

Charleston Daily News.

VOL. I...NO. 13.

CHARLESTON, S. C., MONDAY, AUGUST 28, 1865.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS,
LATHCART, McMILLAN & MORTON,
PROPRIETORS,
No. 18 HAYNE-STREET.

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Mr. AUG. BRENTANO, No. 708 Broadway, New York, has always the latest dates of the DAILY NEWS, as he does of all the other principal journals of the country.

Later from the North.

Arrival of the Moneka.

FIVE DAYS LATER.

By the arrival of Messrs. GETTY'S splendid steamship, the *Moneka*, which left New York on Thursday, the 24th, we have five days later news from the North. We make the following interesting summary of news from our New York files:

New York, August 24.
The Cunard steamship *Persia* arrived at this port yesterday, with two days later advices from Europe.

The non-arrival of the *Great Eastern* was giving rise to all sorts of melancholy forebodings in England. On this side of the water the explanation is very clear. The *Great Eastern* only started on her return voyage one day before the *Persia* sailed from Queenstown. We cannot expect to hear of her arrival in England for a full week.

The political news brought by this arrival has no special interest.

The cholera was still making headway in Italy. The loyal Americans, residing in Paris, have presented M. Malerpe, chief editor of the *Opinion Nationale* (Prince Napoleon's organ), with a magnificent service of silver, in appreciation of his sympathy, as manifested during the war, for our national cause in the late rebellion.

In the London money market, on the 11th inst., United States five-twenty bonds sold at 67@67½. British Consols closed at 89½@89¾. Cotton was unchanged.

The New York *Herald* has the following concerning the trial of Winz, the Andersonville prisoner keeper:

"The court-martial convened to try Henry Winz, keeper of the Andersonville rebel prison pen, met yesterday, when Judge Advocate Chipman read a War Department order dissolving the former commission in the case, but convening a new one composed of the same members. These being sworn in, Winz was again arraigned, and the charge and specifications, in the main the same as the previous ones, were read. They omit, however, the names of General Lee, rebel war Secretary Seddon, and rebel Commissary of Subsistence Northrop, who were at first indicted with Winz, but retain the charges of conspiracy, murder, cruel punishment and barbarity. The two gentlemen who acted as the prisoner's counsel objected to these proceedings, and asked for a delay to give time to prepare the proper defence. Subsequently, however, both of them, after an extended conference with Judge Advocate Chipman, abandoned the case and left the court room, and the latter gentleman was appointed by the President of the commission to defend the accused. The court then adjourned till noon to-day."

The Mississippi State Convention has passed an ordinance declaring null and void the ordinance of secession, and repealing all other ordinances of the Secession Convention excepting that relating to revenue. The members of the Convention, at an informal meeting, acquiesced in a petition to President Johnson, requesting him to pardon Jeff. Davis and Clark, ex-Governor of their State.

A committee of over one hundred citizens have been appointed in Richmond to give President Johnson a fitting reception on the occasion of his anticipated visit. A large party of Swedish emigrants who design settling in the upper part of the James River valley, have arrived there. Governor Pierpont has authorized the publication of a report of a mineralogical investigation of Virginia by Dr. Grant, who avers that gold exists in the State in large quantities, and that the development of its mineral wealth, which he contends is great, has been greatly neglected.

Justice Ledwith yesterday rendered his decision in the Phoenix Bank defalcation case on the motion to release from arrest Genevieve Lyons and Chas. Brown. The Justice decided that the statements of Jenkins, the alleged defaulter, did not constitute sufficient evidence on which to hold these two prisoners, and therefore discharged Genevieve; but, on the ground that there was other testimony to implicate Brown, he was held for trial, and was recommitted to the Tombs. His counsel gave notice that he would take measures to have the decision reversed by the Supreme Court.

There was another railroad accident in Connecticut on Monday evening. A train on the New Haven and New London Railroad ran over a cow near Branford, and three of the cars were thrown from the track. Ten or twelve of the employees on the train, and one passenger, received severe injuries; but no one was killed.

