THE DAILY NEWS.

BIORDAN, DAWSON & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

OFFICE No. 149 EAST BAY.

TERMS—THE DAILY NEWS, PRICE (payable in all cases IN ADVANCE), SIX DOLLARS A YEAR; THREE DOLLARS FOR SIX MONTHS; TWO DOLLARS FOR THREE MONTHS.

THE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS, PRICE (IN ADVANCE), THREE DOLLARS A YEAR; TWO DOLLARS FOR SIX MONTHS. No Subscription received for a less period.

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LETTERS should be addressed to THE DAILY NEWS, No. 149 East Bay, Charleston, S. C.

REJECTED MANUSCRIPTS will not be returned.

NEWS SUMMARY.

—Gold was quoted yesterday at New York at 44¾.

—The New York cotton market closed less active and a shade lower. Sales 900 bales, at 30a30½c.

—At Liverpool cotton was quiet and firm. Sales 12,000 bales.

—A direct line of steamers is about to be established between Bremen and New Orleans.

—The negroes in New York are organizing Seymour and Blair Clubs.

—Thieves hide under the New Orleans levee, rip open cotton bags and plunder them.

—Greeley calls Colfax the "young lion of the West." Colfax the lion, and Grant the lamb, will "lie down together" in November, and we shall have peace.

—The clerk of the Superior Court at Savannah has been called upon to furnish a certified copy of an indictment, now pending, against himself for larceny.

—Patti and her husband drive about in a chocolate-colored landau, lined with cloth and silk of the same color, with servants in a dark green livery trimmed with silver.

—The American News Company is about to open an agency in every ward of New York and Brooklyn, where periodicals of all kinds will be sold at retail at the wholesale price.

—It costs $180,000 a year to keep up the French Emperor's stable. This is $80,000 more than Louis Napoleon received when President of the Republic in 1848.

—The London petition to be laid before Parliament for reconsidering the law excluding women householders has already received between thirteen and fourteen thousand signatures.

—The publication of the correspondence of Napoleon I goes on, and has reached the twenty-fourth volume. This refers entirely to the fatal Moscow campaign, and is probably the best history of it that is attainable.

—A ship will sail from San Francisco to-day for Sitka to take on board the late employees of the Russian Fur Company and troops, about three hundred in number, for transportation to St. Petersburg. This will close the business of the Russians in Sitka.

—A race of the Model Yacht Club came off recently at Booth, near Liverpool. The largest vessel measured fifty-six inches in length, and the others varied from thirty-six to forty-eight inches. The prizes were a chronometer, a looking glass and a purse.

—In Louisville, on Friday last, Joseph Babbette, one of the oldest residents of that city, shot himself through the heart. He was overseer of the messenger force in the Western Union Telegraph office, and the suicide took place in an upper room of the telegraph building. Domestic troubles led him to the act.

—Dr. Gibbon, of North Carolina, read a paper at the Chicago Scientific Convention, in which he sought to show that a civilized people dwelt in North America anterior to the Indian races. His theory is based on the discovery of fossil human bones, and also of eleven Punic characters in Wisconsin.

—Orders have been issued from military headquarters in Richmond, directing that Methodist Churches in Virginia, hereafter and until the legal right to ownership of which shall have been definitely determined, shall be occupied on alternate Sundays by the congregations of the Methodist Episcopal Church South and the Methodist Episcopal Church.

—A California steam plough is invented with which the inventor claims he can, in soils free from stones, roots and stumps, plough from 30 to 40 acres each day for $1 50 per acre. If the inventor has a machine that can do that, he can make a fortune ploughing with it on the prairies. Farmers will be glad to pay him $2 per acre for good ploughing.

—A Saratoga correspondent, writing of the fashion there, says, among other things, that "some women dress to please each other; some to please men, or rather one man, for, as a general thing, they despise men's opinions on millinery. But the most dressy women don't dress to please anybody; they dress to worry other women."

—A contest is going on in Louisville, Ky., between a physician named McKinley and the Superior of the Ursuline Academy in New Albany, Indiana, for the possession of a girl fifteen years of age. The doctor alleges that the child is his daughter; the Superior of the Academy that she is not. What gives point to the controversy is the fact that the girl is admitted to be heiress to a fortune of a million of dollars.

