THE CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS,

G. R. CATHCART, EDITOR,
CATHCART, McMILLAN & MORTON,
PROPRIETORS.

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CITY PRINTERS.

TERMS CASH.

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NEWS SUMMARY.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 38⅞a39.

Cotton opened in Liverpool yesterday at 14d. for Middling Uplands.

A Congressional Committee will leave Washington next week for Anderson, in this State, to investigate the facts of the murder of three United States soldiers in that District last year.

One of the large corporations at Laurens, Mass., is reported to have $1,000,000 worth of cotton goods on hand.

Six tons of poultry for Boston market passed through Concord, N. H., on Monday, before Thanksgiving Day.

Orders for grain are sent from London to San Francisco, *via* the cable and overland telegraph, and answers are received the same day.

Hop-growing in Wisconsin has become an important interest. Sauk county alone produces, this year, over 75,000 bales, worth $750,000.

It is said that the indebtedness of Southern railroads for rolling stock and locomotives, bought since the war, is $7,000,000, of which the Nashville and Chattancoga road owes $1,800,000.

The Oregon Legislature has appropriated $1,000,000 in behalf of the Oregon Central Railroad, to aid a road built from Portland to the California boundary.

A letter from California says many of the highways of that State are infested with gangs of robbers, who overhaul stage coaches and relieve the passengers of their money, and rob every one who comes in their way.

The Vermont Legislature, at its recent session, passed an act limiting the liability of the Vermont Banks for the reduction of their currency to the period of one year, commencing from the publication of a due notice.

Rev. Dr. DIX, of New York, said in a late sermon that he could mention an insurance company with a property of $44,000,000, and at least three individuals in that city who were worth $50,000,000 each.

Among the wealthy oil men of Pennsylvania is old JOHN BENNEHOFF, whose income, estimated from the present production of his oil farm, is not less than $500,000 per year. He still lives in his antiquated Dutch homestead, near the head of Bennehoff Run.

Four wholesale dry goods houses in Portland sold goods to the amount of $2,860,000 during the year 1865. The wholesale transactions in groceries, provisions, flour, dry and fancy goods, boots and shoes, molasses and sugar, hardware, iron and drugs for that year, footed up $11,000,000.

General FREMONT has sold the Southwest Pacific Railroad to the Southwest Pacific Company, a corporation created by the General Assembly of Missouri. The consideration is $1,300,000. This will not retard the progress of the road, but rather enhance it.

In 1839, Messrs. BARRON, FORBES & Co., started a small cotton mill at Tepic, Mexico. They had 24 looms in all, and made coarse cotton cloth, but did not set their machinery in full operation till about 1841. In 1846 they cleared $113,419; in 1847, $180,331: and in the nine years from 1839 to 1848, saved $873,017.

The merchants' Union Express Company are making successful efforts to extend and perfect their communications all over the country. The company, we understand, have succeeded in lessening express freight charges to the public very materially over the Western routes.

As a result of the recent meetings of the insurance companies, held in Hartford and New York, the current rates have advanced, in some cases, from one half of one per cent. to one and one quarter per cent. The insurance companies have all made money on their risks in Hartford, while losing in many other places.

The Toronto *Globe* says it is not the intention of the Canadian Government to issue a special commission for the trial of the remaining Fenian prisoners, as was at one time expected. The time of the Judges is too much occupied to admit of it. It is reported, however, that the trials will come off at the January Assizes.

The Sand Patch tunnel, on the Pittsburg and Connellsville Railway, is at last cut through. Its total length is 4760 feet, being 1000 feet more than the long tunnel on the Pennsylvania Central Railway through the Alleghanies, between Altoona and Cresson. It is intended for a double track, and is 22 feet wide by 19 feet in height.

The public debt of the United States was reduced, during the last year, nearly two hundred millions of dollars, the total revenue receipts from all sources being $556,039,195. This revenue, it is believed, exceeds in amount that of any other nation on the globe for the same period.

The prize money paid United States sailors for captures made during the late war was very handsome in many cases. The largest amount paid to one individual, for the capture of a single prize, was $38,318 55, paid to WM. BUDD, commander of the United States steamer *Magnolia*, for the capture of the *Memphis*. After paying all expenses of adjudication, this prize netted $500,914, so that even each ordinary seaman realized $1,734 53.

