Anderson Intelligencer

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J. F. CLINKSCALES, C. C. LANGSTON, } EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TERMS:

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WEDNESDAY, NOV. 14, 1894.

We wonder if Gov. Tillman is still looking for that "light in the West?"

The latest estimate on the cotton crop comes from Mr. Neel, a noted statistician of New Orleans, who places it at 9,500,000 bales.

No Republican or Populist have yet charged the Cleveland Administration with bringing the smallpox into Washington. This is clearly an oversight.

Mr. M. V. Richardson has been appointed land and immigration agent of the Southern Railway Company, with office at 1,300 Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C.

Every farmer we talk to expresses a firm determination to try to raise their own supplies from now on, no matter how high cotton goes in the future. That's the way to talk it; but actions speak louder than words, and *don't* you forget it.

In the recent campaign Gov. Tillman, like the Populists and Republicans in other States, denounced the Democratic party as "corrupt and rotten." If he had any influence outside of South Carolina, some of the blame for the result of the election could be placed on his shoulders.

If Dr. Pope's claim of fraud in our State election is true, no honest man can object to a thorough investigation of the charges. If it is not true, the investigation will accomplish good for South Carolina and aid in furnishing evidence for the seating of Congressmen-elect Wilson Stokes, Elliott and Strait in the next Congress.

Special reports to the *Manufacturers' Record* show a steadily increasing interest in the extension of cotton manufacturing in the South, and indicate that a number of new mills will be built, while many mills now in operation will enlarge their capacity. Final contracts have been let for the construction of a mill in South Carolina to cost about $500,000, which will require over 3,000,000 feet of lumber. It will be one of the most complete cotton mills in the country.

Now that elections are over, and there is no further reason for turmoil and political divisions, let all our people come together again for business, and co-operate in upholding, instead of pulling apart, and trying to increase the stock of public confidence. There are great possibilities for this people and this section if we will only stand together and combine our talents and energies in working them out. Turning our backs upon the past, let us all face the future and work together for better times.

Mr. John T. Roddey desires all persons or delegations that may be interested in the formation of a Cotton Company, along the general lines indicated in his correspondence and with the ends in view therein expressed, to meet him in convention at Atlanta, Ga., on November 21st. A full attendance is urged. A large correspondence, pledging support, has been received, and the promise of an enthusiastic meeting is excellent. The exigencies of the present situation demand prompt action. Persons or delegates who expect to be present at the Convention, will please communicate with Mr. Roddey, at 30 Broadway, New York City.

In the elections of 1890 and again in 1892 the Democratic party was successful to an unprecedented and glorious degree. In 1894 the Republicans rode the tidal wave and have carried the National House of Representatives by an overwhelming majority, amounting to a majority of nearly 200 out of the 326 members composing that body. Senator Hill was badly beaten for the Governorship in New York. In other States the Republicans made gains where the Democrats had usually been successful. Of course it is an unfortunate thing for the whole country, but it will serve to put the Democratic party on notice to stand firm by its principles and work with zeal and wisdom for a great victory in 1896.

If we were called upon to account for the defeat of the Democracy in the election we would attribute it to Democratic folly. This folly has been manifested in a multitude of ways—in constant and unreasonable hostility to the administration, by the lack of Democratic solidarity on tariff legislation to satisfy the people with its work, by divisions among the national leaders, by the votes of the four or five traitors in the United States Senate, and by bitter divisions in the party in many of the States. But there is no use of crying over spilt milk. Get aboard the grand old Democratic ship, hoist the sails to the breeze and two years from now by a long pull, a strong pull and a pull altogether we will land her safely in the harbor, with peace, happiness and prosperity aboard.

The exact figures of the State election are not yet obtainable, but returns from all the Counties, some complete and others not, give Evans 29,857, and Pope 16,631 votes, and for the Convention 24,619, and against the same 23,950 votes. These figures will likely undergo some changes, but it seems that about the same ratio will prevail. The vote on the Convention question was very close, and charges of fraud are freely made by both sides, and especially so by Dr. Pope and his friends. Dr. Pope declares that he will expose some outrageous frauds. If there were frauds, all good citizens will be glad to have them exposed, no matter who it hurts. The *News and Courier* sensibly suggests that John Gary Evans ask for a committee from the Legislature to investigate these charges before he takes the oath of office. Honest people would like to have an honest investigation which would declare the charges infamous or send the perpetrators to the penitentiary. So far as we know the elections were conducted fairly in this County, though there were complaints that while some were not required to show their registration certificates others were.

