Anderson Intelligencer.

TERMS:

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SIX MONTHS.....75.

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TO CORRESPONDENTS.—In order to receive attention, communications must be accompanied by the true name and address of the writer. Rejected manuscripts will not be returned unless the necessary stamps are furnished to repay the postage thereon. ☞ We are not responsible for the views and opinions of our correspondents.

All communications should be addressed to "Editor Intelligencer," and all checks, drafts, money orders, &c., should be made payable to the order of E. B. MURRAY & CO.

ONE LITERARY VENTURE.

A cool, frosty October morning with a sun shining in a spotless, sapphire sky, and a delicious, gentle western wind blowing the crimson and bronze, russet and golden, leaves in tropical-hued showers.

Grace Layne walked slowly along the country road, toward the little red school house, where, as teacher over the forty scholars who comprised the winter class, she was earning her own living, and supporting her invalid mother and little sister.

She was a fair, womanly-looking girl, with sweet, regular features and thoughtful eyes, that were this especial morning wearing an expression of mutual wistfulness, as she walked through the fragrant, fallen leaves, her skirts rustling over them with a little musical sound.

And the reason why was, that a question was bothering Grace's brains that has bothered many a wiser and older head than hers—the question of how to manage her financial affairs so that both ends would meet. For the finances was not only the question Grace had to settle, but the wherewithal she had to earn as well; and of late days it had come rather startlingly home to her that the ratio of necessaries imperatively demanded, and the money to buy them with, were in an alarmingly inverse proportion.

So, walking along to her daily duties, beneath such a gloriously blue sky, this fair-faced, lovely-eyed girl, who would have graced any position with her rare gentleness, and modest refinement, and sweet womanliness, was vexing her soul with fearful doubts as to how she could possibly contrive to get Lily her thick boots for the winter so near at hand, and the warm, woolly flannels that must be had, whether or no, for the delicate little mother.

There was not a thought of self in all Grace's planning—not one thought of her shabby wardrobe. All was for the dear ones for whom she was so glad and eager to work, the best she could.

Somehow the vexed question was no nearer being settled than ever when Grace reached the school-house door, and unlocked it, with just a faint, little thrill, at the day's weary ordeal ahead of her, yet smiling cheerily as the earliest scholar, her most incorrigible, came—came shuffling up the aisle, intent on reading from a torn piece of newspaper, and only looking up at her pleasant greeting, and question as to what had so interested him.

In after days, Grace thought what a fate there was in it—in Rob McCoy's eager, clumsy answer:

"It's a bully old story, I tell you! Pretty near as good as what you kin tell, Miss Layne. Say, why don't you have them stories of your'n printed, so's we kin read 'em over'n over?"

True to her teacher instinct, Grace gravely and gently corrected Rob's lapses in grammer, pronunciation and manner. And then, a sudden rushing all through her veins told her the deep, sudden hold his eager question had taken on her.

"Have her stories printed"—those pleasant, little half-hour recreation stories, which she gave her pupils every Friday afternoon, as a sort of reward for their week's well-doing. "Print them," as Rob rudely put it, in other words. Could she, oh, dare she hope she might have them published if she wrote them?

And, for one exquisite, dazzling moment, Grace Layne realized that there was a solution to her vexed question—that there was opened before her a glorious vista, at the end of which was any abundance of warm, cosy flannels and thick, comfortable boots.

That was how it came to her; and twenty-four hours later there was a neat package of manuscript lying in the village postoffice, addressed, in Grace's bold round hand, to the editor of the *Plume d'Argent*, with a modest little note, saying that the smallest sum would be gladly accepted for it.

The days of waiting began then, that are so long, so full of alternations of hopes and fears, of doubts and uncertainties.—Days when Grace wondered at her presumption in ever supposing there was the slightest literary ability about her; when she was ready to despise herself for making her hopeless attempt.

And other days, when she did not depreciate herself so, and almost felt ready to be sure of an answer, and a favorable answer, when she paid her afternoon visit to the village postoffice, where the jolly grocer who kept it used to chaff her because her "beau" was so dilatory in his love-letters.