There are fifty establishments in Troy, N. Y., engaged in the manufacture of linen and paper collars, shirts, bosoms, &c. The house of GEO. B. CLUETT, BRO. & Co. does the largest business, turning out goods valued at $146,252, and paying an Internal Revenue tax of $8,775.12. The total value of these goods manufactured in Troy last year was $1,429,453, and the total amount of tax paid thereon was $85,767.18.

The Bangor *Whig* estimates that, during the present season, the manufacture of lumber in Maine will reach 600,000 feet. The total value is not less than $15,000,000—to which must be added the value of the short lumber—shingles, clapboards, laths, pickets, &c.—from $3,000 000 to $4,000,000 more. About one-half of this manufacture is done on the Penobscot River and sold at Bangor.

Despite its unfavorable natural peculiarities Provincetown, Massachusetts, is a very enterprising place—improving its fine harbor to the utmost in the prosecution of the fishing business. During the last season this town fitted out and sent to the Banks and Bay Chaleur, not less than 80 vessels, manned by 849 men, and which brought into port 74,000 quintals of codfish. Next year this fleet will be increased in numbers and efficiency, at an expense of $300,000.

All communications intended for publication in this journal must be addressed to the Editor of the Daily News, No. 18 Hayne-street, Charleston, S. C. Business Communications to Publisher of Daily News.

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

Advertisements outside of the city must be accompanied with the cash.

CHARLESTON.

FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 7, 1866.

THE SITUATION—THE FATE OF THE SOUTH.

The South may now make ready to accept her fate. The painful and protracted contest for the preservation of political liberty, we presume, is over. It was, in fact, ended at the cessation of hostilities. She was then able of herself to do nothing more, and though it appeared to be the purpose of the Government to intervene, assert itself, and to protect her from the most severities of subjugation, and it seemed to have the power to do so, yet even that illusive hope has faded. The Radical party of the North has come to Congress with even more of power. It is more assured of its strength and its resources. It has become instructed in the office and the forms of dominion. The President is without the constitutional power further to impede its action. His veto fails of its office longer to neutralize the acts of Congress; he has failed to indicate, and it is to be presumed has failed to perceive, the method or the means to do so; and the South, therefore, stripped and powerless, is but in a condition to receive what more of impositions that party, now completely masters of the Government, may see proper to inflict.

The prospect is unpleasant. It is sad to realize, and sadder to be obliged to confess that our political fortunes are so hopeless. Nor is there grounds to assume that this party will be sparing or considerate in the exhibition of its power. There are persons with it, and of it, perhaps, who would be glad to be so. The men of the North and of that party, perhaps, are not individually blacker-hearted than are persons elsewhere, nor are they without the average of intelligence; and it is to be presumed that, if it were possible, they would spare us unnecessary suffering; for they are conscious of no wrong we have ever done them, and they can scarcely fail to perceive that threatening spectre of a despotism, even to themselves, still lurking in the shadow of their sectional dominion. Many express reluctance to the further injury they feel themselves impelled to commit; and the conductors of leading Radical journals and some public men have staked their political fortunes in the effort to moderate exactions. But in these facts there is little to assure us. An organization like that of which we are to be the victims, is not susceptible of intellectual discretion. The party that started the movement against CHARLES the First in England had little thought of the horrors of its consummation. Yet, starting from those horrors as they rose in view, they had no option but to go on, or be crushed by the pressure from behind them. So also in France, the Girondists were the miserable victims of their own revolutionary impulse. Already at the North those who falter are forsaken, those who doubt are damned; and, as it is true of every movement upon the conservatisms of a State, so is it true here, that from its centre there continues to exfoliate a redder and intenser spirit of malignity and ruin, and vain were the hope, therefore, that it can have moderation or method in its madness, or can stop until its utmost forces are exhausted in the consummation of its course.