The various County Boards met yesterday to canvass the returns from the late elections. The State Board will meet next week in Columbia to receive the returns and declare the result. The vote in this County, as announced officially, stood thus: For Governor, Evans 1402; Pope 872. For Constitutional Convention, yeas 1274; nays 546. For Congress, Latimer 1459; Moorman 171; H. H. Evans 1. There was no opposition to the other State and County candidates, and they received the full vote cast. The Federal Board of Canvassers received the following telegram yesterday from Robert Moorman, late Republican candidate for the 5th Congress: "Newberry, S. C., Nov. 13, 1894.—I demand of your Board to throw out Latimer's tickets for Congress because they do not say 5th Congress. If refused, I give notice of appeal to State Board of Canvassers. Robert Moorman." Of course there is in fact no real ground for a contest in this division, but a Republican House may make a mountain out of a mole hill and give Moorman the seat. It seems probable that the Republicans will contest nearly all the Congressional elections in this State.

Democracy can pass through numerous storms like that of the 6th inst. and not be hurt. A few men don't like it, but the great heart of Democracy beats just the same. In a national sense the Republicans have gained nothing by their victory. They have secured no office, they have not made themselves any stronger, but have probably weakened themselves, for the people will expect some relief and they can give none. If the tidal wave could have been delayed two years it would have proved a great help to the Republicans, but as it is the victory is barren. The Republican party has greater responsibilities on its shoulders, has the control of one branch of Congress confided to it, but it is unable to do anything for the people or for itself. It is merely the beneficiary of an accumulation of troubles which it was the chief instrument in producing, and which yet bore against a party which succeeded it in responsibility at the moment when the burden fell upon the nation. It has conducted a cowardly and impotent campaign. Unable to defend their record and barren of healing ideas, its orators have moved about, monotonously repeating the falsehood that the Democratic party had caused the financial troubles. And in this falsehood they have been aided by so-called Democrats in various sections of the country demanding unconditional free coinage of silver and abusing the Democratic party for not granting it. The Republicans may crow as long and as loud as they please. It can do no harm. It is beyond their power to enact a force bill, to rehabilitate the McKinley law, or to distribute the revenues in subsidies. Grover Cleveland is still at the helm and will be there during the entire life of the next Congress, and in him is vested the power to place an emphatic and effective veto on all pernicious legislation. The Democracy will learn wisdom by its defeat and will be all the stronger for the great fight of 1896.

THE TIDAL WAVE.

American history has no record of so sudden and complete a political reverse as the Democratic party has suffered this year, says the Columbia *State*. A Congressional majority of nearly a hundred has been changed to a minority of more than a hundred. States which went heavily Democratic in 1892 have given Republican majorities unexampled even in war times. It is a most signal and sweeping defeat for the party which but two years ago received the overwhelming endorsement of the people.

Where shall we find the cause of this revolution? To what acts of omission or commission shall we attribute it? The vote has been very great everywhere, so the result cannot be attributed to Democratic indifference. The Republicans have developed no new policy and have done nothing to attract anew the confidence of the people, so their success now is not to be taken as evidence of the growth of Republican ideas. It is clear that the vote which defeated the Democracy on Tuesday was cast by Democrats; men disgusted with their party and wishing to rebuke it by the most direct and simple method. The majorities given the Republican caudidates go far beyond the numbers of the recognized independent vote.

The factor which contributed most to the defeat of the party was, unquestionably, the hard times. Men out of work and impoverished, men earning reduced wages, men selling their products for diminished prices, testified to their dissatisfaction by voting blindly against the party in power. The dominant party in times of public distress always gets hurt. It is instinctive among unthinking people to "hit something" when they suffer.

But a yet larger class of voters had reasons for their action, and we think we can surmise them. They saw the Democrats, pledged to a radical reduction of tariff taxation, attain full control of the government and waste eighteen months before they agreed to pass even a compromise protective tariff measure. They saw the House, pledged by the Democratic platform to the repeal of the State bank tax, deliberately violate its faith. They saw the Senate controlled by a handful of selfish men levying tribute on the people to enrich the trusts. They saw the President compel the performance of one party pledge—the repeal of the Sherman law—and then stop short, refusing to make even a suggestion for the fulfilment of other pledges coupled with that one. They saw the leaders at war with each other on issues which the platform had made distinct, and unable to agree on a clear cut policy of financial reform.

We cannot blame them for being disgusted with such selfishness, indifference to the public welfare and imbecility of conduct. They had not had time to feel the benefits of the tariff change, while they had experienced all its hardships and had passed through an unexampled financial stringency which nothing was done to relieve.

They have elected to make the Republican rather than the Populist party their beneficiary—not that they love a high tariff and a contracted currency, for they repudiated these policies in 1892, but because they deemed the Republican party the safer to vote for. They were not yet ripe for communism.

