

TERMS OF THE NEWS. THE DAILY NEWS, by mail one year, \$8; six months \$4; three months \$2.50. Served in the city at EIGHTY-THREE CENTS A WEEK, payable to the carrier, or \$3 a year, paid in advance at the office.

The Charleston News.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1872.

THE CHARLESTON DAILY NEWS "is designed as the newspaper for the publication of all legal notices, and official advertisements, for the County of Charleston, under the act of February 22d, 1870, entitled an act to regulate the publication of all legal and public notices."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The narrow gauge railroad is in one of the English mining districts, the line being only eight inches wide.

The latest definition of a gentleman is "a man that can put on a clean collar without being conspicuous."

Jarvis B. Sullivan, who succeeds Croly as manager of the New York World, is said to be the youngest managing editor and the handsomest man on the metropolitan press.

Mrs. J. Lloyd Abbott, a wealthy New York lady, granddaughter of the late Governor Shelby, of Tennessee, and daughter of General Dushan, of Mobile, has just made her debut at the Fifth Avenue Theatre.

Examinations for girls intending to earn their living as governesses are usual throughout France, and no one is allowed to teach who has not obtained one or more diplomas.

The examinations are three in number.

Fifty years ago Mr. Thiers was engaged on the Constitutionnel, as an art critic, at the rate of ten dollars an article. His first critique was on the acting of Mrs. Bellamy, who was playing at the Porte St. Martin Theatre with an English troupe.

A maiden of sixty lately died in Westmoreland, England, and left \$500,000 to a gentleman who had captured her mature affections. The will is now being contested on the ground of irregularity, incapacity and ignorance.

The English papers state that the whole private fortune of Mr. Nathan Appleton, of Boston, is liable for the debts of Bowles Brothers, as his relation as special partner of the firm had been changed to that of general partner.

Another effort is to be made to raise funds for a statue to Stonewall Jackson. The New York Academy of Design has been commissioned to paint three pictures of the general, and from these chronicle will be made, in the hope of an extensive sale.

The monument to the memory of Thaddeus Stevens was completed on Friday morning last. The panel on the south side contains the words, "I repose in this quiet and secluded spot, not from any natural preference for solitude, but finding other cemeteries limited as to space by charter rules I have chosen this that I might illustrate in my death the principles which I advocated through a long life—equality of man before his Creator."

In the United States Senate, on Thursday last, Mr. Robertson presented the petition of Thomas P. Bailey, M. D., of Georgetown, South Carolina, grand nephew of Thomas Bailey and David Bailey, executor of the estate of Robert S. Bailey, deceased, and representatives of the co-heirs of Robert S. Bailey, praying to be indemnified for spoliation committed by the French prior to the year 1801, which was ordered to lie on the table.

A New York letter says: "The eldest of the Greelys, whose name is constantly mentioned as having lost her betrothed upon the ill-fated Missouri, is too absorbed in her real grief to discover through the press all the many unpleasant things which associate her name with that of her betrothed. She not only was never promised to him in marriage, but such a thought was never entertained by her, and whatever hopes the poor fellow may have entertained and been untrue enough to express to his friends, Miss Greely was wholly ignorant of them until she saw her engagement mentioned in the gossip of a newspaper. The writer knows this to be true."

The Baltimore Sun says: "The movement against the use of egg-nog, wines and other intoxicating liquors during the Christmas and New Year's holidays, is so earnest that its advocates are encouraged to hope for more in this direction now than ever before. The city temperance convention and the Young Men's Christian Association have issued a circular addressed to the pastors of all denominations on the subject, as follows: 'You are respectfully but earnestly requested to call the attention of your congregation on Sunday next to the pernicious practice of setting out egg-nog, wine, and other liquors during the Christmas and New Year's holidays, more especially before the young, and of tempting and enticing them to partake thereof. Urge them to discountenance this custom in every way possible, by all that is sacred in religion, or to the moral well-being of the community, and especially by all that is sacred to the best interests of the rising generation.'"

