy is recommended.

SAVANNAH, March 16, 1870. Messrs. Jacob Lippman & Bro., Savannah, Ga. Gents—I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th inst., containing various documents relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent them to be, an old German receipt of Dr. Mitchell's of Berlin. Prussia. It will no doubt be excellent for dyspepsia, general debility and nervous diseases, and is a good preventative of cholera and fever. I find it to be a most delightful and pleasant stomachic.

I remain, yours truly, (Signed) W. KIRKLAND. KIRKLAND MILLS, Ga., March 22, 1870. Messrs. Jacob Lippman & Bro., Druggists Savannah, Ga. Gentlemen—I have introduced your Great German Bitters here to my customers and friends, and find better sale for it than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried it approve of it very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that it is far superior in value to any other Bitters now in use. Yours, respectfully, (Signed) W. KIRKLAND. Depot in Winnsboro, LADD BROS. Wholesale Agents for South Carolina. HENRY BISHOP & CO. CLASSIUS & WITTE, STEFFERS, WERNER & DUCKER, may 21-2m Charleston, S. C.

None are Genuine Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed. H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 694 Broadway, New York.

TO PHYSICIANS. Preparation of Compound Extract Buchu. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBES, JUNIPER BERRIES. Mode of Preparation.—Buchu, in vacuum, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebes extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use. Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous deoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation, upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopoea, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hopeing that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation. With a feeling of confidence, I am, very respectfully, H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist and Druggist, of 16 Years' Experience.

Latest Quotations of SOUTHERN SECURITIES, CHARLESTON, S. C., Corrected Weekly by A. C. KAUFMAN, Broker, No. 25 Broad St. September 2, 1870. STATE SECURITIES.—South Carolina, old 90; do, cw.—@80 do, registered stock, ex int.—@80 RAILROAD STOCKS.—Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta,—@45; Gt.erville and Columbia, 2; Northern, 9@; Savannah and Charleston, 35; South Carolina, (whole shares) 46; do, (half do) 22. SOUTH CAROLINA BANK BILLS. *Bank of Charleston, —@— *Bank of Newberry, —@— *Bank of Columbia, —@— *Bank of Georgetown, —@— *Bank of South Carolina, —@— *Bank of Chester, —@— *Bank of Hamburg, —@— *Bank of State of S. C. prior to 1861, 62@— *Bank of State of S. C. issue 1861 and 1862, 42@— *Planters' and Mechanics' Bank Charleston, —@— *People's Bank of Charleston, —@— *Union Bank of Charleston, —@— *Southwestern R R Bank, Charleston, (old) —@— *Southwestern R R Bank, Charleston, (new) —@— *State Bank of Charleston, —@— *Farmers' and Exchange Bank of Charleston, —@— *Exchange Bank of Columbia, —@— *Commercial Bank of Columbia, —@— *Merchants' Bank of Cheraw, —@— *Planters' Bank of Fairfield, —@— *State of S. C. Bills Receivable, par City of Charleston Change Bills, par

The Last Sensation! JUST received a fresh supply of Fine Durham Smoking Tobacco, Canned Oysters, Shrimps, Pickles, Sardines, Coffee, Sugar, Lard, Cakes, Table Salt, Flour, Soap, Liverpool Salt, Cheese, Candles, Shoes, Crockery, Tinware, Molasses, Stationery, Hardware, Dry Goods, &c., which we offer low for cash. J. McINTYRE & CO. Jan 18

TO PHYSICIANS.

New York, August 15th, 1868. Allow me to call your attention to my Preparation of Compound Extract Buchu.

Hopeing that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation. With a feeling of confidence, I am, very respectfully, H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist and Druggist, of 16 Years' Experience.

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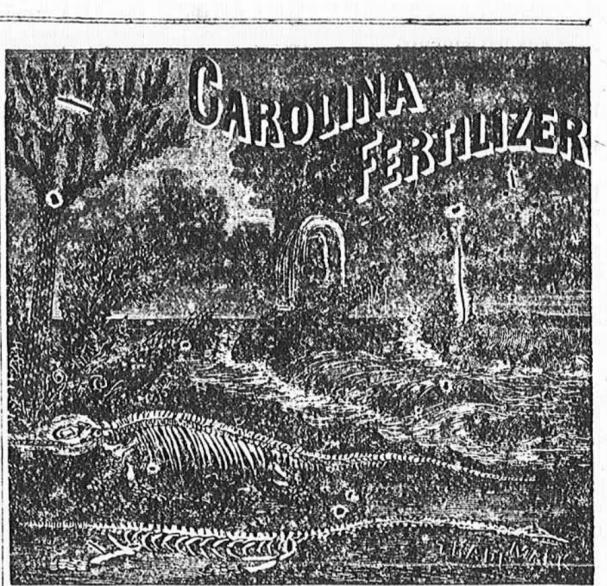
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The "CAROLINA FERTILIZER" is made from the Phosphates of South Carolina and is pronounced by various chemists, one of the best Manures known, only inferior to Peruvian Guano in its Fertilizing Properties. These Phosphates are the remains of sea land and sea animals, and possess qualities of the greatest value to the agriculturist. We annex the analysis of Professor Shepard. Analysis of a sample of Carolina Fertilizer, personally selected. Moisture expelled at 212° F. 16.70 Organic Matter, with some water of combination expelled at a low red heat, 16.50 Fixed Ingredients, 66.80 Ammonia, 2.90 Phosphoric Acid—Soluble, 6.96 Equivalent to 11.27 Solubl Phosphate of Lim 6.17 Equivalent to 13.48 Insoluble (U-se). 18.12 24.75 Phosphate of Lime. 11.01 Equivalent to 23.65 Sulphate of Lime. Sulphuric Acid, 13.12 8.00 Sulphate of Potash, 11.01 8.50 Sulphate of Soda, 3.50 Sand, 11.06 On the strengths of these results I am glad to certify to the superiority of the Carolina Fertilizer. C. U. SHEPARD, Jr., GEO. W. WILL