By-and-by, there came a letter, in an envelope bearing the legend in one upper corner, "Regamy & Willard, *Plume d'Argent* office, New York City," and Grace went almost blindly from the postoffice to the deserted little school-room, to learn her success or her defeat in the fight with fate.

And then a little cry of thanksgiving went up from her quivering lips as first there fluttered from the letter a ten-dollar greenback.

And then a great estatic gladness went thrilling all over her as she read the short note, which asked for a story, similar in style and subject matter, every week until further notice, at the same price.

And as Grace walked home through the October dusk, her eyes were shining like stars for very happiness.

* * * * * * * *

The *sanctum sanctorum* of the *Plume d'Argent* was a tasteful, cosy place, with the winter sunlight streaming in on the crimson-carpeted floor, lighting up with a vivid warmth the pictures on the walls, the few excellent bronzes, the handsome walnut furniture, upholstered in crimson leather, the tall, intelligently-filled bookcases, and—the handsome head of Mr. Bertie Willard, the junior member of the firm of publishers and editors.

At the extreme end of the room was another desk, at which sat an older gentleman, of fine, stern face, and grave, almost forbidding, manner, but who turned partially round in his revolving desk-chair, as Mr. Willard's voice rang suddenly out:

"You haven't seen this latest batch of society sketches of Grace Layne's, Mr. Regamy? I think I seldom saw more marked talent than the lady shows.

He had a pleasant, cheery voice, that was a pleasure to hear, which had in it something that won one's confidence at once.

"Talented and remarkably pleasing. I will confess to a feeling of curiosity to see her. I don't know when I have been more anxious to meet any one than the woman who expresses such noble, womanly thoughts in such an exquisite way as our Grace Layne."

From that conversation between the editors arose a letter to our Grace, requesting her to call at the *Plume d'Argent* office, on business, on a named date—a letter that Grace received by mail, one lonely spring afternoon, on the way from school, and that struck cold terror to her very soul; for she knew as well as if she had seen it written on the wall that she was failing to suit the publishers, and that her luck—her blessed fairy luck—had changed.

"How can I go? I dare not go!" she told herself, faint-heartedly. "I will write, and tell them to write me what they have to say. I think I can bear it so much better that way. But, thank God, I have saved enough to keep want from the door for many days to come."

And so Grace sent back a modest, girlish letter, telling them just what she had thought, thanking them for their kindness, and quietly withdrew from her labors.

When Mr. Bertie Willard read her letter, his handsome face flushed.

"The little daisy! Mr. Regamy, do you know what I am going to do? Take the next train for the village post-marked on Miss Grace Layne's letters, and offer her an engagement on the regular staff."

Mr. Regamy drew his stern lips into a comical little grimace, and said nothing while Bertie rushed around to catch the train.

And that was why, just as the village school was dismissed, and Grace sat alone in the deserted room, a handsome, distinguished stranger came in, whose respectful admiration of her somehow made her pulses quicken suddenly.

"If I am not mistaken, this is Miss Layne? I was told I would find you here. Allow me to introduce myself—Bertie Willard, of the firm of Regamy & Willard. I hope you will not class me as an utter stranger after the pleasant business relations of the past months."

And Grace, flushing like a wild rose, her sweet, grave face dimpling into sunny smiles, extended her hand eagerly.

"Can it be possible that I have the pleasure of seeing Mr. Willard? You have been so good to me—Oh, so good! I never can thank you!"

Bertie's handsome eyes were full of admiration as he looked at her.

"It is we who are under such obligations, Miss Layne. And, as you seemed to misunderstand my letter, I thought it best to run out and see you. I am very glad for my own sake that you have occasioned me the pleasure.

Somehow, Grace felt she was not a stranger. Somehow, Mr. Willard was rapidly arriving at the conclusion that of all the charming girls he had ever seen this girl was the most charming, and the hour that he spent with her deepened the impression, until—

Three months later, Mr. Regamy turned suddenly around in his chair, and gave Bertie Willard a quizzical look.

"About that engagement with Miss Layne? You never told me whether she accepted our terms."

And Bertie laughed.

"I have been so intent on securing Miss Laynes consent to another sort of engagement, that, to tell the truth, I never thought of it. Congratulate me, Mr. Regamy, that I have won the dearest girl in the world—our peerless Grace Layne!"