There was another sale of Government confiscated cotton yesterday at 111 Broadway. The attendance was not as large as on previous occasions. The bidding, however, for awhile was quite lively, but afterwards languished. Only about one thousand bales were sold.

The United States steamship *Yankee* and the

monitor *Dictator* arrived here yesterday morning, and are at anchor in the North River.

A dispatch to the Toronto (*Canada*) *Globe* states that Robert E. Lee is expected shortly to arrive in Montreal.

One of the members of the Canadian Cabinet announced in Parliament yesterday the intention of the Government, at the earliest practicable time, to enlarge all the canals of the province, with the design of attracting the trade of our Western States.

A man named Lemas, who, the telegraph states, is suspected of being an accomplice of the assassin Booth, was arrested at Fort Wayne, Indiana, on Tuesday of last week.

George Gladwin, who was committed to the Tombs on Tuesday on charge of procuring by forgery over two hundred thousand dollars worth of Tiffin and Fort Wayne Railroad bonds from a safe in the St. Nicholas Hotel, and of fraudulently obtaining from the New Haven Postoffice a Wall-street check for nearly four thousand dollars, was yesterday arraigned, pleaded guilty, and remanded for trial.

The stock market was extremely dull, but firm, yesterday. Gold closed at 143½ on the street, and at the same price at night.

Business was moderate yesterday, as a general thing, but there was some activity in flour and grain and provisions, at a considerable improvement in prices. The movement was started by the *Persia's* news, everything in this line being "up" on the other side. Grain sold freely for export; but the firmness of freights checked the engagements.

A special Washington dispatch, dated August 23, to the *N. Y. World*, says:

"The unmistakably hostile movement of Spain with regard to San Domingo has not been quietly passed by here. It is generally believed that the government will, at least, oppose diplomacy to every aggression attempted by Spain, and perhaps adopt even stronger measures to protect the Dominicans. The course of the Spanish government concerning San Domingo in the early part of our civil war, for obvious reasons, permitted to have its effect without a protest from the United States; but now that the war is over, there is sufficient reason to think that any new menace or invasion of a friendly country, on the part of Spain, will not go unheeded by our government. And France may be given to understand that she may take the action of the United States in the San Domingo matter as a hint to herself."

Percy Walker, the first rebel Secretary of War, is among the notables in town. Gen. Doubleday, the protracted hero of several military commissions, arrived to-night.

The President has appointed A. T. Stone surveyor of customs for the district of New Orleans. Colonel Thomas Biddle, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed by President Johnson commissioner on the part of the United States to adjust the claims under the recent amended convention between the United States of America and the United States of Colombia.

CROWDS AT THE WHITE HOUSE—RECEPTION BY THE PRESIDENT.

Notwithstanding the restriction for the present of facilities for obtaining executive favor by pardon applicants, the White House was again crowded to-day, even in excess of previous days. Among the crowd in attendance were twenty-five ladies, who were all received at once by the President. Each had separate claims for an audience. After the President had disposed of them, he received Herschel V. Johnson, ex-candidate for the Presidency, and whom the President pardoned the other day. This interview lasted for nearly an hour. The President seems in very fair health, notwithstanding his arduous labors.

RAILROAD AND EXPRESS COMPANIES—INTERNAL REVENUE DECISIONS.
He also decided that the clause of schedule B in the law, section 170, which exempts from stamp duties receipts for the delivery of property when issued by persons, firms, or companies doing an express business, is held not to apply to receipts given by railroad companies for property to be transported by them in the course of their business.

GENERAL EWEELL.
Again General Ewell called upon the Attorney-General to-day, relative to his application for pardon, which he is endeavoring to push through.