—Boston is still "doing" the Chinese Embassy, and the Celestials are getting along so that they are almost ready for naturalization. Some of them can say, "I swow," and they all "reckon" and "guess" like natives. Their curiosity is unbounded; but it is not true that they sent to the harbor for a bucket of water, with a view of determining what kind of tea was thrown overboard in our Revolutionary war.

—A Boston editor descants upon the falsity of the women of the period; not their faithlessness in love affairs, but the false show they make in their outward appearance. He says: "Stuffed busts, skeleton skirts, wire-works, pyramids of foreign hair, rubber tricks—alas! alas! how do any of these items harmonize in their thought with the conception of the thoroughly natural, the graceful, the gentle, the unassuming woman that is secretly every man's ideal, one who brings back to him the image of his mother, of his sister, of her he first learned to love!" He evidently is inexperienced in woman's arts and artifices.

—Some one rehearses in the newspapers the dueling history of Bladensburg, Md. The principal meetings there are as follows: In 1814, Edward Hopkins was killed—the first duel there. In 1819, A. C. Mason, United States senator from Virginia, was killed by Colonel John McCarty, his brother-in-law. In 1820, Commodore Decatur was killed by Commodore Baron. The next year two Spaniards fought, and one was killed. In 1822, Midshipman Locke was killed by Gibson, a clerk in the Treasury Department. In 1826 came off the celebrated meeting between Henry Clay and John Randolph (their second fight). Randolph received Clay's fire, and then fired in the air; they were fast friends afterward. In 1832, Martin was killed by Carr. In 1833, Mr. Key, brother of Barton S. Key, killed a Mr. Sherbon. In 1851, B. A. Hoole and A. J. Dallas met; Dallas was shot in the shoulder, but recovered. In 1853, John M. Daniel and Colonel Johnson, two Richmond editors, held a harmless set-to, which terminated in coffee. In 1853, Davis and Ridgeway fought; Ridgeway allowed his antagonist to fire without returning the shot.

—Pollard, he of the "Lost Cause," frequent pistols and coffee, and matrimonial embroilments, has again "drawn the pen" to "raise the tone and character of journalism," and to "stab to the death the shallow heart of injustice." One of his first "chivalric thrusts" is aimed at the unfortunate gentleman who caused him so much uneasiness during the war—Jeff. Davis. Pollard can't endure the thought that the "Chief of the Southern Confederacy" has gone into the commission business with a London house. He finds it difficult to "credit such prostitution of historical dignity." There are hundreds of Southerners, says Mr. Pollard, who are happy in starving without condescending to the baseness of trade, and he wants to know why Mr. Davis cannot bear his poverty as "nobly." He talks about the "infamy of selling out the honors of the Confederacy," and "bargaining his historical heroism for certain benefits of trade," winding up with the imprecation—"Shame upon the man, a blistering mark upon the caitiff, curses upon the wretch who has done this paltry and flagitious thing!" Somebody suggests that Pollard would be of quite as much service to the community at large, and possibly to himself, if he would only sacrifice a little of his "historical dignity," and set up a grocery store.

CHARLESTON.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1868.

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR.
For Vice-President.....FRANCIS P. BLAIR.

The Bill of Plunder.

We publish to-day the opinion of the Court of Errors upon the obligation of the State to receive notes of the Bank of the State in payment of taxes and other dues to the State. The Court of Errors unanimously decide that the law as it stood in 1867 did *not* require the State to take these bills. The case was elaborately argued by Messrs. PORTER & CONNER on the one side, and Mr. Attorney-General HAYNE on the other. And the result was that Messrs. DUNKIN, WARDLAW, GLOVER, MUNRO, CARROLL, INGLIS, MOSES, DAWKINS and LESESNE were all of one mind. Without a dissenting voice these experienced and learned judges decide that the sixteenth section of the act of 1812 does not bind the State to take these bills.

The Legislature, under the advice of Mr. CHAMBERLAIN, though equally desirous with the court to get rid of the obligation to receive said bills in payment of taxes, most sapiently disregard this decision, and propose to effect the same end by a repeal of the act—an attempt which even six months' reading of law ought to have taught the sage adviser of the "Piebald" was null and void as to all past issues of the bank—while Messrs. PORTER & CONNER'S appeal from the decision of the Court of Errors, now pending before the Supreme Court at Washington, is left undefended, no "appearance" having yet been entered on the part of the State.

Thus it is with the "Piebald," "doing that which it ought not to do, and leaving undone that which it ought to do."