If this defeat shall teach the representatives of the Democratic party in office that it is the best policy to keep pledges made in platforms, and shall make Congress and President unite next month in a plan for the settlement of the currency question upon liberal lines, it will prove a blessing to the party and the country. We earnestly hope that out of defeat and disgrace this good may come.

Total Taxable Property in the State.

The following table shows by counties the correct figures for the total taxable property—personal, real and railroad—in this State as assessed for taxation for the fiscal year 1893-4. As will be seen the figures are a little different from the uncorrected figures published last week. The total foots up $173,508,269, an increase of about three million over last year's figures. Here is the table:

Abbeville	$ 7,344,916
Aiken	6,187,390
Anderson	6,499,137
Barnwell	6,626,084
Beaufort	3,432,582
Berkeley	5,309,781
Charleston	20,686,003
Chester	3,971,810
Chesterfield	1,663,370
Clarendon	2,612,040
Colleton	4,567,334
Darlington	3,865,365
Edgefield	6,682,426
Fairfield	3,796,828
Florence	3,397,614
Georgetown	2,066,490
Greenville	7,067,455
Hampton	2,331,464
Horry	1,608,859
Kershaw	2,889,750
Lancaster	2,099,926
Laurens	4,313,864
Lexington	3,546,573
Marion	4,586,148
Marlboro	2,690,705
Newberry	4,836,978
Oconee	2,658,713
Orangeburg	6 875,507
Pickens	2,005,788
Richland	7,514,403
Spartanburg	10,734,665
Sumter	6,586,360
Union	3,091,870
Williamsburg	2,755,576
York	6,404,500
Grand total	$173,508,269

On this valuation the State tax income now collectable amounts to $867,508.34, of which Charleston county pays $104,430.01—about one-eighth of the total taxes paid.

— Many cotton mills in the South are increasing their capacity and a number of new ones are to be established. The South raises the cotton, and she will manufacture most all of it before a great while.

— Many people, when a little constipated, make the mistake of using saline or other drastic purgatives. All that is needed is a mild dose of Ayer's Pills to restore the regular movement of the bowels, and nature will do the rest. They keep the system in perfect order.

— A surgeon of the English army has been court-martialled for soliciting a kiss from a pretty woman to whom he subsequently apologized. And now comes an appeal to all those who have ever committed a like offence to chip in something for his defense. This ought to make up a very large and handsome relief fund.

Dr. Pope will Contest.

Dr. Pope said the night of the election, when the first returns began to come in indicating that there had been fraud practiced in the State election, that he intended to make a full investigation and would perhaps land some people in the penitentiary. He stated emphatically that he intended to go before the State board of canvassers and contest every inch of the ground. He now comes to the front again, however, with the following address which bears the date of Saturday last:

To the People of South Carolina:

"The little man" who hopes to be benefited by the ballot box robberies in this State, may give out to his newspaper pals that I am crazy.—his friends, the Ringsters, may burn and hang me in effigy—but all of this adding insult to injury will not take the public mind off the fact that in the late election in this State the Ring perpetrated the most unblushing and gigantic frauds that have ever been perpetrated in South Carolina, not excepting the elections from 1868 to 1876. Not satisfied with driving off hundreds, with having their supervisors to put false numbers and misplaced names on the registration tickets, thereby depriving thousands of voters of their vote; with purposely consuming time in order to leave thousands at the polls at their close who could not vote—five hundred of these at Darlington C. H.—with having in some cases military companies with their arms near the polls and ammunition in their pockets; not satisfied with all this, the ballot boxes in many instances were robbed and stuffed. If the robbers can gloat over this, it only shows how low in the scale of humanity they have sunk.

I am at work. I have ferreted out a great deal and will continue to work. The evidence against the leaders I am saving for the United States Senate investigating committee, which will come after awhile and will open the sealed mouths of a good many persons. With a fair election and count I was elected; even as it is, I am allowed over twenty thousand votes, unless the boards on Tuesday next take these from me. I started with over seven hundred in one of the counties on Wednesday last. By Thursday I had been robbed of five hundred of these. How many I have now I cannot tell. Are the people of South Carolina going to submit quietly to these things? I am satisfied that they will not. It will take work, however, in each county to unearth the frauds. In a county in the upper part of the State, I got sixteen votes at one of the polls; the managers did not count a single one for me; one of them carried the box home with him Tuesday night unsealed, and sealed it on Wednesday morning. At a poll on the coast twenty-one white men voted for me; I was allowed fifteen votes by the managers. At nearly every poll in the State robberies of this kind have been perpetrated; in some instances more than a hundred votes were taken from a box from me and given to "the little man."