While, that very hour, Grace Layne was thanking God for the happiness that had come to her through the fate-ordained source of her literary venture.

Only—if such good luck would occasionally happen to other aspirants!

Christmas Customs.

No two nations, two families, or two persons have the same way of celebrating Christmas, or any other holiday. The Chinese have feasts which correspond to our Christmas. It is a popular festival devoted almost entirely to the amusement of children, and in offering sacrifices and paying homages to certain deities, male and female, who are supposed to take interest in the welfare of the young. Special honors are paid to the "Seven Star Mother," or "Mother of the Measure," who is supposed to dwell among the Seven stars which form the dipper in the Great Bear constellation. This goddess is believed to have power to give children long years of life, and her favor is especially sought.

The cakes they eat at this time must be round, like the moon; and the candies, of which they devour great quantities, are made into all sorts of queer shapes. This Chinese festival takes place early in October.

The Christian idea of Christmas, with its love, charity and forbearance, is most fully realized in Sweden, where some of the pagan ceremonials are still indulged in. The courts are closed; old quarrels settled; old feuds forgotten; while on the Yule evening the shoes, great and small, of the entire household are set close together in a row, that during the coming year the family may live together in peace and harmony. Isn't there something particularly pretty and appropriate in that custom? In ancient Rome all walls of separation were broken down during the Satturnalia, or feast of Saturn, which corresponds with our Christmas holidays; and in Italy, at the present day, masters and servants not unfrequently meet, and are seated at a common Christmas table.

In the time of Queen Elizabeth the Christmas holidays lasted over a month; everybody made merry under the mistletoe bough, and fun and frolic raged furiously.

The Germans have grafted many of their ancient religious observances upon their present mode of celebrating Christmas, and all their ceremonies are symbolical. They beat the fruit trees, or shake crumbs about their roots, that the year may be fruitful, and are much given to processions in which the Christ-child figures conspicuously.

St. Nicholas is the Santa Claus of Holland; in a certain part of Switzerland he has a wife who is known as St. Lucy. She distributes gifts to the girls, and he looks after the welfare of the boys. In many parts of Switzerland, Germany and the Netherlands, St. Nicholas still distributes his gifts on St. Nicholas eve—the fifth of December—instead of on Christmas eve.

In Belgium, on the eve of the good bishop's voyage among the chimney tops, the children polish their shoes, and filling them with hay, or oats, or carrots, for the saint's white horse, then put them on the table, or set them in the fire-places.

The room is then carefully locked. Next morning it is opened in the presence of the assembled household, when, wonderful to relate! the furniture is found to be topsy-turvy; while the little shoes, instead of horses' fare, are filled with sweetmeats and toys for the good children, and with rods for the bad ones.

In France, though New Year is generally observed rather than Christmas for the distribution of presents, it is the Christ-child who comes with an escort of angels loaded with books and toys with which to fill the little shoes so carefully arranged by the fire-place.

In Poland, and elsewhere, it is believed that on Christmas night the heavens are opened, and the scene of Jacob's ladder re enacted; but it is only permitted to the saints to see it. Throughout northern Germany the tables are spread, and the lights left burning during the entire night that the Virgin Mary and the angel, who pass when everybody sleeps, may find something to eat.

The Christmas tree is of German origin, and is the principal feature of the majority of the Christmas festivities in some parts of our own country. All our customs have been transplanted from the old world.

The *Bambino* is the Santa Claus of Italy, and is a representation of the infant Saviour, being nothing more nor less than a large doll very richly dressed and cherished with exceeding care.

The singing of Christmas carols is a very pretty custom still practiced, to some extent, in parts of England, Germany and Scotland; and Americans visiting those countries during the holiday season are particularly impressed with the sweetness of the songs that break the stillness of the wintry night, and regret that the custom is not more generally observed.

Our own Christmas-tree comes from Germany; our Santa Claus from Holland; the Christmas stockings from Belgium or France; while the "Merry Christmas" and "Happy New Year" were the old English greetings, shouted through the streets in the long, long ago.

[Published by request.]

THE CHRISTIAN'S VICTORY.

