

# Anderson Intelligencer.

BY CLINKSCALES & LANGSTON.

ANDERSON, S. C., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1897.

VOLUME XXXIII--NO. 24.

## MENS' OVERCOATS!

Our Overcoats have to meet more exacting conditions, in some ways, than made-to-order clothing. If the Tailor fails to get style into an Overcoat, it's one Coat spoiled. If we failed a hundred might be left on our hands.

Notice how these handsome Kersey Overcoats reach the very top notch of Style. Then they are low-priced, too.

### \$7.50

Blue or Black Kerseys, all wool and fast color, well made, with good Italian lining.

### \$10.00 and \$12.50

Higher quality Kersey, either Blue or Black, made with lapped seams, lining of all wool flannel or diagonal, satin sleeve lining.

### \$15.00

Still finer quality—silk-velvet collars, satin yoke and satin sleeve lining, with all wool clay diagonal linings.

We have others at other prices.

Your money back if you want it.

## B. O. Evans & Co. RED FRONT!

## Prices Blown to Atoms.

Profits Twisted Off at the Roots.

### MILLINERY, MILLINERY,

To be sold at prices never heard of before.

A regular 25c. Sailor Hat for 10c.

A regular 50c. Sailor Hat for 25c.

A regular 75c. Sailor Hat for 50c.

Trimmed Hats, sold all over the place for \$1.50, now 75c.

The secret is that we have no expensive trimmer hired. Our Miss Dora Geisberg attends to trimming as well as selling.

In fact, we do all our own work. No Clerks to pay, hence our expense is very small in comparison with other houses who employ a large force, all of which the consumer pays for.

### Men's and Boys' Clothing,

For less than others are offering at Cost.

### QUILTS and BLANKETS from 50c. up.

A regular \$3.50 MACKINTOSH for \$2.25, which is guaranteed to wear, made by one of the most reliable firms in the country.

We do not sell trash. We were born here, and expect to be here, so the Goods we sell must be as represented. NO FAKES IN OUR BUSINESS. Remember the place—

### THE FAMOUS, 14 Brick Range, West Side Public Square. L. GEISBERG, Proprietor.

## WE ARE THE FEEDERS.

HAVING bought the Stock and good will of R. F. Potts & Co. we kindly ask your attention to the fact that we are "The Feeders of the People." Our market is supplied with the very best Meats that money can buy—BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, FISH, OYSTERS, CHICKENS, SLICED HAM, BREAKFAST BACON, by the piece or sliced.

Mr. J. C. Nally has charge of our Fresh Meat Department, and will look after the wants of our customers with the greatest care.

Our Vegetable, Fruit and Grocery Department is presided over by quiet and honest Marie Pant.

In addition to the above we have opened a City Dining Room and Restaurant, where regular Meals will be served from 12 to 2. Before and after these hours the Restaurant feature will prevail, where the nicest Fish, Oysters, Birds, Steaks, Ham, &c., can be had at all hours.

Mr. Lyeth has spent the greater part of his life in the Hotel and Restaurant business, and knows how to cater to the appetites of his fellow-men.

This Store will be run as a High Class Store, where everything will be conducted on strictly legitimate and business principles. Very respectfully,  
**BUTLER & LYETH, MANAGERS.**

W. L. LYETH, Manager Restaurant.  
M. L. FANT, Manager Grocery Department.  
J. C. NALLY, Manager of Market.  
F. M. BUTLER, Book Number.

### STATE NEWS.

—There are now ninety-six dispensaries in the State, of which seven are in hotels.

—S. P. Borge, one of Greenville's most prominent merchants, died on Saturday 4th inst.

—The State has compromised the famous Beckroge case, and paid for the trunk, canned peaches, coffee and shoes.

—Early Burns, a prominent young man of Batesville, while out hunting last Saturday, accidentally shot off his left hand.

—Gov. Ellerbe has appointed ex-chief of Police Martin sheriff of Charleston County to succeed Hugh Ferguson, deceased.

—Mr. Mayfield reports the attendance at the State Male Colleges as follows: South Carolina 182; Clemson 302; Citadel Academy 130.

—The Supreme Court in Columbia has set apart Thursday, 16th inst., for the examination of applicants for admission to the bar.

—Gen. Hampton wants the name of every soldier of his former command (Hampton's Legion) enrolled, and hopes that Col. Thomas will get the historic data for that purpose.