Washington dispatches to the *Tribune*, dated 23d, state:

INTERNAL REVENUE DECISION.
The Commissioner of Internal Revenue to-day made the following decision:

"If a manufacturer or other person employs laborers to can and hermetically seal up tomatoes, corn, beans, or other vegetables or fruits, to be used or consumed by him, when the annual product of such preserved fruit, vegetables, &c., shall exceed the rate of \$500, he is liable to pay a duty thereon of six per cent. under the provisions of sections 93 and 94 of the Act of June 30, 1864, as amended by the 5th section of the act of March 3, 1865.

"Ice creams, sherbets, Roman punches and blanc mange are not regarded as manufactures."
"That clause of schedule B, in law section 170, which exempts from stamp duty receipts for the delivery of property, when issued by persons, firms or companies doing an express business, is held not to apply to receipts given by railroad companies for property to be transported by them in the common course of their business."

A Washington dispatch to the *New York Herald* of the 23d inst. says:

RESTORATION OF SOUTHERN ESTATES TO PARDONED OWNERS.

During the past week upwards of a dozen citizens of the South, who had obtained their pardons, made personal application at the Freedmen's Bureau for the restoration of lands which had been taken into the custody of the bureau. On production of the certificates of pardon, the applicants were furnished with orders upon the local agents of the bureau in the South for the restoration of the property claimed, with the provision that the owners be made to compensate the blacks for the crops they may be cultivating thereon, or leave them in undisturbed possession until the same are harvested.

A special dispatch to the *Tribune*, dated Washington 22d, says:

A NEW BUREAU—PARDONS.
The President seems to have taken a decided stand in the matter of pardons to participants in the rebellion. He to-day instructed the Attorney-General's office to issue no more warrants of pardon to applicants of the \$20,000 class, as none would receive his attention. Owing to the utter inability of the President to attend to the deluge of business pouring in upon him daily, he has con-

cluded to establish an "Executive Bureau," of which he has already appointed John Wilson, Esq., the well known and able Third Auditor of the Treasury, as chief. Mr. Wilson, who has been ordered to report on the first proximo, will have full charge of the ordinary routine of business, and will dispose of all cases, pardons included, referring to the President such matters only as are imperatively necessary for his action. A vast amount of unimportant business is daily crowded upon the President, and the organization of such a bureau will doubtless prove a great relief to his overstrained capacities.

GENERAL NEWS.

FROM RICHMOND.
Baltimore, August 23.—Richmond papers of this morning have been received.

The Whig says Marmaduke Johnson has resigned the position to which he was so flatteringly elected a short time ago, of commonwealth's attorney, in consequence of the fact that he is ineligible, according to the Government's construction of the Constitution. Having held a position in the Confederate service, he was obnoxious to the authorities. The Whig commends his example as one worthy of emulation, and says there are others in other parts of the State who would do well to imitate the example.

The Whig has another article advocating the ratification of the constitutional amendment for the abolition of slavery, and urges the propriety of an extra session of the Legislature, on the first of November, to give the people an opportunity of putting themselves right and in full accord with the recommendations and feeling of the General Government on the subject of slavery, before the meeting of Congress.

AFFAIRS IN MISSOURI AND KANSAS.
St. Louis, August 23.—General Fremont, at the head of a company of Eastern men, is about to purchase an extensive tract of mineral lands in this State, with the view of erecting an establishment in this city for the manufacture of railroad iron.

The Democrat's Lawrence special says that Mr. Butterfield, the superintendent of Butterfield's overland dispatch, has completed the arrangements for the transportation of freight from Lawrence to New Mexico and Arizona, and will send coaches from Lawrence to Denver City, via Smoky Hill route, as soon as the Missouri and Pacific Railroad is completed.

The Government commissioners to the grand Indian council have arrived at Leavenworth.

GOVERNMENT MACHINE-SHOPS DISCONTINUED AT NON-FOLK, ETC., ETC.

Fort Monroe, August 22.—The Government machine-shops at Norfolk have been discontinued and the hands all discharged, by an order from Washington.