Friends of good government, of honest government based upon a fair election, I call upon you to give me all of the aid in this matter that you can; it is your fight as well as mine. Remember that a Constitutional Convention has been called through fraud of the blackest character; let us join hands and expose this as well as my election and bring the perpetrators to justice. Turn your backs upon every man who has assisted in the devilish work; force him out of society; let him have for his associates those who have assisted in perpetrating these frauds; make him to feel that the hand of every honest man is against him—when you do this you can have some hope for the future.

As for myself, I can stand all of the indignities that an infuriated and conscience stricken Ring can heap upon me. I am battling for the rights of every honest man in South Carolina. I am after the Ring and intend to keep after them whilst there is law and justice in the land, and sooner or later I will convict them, if not elsewhere, in the minds of an indignant people. I may not get the office, but I will win the fight against the Ring. SAMPSON POPE.

Fifty Pounds of Dynamite.

HUNTINGTON, IND., Nov. 9.—A frightful explosion occurred here at 9.30 this morning, and resulted in the death of three men and the injury of many more. The dead are John Hartman, Norton Keefer and John Flynn, all married.

The explosion occurred at the Flint Creek sewer, which crosses the entire city from northeast to southwest. The contractors are Henry Keefer, of this city, and Henry S. Hallwood, of Columbus, Ohio. The employees were just going to work. Probably 100 men were in and around the ditch in 1st street. Some of them had built a fire on the bank and were thawing out a fifty pound box of dynamite. There was a thunderous crash and the entire city was shaken.

Keefer, Hartman and Flynn were nearest the fire. Hartman was literally torn to pieces. His body was lifted in the air three hundred feet and fell on Market street sidewalk, a square away. His legs were blown off near the hips, both arms torn off, his head half torn away and the body completely disembowelled. One of Hartman's feet was shot through the weather boarding of Frank Windley's residence. Keefer was not killed outright. His body dropped into the sewer. After he was taken out he recovered consciousness for a moment, but died on the way home in the ambulance. His death was caused by shock, no bones being broken. Flynn's legs were both broken, his arms were broken in several places and his head crushed. He lived several hours. Every house within two squares was damaged. The residence of Marion Wilbur was totally destroyed. The building was blown to pieces. Mrs. Wilbur was in bed and thrown out upon the floor, but escaped without injury.

Tillman-Irby Slandered.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Nearly all of the leading newspapers in speculating as to the political complexion of the United States Senate after March 4 next place Senator Irby and Senator-to-be Tillman in the Populist column. The Baltimore *Sun* to-day, in taking stock of the political wreck, says:

"The Democrats also lose South Carolina which will send Tillman, Populist, to the Senate."

The same paper then goes on to say: "The loss of Kansas, New Jersey and South Carolina reduces the present Democratic total in the Senate from 44 to 41. The reports from West Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky do not yet indicate with certainty that the Legislatures will be Democratic, and if there should be changes in any one of them the Democratic total in the Senate would be still further reduced. The present Republican strength in the Senate of 38 promises to be increased by Senators from New Jersey, Kansas, Montana, Washington and Wyoming, the last three being vacancies in which there is still some doubt as to the returns. The Republicans are likely to lose Nebraska. This makes a gain of five and a loss of one, or a net gain of four, raising the Republican total to 42. The Populist now have three Senators. The returns indicate a gain for them in South Carolina and Nebraska, making their total five Senators. Jones and Stewart, of Nevada, have of late affiliated with the Populists so that the Populist strength may be increased and the Republican decreased by two."

This statement does not agree with Senator Irby's telegram to Senator Faulkner announcing that South Carolina will send a solid Democratic delegation to the next Congress. It is in order for Messrs. Irby and Tillman to declare themselves.—*Special to News and Courier.*

A Slick Trick.

The Greenville *News* published the following story of a scheme used by a liquor dealer to get ahead of the dispensary law and the constables:

"Yesterday they went over to West Greenville and searched J. E. Payne's old place, now kept by William Godfrey. They found "signs" a plenty but no liquor. One of the constables had soiled his hands and went to the water faucet behind the bar to wash them. Constable Workman turned the cock and the other constable washed his hands and then suddenly discovered, to his amazement, that he was washing them in pure corn whiskey running copiously from the faucet. After a long investigation it was found that there was a keg of liquor on top of the house. A pipe from it passed through the roof, down the walls, under the floor and into the end of the water pipe, where it was shut off with a separate cock. Turning one handle would bring pure water, while the other would evoke corn juice both from the same faucet.

"The liquor and apparatus were confiscated and Godfrey was arrested. He gave bail."

—"Turn the rascals out"—the familiar party-cry—may be applied to microbes as well as to men. The germs of disease that lurk in the blood are "turned out" by Ayer's Sarsaparilla as effectually as the old postmasters are displaced by a new administration.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cedar Grove Dots.

Mr. O. J. Copeland visited relatives in this section last Saturday and Sunday

Mr W. L. Copeland, of Williamston, will move back to his old home place this fall.