Assuming that the Radical party is, through Congress, master of the situation, it becomes important to consider what will be the consequences. To us its attention will of course be directed. At present it seems even more concerned about the Government. That Government has ventured to assert itself, and to interpose for our protection. For that act of temerity it is made to answer; and at present the object is to strip that Government of power; and in inflicting indignities upon us, the present object seems to be as much to mortify the Government by an exhibition of its impotence, as to visit us with any especial rigor of infliction. But achieving whatever of triumph or capital there may be in suppressing the Government, it will be next in order to operate upon the South. What precisely shall be done to us is not even yet apparent. We will be stripped of liberty of course, but that is a loss which we will only share in common with every other section of the country;—for a government despotic to one section must be despotic as to all, and imposed upon us, will necessarily extend to other States. Impartial suffrage, which means the equal participation of the negro in the elective franchise, will doubtless be required. At a caucus held at Washington on the evening of the second instant, and continued by adjournment, that has been resolved on. It was resolved, also, that it should be taken without amnesty; that the power of the President to pardon should be taken away from him; that the Congressional Amendment, even, should be no basis for reconstruction, and generally it has been agreed upon, though it was not formally announced, that Congress shall be the Government, and, like the National Assembly of France at its removal from Versailles to Paris, shall be supreme not only over the laws but the constitution of the country.

It would seem, therefore, that the South must accept the condition of a province, and for ourselves we have but to say, let that condition come. We cannot desire it—but more than that, under present circumstances, would be illusive. The Radical party, vigilant and jealous of its power in Congress, would admit us to nothing more than the forms of a restoration, and it were as well to accept, at once, the conditions of a subjugated province, as by visionary forms of a representation to exhibit a concurrence in the measures to our degradation. In this condition, also, it will the less matter that negroes shall have suffrage. That Government, from considerations of interest, if from no higher motive, will preserve the peace and order of the South; and if, with these secure, the negro shall be admitted to equal privileges of election from which all are equally excluded, it will be of little practical importance.

What in the way of confiscation and attainders may be done, it is not yet easy to determine. The pardons of the President will be disregarded if there were motive to do so; but there is not. Even popular feeling at the North has ceased to demand its victims. The South is so far away, and has so little of an offensive attitude, that there is more of feeling, perhaps, against those opposed to them at home. We think it probable, therefore, that the question merely will be in what way the South can be best used to advantage; and as it will be more profitable to permit her to a condition of industry and order; as more can be made from her products than her property, and as the heads of inoffensive men will be of no pecuniary value, nor, in the present state of feeling, will even purchase political capital, it is quite probable that the South will be left in a material condition in many respects as favorable as that she is in at present. In fact, it is not improbable that her material fortunes may be brightened. Men have feared the triumph of the Republican party, and in that triumph they have feared disorders and outrage. From such apprehension capital is kept away, and our own people have shrunk from enterprises and investments; but when it shall appear that we survive the shock—that, accepting subjugation, we are in no worse condition than when fevered, as for the last two years, by apprehensions of its coming—it is quite probable that enterprise and capital will come in, and the cultivation of the South be as extensive and efficient as it ever yet has been.

That our State Governments will be permitted to continue, is not certain, though quite probable. There will be a necessity for the party in power to make provision for adherents. It is probable, therefore, that they will be sent to proconsular and pretorian positions over the South, and thus the State Governments must, to an extent, be limited in their powers and operations; but as agencies for municipal law and order, the functions of which cannot be altogether absorbed by the central power, they will be too convenient to be dispensed with; and it may be expected, therefore, that the States will be recognized as distinct political bodies, and that domestic matters will be permitted to remain in much the condition they are. It is thus that the new Government will probably commence its course; but how it will continue—how preserve its power—how find in the mass of its direction that unity of executive authority and action necessary to its office, and how it may preserve its own order among its many aspirants for place and power—are questions yet to be determined.

MESSRS. STOWERS, KEYS AND BYREM.

It would be a vain and unprofitable task to attempt to correct all the misstatements and falsehoods of the numerous sensational correspondents of the New York papers. But, there appears in that paper of Monday last a letter from Washington, containing so ingenious and intentional a misrepresentation of the painful circumstances that have rendered conspicuous the names at the head of this article, that it deserves at least an emphatic denial and a quiet exposure.

The writer gives a statement of the evidence elicited at the trial of the Anderson prisoners, which is plausible but inaccurate. He omits the important circumstance that all the evidence of the prosecution was purely circumstantial, and thus leaves it to appear that the prisoners were guilty without a shadow of a doubt, whereas the public of this State, who were perfectly familiar with the whole history of the trial, were unanimously agreed that they were unjustly convicted. In mentioning the part which the President took, the correspondent is anxious to make it appear that they were relieved by his authority, whereas they were released by a judge on a writ of *habeas corpus*.