BY MRS. DANELLY.

O, Grave, where is thy victory?
O, Death, where is thy sting?
No terror to the Christian's heart,
No anguish canst thou bring.

Thou canst not bind the immortal soul
Within thy narrow gauge;
In glorious triumph does it rise
Above thy mystic change.

Not in the dark, cold grave—oh, no!
Our loved one is not there
Beneath the damp and mouldering sod
In silence and despair.

For Christ arose, He conquered Death,
Reversed our fearful doom,
And robbed the cold, unfriendly grave
Of all its dismal gloom.

Not in the dark, cold grave—oh, no!
In Heaven our loved one dwells,
And with unspeakable delight
Her raptured bossom swells.

Not in the dark, cold grave—oh, no!
From earth we'll turn our gaze
And think of her as lost in love
And everlasting praise.

"The Good Time Coming—The Last Man Out of Debt."

A young friend and relative, who lives in the Northwestern part of Georgia, made us a visit recently, and said, in conversation, that the farmers in his section had paid out of debt this year. The last man, who had struggled longest and hardest, paid the last cent of his indebtedness and had a bale or two of cotton left. This is encouraging news from our sister State, and inspires the hope that equal good fortune will, ere long, be the happy lot of the people on the east side of the Savannah River, and we, too, may take up the jubilee cry, "out of debt!" This will be the millennium to the financial world, and to the farmers, especially, the era of commercial independence and great prosperity. It may be that the same cause which produced this happy condition of things in our sister State are imperceptibly at work here, and the trying ordeal of the present season is but the forerunner of future prosperity. But littigation did not bring it about in Georgia, nor will it in Carolina. It was caused mostly by straight-forward dealing on the part of debtors, and corresponding leniency on the part of creditors. As a general thing, such a course of conduct on the part of debtors will always have its legitimate effect on the creditors. Pay as far as you can, and ask for longer indulgence, and you will get it. Practice rigid economy and well-directed industry, and soon it will be said of us, as it is now said in parts of Georgia, "out of debt." Political causes, there as here, may, and no doubt are an important factor in the renewal of general prosperity; and as Georgia experienced political deliverance a little sooner than we, it is not strange that returning prosperity should sooner be her happy lot. Then let us take courage, be united among ourselves, and soon will South Carolina be along side her sister State commercially as well as politically. T. H. R.

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

— In Atascosa county, Texas, springs and creeks are reported "dry as powder-houses, and grass is scarcer than water."

— The Little Rock *Democrat* says that at no time since the war have the negroes of Arkansas had so much money as at present.

— There are 30,000 deaf mutes in the United States, and fifty places of worship where services are conducted in the sign language.

If babies could talk, they would often express their thanks to their nurses, for relieving them of pain and suffering, by the use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

— Senator Beck remarks that the length of this session of Congress will depend on whether Jim Blaine shakes the bloodly-shirt in the face of Ben Hill.

— You have seen those chaps whose handkerchiefs are always full of scents? Such men often have no sense in their head and very few cents in their pockets.

— About 125,000 immigrants have landed at the port of New York since the 1st of January last, or nearly 45,000 more than during the same period in 1878.

— The latest estimate of the wheat yield of the United States for 1879, is 441,300,000 bushels. It is estimated that 283,000,000 bushels will be required in Europe.

The most reliable agent for destroying and expelling worms from children and adults is Shriner's Indian Vermifuge, 25 cents a bottle. Try it. Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction.

— At a recent wedding in Bowling Green, Ky., the four children of one farmer were married under one ceremony, three of them uniting with three of another farmer.

— A horse in Chicago drank two gallons of beer by mistake for water, and in about fifteen minutes he danced around the wagon and wanted to know who run that town if he didn't. It affects everything just that way.

— W. T. Blackwell, the great tobacco manufacturer of Durham, N. C., pays more tax to the government than any other man in the world, to wit, $520,000 a year, $10,000 a week, or over $1,428 per day.

— During the past year no passenger has been killed by any railroad in this State, and only seven injured. While this is true, several persons have been killed and injured by accidents, at various times and in various ways, by the railroads.