The "Bill of Plunder" has passed, it seems, both Houses. Will Governor SCOTT omit such an opportunity of giving dignity and respectability to his administration as would be afforded by the veto of this illegal, unconstitutional, incongruous and audacious scheme of governmental robbery?

If Governor SCOTT succumbs, will the courts permit the perpetration of such an act of fraud, violence and usurpation?

A Bit of Radical Economy.

The tax-paying masses of the North are not aware, probably, of the style in which the public money is thrown away, under the pretence of collecting the internal revenue at the South. It will doubtless be a comfort for them to know that the solemn farce of sending out blanks to and enforcing returns from the American citizens of African descent, under the internal revenue laws of the Radical Congress, is regularly going on, and that the complicated machinery and expensive processes of collection are as fully in operation with regard to the enlightened people who till the cotton fields as if there were really a prospect of some substantial result, other than the depletion of the public coffers. A gentleman who has given some attention to this subject sends us some statistics which are worthy of attention. Take, for example, a single county of our State—the District of Beaufort—and we have the following result:

Expense of collecting internal taxes..	$10,650 00
Proceeds of the collection.....	402 50
Balance on wrong side of the sheet...	$10,247 50

And this is no exceptional case. But while such a plan of operations may not be specially profitable to the government or gratifying to the people, who really pay the taxes, it is pleasant to know that an army of small officials are thereby enabled to live in clover.

Co-operative Building.

We have already in operation in Charleston a co-operative grocery store, which in five months has made a profit equal to about seventeen per cent. upon the subscribed capital of the company. Two co-operative life insurance companies are in process of organization; and it may now be considered certain that the co-operative movement in South Carolina is steadily advancing in public confidence and favor. But the co-operative principle should not be confined to associations for supplying the public with the necessaries of life, nor should it be restricted to making provision for sudden and unexpected death. It may be applied to every material work and every undertaking which can be carried on by any one man or set of men, with the assurance that the money which now goes as profit into the pocket of the manufacturer, shareholder or shopkeeper, will, under the co-operative system, add to the means and increase the comforts of the individual consumer. Every member is at once a capitalist and a consumer, and the difference between the cost of the work done and the amount which it realizes, passes to the credit of every member of the society, in proportion to the capital which he has invested in it.

In Europe, of course, the co-operative system is much farther advanced than it is on this side of the Atlantic, and it has never been turned to better account than in a building association formed some years ago by the working masons of Edinburgh, Scotland, when on a strike. The organization became a permanent one, achieving very important results, in supplying cheap and comfortable houses to the working people of Edinburgh, in place of the filthy, badly lighted and ill ventilated tenements previously occupied by them.

The bricklayers of New York have begun a similar enterprise. It is to be a co-operative building society on joint stock principles, with limited liability, similar to the Edinburgh plan, and will contract for the erection of buildings, stores, dwellings, &c., or repairing them. It proposes to unite capital and labor, and to give the building public the advantage of the cheapness of procuring work at first hands, instead of allowing middlemen to make heavy profits out of both capitalists and working men. A day's work is to consist of eight hours; shareholders having preference over others in obtaining work from the society, but no shareholder to claim work if the company do not think it advisable to employ him. The capital stock to be one hundred thousand dollars, in five thousand shares of twenty dollars each; one dollar is to be paid as an instalment, and the remainder in four equal payments, after the board of management shall be elected. Each share is to be entitled to one vote. No one to hold more than ten shares in his own name. In all essential particulars the plan of this society is a counterpart to that of the Edinburgh co-operative building society, and we see no reason to doubt that if prudently managed it will have a similar success.

Why cannot such a society be established here? Our laboring men and all the middle classes of our population need small, but neat and convenient houses which can be let at a low rent. A co-operative building society would decrease the cost of these houses, and this would encourage the moneyed man to invest his capital where it would bring him a safe and fair return. Such an association, when fairly in operation in this city, would benefit the builder and the shareholder, as well as those mechanics and laborers who cannot now hire at a reasonable rent houses for themselves and their families.

WE ARE pleased to see that the State Central Democratic Club declares authoritatively, in reply to the recently issued proclamation of Governor SCOTT, that the Democratic party is the party of peace, law and order,—that the few weapons introduced into the State were for personal protection, and not for partisan purposes,—and that the people of the State must continue to bear and forbear, that the public peace may be preserved. We are now fairly before the country. Our declaration of the circumstances under which we live,—of our fears and of our hopes, has been published with the approval of our whole people. This is enough. Further protest or assertion would be unmanly and undignified.