The whole letter in the *Tribune* is, in short, a misrepresentation from beginning to end, manufactured expressly for party purposes to injure the President, without the slightest regard for truth, and is only one of the many sensational political epistles that daily disgrace the columns of that paper. There is, moreover, a part of the secret history of this trial, which has not yet been given to the public, save in the inuendos of the counsel for the defence, but which we are able to publish on the best authority, and which we would give to the world, if it were not for the pressure of military authority; and until this is removed, and it is no longer dangerous to speak the truth, no just estimate can be formed of the merits of the case.

The idea attempted to be inculcated that they escaped punishment by means of their wealth is simply ridiculous, all the prisoners being men of only moderate means, most of which was exhausted in the expenses of the trial.

Since writing the above, we learn by telegraph that a Select Committee of Congress has been charged with the investigation of the circumstances in this Anderson murder, and that the Committee will leave Washington next week for the scene of their labors.

WE HOPE we know how to appreciate, with true modesty, the very delicate compliment paid us in yesterday morning's *Courier*. THE NEWS, on Wednesday morning, published a full account of the Planters' Meeting, held in Christ Church Parish, on Monday last. The same number of THE NEWS also gave a full report of the proceedings of the Charleston Board of Trade, at their meeting on Tuesday night. The *Courier* of Wednesday made no mention of either of these meetings, but has made full amends, in giving them the place of honor in yesterday's paper, the usual learned and instructive editorials being made to give way for matters of such palpable local interest.

Colonel J. R. Johnston, an artist of Baltimore, has in his studio a bust of Andrew Jackson by Hiram Powers. It was executed in 1849 at the White House, and is said to be the only bust ever made entirely by the sculptor with his own hands. Colonel Johnston offers it for sale, and there is some talk of the State of Maryland becoming the purchaser.

WANTS.

WANTED, A GOOD FEMALE COOK. Only such as can bring good recommendations need apply. One without children preferred. Apply at No. 3 ORANGE STREET. 2 December 7

WANTED, A WHITE COOK TO GO INTO the country. To a good one liberal wages will be paid. Apply at No. 40 VANDERHORST STREET. December 7 fmw6

WANTED, ONE OR TWO ROOMS, pleasantly located in the northwestern part of the City, with use of Kitchen and Servant's Rooms. Address Box No. 222, Postoffice. 1* December 7

AGENT WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED CANVASSER wanted for this State, to sell, by subscription, Photo-Chromatic Oil Portraits of President Davis, Gen. Lee and President Johnson. These Portraits are superior to anything of the kind yet produced, and great inducements are offered to an experienced Canvasser. Address A. BARLOW, No. 708 Market street, December 6 3 Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AGENTS—$75 TO $200 PER month for Gentlemen, and $35 to $75 for Ladies, everywhere, to introduce the Common Sense Family Sewing Machine, improved and perfected. It will hem, fell, stitch, quilt, bind, braid and embroider beautifully, price only $20, making the elastic lock stitch, and fully warranted for three years. We pay the above wages, or a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Address or call on C. BOWERS & CO., Office No. 255 South Fifth-street, Philadelphia, Pa. All letters answered promptly, with circulars and terms. December 2 su4 1mo

WANTED, A RESPECTABLE WHITE SERVANT, to cook and wash for a small family. Good recommendations required. Inquire at Mr. PANKNIN'S Drug Store, No. 123 Meeting street. December 1

WANTED, ABOUT THE FIRST OF JANU- ARY, a small HOUSE, to contain four or five Rooms, in Morris, Cannon, Radcliffe, Coming or St. Philip streets. Any one having the same can hear of a tenant by addressing "T. E. L.," at Daily News Office. December 1 6

CHARLESTON ORPHAN HOUSE.—WANT- ED, a PORTER AND GARDENER for the above Institution. Compensation $25 per month, rations, lights and fuel, with the use of a comfortable house. Applications to be left with the STEWARD at the Institution. December 1

TO RENT, &c.

TO RENT.—PART OF A HOUSE, CON- SISTING of three Rooms, Kitchen and Stable, in a central location. Rent moderate. Apply at THIS OFFICE. December 7

TO RENT.—THE UPPER STORY OF A HOUSE, containing five rooms. Inquire at No. 49 SMITH STREET, south of Calhoun street. December 7 2

TO RENT, THE THREE STORY BRICK RESIDENCE, No. 27 VANDERHORST STREET, having stable, carriage house, and all other necessary outbuildings, cistern and well. Apply to SCREVEN & NESBIT, Accommodation Wharf. December 7

TO RENT, THE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING No. 34 CHALMERS-STREET, with kitchen, good cistern, well and store attached. Possession given immediately. Apply to November 28 wfm BENJ. McINNES.