The coming marriage of Mustapha Pasha's daughter to Khalil-Sheffer Pasha is throwing Turkish society in a flutter. Four splendid carriages have been sent from Paris to complete the number of the bride's equipage. Thirty gorgeous robes are being made by fashionable modistes. The wedding veil, of Brussels lace, has cost eight hundred pounds sterling. Beside the jewels presented by the bridegroom, the princess will wear on the day of her marriage a hair and necklace of diamonds presented by her father. These costly gifts have been purchased for twenty thousand pounds sterling. So that the young lady will be right royally apparelled, and it is a satisfaction to think these valuables are her own; she cannot be deprived of them by her husband or by any other person, the Turkish law being careful to secure a wife's property. Two of her private apartments have been furnished by a Parisian upholsterer at a cost of two thousand eight hundred pounds sterling, not including clocks, vases, lamps, and other works of art and ornament.

Representative McIntyre, of Georgia, has introduced into the House a bill to refund the

ootton tax, which, if passed, he says, will discomfit the speculators who have bought up the cotton claims in such quantities. He proposition is that the United States shall issue thirty-year five per cent. gold bonds, to be delivered to the Governors or the authorized agents of the States and Territories in amounts equaling the amounts received from said States from the tax on cotton. The States are to return the amount so received by them to the parties who actually paid the tax, and where this is impracticable, the money shall be disposed of in such manner as the several Legislatures may by law direct. The actual amount received by the government on account of this tax was \$68,072,388 79, of which Maryland paid \$51,349 62. Georgia heads the list with \$11,897,194 98. The bill of Mr. McIntyre, with the bill on the same subject introduced by Mr. McKee, of Mississippi, some months since, were before the ways and means committee to-day. No report will be made until after the holidays.

Mr. Beecher, in his last "Lecture Room talk," gave some hints in regard to praying which were, as usual, pungent and original, and provoked considerable discussion among the audience. He began by reading a note from a music teacher in the oil region desiring the prayers of the Plymouth congregation, and likening praying to an attempt to send a telegram without understanding the art of telegraphing. Mr. Beecher seemed struck by this comparison, and elaborated it at length. He remarked: "I think myself a great deal of praying is like a person drumming on a telegraph instrument without the least idea of what they are doing, but even at that there is somebody at the other end who knows that somebody is trying to do something." He then continued at length explaining the nature and importance of prayer, holding that we should pray always and for ourselves, and that those who prayed ostentatiously were the least successful as to their prayers being answered. "One of the brothers present differed with Mr. Beecher on this point, and the latter responded with one of his characteristic metaphors, comparing the Divine Love to an immense brewery at Stratford-on-Avon, whence one could not draw a single glass without being deluged from head to foot with beer. This appeared to satisfy the demurring brother, and he subsided.

In accordance with our annual custom, there will be no issue of THE NEWS on Thursday, the day after Christmas. Announcements intended for that day should, therefore, be inserted in to-morrow's paper.

Our Christmas Paper.

The pleasant pressure of holiday advertising upon our columns compels us, this morning, to issue a supplement. We shall likewise be obliged to print a supplement with our Christmas paper to-morrow. It will be a great number, both for readers and advertisers. It will be crowded with fresh and interesting reading on all its six pages, and will contain as much matter as two or three ordinary size books. We shall print a large extra edition to supply the great demand, and we would ask our business customers to send in their advertisements for this number as early as possible, so that they may be properly displayed and duly noticed.

Christmas in the Bones.

About this time of year the malady above named may be expected in young persons. Old people are exempt. Anatomists tell us that with advancing years the bones become more and more solid. The tissues which enclose the particles of phosphate of lime thin away, until at length extreme old age manifests itself in bones as easily broken as a pipe stem. As is meet, the nearer the grave the more earthy we become.

Not so with youth, whose osseous frame work, elastic as a willow-ward, and full of sweet rich red blood, forms one continuous conduit for the currents of joy. A bradawl might penetrate an old man's bones—a sentiment never. Its fine edge, dulled and blunted by contact with the hoary incrustations, shows ugly and awry as a cheap knife misused upon an oaken spoke. But into a boy's soft bones an emotion penetrates more quickly than the sharpened blade of Sheffield into the tender breast of the frost-mellowed bird of the season—the ineffable turkey.