Our band members have purchased a set of nickle plated instruments. We believe the boys will be successful with their band, of which we are proud of.

Our farmers say they never have experienced such a close time in finances as is now upon us.

Married, on 7th inst, at the residence of Rev L. F. Harris, Mr. Johnie Vaughn and Miss Lena Kelley, all of Belton Township, Squire Acker, of Williamston, officiating. We wish the young couple a long and happy journey through this life.

One of our bachelors says when he gets his house completed he will marry then. So, young ladies, look out, for he will soon begin the completing of it. GRIT.

Welcome Items.

The Church has elected Rev. M. McGee pastor for next year. He will preach on the first Sunday, and Saturday before of each month. His salary will be $100. The Church has no iron clad rules and no assessments. The Sunday School will continue through the winter. Mr. M. C. Smith is the Superintendent.

Mrs. Thos. R Simpson is still in feeble health and confined to her bed. Dr. Duckworth is using all his skill to restore her health The neighbors are all very kind and attentive to her, and she feels very grateful to them.

Well done, Squire Fennell. It is true, that the "bit dog" never fails to yell, and sometimes bite, but they are not to be dreaded

Some of the people are still complaining of hard times That is common, and will be until Gabriel blows his horn. I never saw a crop made easier than this year's, nor more favorable weather in which to harvest it. Let us all go to work now, cut down expenses, live at home and board at the same place, and what cotton we make will be clear money. J.

Williamston Items.

Two negro convicts, who had escaped from Mr. W. A. Neal's farm, were seen near here last Wednesday evening at 4 o'clock. They were armed with a 32-Winchester rifle, pistol and razor, and one of them is said to be a most desperate negro. Friday morning a guard came through here with several bloodhounds hunting them, but at last acounts they had not been heard from.

On Thursday night, 15th instant, Dr. Jas. H. Carlisle, President of Wofford College, will deliver an address before the two literary societies of the Williamston Female College. Everybody is cordially invited to attend, and will be assured a fine address.

Miss Gertrude Brown has gone to Anderson to spend several weeks with friends and relatives.

The mother of Mr. W. W. Green died here Thursday, at 11 o'clock, after a long spell of sickness. Her remains were laid to rest in the Williamston cemetery. She leaves five children to mourn her loss.

Miss May Thompson, Miss Julia Simpson and Master Henry Simpson visited friends and relatives here several days last week.

Miss Fannie Horton, teacher in the graded school at Piedmont, visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday. JETER H.

Townville Locals.

Mr Tom Brock, living near this place, came very near getting killed a few days ago. It seems that his brother, Crate, was trying to shoot a cat and Tom happened to be in the way and received a flesh wound in the arm and side from a double-barrel shot gun. Crate, be more careful next time.

Mr. L. O. Bruce, near this place, with J. L. O. Shaw as head workman, is about completing his nice residence.

Mr. J. B. Holcombe, of this place, is adding very much to the appearance of his residence by putting a nice piazza to it.

Miss Daisy Skinner, of Charleston, who has come to take charge of the Townville New School, has received a first grade certificate, and will probably commence teaching next Monday.

Mr R S. Fant our undaunted constable, shot and wounded a young Mr. Shaw the other day while trying to arrest him Our understanding is Mr. Fant done the shooting in self defence.

Mr. Editor, we will have to quit writing for the papers. Mr. S. R Johnson, of this place, presented us with nice turnips the other day and said, don't put it in the paper. And here comes another noble man and says, if you won't put my name in the papers any more I will give you the finest pig I have got.

Now, Mr Editor, we are not in politics and if we were we would have to use names; so what will we write about? If we write about stock they, of course, will belong to somebody, and we will have to call names. And if we write about trees and flowers they, of course, will belong to somebody, and we will have to call names. So, Mr Editor, if you will pay us up we will withdraw in good order.

Mr J. W. Shirley, of this place, was elected treasurer of the Townville Baptist Church at their last conference.

Mr Editor, you will have to look after our sheriff as we think he is failing to do his duty. He has been a dozen times, more or less, to arrest a certain young lady and the young lady still stays at home.

Mr. J. T. Gaines, of this place, has purchased a pair of fine match mules.

Mr. S G Bruce, of this place, is having his new house on Main street painted

We get better clippings for our scrap book out of the INTELLIGENCER than any other paper.

OLD ROSIN DE BOW.

Lowndesville Dots.

Misses Meta and Lena Brownlee, of Antreville, were visiting in town several days ago and were the guests of Mrs. H. C. Fennel.

Capt. J. A. Reed, of Monterey, was on our streets a few days ago.

Miss Maude Brownlee, a charming young lady of Antreville, is visiting her friend, Miss Ethel Speer.