— Intelligence reached Augusta Tuesday afternoon of a most atrocious murder at McBean, on the Central Railroad, fifteen miles from Augusta, on Monday night. The victim was Mr. William Harrison, a young man about 18 years of age, who kept store at the station.

— The Choctaw nation, which numbers about 17,000 people, has forty schools and two academies. It also pays for the college education of twenty-two students in the States. The office of superintendent of education is elective, and has been held by a Choctaw for four years.

— Death was desired by a woman at Greensboro, N. C., and she decided to accomplish it by drowning. Clasping the pump log, she slid slowly down into the well. The distance was forty-five feet, and before reaching the water she evidently repented of her act. The imprint of her fingers and shoes shows that she tried to stay her course; but the wood was slippery, and she could not save herself.

CAUSE AND EFFECT.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and the kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See other column.—*Advance.*

— Gen. Wm. Mahone has been elected United States Senator from Virginia to succeed Senator Withers, whose term expires March 4, 1881.

— What is the necessity of establishing a military garrison at Washington composed of six or any other particular number of companies? That such an idea is entertained suggests that there is much more danger of the Republican party undertaking to capture the Presidency by force than there is of the Democratic party gobbling it up by theft. Matt Carpenter pitches his croakings to the wrong key.

— Even the most maglinant enemy of Gen. R. Toombs has never dared to utter one breath of slander against his conjugal fidelity and devotion to the true and gentle wife of his youth. "I married her," he said, "when she was only seventeen, and I twenty years of age. She was one of the most beautiful and noble girls in Georgia, and from that day to this she has been my constant companion, accompanying me wherever I went and always cherished and beloved above all women. The 18th of next November will be fifty years since our union, and we will then celebrate our golden wedding. But mark you, no guest shall be invited who is not known to be a true and loyal husband to the wife that bears his name." These are noble sentiments and shed a halo of glory over the head of this aged and distinguished statesman. Here, at least, he is invulnerable, and such a life of constancy and purity should cover a multitude of faults.

TUTT'S PILLS

are extracted from Vegetable products, combining in them the Mandrake or May Apple, which is recognized by physicians as a substitute for calomel, possessing all the virtues of that mineral, without its bad after-effects.

AS AN ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE

they are incomparable. They stimulate the TORPID LIVER, invigorate the NERVOUS SYSTEM, and give tone to the DIGESTIVE ORGANS, creating perfect digestion and thorough assimilation of food. They exert a powerful influence on the KIDNEYS and LIVER, and through these organs remove all impurities, thus vitalizing the tissues of the body and causing a healthy condition of the system.

AS AN ANTI-MALARIAL REMEDY

They have no equal; and as a result act as a preventive and cure for Bilious, Remittent, Intermittent, Typhoid Fevers, and Fever and Ague. Upon the healthy action of the Stomach, depends, almost wholly, the health of the human race.

DYSPEPSIA IS THE BANE

of the present generation. It is for the Cure of this disease and its attendants, SICK-HEADACHE, NERVOUSNESS, DESPONDENCY, CONSTIPATION, PILES, &c., that

TUTT'S PILLS

have gained such a wide spread reputation. No Remedy has ever been discovered that acts so speedily and gently on the digestive organs giving them tone and vigor to assimilate food. This being accomplished, of course the

NERVOUS SYSTEM IS BRACED, THE BRAIN IS NOURISHED, AND THE BODY ROBUST.

Being composed of the juices of plants extracted by powerful chemical agencies, and prepared in a concentrated form, they are guaranteed free from any thing that can injure the most delicate person.

A noted chemist who has analyzed them, says "THERE IS MORE VIRTUE IN ONE OF TUTT'S PILLS, THAN CAN BE FOUND IN A PINT OF ANY OTHER."

We therefore say to the afflicted

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GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a Natural Color, acts Instantaneously, and is as Harmless as spring water. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
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No disease or ill health can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer nor let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "Invalids Friend and Hope," and no person or family should be without them.

Get some this day.

HOP COUGH CURE is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children.

One Hop Pad for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is superior to all others. Ask Druggists.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistable cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

All sold by druggists. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co. Rochester, N. Y. Send for Circular.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

All persons having demands against the Estate of J. F. Mitchell, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned, properly proven, and those indebted to said Estate are also notified to make payment at once.