FOR HIRE ON SHARES.—HEADQUAR- TERS PLANTATION, situated on Wateree River, with eight good mules, wagons, plows, and every utensil requisite for the cultivation of a cotton crop. For particulars apply to C. K. SINGLETON, on the plantation, or to ADAMS, FROST & CO., Adger's Wharf, Charleston. November 26 mwf6

TO RENT—THE ELLIOTT MANSION, NO. 10 George street. Apply to LOWNDES & GRIMBALL, Law Range, Broad street. tuf5 November 27

TO RENT, THE MANSION SITUATE NO. 30 Rutledge Avenue, opposite Bee street, partially furnished. Rent $1,200 per annum. Apply to T. A. WHITNEY, December 6 Franklin street.

TO RENT, ROOMS OR HALF OF HOUSE No. 1 Society street, near East Bay. Apply at house. December 6

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS, the VACANT LOT OF LAND at the northeast corner of Queen and Archdale streets, suitable for the erection of a Corner Shop. Apply to WM. B. RYAN, December 5 No. 7 State street.

TO RENT.—THE THREE-STORY BRICK STORE, No. 68 East Bay, corner Atlantic Wharf; one of the best locations in the city. For terms or further particulars apply at No. 68 EAST BAY. December 3 5

TO RENT, THE THREE-STORY BRICK STORE on the north side of Hayne street, running through to Pinckney street, second door from Charleston Hotel—No. 24. Possession given immediately. Apply to WM. H. GILLILAND, December 3 No. 33 Hayne street.

OFFICE TO RENT.—A LARGE AND AIRY HALL to rent, suitable for an office. Apply at No. 20 BROAD STREET. December 3

TO RENT.—ONE ROOM IN A GENTEEL private family. Also KITCHEN and Servants' rooms. For particulars apply at this Office. November 27

FOR SALE.

STOCK, FIXTURES, AND GOOD WILL AND FIXTURES of a first-class BAR ROOM, for sale in lower part of the city. Apply to SMITH & McGILLIVRAY, Real Estate Agents, at the Red Sign, December 7 1 No. 27 Broad street.

FOR SALE.—A THOROUGH-BRED STAL- LION, five years old. Two thorough-bred Mares, one four and the other three years old. They can be seen at CHRISTOPHER & ALEXANDER'S STABLES, No. 506 King street, until 2 o'clock this day, where the pedigrees of the above horses can be furnished. December 7 1*

FOR SALE OR TO RENT, A VERY FER- TILE and well-cultivated FARM of seven acres, within two and a half miles of the City. For further particulars apply to R. M. MARSHALL & BRO., December 5 3 No. 33 Broad-street.

FOR SALE.—A SCHOONER OF ABOUT Twenty-five Cords Wood capacity, in good order. Apply to E. STURGES, December 3 Foot Vendue Range.

SMALL HOUSE AND LOT IN SHEPHERD street at Private Sale, by SMITH & McGILLIVRAY, Real Estate Agents, December 5 wf2 No. 27 Broad street.

AT PRIVATE SALE— One of the most beautiful and valuable FARMS on Charleston Neck.
Three splendid LOTS in George street.
Three LOTS, 40 feet by 71 feet, fronting on Hampstead Mall.
One LOT, 34 feet by 200 feet, on America street.
Graniteville Stock.
Apply to W. H. GILLILAND, December 3 mwf3 No. 33 Hayne street.

FOR SALE—ONE GEORGE PAGE CIR- CULAR SAW MILL, AND TWENTY-FIVE-HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE, now in complete operation, capable of cutting ten thousand feet per day; located not over twenty-five miles from the city, and on a large tract of land heavily timbered.
The above property will be sold on very reasonable terms. Apply to EBAUGH & MALLONEE, At their Planing Mill, Horlbeck's Wharf. November 28 12

REMOVALS.