GENERAL BONHAM says that there is a company of fifty armed negroes which drills regularly near Edgefield C. H., and that there are similar organizations throughout the district. This we know to be the truth, as surely as we know that in the matter of armed organizations in this State there has been proclamation and prohibition for the white man, and toleration and tacit encouragement for the negro.

THE NEGROES in the Legislature of the State very naturally cling to the idea, that to the colored majority belongs every right and privilege and to the white minority not one. They are now very flat-footed in their declaration, that the meaning of the bill to prevent discrimination on account of color is to give the negroes the right to enter every hotel in the State, to sit at every public table, and to lie in every bed. Candor is a jewel.

THE RECONSTRUCTION LEGISLATURE of Georgia has quietly given the negro members of that body their walking papers. *Sic transit.*

Lost and Found.

ESTRAY.—STRAYED INTO THE Race Course, a RED COW, with white face, which the owner can have by proving property, paying expenses and taking her away.
September 4 2*

STRAYED FROM THE COLLEGE YARD on the evening of the 31st ult., a small Black MILKING COW. Any person knowing the whereabouts of the same will receive a suitable reward by applying to the JANITOR of the College.
September 3 2*

SPECTACLES LOST.—LOST, IN THE Market, about ten o'clock yesterday (Wednesday) morning a pair of GOLD SPECTACLES, for which a suitable reward will be given if left at the MERCURY OFFICE August 6

Educational.

INSTRUCTION FOR THE BLIND.—Having a few pupils of the above class, any one having children so afflicted may have them EDUCATED by applying to the undersigned, at No. 2 ORANGE-STREET. Music is included.
W. B. NORTH
September 4 tuth-6.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.—THE Forty-fifth Session of this institution will begin on the 1st day of October 1868, and end on the Thursday before the 4th of July, 1869.

The organization of the institution is very complete, embracing extensive and thorough courses of instruction in Literature and Science, and in the professions of Law, Medicine and Engineering.

ESTIMATED EXPENSES—exclusive of books, clothing and pocket money—of the Academic student $300; of the Law student $365, and of the Medical student $355.

For particulars send for Catalogue to Wm. Wertenbaker, Secretary, or S. MAUPIN,
Chairman of the Faculty.
P. O. "University of Virginia."
August 3 1m*

NIGHT SCHOOL! NIGHT SCHOOL!
No. 35 WENTWORTH-STREET, LECTURE ROOM OF ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH
THE HOURS FOR THE EXERCISES IN ARITHMETIC, WRITING, READING, GERMAN and ENGLISH GRAMMAR are from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.
Terms—$2 per month in advance
Book-keeping charged extra.
December 2 C. H. BERGMANN.

Tonsorial.

L. HEUER'S
FASHIONABLE BARBER'S SALOON,
IS AT
No. 93 MARKET-STREET,
South side, between King and Meeting streets.

Mr. HEUER is a German Barber, has been thoroughly trained to his business and is prepared to serve his friends and the public generally in the several branches of his art, viz:
SHAVING
HAIR-DRESSING
SHAMPOOING
HAIR DYING
&c., &c
January 11

Wants.

AN ASSISTANT STOCK-KEEPER wanted by a Jobbing House. Apply by letter, stating salary required. Address Box No. 71, Post-office. 1 September 4

WANTED, A GERMAN GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK. Apply at No. 161 KING-STREET, Book Store. September 4

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED COLORED COOK AND WASHER, without children, for a family of four. Best city references required. Good wages and a comfortable room. Apply in CHURCH-STREET, three doors from the Battery, west side. 2 September 4

TO THE UNEMPLOYED.—INDUSTRIOUS and educated gentlemen of good address wanted as CANVASSERS for a first class LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. Capacity and zeal are always well rewarded in this vocation. Direct, with real name, Postoffice Box No. 824, Richmond, Virginia. 1mo August 21

AGENTS WANTED—DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN GOODS.—Eight by ten Oval Steel Engravings of SEYMOUR AND BLAIR, with or without frames. Sheets 25 cents each. Life of both 25 cents. Photographs, Pins, Badges, Charts, &c., one hundred per cent profit. Sample packages by mail for one dollar. Address at once
GOODSPEED & CO.,
August 14 2mo* No. 37 Park Row, N. Y.