One hundred horses and fifty mules, the property of the Government, will be sold at auction at Camp Hamilton, August 23.

The expedition which left here Sunday night in search of the steamer *Effort*, said to have been stolen from New York, has not returned and has not been heard from.

THE CASE OF THE UNITED STATES VS. SPIRITUALISM—COLCHER CONVICTED OF BEING A JUGGLER.
Boston, August 23.—The case of Colchester, the spiritual medium, in the United States Court here, which has attracted considerable attention, was given to the jury last night. This morning they returned a verdict in accordance with the indictment, viz., that he is a juggler. Judge Hall has reserved the sentence. A large number of spiritualists, male and female, attended the trial.

THE WEATHER AT MOUNT WASHINGTON.
CONCORD, N. H., August 23.—The thermometer on the top of Mount Washington, at seven o'clock this morning, stood at twenty-eight degrees. The wind is west and very strong. The weather is clear, and ice has formed one-half of an inch thick.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.
SAN FRANCISCO, July 25.—Arrived steamer Constitution, from Panama. Sailed ship *Lookout*, for New York, with 38,000 sacks of copper ore, 3800 hides, 310 bales of wool, 100 cases and 26 pipes of California wines. There are indications of a gradual increase of business. Whale oil advanced twenty per cent. since the news of the Shenandoah atrocities. Other oils are firmer.

A GUERRILLA OUTRAGE IN TENNESSEE—REPORTED KILLING OF THREE SOLDIERS.
MEMPHIS, August 20.—Some soldiers left Jackson, Tenn., a few days ago, to hunt up some horses which had been stolen. They were attacked by a large number of guerrillas, driven back, and obliged to abandon their horses. It is reported that three of the soldiers were killed after falling into the guerrillas' hands. Two of the guerrillas have been captured.

ATTACK ON THE REBEL GEN. WHEELER—HE IS SEVERELY BEATEN—MERCHANTS MEETING—ROD AT A GERMAN PIC-NIC—TWO OFFICERS OF COLORED REGIMENTS SHOT.
NASHVILLE, Tuesday, August 22.—The rebel Gen. Wheeler was attacked and badly beaten by Col. Blackburn and Capt. Quinn, at the City Hotel, where Wheeler was stopping. The difficulty, it is said, was in consequence of a threat made during the war by Wheeler, that "he would kill Blackburn if he ever took him prisoner, as he was a damned home-made Yankee." Wheeler is in bed with a severely beaten.

To-morrow there will be a meeting at the "Masonic" of the merchants and chief business men of Nashville, for the purpose of regulating trade and establishing a Merchants' Exchange.

There was a considerable riot at the German Turners' picnic at Horticultural Garden, on Sunday afternoon, resulting in the wounding of Lieut. Hardy, of the 15th United States Colored Infantry, and Lieut. Col. Trountricht, of the 13th Colored Infantry. The guards were unable to quell the disturbance until reinforced by three companies of colored soldiers. Revolvers were freely used. Quite a number of other persons received injuries. A number of the ringleaders were arrested and sent to the military prison.

FROM NEW ORLEANS—A RAID ON GEN. BEAUREGARD'S HOUSE AND WHAT CAME OF IT—SEIZURE OF STATE IN TEXAS.
NEW ORLEANS, Saturday, August 19.—General Beauregard's house was surrounded a few nights since, and Beauregard, with others, were kept in a cotton-press until morning. It was supposed that Kirby Smith was concealed in the house.

Beauregard had complained to Gen. Sheridan of the delivery of property, when issued by persons, firms or companies doing an express business, is held not to apply to receipts given by railroad companies for property to be transported by them in the common course of their business.

The Hon. James H. Kell has been appointed Secretary of State in Texas.