—Last Wednesday Eugene Smith, the 17-year-old son of J. G. Smith, of Lowrysville, fell from a load of cotton while on his way to Lockhart Shoals, and broke his neck. His death was instantaneous.

—The membership of the Grange in South Carolina only numbers 350 members. The total membership in the United States is 165,100. New York has the largest membership, 30,000, and Tennessee the smallest, 150.

—It is said that Newberry will have four candidates for State officers; two for Attorney General, Messrs. H. H. Evans and Cole L. Bleas, Hon. O. L. Schumpert for Governor and Hon. J. A. Sligh for Railroad Commissioner.

—Within the past ten days, says the Chester correspondent of the *News and Courier*, something like half a dozen destructive fires have occurred in as many different sections of the county. It is thought that all have been from the torch of the incendiary.

—Thomas Griffin, a colored train hand, was killed instantly at Wainboro last week. He was climbing up the side ladder on a box car while the train was in motion and his foot slipped, in some way, when he reached the top. He fell between two cars, and his body was cut in two.

—There will be a convention of superintendents of city schools in Columbia on December 30th. The object of this meeting will be to discuss best plans of conducting schools and try to regulate school work that a pupil going from one school to another can go on with his studies and not have to start anew in several branches.

—Quite likely the first judicial circuit is no worse in regard to the number of homicides occurring within its boundaries than other circuits, but a comparison with last year makes a very bad showing for the circuit. This circuit is composed of the counties of Charleston, Berkeley and Orangeburg and the record of homicides stands: 1896, 30; 1897, 44.

—Speaking of the fact that a killing frost came so late this fall, our old friend J. M. Bell told us a few days ago that it is not at all remarkable. He says that in 1846 the first killing frost of that year was on the night of the 10th of December, and that on the day before the cotton fields were full of blooms.—*Edgefield Advertiser*.

—Outside of the city limits of Greenville last week State Constable Lafar captured a "blind tiger" wagon, mule and thirty gallons of corn whiskey. A. C. Houston, the owner, after a race and tussle, was arrested and taken to Greenville. A crowd of persons were present sampling the whiskey when the constable arrived on the scene, and enjoyed the race between the constable and Houston.

—A special dispatch to the Columbia State says a negro boy was burned to death on Capt. D. H. Salley's place at Salley one day last week. It seems that the boy and two others were sleeping in a outhouse when it caught fire from cigarettes it is supposed. The two older boys immediately took to their heels and saved themselves, while the other, more unfortunate, was out off from escape and perished in the flames. Both arms and legs were burned off, and the body horribly disfigured.

—A singular fatality has followed the Gower family. They came from Maine to Greenville more than 40 years ago. David M. Gower was in business in that city 1853 to '56. He returned to Lewiston, Maine. A few days ago he was burned to death in his home. Our readers remember that T. C. Gower was drowned in the French Broad a few years ago, while bathing alone. The oldest brother, John, was lost at sea when a young man. One sister, Susan Hammond, was drowned at Tipton, Iowa.—*Spartanburg Spartan*.

—There was a serious shooting affair in Greenville county on the last day of November between the United States Revenue officers and moonshiners. Deputy Collectors, A. A. Phillips and B. D. Stewart were shot, both being struck in the thigh. The moonshiners refused to allow the officers to remove their wounded companion, B. D. Stewart, but when the posse from Greenville reached the scene the moonshiners had disappeared. They mistreated Stewart, after his friends had left for aid, in a shameful manner.

### Thou Shalt Not Kill.

In the light of the recent statement that the record of crime in this State during the year just ending as shown by the solicitors' reports to the office of the Attorney General, as just about twice as heavy as it was last year, so far as the number of homicides is concerned, the following address to the clergy, issued yesterday by the bishop of the diocese of South Carolina of the Episcopal Church, will be read with some interest:

Diocese of South Carolina,  
Episcopal Residence.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 1, 1897.

To the Clergy of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of South Carolina, and to our Brethren, all other Ministers of the Gospel throughout the State, Greeting:

Beloved of the Lord, at the last meeting of our diocesan council the following preamble and resolutions were adopted, to wit:

Whereas, the growing disregard of human life has caused the crime of homicide to become more and more prevalent and flagrant in our land, until the blood-guiltiness of our people has become an offence and crying shame to the sensibilities of the Church and State; and

Believing that public opinion should be greatly influenced, and can be most safely formed, upon the principles of Christian morality—

Resolved, That this council do express its solemn condemnation of this terrible evil; and in order to arouse a wholesome public sentiment upon this most serious subject,

Resolved, further, That the bishop be requested to call upon the clergy of the diocese to preach upon some Sunday, to be appointed by him, against the awful crime.