WANTED BY A VIRGINIA LADY, A situation in a pleasant family to teach the usual ENGLISH BRANCHES, FRENCH and MUSIC. She has had several years' experience, and will go either South or West. References exchanged. Address, immediately, "A. B. C.," care of Mr. W. P. Nuckolls, Tolersville Depot, Louisa County, Va.
August 7 1mo*

GOOD BRICKLAYERS, WILLING TO work ten hours a day, at the rate of $5, will find steady employment by calling on or addressing SECRETARY OF THE MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' EXCHANGE, No. 51 Liberty-street, New York. 1mo* August 7

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.—SERVANTS can be obtained by application to the "UNION HOME," from 9 till 11 o'clock daily.

Servants can also find places by application to the same place, at the same hours. Inquire for the Matron, corner Church and Chalmers street
June 19

WANTED, A SITUATION, IN ANY capacity as a CLERK. The subscriber is willing to engage in any business, and will make himself generally useful in any way, and be satisfied with a very moderate salary. Address "L. W.," Charleston, through the Postoffice. June 17

WANTED, A PLACE AS GARDENER. An ex-member of Hagood's Brigade, C. S. A., who lost an arm in the war, and who is now in reduced circumstances, is anxious to get employment as GARDENER, and to take charge of lots at Magnolia. He is willing to work and can give the best testimonials as to experience, efficiency and fidelity. Address J. H. THOMAS, DAILY NEWS Office.
May 12

WANTED, EMPLOYMENT AS A WATCHMAN, or in any other capacity in which he can earn a livelihood, by a one-armed soldier, who is in distress for want of work. Address "J. S.," Office of the DAILY NEWS.
April 21

WANTED, SUBSCRIBERS FOR ALL THE LEADING MAGAZINES AND NEWSPAPERS, at publisher's rates.
CHARLES C. RIGHTER,
April 21 No. 161 King-street.

WANTED, AGENTS EVERYWHERE, to sell our PATENT EVERLASTING METALLIC CLOTHES LINES. Write for circulars to the AMERICAN WIRE COMPANY, No. 162 Broadway, New York. 6mos April 20

WANTED, EVERYBODY TO SUBSCRIBE to the CIRCULATING LIBRARY.—CHARLES C. RIGHTER'S Select Library of New Books contains all of the latest publications.
April 21 No. 161 KING-STREET.

For Sale.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT, THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, No. 38 SOUTH BAY. Apply to ROBERT BEE, No. 3 Adger's wharf.
September 4 f

FOR SALE.—TWO NEW COUNTERS, GLASS SHOW CASES AND SHELVING, for sale. Apply at No. 5 HAYNE-STREET.
September 4 3

FOR SALE, ONE TWENTY-FIVE HORSE POWER STATIONARY ENGINE, with double Boilers, made by Denmead, of Baltimore; a first class machine and but little used with Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, &c. Also, one thirty-six inch steam Grist Mill, with Bolter and Gearing. One Saw Mill complete, with forty-eight inch Circular Saw, and many other articles nearly new, suited for plantation use. Apply to
LITTLE & MARSHALL,
No. 140 Meeting-street.
August 17 mwf1mo

To Rent.

TO RENT, THE HOUSE No. 156 WENTWORTH-STREET, north side, next to corner of Gadsden-street. For particulars apply to E. H. POONER, at "Big Boot," No. 250 King-street,
September 4 1*

TO RENT, A LARGE AND COMMODIOUS CARRIAGE HOUSE, and ample Stable accommodations, in the upper part of East Bay. Apply at JOHN ROBINSON & CO.'S, South Atlantic Wharf. wfm3 September 2

TO RENT, FOR THE SUMMER, A HOUSE, containing eight rooms, pleasantly situated, on the front beach Sullivan's Island, back of Beauregard Battery. Apply at DAILY NEWS OFFICE. July 27

TO RENT, AT SULLIVAN'S ISLAND, two adjoining TWO-STORY HOUSES, situated close to Fort Beauregard, both having double piazzas facing north and south. Both Houses are in good condition, and well adapted for private residences, hotels or boarding establishments. To be rented singly or together; the Furniture taken by agreement, if desirable. For particulars, apply at the OFFICE OF THE DAILY NEWS.
August 24

Removals.