A. H. ABRAHAMS & SONS
HAVE REMOVED FROM VENDUE RANGE TO THE large and spacious Store formerly occupied by Messrs. Courtney, Tennent & Co., No. 35 HAYNE STREET.
City and Country Merchants wishing to take advantage of the market, will do well to give us a call at No. 35 HAYNE STREET, where they will find a general assortment of DOMESTIC and FOREIGN GOODS and CLOTHING, all of which are consigned.
We also shall have Regular Sales at Auction. Consignments solicited. By attention and promptness in business, we hope to meet a share of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us heretofore.
A. H. ABRAHAMS & SONS, December 5 wfm1mo No. 35 Hayne street.

REMOVAL.
JAMES W. BROWN & CO.
HAVE REMOVED THEIR AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE to No. 29 VENDUE RANGE, where they will be pleased to see their former patrons. December 4

COPARTNERSHIPS.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNESHIP.
THE FIRM OF WEBB & SAGE IS DISSOLVED BY mutual consent.
W. L. WEBB is alone authorized to sign name of firm in liquidation. WM. L. WEBB, WM. M. SAGE.
Charleston, November 15th, 1866.
THE SUBSCRIBER WILL CONTINUE THE CROCKERY BUSINESS AT No. 5 Hayne street, on his own account. December 1 6 WM. L. WEBB.

FOUND.

SILVER PLATE FOUND.—A PIECE OF SILVER PLATE, belonging to some of the Taylor family, was taken from a negro some time since, which can be had by proving property and paying for advertisement. Apply at this office. November 23

MEETINGS.

GRAND LODGE OF A. F. M., S. C.
THE HALL COMMITTEE WILL ELECT A KEEPER of the Masonic Hall for the ensuing year, on *This Evening*, 7th instant.
Applications must be handed to the Grand Secretary, No. 25 Broad street, on or before the 7th inst. None but Master Masons in good standing need apply.
R. S. BRUNS, December 7 mf2 Grand Secretary.

STRICT OBSERVANCE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. M.
A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF THIS LODGE will be held *This Evening*, 7th instant, at Seven o'clock, at Masonic Hall, when an election will take place for officers to serve for the ensuing year. Members will take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.
By order of the W. M. A. ARMSTRONG, December 7 1 Secretary.

CIRCULAR CHURCH.
A MEETING OF THE MEMBERS AND SUPPORTERS of this Church will be held at No. 252 King street, *This Evening*, at 7 o'clock. A general and punctual attendance is requested.
By order of the President. 1* December 7

EAGLE FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
ATTEND A REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING OF your Company *This* (Friday) *Evening*, at 7 o'clock.
By order. JOHN HEESEMANN, December 7 1* Secretary E. F. E. Co.

YOUNG AMERICA STEAM FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF YOUR COMPANY will be held *This Evening*, the 7th inst., at half-past 7 o'clock, at Market Hall. Punctually attend, as business of importance will be brought forward.
By order: W. W. HART, December 7 1 Secretary Y. A. F. E. Co.

MARION FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
ATTEND YOUR REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING *This Evening*, the 7th inst., at half-past 7 o'clock precisely. By order.
H. L. CALDER, December 7 1 Secretary M. F. E. Co.

PORT ROYAL RAILROAD.
AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS will be held in the building of the Allendale High School, on the *Second Saturday* in January next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. J. C. DAVANT, November 22 40 Secretary.

BOARDING.

GOOD BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED ON reasonable terms by applying at No. 51 HASEL STREET. 2* December 7

PRIVATE BOARDING.—A FEW BOARD- ERS can be accommodated at No. 207 MEETING STREET. 2* December 7

PRIVATE BOARDING CAN BE HAD BY applying at No. 16 MARKET STREET. Terms moderate. 1* December 7

GOOD BOARD CAN BE HAD FOR $7 per week. Apply at No. 28 MEETING STREET. December 7 4*

BOARDING ON REASONABLE TERMS. Apply at No. 8 AIKEN'S ROW. December 3 mwf

BOARDING.—THREE OF FOUR SINGLE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with good Board in the large and spacious mansion, No. 59 Church street, below Broad, recently put in thorough repair. Transient and Day Boarders will also be accommodated. December 3 mwf3

BOARDING.—PERMANENT AND TRAN- SIENT BOARD, with comfortable rooms and attentive servants, can be obtained at the southeast corner of Meeting and Market-streets. November 20

LOST.

LOST, ON THURSDAY, 22D ULT., A YEL- LOW AND WHITE SETTER. A liberal reward will be paid for her recovery, at No. 22 PITT STREET. December 3 mwf3

SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, &c.