Resolved, further, That the bishop be requested to issue an address praying, in the name of this council, the co-operation of the clergy of all Churches and religious denominations in this effort, and requesting them to join the clergy of this Church upon one day to be so appointed, in preaching upon one subject, and appealing to the people of the State to put away the curse of blood-guiltiness, which cries out, alas! from the land, against us.

In compliance with the action of council, I beg to address you this letter. The sin of murder is upon us. Homicides are of frequent distressing occurrence, and in our judgment the public conscience needs to be instructed and the public mind aroused to a sense of the danger which threatens the character of our people.

They need to be instructed upon the sacredness of human life as a gift of Almighty God, whose prerogative it is to take what He alone can give.

Without warrant from Him no man may lawfully take his brother's life.

The soldier on the battlefield, the officer of the law in discharge of his prescribed duties, the citizen in defence of his own life may take life, without incurring the guilt of murder, for they act by warrant of delegated authority of "rulers," who are "God's ministers," and "bear the sword" by Divine authority "to punish evil doers," but such murders as have of late outraged the law of God, and degraded the sacredness of life, and dishonored the courage and character of our people, can lay no claim whatsoever to the sanction of Divine authority.

We feel, beloved, that public sentiment needs to be aroused to a higher and nobler estimate of human life. We call upon our clergy to rebuke the murderer, and to proclaim the law of Almighty God, given to concentrate and bless the life of every man, made in His image, upheld by His providence, and redeemed by the precious blood of his only Son, our Saviour, Jesus Christ.

I, therefore, appoint Sunday, the 19th of December, the fourth Sunday in Advent, on which day I call upon the clergy of the diocese to preach against the crime of murder, now so prevalent in our State; and I most respectfully invite our brethren, the ministers of Christ, of all denominations, to unite with us on that day in upholding the majesty of God's law, the sacredness of human life, and the honor of our beloved State.

Faithfully,  
ELISON CAPERS,  
Bishop of the Diocese of S. C.

Treaty of Saints and Sinners.

The saints and sinners of Hutchinson have made a treaty that, if observed by the parties thereto, will be a big thing for the churches of that town. A committee of women, composed of delegates from every church, made the proposition to 100 non-church-going men that they would remove their benches to the house of worship if the men in question would attend church at least once every Sunday. The men not only accepted, but they stipulated in addition that they would be generously disposed when the deacons passed around the contribution baskets. The treaty will go into effect next Sunday in every evangelical church in Hutchinson, and its observance will be watched with great interest.—*Kansas City Times*.

—Doc. Cassell, son of Ben Cassell, of Table Rock, while hunting last Saturday, was carrying a rifle in his right hand, he stepped into a hole and tripped himself. The trigger of the gun struck a log, causing the gun to go off, the ball taking effect under the chin and coming out in the top of his head. He walked a few steps and fell dead. He was about twenty years old and was buried the day following his death.—*Pickens Journal*.

### Wealth of South Carolina.

At last all the tables showing the returns of property for taxation in this State for this year have been made up in the Comptroller General's office. The figures show that there has been a total increase of taxable property put on the books of very nearly \$3,000,000. The total taxable property returned in the State for this year is \$173,724,382 against \$170,755,471 last year. The most notable increase has been in the personality, as a glance at the following figures will show:

	1897.	1896.
Personal.....	\$ 47,622,543	\$ 45,838,007
Real.....	101,872,706	100,976,705
Railroad.....	24,229,133	23,940,762

Total.....\$173,724,382 \$170,755,471

The sheets show that there have been 18,264,324 acres of land outside of the cities, towns and villages returned for taxation this year, valued at \$5,657,769. There were 48,416 city and town lots returned, valued at \$11,384,668. The total value of all realty in the cities and towns is \$33,811,358, while that in the country is \$68,061,348.

For the country about 19,000 buildings are returned valued at \$11,903,579, the cities having 43,599 valued at \$22,426,695.

It will be interesting to note that there are returned for taxation 278,784 dogs valued at \$493,698; 65,533 dogs valued at \$435,085; 23,746 horses valued at \$3,808,803; 231,914 head of cattle valued at \$1,995,041, and 56,216 sheep valued at \$68,954.

The average value of property "pertaining to manufactures" is down at only \$1,604,442 for the entire State. This does not cover the value of the buildings and plants of cotton mills and other enterprises, but separate tools used and such property.