THE PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.
HARRISBURG, Pa., August 23.—Delegates to the Democratic State Convention are already here in considerable numbers. The impression gains here that the old incumbents for auditor and surveyor-general offices will be re-nominated. Mr. Barr, for surveyor-general, comes very strongly enforced from the West, while Isaac Slenker, the old auditor-general, is ready to accept a renomination, sanguine that he can succeed in being re-elected on his merits as an officer.

The Harrisburg cotton mills were sold to-day at public sale, by J. D. Cameron, of this city, for one hundred thousand dollars.

THE MISSISSIPPI CONVENTION—A GENERAL ELECTION PROVIDED FOR BY THE ORDINANCE OF SECESSION REPEALED, ETC.—A PETITION FOR THE PARDON OF JEFF. DAVIS.
JACKSON, Miss., August 21.—An ordinance was to-day passed by the State Convention for a general election at the same time for county, district, or ministerial officers.

JACKSON, Miss., August 22.—The Convention passed the ordinance declaring the ordinance of secession null and void, and repealing all the ordinances of the Convention of 1861, except the revenue ordinance, which the Legislature will act upon.

At an informal meeting of the delegates in their individual capacities, a memorial was presented, expressing in eloquent terms, petitioning President Johnson to extend pardon to Jefferson Davis and Governor Clark, which was acquiesced in by all present.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—THE BRITISH BARQUE IRMA, Capt. John Cummine, will receive Freight on the 24th instant for the above port, and sail with dispatch. For engagements apply to WILLIS & CHISOLM, Mills House, August 23.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—THE A. H. BARK EXCHANGE is now receiving Freight at South Atlantic Wharf, and will leave with dispatch. For Freight apply to WILLIS & CHISOLM, Mills House, August 22.

FOR NEW YORK.—THE FINEST CLASS Schooner FLYING SCUD, J. P. McNamara master, will sail with dispatch for the above port. For Freight apply to WILLIS & CHISOLM, Agents, Mills House, August 26.

FOR BOSTON.—THE SCHOONER FRANKLIN will have quick dispatch for the above port. For Freight apply to GEO. W. CLARK & CO., No. 146 Meeting-street, August 21.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.—THE LINE Schooner J. W. LINDSAY, Capt. Boyce, will sail with dispatch. For Freight apply to H. F. BAKER & CO., No. 90 Cumberland-street, August 25.

FOR NEW YORK DIRECT.
THE FIRST CLASS UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIPS
CUMBERLAND AND MONEKA.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP

WILL LEAVE ACCOMMODATION WHARF ON Monday, August 28th instant, at 1 o'clock P. M., precisely.

For Freight or Passage, having superior accommodations, apply to ARCHIBALD GETTY & CO., Nos. 126 and 128 Meeting-street.

The favorite steamship MONEKA, C. P. Marsman Commander, will leave Thursday, August 31, August 25.

NEW YORK & CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS
LEARY LINE.

FOR NEW YORK DIRECT.
THE NEW AND FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS
QUAKER CITY, Side Wheel,

W. H. WEST, COMMANDER.
GRANADA, Propeller,

R. EASTER, COMMANDER.
ALHAMBRA, Propeller,

R. B. BENSON, COMMANDER.

THE SPLENDID

QUAKER CITY,

WILL LEAVE BROWN'S WHARF ON WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant at 10 o'clock, precisely.

For Freight or Passage, having MAGNIFICENT ACCOMMODATIONS, apply to THOMAS STREET, No. 74 East Bay.

The GRANADA will follow, on Saturday, the 2d September, August 28.

For Georgetown, Cheraw, AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER SYLPH, CAPT. ARCHIBALD MARINE, will leave her wharf, foot of Hazel-street, at Six o'clock, A. M., To-morrow, the 29th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply on board, or to SNEED & COKE, No. 274 King-street, August 28.

FOR CHARTER.

Excursions Around Charleston Harbor.

THE FINE FAST STEAMER ROCKLAND, GEORGE W. BEAUFORT Commander, having a handsome saloon and splendid accommodations.