Dr. J. B. Moseley and wife left Tuesday for Atlanta, where they will spend several weeks.

Notwithstanding the stringency of the times there will be opened up in West End in the near future a first class drug store. Messrs. T. D. Cooley and W. M. Speer will be equal partners in the business, and will carry a full stock of all kind of such goods as are kept in the drug line. We wish the new firm much success.

Mrs. J. O. Lindsay and Master Lowrey Brownlee, of Due West, came over last Tuesday to spend several days with the family of Rev. H. C. Fennel.

Born, on the 6th of November, to Mrs. D. K. Cooley, a daughter.

Mr. Thomas J. Baskin went to Abbeville a few days ago on business.

Mrs. J. B. LeRoy, who has been spending the summer in the mountains, has returned home.

As the refulgent rays of glorious old Sol dispelled darkness on the 6th inst., the crowd began to pour into our beautiful little hamlet to cast their votes for the candidates of their choice. The election passed off quietly, being not a ripple of trouble in all the crowd.

Mr. Charles T. Baker, of the firm of Baker & Thomas, and one of the most promising business men in the county, went to Anderson on Tuesday, the 6th inst., to transact business for the firm. Mr. Baker not only keeps up in the business world with an evidence of marked ability, but he possesses a keen perception into the political realm that gives him quite a place of prominence among the leaders.

Mr. A. S. Latimer had the misfortune to lose two very fine hogs by the South bound train on the P. R. & W. C. R R. last Monday. Mr. Latimer's pasture lies along the railroad, above Lowndesville, where the hogs were playing on the track when the accident occurred.

After a long and pleasant visit to relatives and friends, Mrs Polly Williams and her bright and interesting daughter, Miss Carrie, left on last Saturday for Anderson, where they will spend several days with relatives, going from that city to Abbeville on their way to LaGrange, Ga., where they now live. They have spent the summer among the "Seven Hills," and while here have won many friends who regret to see them leave.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Huckabee, gave a sociable to the young people in town last Friday night. It was attended by our fairest maids and gallant young men. Every one returned home much pleased with the occasion.

Mr. J. E. Swearengin, of Latimer, was on our streets last week and guest of Mr. E. W. Harper.

Miss Maggie Brooks, a charming young lady of Warrenton, is visiting the family of Rev. H. C. Fennel.

Mr. Robt. E. Moseley is very much attracted at the "Promise Land." There certainly must be a magnet there. Go it, brother, while you are young. We shall develge nothing.

Mr. H. A. Tennent, one of our prosperous farmers, had the misfortune to lose some very fine fresh meat one night last week. He left it out at night to get the benefit of the night air, when some one, equally as thoughtful of the delightful provision, hornsnoggled it.

Misses Annie Hawthorne and Alice McAlister, two bright and interesting young ladies of Latimer, were in town several days last week visiting the family of Mr. J. W. Huckabee.

Capt. W. D. Mann's host of friends at this place will be pained to learn that his condition is not improved.

Mr. R. E. Clinkscales, of the Fork, was shaking hands with his many friends in town Saturday.

Thomas D. Cooley went to Williamston Saturday on business.

Mr. Will Hodges, of Starr, came down Sunday on his wheel and was the guest of Rev. J D. Crout.

Miss Etole Watson, a charming young lady of Anderson, is visiting the family of Mr. B. Bolin Allen.

Our cotton buyers are handling a great deal of cotton now, which is coming in daily. The prices don't seem to be little above 5c, and the poor farmers have to handle but little money. It has been estimated that on every bale of cotton a man sells at the price now he looses $1.75. SOX.

A Resolution of Thanks.

Editors Intelligencer—At a recent meeting of the Fairview Stock, Agricultural and Mechanical Association the following resolution of thanks was unanimously carried:

"That we extend to the public at large, and especially the press and those outside of our association that assisted in making the past show a success (both by their presence and exhibits) our most hearty thanks and good wishes.

"Also we would not forget to mention the good humor and behavior that prevailed throughout the whole day.

"For all of which we are under many obligations."

H. B. STEWART, M. D.,
W. H. BRITT,
Committee.

A Card of Thanks.

EDITORS INTELLIGENCER: The family of the late Mr. Wm. Moore, who died at Pendleton, on Tuesday, November 6 1894, desire to express through your columns, their deep and sincere appreciation of, and warm thanks for, the sympathetic kindness, and considerate attentions of their fellow-townsmen of Pendleton, in their time of sorrow and bereavement.

Nothing More than Poetic Justice.