GIRLS HIGH AND NORMAL SCHOOL, CHARLESTON, S. C.
THE COMMISSIONERS OF FREE SCHOOLS TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that the Exercises of this Institution will be resumed on *Wednesday*, the 2d January, 1867. The services of the Rev. HENRY M. MOOD, A. M., late President of the Columbia Female College, have been secured, and a competent corps of instructors will be engaged.
In consequence of the failure of the Legislature to make any appropriation for the support of this School, the Board will be compelled to charge for tuition an amount sufficient to cover the actual expenses of the School. The terms will be fifty dollars per annum, payable quarterly, *in advance*. This charge covers all branches formerly pursued in the Institution, including French, Vocal Music and Drawing.
In addition to the regular Classes there will be a Preparatory Class for less advanced Scholars.
Pupils desiring admission must signify their intention immediately, to the Secretary of the Board, at his office, in the Norman School Building.
Pupils from the country desiring information in regard to board, will address the Principal at Charleston, Key Box No. 3. C. G. MEMMINGER, Chairman.
E. MONTAGUE GRIMKE, Secretary.
November 19 mwf19

INSTRUCTION ON PIANO.
MRS. H. E. BRYAN WILL GIVE INSTRUCTION ON THE PIANO to a limited number of Pupils. Terms moderate. Apply at No. 53 MEETING STREET. December 4

HOTELS.

VICTORIA HOTEL.
F. OPDEBECK.....Proprietor.
THIS HOTEL IS NOW OPENED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN. It has been remodelled and refurnished throughout. The travelling public, transient visitors, or others, will find in it all the luxuries of a FIRST-CLASS ESTABLISHMENT, combined with the comforts of home.
The location is one of the most airy and pleasant for summer. A Billiard Saloon for the lovers of this healthful exercise is attached. No pains or expense spared to give entire satisfaction. F. OPDEBECK. May 12

RENTING AGENCY.

LANDLORDS AND TENANTS SUITED.

HOUSES RENTED—PLANTATIONS AND FARMS LEASED—Houses procured in any part of the City at a moderate charge to Tenants—Plantations and Farms procured in any part of the Country.
Charges moderate. Call and register your names at our office. SMITH & McGILLIVRAY, Real Estate Agents, No. 27 Broad street, November 14 South Side, near State street.

WM. S. CORWIN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
IMPORTERS OF
FINE WINES, TEAS, &c.,
NO. 259 KING STREET,
OPPOSITE HASEL,
(BRANCH OF No. 900 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.)
ALL ARTICLES SOLD FROM THIS ESTABLISHMENT are of the first quality. We sell no goods but what we can recommend and warrant to be PURE and GENUINE.
Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. October 29

F. M. BURDELL,
GENERAL
MERCHANDISE BROKER,
WILL DEVOTE HIMSELF TO THE PURCHASE and sale of MERCHANDISE OF ALL KINDS.
Office at the corner of BROAD AND EAST BAY STREETS, in basement of State Bank, where samples may be seen.
REFERENCES—Mr. C. M. Furman, Mr. Theodore D. Wagner, Messrs. John Fraser & Co., Messrs. Mordecai & Co., Messrs. W. C. Dukes & Co., Messrs. Gourdin, Matthiessen & Co., Charleston, S. C. October 24 wfm6mo

PROVIDENCE COMPANY'S
CONCENTRATED
COTTON AND CORN FERTILIZER.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE—SAME AS NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, AT LESS THAN HALF THE COST. Barrels 250 pounds each; eight to the ton.
HUNT & BRO., Agents,
ACCOMMODATION WHARF, CHARLESTON, S. C. November 1 2mo

FINANCIAL.

BANK BILLS! BANK BILLS!
WANTED.
BANK BILLS OF ALL KINDS. HIGHEST PRICE paid by ANDREW M. MORELAND, December 5 wfm3 Broker, No. 8 Broad street.

GOLD! GOLD!! GOLD!!!
WANTED.
GOLD, SILVER, BANK BILLS
UNITED STATES COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES
UNITED STATES 7-30 BONDS
STOCKS, BONDS, &c., of all kinds, purchased at highest rates, by ANDREW M. MORELAND, Broker, Broad street. October 5 fmw 2mos

AMERICAN GOLD
WANTED BY D. JENNINGS & CO., December 6 2 No. 40 Broad street.