Apply to ARCHIBALD GETTY & CO., Nos. 126 and 128 Meeting-street, August 17.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
OFFICE GENERAL SUP'T V. AND M. R. R., WILMINGTON, N. C., August 24, 1865.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, AUGUST 27, DAILY TRAINS will be run over the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad, between Wilmington and Kingville.

Leave Wilmington daily at 6:00 A. M. Leave Kingville daily at 7:30 P. M. Arrive at Wilmington daily at 3:05 P. M. Arrive at Kingville daily at 1:25 A. M.

There is daily communication North from Wilmington by Rail. These Trains connect with Trains on the Northeastern Railroad, Charay and Darlington Railroad, and Wilmington and Weldon Railroad. They also connect at Kingville with a line of Stages for Columbia, and at Sumter with a line for Camden.

LEWIS M. DRANE, General Superintendent, August 21.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

OFFICE NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD, CHARLESTON, August 25, 1865.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY NEXT, AUGUST 28TH, THE PASSENGER TRAINS will arrive and depart as follows:

Leave Charleston..... 9.30 A. M. Arrive at Charleston..... 11.01 A. M. The Tri-Weekly Trains will continue until Friday, 1st September, when daily trips will be resumed.

W. S. WILSON, Superintendent, August 25.

S. G. COURTENAY,
BOOK AND STATIONERY DEPOT,
No. 9

BROAD-STREET,
August 14 CHARLESTON, S. C.

NEW NOVELS,
JUST RECEIVED BY

H. P. RUGG,
AT THE

CHEAP BOOK AND PERIODICAL STORE,
No. 108 Market-street.

CARRY'S CONFESSION, BY THE AUTHOR OF Mattie Astray.....price .750

DENNIS DONNE, by Annie Thomas.....price .600

MOTHERS AND DAUGHTERS, by Mrs. Gore.....price .500

ONLY A CLOD, by Mrs. Braddon.....price .750

LOVE ME, LEAVE ME NOT, by Egan.....price .600

LIONEL JOCELYN, by Egan.....price .600

LATELY PUBLISHED,
VERY HARD CASH, Illustrated, by Chas. Reade.....price .150

MY DIARY NORTH AND SOUTH, by Russell, price .600

Any of the above Books sent post-paid by Mail, on receipt of the above prices.

PHOTOGRAPHS.
Just received a large assortment of PHOTOGRAPHS, including Mr. LINCOLN, Mr. JOHNSON, GRANT, SHEPHERD, MEADE, McCLELLAN, GILLMORE, CHASE, BLAIR, BATES, SEWARD, STANTON, FARRAGUT, DAHLGREN, DUPONT, WINSLOW, &c., &c.

ALSO,
LEE, JACKSON, BEAUREGARD, LONGSTREET, JOHNSTON, HARDEE, MORGAN, HILL, SEMMES, BRAGG, Mr. DAVIS, Mr. STEPHENS, &c., &c. Price 25 cents each, or five for one dollar. Sent post-paid by mail, on receipt of the price.

Postoffice Box No. 241. FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS received by every steamer.

REMEMBER
No. 108 Market-street.
August 24 6

ELECTION NOTICE.
IN CONFORMITY WITH THE PROCLAMATION OF His Excellency, BENJAMIN F. PERRY, Provisional Governor of the State of South Carolina, dated the 20th day of July, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty-five, wherein it is proclaimed, declared and made known, "that the Managers of Election throughout the State of South Carolina will hold an Election for Members of a STATE CONVENTION, at their respective Precincts, on the FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER NEXT, according to the laws of South Carolina in force before the secession of the State, and that each Election District in the State shall elect as many Members of the Convention as the said District has Members of the House of Representatives—the basis of representation being population and taxation." Under the above Proclamation, the polls will be opened on the said first Monday in September next, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.; after which the votes will be counted, and the election declared for the election of twenty Delegates to said Convention, at the following places, to wit: Ward No. 1—at the City Hall; Ward No. 2—at the Court House; Ward No. 3—First Poll, at the Market; Ward No. 3—Second Poll, Palmetto Engine House, Anderson-street; Ward No. 4—First Poll, Hope Fire Engine House, Archdale-street; Ward No. 4—Second Poll, Engine House, corner of George and College-streets; Ward No. 5—Eagle Engine House, Meeting-street; Ward No. 6—Washington Engine House, Vanderhorst-street; Ward No. 7—Engine House, Columbus-street; Ward No. 8—Marion Engine House, Cannon-street.