E. M. WATSON, Adm'r.

Dec 11, 1879 22 3*

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

All persons having claims against the Estate of Henry Shockley, deceased, are hereby notified to present them to the undersigned, at Belton, properly proven, within the time prescribed by law.

B. D. DEAN, Adm'r.

Dec 4, 1879 21 3

NOTICE FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Administratrix of the Estate of Rev. Nathaniel Gaines, deceased, will apply to the Judge of Probate for Anderson County, on 6th day of January, 1880, for a Final Settlement and discharge from her office as Administratrix of the Personal Estate of the said Nathaniel Gaines, deceased.

FRANCIS S. RILEY, Adm'x.

Dec 4, 1879 21 5

NOTICE FINAL SETTLEMENT.

The undersigned, Administrators of the Estate of Mrs. Mary Watson, hereby give notice that they will apply to the Judge of Probate at Anderson C. H. on the 31st day of December, 1879, for a Final Settlement of said Estate, and a discharge from said Administration.

JOHN B. WATSON, W. G. WATSON, } Adm'rs.

Nov 27, 1879 20 5

UNDER WEAR.

A LARGE STOCK of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear. Merino and all Wool—sure to please. Also, Flannels of the different grades.

Gents' Fine Shirts a Specialty.

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OF

Foreign Literature, Science and Art.

1880—36th YEAR.

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Science, Travels, Essays, Poetry, Reviews, Novels, Sketches, Short Stories, Etc., etc.

The following lists comprise the principal periodicals from which selections are made and the names of some of the leading writers who contribute to them:

PERIODICALS.	AUTHORS.
Quarterly Review.	Rt.Hon. W.E. Gladstone.
Brit. Quarterly Review.	Alfred Tennyson.
Edinburg Review.	Professor Huxley.
Westminster Review.	Professor Tyndall.
Contemporary Review.	Rich. A. Proctor, B. A.
Fortnightly Review.	J.NormanLockyer,F.R.S
The Nineteenth Cent'y.	Dr. W. B. Carpenter.
Popular Science Review.	E. B. Tylor.
Blackwood's Magazine.	Professor Max Muller.
Cornhill Magazine.	Professor Owen.
Macmillan's Magazine.	Matthew Arnold.
Fraser's Magazine.	E. A. Freeman, D. C. L.
New Quart. Magazine.	James Anthony Froude.
Temple Bar.	Thomas Hughes.
Belgravia.	Anthony Trollope.
Good Words.	William Black.
London Society.	Mrs. Oliphant.
Saturday Review.	Turgenieff.
The Spectator, etc., etc.	Miss Thackeray, etc.

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Tinware of every description always kept in large quantities, and as for prices, I cannot be beat.

RAGS, RAGS.

Bring on your Rags. I want all you have got and more too. I will pay the highest market price for them.

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JOHN E. PEOPLES,

Brick Range, Anderson, S. C.

Oct 2, 1879 12

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Columbia, S. C.

Nov 13, 1879 18 2m

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF ANDERSON.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

J. S. McDuffiee Massey, Plaintiff, against Robert W. Massey, Eliza J. Shellnot, Serressa V. Martin, et. al., Defendants.—*Summons for Relief—Complaint Served.*

To the Defendants Robert W. Massey, Eliza J J. Shellnot, Serrissa V. Martin, Harrison R. Massey, Francis J. Massey.

YOU are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at their office, at Anderson Court House, S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated December 6th, A. D. 1879.

MOORE & ALLEN,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

THE Defendants in this action will take notice that the complaint in this action is filed for the partition of the land described therein among the owners thereof according to their respective interests, said land having been assigned to the parties interested from the estate of Silas Massey, and known in said division as tract No. 2, containing one hundred and eighty-one acres, more or less.

MOORE & ALLEN,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.

Dec 11, 1879 22 6

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF ANDERSON.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

D. R. Greer, Plaintiff, against John F. Greer, Samantha E. Autrey, et al.—*Summons for Relief—Complaint Served.*

To the Defendants John F. Greer, John J. Leach, Alice C. Leach, Samantha H. Leach, Jane Leach, Minnia Leach, Samantha E. Autrey, Srophnia Dunkin and Lucinda A. Greer:

YOU are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at their office, Anderson C. H., S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Dec. 2, A. D. 1879.