EXCHANGE.
CHECKS ON NEW YORK.
Check on Savannah, Ga.
D. JENNINGS & CO., December 6 2 No. 40 Broad-street.

CHECKS ON NEW YORK
SOLD.
STERLING, FRANCS, AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE, BOUGHT.
C. T. LOWNDES & CO.,
NO. 10 BROAD STREET. November 15 1mo

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
CAPITAL.....$10,000,000 IN GOLD.
APPLY TO
GIBBES & CO., Agents,
NO. 10 ADGER'S SOUTH WHARF. December 7

BREAD! BREAD! BREAD!
FALL IN THE PRICE OF BREAD.
15 LOAVES FOR ONE DOLLAR
15 LOAVES FOR ONE DOLLAR
15 LOAVES FOR ONE DOLLAR.
THE SUBSCRIBER WILL HAVE A "NO. 1" ARTICLE of well baked LOAF BREAD delivered to families in all parts of the city at the above reduced rates.
Come to the store, buy tickets, and leave your address.
J. C. MARSHALL, December 7 3 No. 60 Tradd street.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
THOSE WISHING TO MAKE PRESENTS WILL DO well to call and examine my goods, as I will sell low to meet the times, and all goods guaranteed.
MEERSCHAUM and IMITATION, FANCY BRIAR, PLAIN, and all other kind of PIPES, latest style. SEGAR-HOLDERS, SEGAR CASES, and a great variety belonging to the trade. Imported and domestic SEGARS, put up in 50 and 100 boxes. At
L. LORENST'S
CHEAP SEGAR STORE, No. 392 KING,
A few doors above George street. December 7 1mo

NOTICE
TO PLANTERS AND FACTORS.
THE GREAT ACCUMULATION OF COTTON SEED in the Gin and Store-houses at West Point Mills makes it necessary for me to notify the owners of the same that it must be taken away in ten days, to make room for the reception of more cotton. If the above is not complied with, I will be compelled to have the seed put in bags and stored in one of the public warehouses at their expense and risk.
WILLIAM LEBBY, December 7 3 Agent West Point Mill.

ADVANCES ON
COTTON, RICE & NAVAL STORES.
LIBERAL ADVANCES WILL BE MADE BY US ON SHIPMENTS OF COTTON, RICE AND NAVAL STORES, consigned to our friends in Liverpool and New York. J. A. ENSLOW & CO., December 7 f4 No. 125 East Bay.

COME ALL WHO WISH TO BE TAUGHT.
NIGHT SCHOOL! NIGHT SCHOOL!
AT
COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
OF
J. REEVE GIBBES',
ROOMS CORNER BROAD AND CHURCH STS.,
FROM 7 TO 9 O'CLOCK, P. M.
BOYS OVER 12 YEARS OF AGE, YOUNG GENTLEMEN, and all who are anxious to learn, are invited to call and see him. Terms moderate.
Bookkeeping, English, Reading, Writing, and Mercantile Arithmetic taught.
ALSO,
BOOKS WRITTEN UP, Errors Detected, Bills Made Out, and all manner of Writing done by applying at the ROOMS, CHARLESTON LIBRARY BUILDINGS. September 25 3mo

W. C. COURTNEY & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
CHARLESTON, S. C.,
Have removed their office from No. 35 Hayne-st. to
No. 9 BOYCE'S WHARF.
December 3 mwf1mo

Havana Plan Kentucky State Lottery
MURRAY, EDDY & CO., MANAGERS.
TO BE DRAWN AT COVINGTON, KY., 15TH AND 30th each month. Scheme, 30,000 tickets—527 prizes. Whole tickets, $16; halves, $8; quarters, $4.

1 Prize of	$60,000	2 Prizes of	$4,500
1 Prize of	$20,000	29 Prizes of	$1,000
1 Prize of	$8,950	63 Prizes of	$500
1 Prize of	$8,000	155 Prizes of	$300

220 Prizes of $200.
54 Approximation Prizes amounting to $13,050.
Combination Lottery draws every day. Tickets from $1 to $10.
Circulars sent free. Drawings mailed as soon as the Lottery is drawn.
Address H. T. PETERS, United States Licensed Agent, No. 41 Hasel street, Charleston, S. C., or Key Box 52 P. O. November 10 3mo