No person qualified to vote shall be permitted to vote in more than one election district, and the Managers will administer to every person or persons offering to vote the following oath: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I have not at this election for members of the Convention voted in this or any other District, and that I am constitutionally qualified to vote." In addition to this oath the voter must show that he has taken the Amnesty Oath, as prescribed by President Johnson in his Proclamation of the 29th May, 1865. Should such person offering to vote come within any of the exceptions in the said Amnesty Proclamation, he must previously have received a special pardon before he can vote.

The Act altering the 4th section of the Constitution of the State of South Carolina is as follows, to wit: "Every free white man of the age of 21 years (papers and non-commissioned officers and privates of the army of the United States excepted), being a citizen of this State, and having resided therein two years previous to the day of election, and who has a freehold of fifty acres of land or a town lot, of which he has been legally seized and possessed at least six months before such election, or not having any such freehold or town lot, hath been resident in the Election District in which he offers to give his vote, before the election six months, shall have the right to vote in the Election District in which he holds such property or residence." The two years' residence required by the Constitution in a voter, are the two years immediately previous to the election; and the six months' residence in the Election District are the six months immediately previous to the election; but if any person has his home in the State, he does not lose the right of residence by temporary absence with the intention of returning; and he who has his home in the Election District, his right to vote is not impaired by a temporary absence with the intention of returning; but if one has his home and his family in another State, the presence of such person, although continued for two years in the State, gives no right to vote.

Managers.
WARD NO. 1—CITY HALL.
CHARLES LOVE, C. WILLIAMS,
H. W. SCHROEDER.

WARD NO. 2—COURT HOUSE.
J. LEGARE YATES, W. MIKELL,
T. A. WHITNEY.

WARD NO. 3, FIRST POLL—MARKET.
A. J. BURKE, JOHN D. MILLER,
THOMAS R. O'NEILL.

WARD NO. 3, SECOND POLL—PALMETTO ENGINE HOUSE.
JAMES GILLILAND, P. P. LOCKE,
C. T. ROGERS.

WARD NO. 4, FIRST POLL—HOPE ENGINE HOUSE.
T. ALJASON, H. M. BRUNS,
ROBERT E. BROWN.

WARD NO. 4, SECOND POLL—ENGINE HOUSE, CORNER GEORGE AND COLLEGE-STREETS.
JAMES L. PATTERSON, L. V. MARTIN,
J. LAMB BUIST.

WARD NO. 5—EAGLE ENGINE HOUSE.
JOHN McQUEET, PETER QUERRY,
H. S. K. CHEMIZBERG.

WARD NO. 6—WASHINGTON ENGINE HOUSE.
G. S. HACKER, M. T. BARKLEY,
J. LADSON WEBB.

WARD NO. 7—ENGINE HOUSE, COLUMBUS-STREET.
E. C. THARIN, ROBERT TEASDALE,
JOHN SYMMES.

WARD NO. 8—MARION ENGINE HOUSE.
J. F. ALDERSON, W. P. RUSSELL,
JOHN BURNS.

August 26

RICHARD ALLISON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 93 BEEKMAN-STREET,
NEW YORK.

COTTON AND OTHER PRODUCE SOLD ON COMMISSION. General Merchandise purchased and forwarded to order. August 16