REMOVAL.—THURSTON & HOLMES have removed their Counting Room from Accommodation Wharf to ADGER'S NORTH WHARF.
September 4 6

REMOVAL.—DR. FRANCIS L. PARKER has removed his Office from No. 79 Broad-street to No. 74 HASEL-STREET, two doors east of the Postoffice. July 24

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF MAZYCK BROTHERS is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party is authorized to sign in liquidation.
A. H. MAZYCK, Jn.
J. S. MAZYCK.
Charleston, September 1, 1868.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED into a Copartnership for the transaction of a GENERAL FACTORAGE AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the name and style of MAZYCKS & SALTERS. Office Vanderhorst Wharf.
A. H. MAZYCK, Jn.
J. S. MAZYCK.
WM. SALTERS.
Charleston, September 1, 1868.
September 2 3

Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE AGENCY.
S. Y. TUPPER,
IN PLANTERS' AND MECHANICS' BANK BUILDING,
No. 133 EAST BAY.

RISKS TAKEN IN THE FOLLOWING WELL KNOWN COMPANIES:
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
Cash Capital and Assets.....$1,613,076
SECURITY INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK,
Cash Capital and Assets.....$1,477,677
INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE CO., NEW YORK,
Cash Capital and Assets.....$1,128,012
MANHATTAN INSURANCE CO., OF NEW YORK,
Cash Capital and Assets.....$1,035,630
NORTH AMERICAN INSURANCE CO., NEW YORK,
Cash Capital and Assets.....$746,911
ENTERPRISE INSURANCE CO., CINCINNATI, O.,
Cash Capital and Assets.....$1,301,328
(Security by State Law...$2,000,000.)
CENTRAL CITY INSURANCE CO., OF SELMA,
Cash Capital.....$300,000
TOTAL EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS.
Losses adjusted and paid in Charleston.
August 17 1mo

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
Cash Capital Paid Up and Invested over $8,000,000 Gold.
U. S Branch Office, No. 40 Pine-street.
LOCAL DIRECTORS IN NEW YORK:
E. M. ARCHIBALD, Esq., H. B. M. Consul, Chairman.
RICHARD IRVIN, Esq., RICHARD IRVIN & Co.
ED. S. JAFFRAY, Esq., E. S. JAFFRAY & Co.
J. BOORMAN JOHNSTON, Esq., J. BOORMAN JOHNSTON & Co.
A. A. LOW, Esq., A. A. LOW & BROTHERS.
DAVID ALOMON, Esq., No. 11 West 38th-street.
JAMES STUART, Esq., J. & J. STUART.
EDGAR W. CROWELL, Resident Manager.
Risks taken as low as in other first-class Companies, and Losses adjusted and paid here.
Policies issued, payable in gold or currency, by
A. L. TOBIAS, No. 109 East Bay,
June 20 stuth3mo Agent for Charleston, S. C.

Meetings.

STRICT OBSERVANCE LODGE, No. 73, A. F. M.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY COMMUNICATION of this Lodge will be held at Masonic Hall, *This Evening*, at Eight o'clock precisely. The arrear list will be read. Candidates for the first degree must be punctual.
By order W. M.
A. S. DOUGLAS,
September 4 1 Secretary.

MARION FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
ATTEND THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of your Company *This* (Friday) *Evening*, at half-past Seven o'clock precisely.
By order of the President.
T. R. KEEGAN,
September 4 1 Secretary.

EAGLE FIRE ENGINE COMPANY.
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED TO ATTEND a regular monthly meeting of your Company, at your Hall, on *This* (Friday) *Evening*, 4th inst., at Eight o'clock.
By order. A. MARION COHEN,
September 4 Secretary.

CHARLESTON MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
AN ADJOURNED PRELIMINARY MEETING OF this Company will be held at Masonic Hall, *This Evening*, at Eight o'clock. A full and prompt attendance is requested. C. P. AIMAR,
September 4 1 Secretary of Meeting.

MASS MEETING.
A MASS MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN Party will be held *This Evening*, at Eight o'clock, at Liberty Hall, Morris-street.
September 4 1*

Mayor's Proclamation.

PROCLAMATION.

By GEORGE W. CLARK, Mayor of Charleston.

CITY HALL, MAYOR'S OFFICE.
CHARLESTON, S. C., August 18, 1868.