EDITORS INTELLIGENCER: The "flight in the West" seems to have been swallowed up in unprecedented Republican victory. Democracy has been administered a chastising for dereliction. This overwhelming defeat, though humiliating to the true and faithful representatives of the principles of the party, is nothing more than poetic justice. We have a few managers left, William Wilsons lying dead on the field, but around such unselfish, sacrificing patriots, whose names are emblazoned upon the scroll of American glory, we find those unfaithful servants who gave our opponents the battle. If platforms are to be deserted, and the pledges contained therein tossed to the winds at the first intimation of local interest—if they are designed for drawing cards, rather than instruments containing the principles and promises of the party, the sooner the masses for whom they are intended come into possession of such intelligence the better for the party pursuing this deceptive policy.

The stringency of financial conditions with no hope of legislative relief, it is claimed, enters as an excuse for the Republican victory. It matters very little where the causes for this signal revolution are found if the party so completely whipped cannot master the situation. They should gather political sagacity from a fair and impartial diagnosis of the case to at least restore themselves to a respectable position before the country in the next election.

Adversity and disappointment is nothing new to Democracy—she has stood four years of the bloodiest war the world has ever known—but when those commissioned with her life and fortune stubbornly refuse to withhold the Brutus dagger, bringing such disaster and ruin as was evidenced by the recent returns, it is a reverse without excuse and those responsible should be relegated to the rear and forever buried in the political abyss of oblivion The plurality majorities show the desertion sustained by the Democratic party because of its faithless servants The object of this article, however, is not to assign reasons for the great landside of Republicanism on last Tuesday, but to touch upon the possible influence of Democratic defeats in the South.

In 1892 the National Democratic party won a magnificent victory—gaining control of every department of the government from President down. We have had two years of Democratic administration since that time. During this interim a great change has taken place in the political situation. On last Tuesday we saw the grand Democratic majority of 192 turned over to the Republican ticket with an increased plurality. We saw some of the "Old Guard" fall in line and forsake the Solid South—with marked dissatisfaction written upon the face of others all along the line from the Star State to "My Maryland." We see our sister State—North Carolina—in the possession of Fusionist—Tennessee scarred and worn and divided, and Texas with her mixed delegation in Congress. We remember the three hundred that swore vengeance against the administration because they felt their sugar interest decline by virtue of national legislation. We see the Democracy of Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina almost hopelessly divided. In the face of this tidal wave of dissatisfaction and unrest we have a Democratic President with his hands tied—unable to give that legislation so loudly called for and for which he will be unjustly held responsible. Out of this muddle the negro will likely attain a prominence in politics not at all desired by the better element of whites in the South. The fact that the negro has always allied himself with the Republican party has been the greatest incentive in keeping Southern Democracy a unit The color line seems to be losing its force, and once it has been cast aside the Republicans will be successful in the establishment of a respectable party in the South. Present indications promise quite a different condition of things, and without the services of pure, honest and able men to direct the "old ship of State" through this new order there will be bitterness and trouble without end. The South has always stood amid the storms of adversity with enduring gallantry, her long suffering and endurance under the pressure of wrong and injustice has won for her a sweet admiration, but there are other battles to be won that will again test those virtues of Southern generalship, and when the fight is on "give us Blucher or give us night." CONSERVATIVE.

— The emperor of China has had two astronomers put to death for getting drunk on the night of an eclipse.

— A correspondent of the Chicago Record has this interesting item about Senator David Bennett Hill: "It is not generally known that Senator Hill has risen from humble origin, and that he was the original train boy on the New York Central Railroad—the first urchin, I believe, that ever sold newspapers, cigars and chewing gum on the railroad cars in this State. He secured the privilege from Dean Richmond, then manager of the section of what is now the New York Central system between Syracuse and Rochester, and finally operated the whole line between Buffalo and Albany, having a number of other boys to assist him. He might have been a millionaire also had he not gone back to school when he was 17 years old, with an ambition to study law and allowed himself to drift into politics as soon as he was admitted to the bar."

Now try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at Hill Bros. Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassell, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of 8 years' standing Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctor said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one Box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by Hill Bros.

Photographs.

W. M. Wheeler, the Greenville Photographer, will be in his Studio, next to the Post Office, from Nov. 10th to 20th. If you want some fine Photos give him a call, and don't wait until the last. 17-4

He Preached too Much Fire.

NEW YORK, November 8.—The association of the Rev Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage with the Brooklyn Tabernacle has been formally severed. His resignation is due, he said, to the fact that he should not ask his old congregation to build the fourth church for him. He advises them to either join other churches or build for a new pastor. Dr. Talmage's letter of resignation was dated on Monday and sent to the session. As to his future plans, he says that he will either take a new pastorate or enter evangelistic work, "preaching the Gospel to all people without price." The session last night met and formulated a letter to the the Presbytery, asking that they formally dissolve the pastoral relations between themselves and Dr. Talmage, and also expressing regret at his action.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Firm of MURRAY & WATKINS are notified to make payment to the undersigned without delay, as I am compelled to close up the business of said Firm.