The following shows the leading tax paying counties of the State, giving their total taxable property:

Charleston.....	\$21,005,301
Spartanburg.....	10,257,189
Richland.....	8,088,012
Greenville.....	7,125,510
Anderson.....	6,884,898
Orangeburg.....	6,854,245

It will be noticed that Charleston, Spartanburg and Richland Counties have upwards of nearly one-fourth of the total taxable property in the State and that Charleston pays a very good percentage of the taxes—about 12 per cent.

Orangeburg has the greatest amount of railroad property—\$1,461,785—and Richland comes second with \$1,393,740; Spartanburg has \$912,135. Charleston leads the State in realty, the total being \$14,560,175; Spartanburg comes next with \$4,865,500, and then Richland with \$4,628,634.

Charleston stands at the head of the list in personality, the figures being \$6,213,176, with Spartanburg second at \$4,479,554.—*The State*.

### Half a Million Profit.

Up to the present time there has been no way of getting at the actual profits coming to the State of South Carolina from the much talked of and justly celebrated dispensary. Yesterday a representative of the State made some inquiries and obtained the desired information from one in a position to know whereof he speaks. Said he: "The total profits according to the books from the inauguration of the dispensary up to October 1 last, amount to \$553,311 in round numbers; of this \$267,000 has been paid into the State treasury and \$288,000 has yet to be paid. That is the whole thing in a nut shell. The dispensary now has to its credit about \$78,000, one-third of which the board intends to pay into the treasury to the credit of the school fund this week. The present stock in the State and County dispensaries may be valued at about \$300,000 in round numbers. If no accident happened to the stock, and it was necessary to close out, I feel certain that the dispensary could liquidate (this word was not used advisedly) and have a very handsome bonus left."

When the State board took charge of affairs on April 1, 1896, Commissioner Mixson's figures claimed an accrued profit to date of \$236,000. The \$30,000 borrowed from the State with which to start the business was paid back. When the new constitution came along it was claimed that there was \$192,000 in back profits, accrued prior to that time, which should be paid to the general fund before the school fund got anything. The \$192,000 was paid to the general fund and \$25,000 has been paid to the school fund by the present board. In the meantime the profits have accrued until they have reached the "accrued" figures of \$311,000 in round numbers to the credit of the school fund. Of this accrued fund \$25,000 has been wiped out and next Tuesday \$25,000 more will go. This will leave \$261,000 yet to be collected and turned into the total earnings of \$553,311 which will become real.

In connection with the statements made at the time of the establishment of the dispensary by its friends as to the great sums of money it would make the figures given above will be found of peculiar and particular interest.—*The State, Dec. 1*.

—Mrs. Louisa Smith, wife of Mr. James H. Smith, a farmer of Hart County, who lives on the Roaduck place, about five miles from Hartwell, committed suicide last Sunday morning by hanging herself in a well. She placed the rope around her neck and tied it to the cross-piece that held the wheel and then jumped into the well, where her lifeless body was found hanging. It is supposed that she committed the rash deed while in a state of mental aberration. Her husband was in South Carolina at the time. She leaves several children.—*Hartwell (Ga.) Sun*.

### It was Only in Jest.

Social circles in Rast, Macon, Ga., a pretty little suburb of Macon, are all stirred up over a joke perpetrated by two clever and popular young people and its consequences.

At a pleasant little social gathering Sunday night, Miss Sallie May Blocker, a charming young lady of the set, and Mr. Clifton R. Mann, a promising young railroad man of social standing also, suddenly announced that they were married. This surprising statement was received by the young people present like a thunder clap from a clear sky. It was known to all of them that the young folks have been exceedingly fond of each other's society recently, and that Cupid was slyly working an inroad into their hearts, and pretty generally believed, but the announcement that they had been secretly married some time ago, was received as a huge joke for a time. They both, however, avowed that it was true, and that they were not joking.

The situation grew somewhat serious when the lady of the house, Mrs. Sykes, decided to make a test. She said it was a matter that ought not to be joked about, and it is said by parties who were present, that she pleasantly remarked that if the young people were really married a good test would be for them to then and there give the salutations that a dutiful bridegroom would bestow, and a genuine bride, however demure, might naturally expect. In plain words, as the story goes, the young people were asked to kiss each other in public to prove that they were not jesting about their marriage, and it is said that this stipulation was readily met by the loving couple who, it seems, were determined that the joke, having been started, must go, though this part of the story is denied by the young lady. So far all went well, and the young people were warmly and cordially congratulated. But, they little dreamed that they were playing with fire.