MOORE & ALLEN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

The Defendants will take notice that the complaint filed in this case is for the partition of the Real Estate of Mary L. Greer, deceased, among her heirs and distributees, and to sell the same, or so much as may be required in aid of personal assets to pay debts.

MOORE & ALLEN, Plaintiff's Att'ys.

Dec 4, 1879 21 6

WE HAVE RECEIVED

THIS SEASON a large stock of DRESS GOODS, such as Mohairs, Alpacas, Melanges, Lustres, &c., &c. Our Prints are of the *very best make.*

We are Selling

A great many Cloaks, and have a large number left that are pronounced "beautiful and *very cheap.*" Also, some nice shawls very low down.

A. B. TOWERS & CO.

Oct 23, 1879 15

NOTICE FINAL SETTLEMENT.

The undersigned, Administrator of Mrs. Ann Rogers, hereby gives notice that he will apply to the Judge of Probate at Anderson C. H. on December 30, 1879, for a Final Settlement of said Estate and a discharge from said Administration.

I will sell at public auction at Anderson C. H., on 30th December, the notes and accounts uncollected of said Estate.

H. B. ROGERS, Adm'r.

Nov 27, 1879 20 5

The Great Carriage Manufacturing House of the World.

EMERSON, FISHER & CO.,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

TOP BUGGIES AND PHAETONS.

Best material, good workmanship, handsome styles, strong and durable Vehicles in every respect.

70,000 CARRIAGES,

Manufactured by EMERSON, FISHER & CO., are now in use in every part of the American Continent.

They give unfailing satisfaction. All their work is warranted. They have received testimonials from all parts of the country of purport similar to the following, hundreds of which are on file subject to inspection:

GALVA, ILLINOIS, July 16, 1879.

Messrs. Emerson, Fisher & Co.: I have used one of your Top Buggies three years in my libery stable, and they have given me perfect satisfaction and are in constant use.

OSCAR SMALLEY.

NEWBERRY, S. C., July 17, 1879.

Messrs. Coppock & Johnson—Dear Sirs: I have been using the Emerson & Fisher Buggy I bought from you as roughly I suppose as any one could. I had a fast horse, drove him at full speed, sometimes with two grown ladies and myself in the buggy, and it is to-day worth all the money I paid for it. I say the Emerson & Fisher Buggies will do.

A. M. TEAGUE, Farmer.

The favorable reputation the Carriages have made in localities where they have been used for several years by Liverymen, Physicians, Farmers and others requiring hard and constant use, has led to an increased demand from those localities, to meet which the manufacturing facilities of their mammoth establishment have been extended, enabling them now to turn out in good style,

360 CARRIAGES A WEEK.

Emerson, Fisher & Co.'s Carriages are the Best.

Nov 27, 1879 20 10m

VIRGINIA HOUSE,

No. 41 Main Street, near the State House.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 4, 1879.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he will hereafter be found at the Virginia House, and will give it his personal attention and devote the whole of his time to the interest and comfort of the guests, and do all in his power to give satisfaction to those who may stop with him. My rates are low, to suit the times. Terms $1.50 per day.

A. J. DODAMEAD, Proprietor.

August 14, 1879 5

F. W. WAGENER & CO.,

CHARLESTON, - SOUTH CAROLINA,

Cotton Factors, Wholesale Grocers, AND LIQUOR DEALERS.

AGENTS FOR

Oriental Gun Powder,
Fruits and Flowers Smoking Tobacco,
Celebrated Reversible Cotton Tie,
Wagener and Georgia Grange Fertilizers.

☞ Samples of anything in our line sent on application with pleasure.