H. H. WATKINS.
Survivor of Murray & Watkins.
Nov 14, 1894 20 3

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A. H. STOKES & CO.
— FOR —
Fine French and Stick Candies!

WE make a specialty in this line. We sell Blanke Bros. best finest Candies. Everything fresh Come and see us.

A. H. STOKES & CO.
Nov 14, 1894 20 7

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale two Tracts of Land in Hopewell Township One near Trinity Church, known as Millwee place containing 127 acres. The other near Hopewell Church, containing 240 acres, known as Garrett place Also, ten Shares in Anderson Cotton Mill, and a few Shares in the Alliance Store Terms easy All persons owing me will find their Notes at the Farmers and Merchants Bank, and can settle with me there only, as all of their paper is deposited there. I will be in Anderson two days each week, if health is good. Interest on all small Notes must be paid by 1st December next.

JEPTHA HARPER.
Nov 14, 1894 20 1*

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT. The undersigned, Administrator of Estate of S. Jackson Mattison, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will, on the 15th day of December, 1894, apply to the Judge of Probate for Anderson County for a Final Settlement of said Estate, and a discharge from his office as Administrator.

J. J. TRUSSELL, Adm'r.
Nov 14, 1894 20 5

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT. The undersigned, Administratrix of the Estate of D. H. Hammond, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will on the 15th day of December, 1894, apply to the Judge of Probate for Anderson County for a Final Settlement of said Estate, and a discharge from her office as Executrix. MARY A. ELROD, Ex'x.
(formerly H. Hammond.
Nov 14, 1894 20 5

Judge of Probate's Sale.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
ANDERSON COUNTY.

In the Court of Common Pleas.

William A. Williamson, Annie E Fagg, et al, by Guardian ad litem, Plaintiffs, vs. Mrs. Eliza Williamson, et al, Defendants.—Action for Partition, &c

PURSUANT to the order of Court in above stated action, I will sell on Salesday in December next, at Anderson C. H., S C., the property described as follows, to wit—

All that certain Tract of Land, situate in County and State aforesaid, on Hencoop Creek, containing 72 acres, more or less, known as Tract No. 1, and adjoining T. L. Clinkscales, Fleetwood Clinkscales and others

Also, Tract No. 2, situate as above, adjoining T. L. Clinkscales and others, and containing 61½ acres, more or less.

Also, that other Tract, known as Tract No. 3, containing 65 acres, more or less, adjoining T. L. Clinkscales, W. L. Strickland, R. J. King and others.

Terms—One half cash, balance in twelve months, with interest at 8 per cent per annum, secured by bond and mortgage. Purchaser to pay for papers

W F. COX,
Judge of Probate.
Nov 7, 1894 19 4

Judge of Probate's Sale.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
ANDERSON COUNTY.

In the Court of Common Pleas.

James L. Cowan, F. Bessie Cowan, et al, by Guardian ad litem. Plaintiffs, vs. Isabella E. Clinkscales, Margaret Ann Tribble, et al, Defendants.—Complaint for Partition, &c.

PURSUANT to the order of Court herein I will sell on Salesday in December next at Anderson C. H., S. C., during the hours of public sale, the Lands described as follows, to wit:

All that certain Tract of Land, situate in County and State aforesaid, containing 84¾ acres, more or less, known as the Home place, and adjoining J. W. Ashley, W. P. Wright and others.

Also, that other Tract, containing 144¾ acres, more or less, adjoining W. P. Wright, W. L. Burton and others.

Terms—One half cash, balance in twelve months, with interest at 8 per cent per annum, from day of sale, secured by bond and mortgage, with leave to anticipate payment. Purchaser to pay for papers.

W. F. COX,
Judge of Probate.
Nov 7, 1894 19 4

Judge of Probate's Sale.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF ANDERSON.

In the Court Common Pleas.

J. L. Tribble, as Administrator of the Estate of Elias McGee, deceased, Plaintiff, against W. T. McGee, et al, Defendants.—Complaint to Sell Land for payment of Debts.

BY virtue of an order of Judge Ernest Gary, I will sell at Anderson C. H., S. C., on Salesday in December next, at the risk of J. B McGee, Jr., the former purchaser—

Tract No. 2, of the Real Estate of the late Elias McGee, deceased, containing 140 acres, more or less, on Savannah River, adjoining lands of Joseph N. Brown and others.

Resold at the risk of Joseph B. McGee, Jr., the former purchaser, who has failed to comply with the terms of sale.

Terms of Sale—One third cash, and the balance on a credit of twelve months, secured by mortgage, with leave to pay cash at any