Believing it the sincere desire of every individual in this community to assist in preserving the public peace, and maintaining the dignity of the laws; feeling, in the political excitement now pervading all classes of our people, that through a single act of violence, either by accident or otherwise, we may be overwhelmed in a deplorable breach of law and order—

I, GEORGE W. CLARK, Mayor of the city aforesaid, do call upon all good citizens to abstain as far as possible from all public demonstrations of a noisy or riotous nature. Let each one regard himself as answerable to the public for the good conduct of all. Let no one, in the exercise of liberty, do that against the law which will by law deprive him of his liberty. The public peace must and shall be preserved.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the city [L. S.] the date and year above mentioned.

GEORGE W. CLARK, Mayor.
August 20

Business Cards.

LOGAN & SEABROOK,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND SOLICITORS IN EQUITY,
No. 33 BROAD-STREET.
ROSWELL T. LOGAN...E. BAYNARD SEABROOK
September 1

WILBUR & SON,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS & AUCTIONEERS,
No. 59 Broad street, Charleston, S. C.
Borrow and loan money, attend to collection of rents, and all manner of claims.
July 13 mwf6mo

G. H. SASS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITOR IN EQUITY.
Office No. 15 BROAD-STREET, over the Peoples, National Bank. May 8

WILLIS & CHISOLM,
FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND
SHIPPING AGENTS,
WILL ATTEND TO THE PURCHASE, SALE AND SHIPMENT (to Foreign and Domestic Ports) of COTTON, RICE, LUMBER AND NAVAL STORES.
ATLANTIC WHARF, Charleston, S. C.
E. WILLIS.....A. R. CHISOLM.
October 25

R. M. MARSHALL & BROTHER,
AUCTIONEERS,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS, BROKERS
No. 33 BROAD-STREET.
REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, &c., BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION; LOANS NEGOTIATED; PROPERTY LEASED.
Auction of HORSES, FURNITURE, &c., every *Wednesday*. October 19

C. J. SCHLEPEGRELL,
No. 37 LINE-STREET,
BETWEEN KING AND ST. PHILIP.
LUMBER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND BUILDING MATERIAL, LIME and PLASTERING LATHS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASSES, SHINGLES; also, GROOVE AND TONGUE BOARDS, &c., constantly on hand at the lowest market prices.
September 12 thm1yr

B. FOLEY'S
CLOTHING, SHOE AND HAT STORE,
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Where may be found every variety of GREAT COATS, FROCK AND DRESS COATS, Shirts, Undershirts, Vests and Pantaloons, Drawers and Socks, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valises, &c. February 8

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FRESH ADDITIONS OF
DRUGS, MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS
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PRESCRIPTIONS PUT UP WITH CARE.
January 3 tuths

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MILLWARD BROTHERS, PROPRIETORS,
RICHMOND, VA.
April 6

MADAME GIDIERE,
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CORNER OF CHURCH AND QUEEN STREETS.
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April 29

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THIS LONG ESTABLISHED FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, as popularly known in former times under the management of J. B. MONNOT, Esq., and more recently under that of HIRAM CRANSTON & CO., is now under the proprietorship of Messrs. D. M. HILDRETH & T. B. ROCKWAY, uner the firm of D. M. HILDRETH & CO.
The senior partner from his long experience as a proprietor of the Veranda, St. Louis and St. Charles Hotels of New Orleans, flatters himself that he can assure his friends and the public generally, that its former world-wide reputation as a popular first-class Hotel, shall be fully sustained under its present management. 1yr* February 13

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SHOES! SHOES!
300 CASES OF BOOTS AND SHOES, GOOD AND SUBSTANTIAL, for retailing.
ALSO,
200 CASES from Auction, which will be sold at reduced prices. JOHN CUMMINS,
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September 1 tuth8

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July 30 3mos

New Publications.

RUSSELL'S BOOK STORE.
WEEKLY LIST NEW BOOKS, &c.

ELLIOTT. Sermons by the Rt. Rev. Stephen Elliott, late Bishop of Georgia; with a Memoir by Thomas M. Hanckel, Esq. 1 vol., 8vo. $5.

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ENGLISH MAGAZINES. Subscriptions received for Temple Bar, Cornhill, Chambers' Journal, English Woman's Domestic Magazine, Aunt Judy's (for children) Good Words, Sunday Magazine, Art Journal, Saturday Review, &c. July 31

Baltimore Advertisements.

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ALSO,
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E