F. W. WAGENER. G. A. WAGENER.

April 10, 1879 39 1y

CATARRH

If neglected, may rapidly develop into quick consumption. Ordinary treatments will not cure it. Its effects are nervous weakness, loss of smell, taste, hearing, and voice, weak eyes, dizziness, faint feelings, matter dropping into the throat, disgusting odors, and *finally consumption and premature death.* For

CONSUMPTION ASTHMA, HAY FEVER

Catarrh, Bronchitis, Coughs, Nervous and Catarrhal Headaches, Deafness, Sore Throat, and all diseases of the air-passages and lungs there is no treatment so pleasing, thorough, and certain to cure and give instant relief as

DEVONE'S ℞Trade Mark.℞ INHALENE

A compound of the most healing balsams known to medical science, with

CARBOLATED PINE TREE TAR which, by simply breathing or inhaling from DeVone's Inhaler, is converted into a cleansing, invigorating, and healing vapor, and taken direct to the diseased cavities of the head, and into all the air-passages and the lungs, where it acts as a local application to the diseased surface, and its health-giving power is felt at once. The only method by which these diseases can be permanently cured.

HOME TREATMENT Sent to any part of the United States or Canada, to be returned if not satisfactory. ☞Also for sale by druggists. Send for circular giving full information, terms, etc. A competent physician always in charge. Advice free on all chronic diseases. State symptoms plainly, and your case will have immediate and careful attention, and free advice by return mail. *When writing, name this paper.* Address HOME MEDICINE CO., S. W. cor. Tenth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

DEVONE'S INHALER.

ISAAC A. SHEPPARD & CO., Baltimore, Md.

Manufacturers of THE UNSURPASSED

MONUMENTAL COOK

THE HOUSEHOLD FAVORITE

Combining all Improvements of Value, And Perfect in Operation.

ALSO A VARIED ASSORTMENT OF SUPERIOR

HEATING STOVES

FOR SALE BY

J. E. PEOPLES, Anderson, S. C.

A Public Convenience!

JULIUS POPPE

IS again prepared to serve the public with a full line of—

Wines, Whiskies, Brandies, Etc.,

In addition to a great variety of

FANCY GOODS,
CONFECTIONERIES,
PIPES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.

Give me a call, next door to Post Office.

JULIUS POPPE.

Oct 16, 1879 14

WILHITE & WILHITE,

(Successors to Wilhite & Williams,)

No. 6 GRANITE ROW,

CASH DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, FINE TOILET SOAPS, FANCY HAIR and TOOTH BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, TRUSSES and SHOULDER BRACES, GRASS and GARDEN SEEDS, Pure WINES and LIQUORS, for medicinal purposes.

Also, Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Letter Paper, Pens, Ink, Envelopes, Glass, Putty, Carbon Oil, Lamps and Lamp Chimneys.

☞ Physicians Prescriptions accurately compounded.

July 10, 1879 52

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK

OF VIRGINIA CASSIMERES, Kentucky Jeans, Blankets, Homespuns, Tickings, &c. Also, Saddles and Saddle Blankets.—Boots and Shoes in endless variety, and very cheap. Heavy and Fancy Groceries. Fine Teas a specialty. Hardware and Buggy Material, all of which we will sell very low. *We mean business,* and will make it to your interest to call and buy from us, for we intend to make "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

A. B. TOWERS & CO.

No. 4, Granite Row.

Oct 23, 1879 15

THE WILLIAMSTON FEMALE COLLEGE, AT WILLIAMSTON, SOUTH CAROLINA, Presents respectfully offers its services to those parents who wish to secure for their daughters, at reasonable rates, the thorough and symmetrical cultivation of their physical, intellectual and social nature. It is conducted on what is called the "COTTAGE SYSTEM," with the AMERICAN COURSE OF STUDIES and the SYSTEM OF INSTRUCTION AND GOVERNMENT, the new RATES are made still lower than ever, in order to enable parents to improve their privileges. The Course of Studies in all the departments is equal to that of First-Class Female Colleges in our Country, and the social advantages of the School are in various departments TO WHICH, NOT WITHSTANDING THE REALM TO ANY.

☞ The above, with several other VALUABLE EXCLUSIVE FEATURES, are fully explained in our new Catalogue. Send for one, and examine it. In reasoning and advertisement, please state in what paper you see it. Rates sent with.

$1000 REWARD For any case of Blind, Itching, Bleeding, Ulcerated or Protruding PILES that DeBing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. It absorbs the t