The bridegroom left that night for Helena, where he holds an important place with the Southern Railway. The bride remained in Macon at the home of Mrs. Sykes, where she had been boarding and where the affair occurred. She declared the next day that it was all a joke, and then Mrs. Sykes said if she had really not married the young man she would have to leave her house. She said the joke had been

carried too far. The young lady did not leave the boarding house, and so far as the world knows, there has been no marriage yet. The young man was in Helena to-day, and said to the Constitution that there was no truth in the report that he was married. He claimed ignorance of the little occurrence. He simply denied the report that he was married, which report, by the way, had appeared in solemn form this morning in the Macon paper without the ghost of a smile to let the public know that it was a joke.

Just what will be the outcome of the affair is not known. Both of the young people are well known and highly esteemed. It may be that their wedding day is fixed for the near future, and they were just a little too jestful by reason of being overjoyful in announcing it in the rather singular manner they engaged.

The folly of their joke has appeared to both of them. Their friends deplore the affair resulting as it did in so much publicity. It seems to have proved a tragedy of errors from beginning to end. All of their friends pleasantly declare that nothing is left for them to do now but make the joke hold good by getting married sure enough.

### An Army in Hospitals.

The question is, how much longer can Spain afford to hold on to Cuba? General Blanco's report to the home government shows that of 192,000 soldiers of the regular army sent to General Weyler, only 89,000 now remain fit for duty. In the hospitals are to be found 40,000, thus leaving 63,000 who have perished of wounds or disease. "When we remember," says the New York Evening Post, "that this appalling loss of life has been suffered by an army which has never fought a pitched battle worthy of the name, in a struggle with an enemy who probably never mustered more than 20,000 rifles in any one place, we get an idea of the stupendous task which confronts Spain in the suppression of the Cuban rebellion." It is marvelous that Spain has held on so long, and that she has not found out, as Great Britain did, that it is cheaper to let the rebellious colony go.—*Buffalo Commercial*.

## NOW IS THE TIME!

Beginning December 7th

## D. C. BROWN & BRO.

Will put the entire Bankrupt Stock of J. W. Payne on the market at . . .

TWENTY PER CENT UNDER NEW YORK COST.

Regular 5c. Gingham.....	24c. per yard.
Yard-wide Scrim, 6 1/2c. kind.....	24c. per yard.
Regular 6 1/2c. Bed Ticking.....	34c. per yard.
Full-width Linen Table Cloth.....	20c. per yard.
Full-width Turkey Red Table Cloth.....	12 1/2c. per yard.
Full-weight School Boy Jeans.....	7 1/2c. per yard.
Ladies' Outing Belt.....	5c. each.
A good Linen Handkerchief.....	5c. for two.
An All Silk Handkerchief.....	10c.
One dozen Silver Hair Pins.....	5c.
Men's 25c. Undershirts.....	10c.
A good Corset.....	20c.
Men's \$1.00 undressed Kid Gloves.....	50c. per pair.
Ladies' \$1.00 Kid Gloves.....	50c. per pair.
Infants' Knit Sacques.....	20c. each.
White Braid, per bundle.....	1c.
Child's Mittens, per pair.....	5c.
Good Dollies six for.....	10c.

We have thousands of things at marvelous low prices which cannot be mentioned in an advertisement. Now is the time to buy Goods at 20 per cent less than you could buy them if you were in New York City.

Large and elegant line of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, latest and newest styles, all bought from the markets this Fall, 40 per cent under anything in the city. Come, we are ready to show you one of the cleanest and prettiest lines of Goods ever shown in Anderson. Yours truly,

D. C. BROWN & BRO.

## G. F. TOLLY & SON.

The way we are Cutting Prices on Furniture will be a revelation in Furniture Selling.

The rush of Christmas trade is almost upon us, and the room now taken up by large quantities of Furniture is absolutely necessary to the display of our—

## HOLIDAY GOODS.

To make a prompt and effective clearance of this surplus stock we have made a remorseless use of the knife in—

## CUTTING PRICES.

Will you be one of the lucky ones to share in the Big Bargain Feast we will spread before you the next few days?

The largest Stock of Furniture in South Carolina, and at prices at Retail below what the little fellows pay wholesale. So come along and get your Furniture and have money left for Christmas.

All prices below everybody else's price.

## G. F. TOLLY & SON,

The Leaders and Money Savers for You.