Christmas, jovial old soul that he is, hath yet a certain keenness of aspect, winter-plucked belike, which bewrayeth the disposition of the inner man of this Ancient. Behold the thought! but is he not a sharper? Doth he not league himself with the confectioner, the toy man, the seller of books, him that purveyeth the innocuous pop-cracker, the dispenser of wares of every kind? In verity it is ever so. From afar he scentseth the permeable lads and lassies, and into their unopposing bones leapest violently—straight from the shop windows. For all his broad honest face, this Graybeard is a keener. He discerneth the small boy, and he goeth for him two weeks ahead of time. The little girl is his prey. Lovely old wife that he is, he lieth in wait for her in grandma's bed and devoureth her—yea, gobbleth her clean up. Surface work entreateth him not—he must down deep into the very marrow of those innocents, and lo! he abideth there many days.

Parents austerus, fall well with him acquainted, eyeth him in the distance with wrath. Parents must need his pocket ope, down with his dinars, out with his shekels, and yield all too largely of his hard-got greenback store. "Avant!" he crieth, "thou witch, thou hypocrite, thou money-sneaking monster! begone, go away, leave 'me, come this time next year, get out!" Yet by-and-by, when he is come again, even unto the great day of the Nativity, and handeth Parents the huge bowl of fluid amber, of glorified egg, or plith him with the spiced juice drawn from the puckerd soul of the fruit of original sin, or steppeth him in the warm omnipotence of punch, ah! then Parents relaxeth, he relenteth, and the mellow flosses resuming their flow in the ancient channels, he becometh all aglow, he feleth Christmas in his bones, and with a benison upon the Worthy's riny poll declareth himself a boy again, ready to pop the cracker or blow the ear-dinning horn with the best and merriest of them. So sheleth he royally out his cash for presents, or rebelleth he no longer against the toy-men, nor kitcheth against the pricks of the customs honored by his fathers—and is happy.

Joint Stock Company.

OFFICIAL RAFFLE NUMBERS OF THE CHARLESTON JOINT STOCK COMPANY for the benefit of the State Orphan Asylum. CLASS NO. 318—MONDAY MORNING, Dec. 23. 78-30-32-34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 319—TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 24. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 320—WEDNESDAY MORNING, Dec. 25. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 321—THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 26. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 322—FRIDAY MORNING, Dec. 27. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 323—SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 28. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 324—SUNDAY MORNING, Dec. 29. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 325—MONDAY MORNING, Dec. 30. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 326—TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 31. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 327—WEDNESDAY MORNING, Jan. 1. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 328—THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 2. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 329—FRIDAY MORNING, Jan. 3. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 330—SATURDAY EVENING, Jan. 4. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 331—SUNDAY MORNING, Jan. 5. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 332—MONDAY MORNING, Jan. 6. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 333—TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 7. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 334—WEDNESDAY MORNING, Jan. 8. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 335—THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 9. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 336—FRIDAY MORNING, Jan. 10. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

Policy Shops.

The license bill before the City Council proposes to license "raffles, drawings or prize awards." What does this proposition mean? It cannot mean that honorable and intelligent gentlemen, elected to administer the government of this city, are ignorant of the State Constitution and laws. Of course they know that the constitution (Article 14, Section 2,) prohibits "lotteries and the sale of lottery tickets for any purpose whatever," and they know, "so that the law provides (Revised Statutes, Chapter 135, Section 1,) that keepers of lottery establishments, under whatever name, shall, upon conviction, forfeit one thousand dollars, and shall be committed to jail for twelve months. Nor can it be supposed that they expect, or intend, by their license, to nullify the State law. For an Alderman must know that, though a lottery vender should have his wheel pasted all over with city licenses, he is still liable to the extreme penalty of the statute. It cannot be that they design an evasion of the law by the use of the terms, "Raffles, Prize awards." They are too high-minded for that—besides, the law is sufficiently explicit to cover all the classes of schemes specified in their bill.

But the law is a dead letter! Not quite. It is true there exist in this city many lottery establishments, and they have been suffered to go on for a time flogging from the pockets of the ignorant and wretched poor their hard-earned pennies; encouraging idleness by holding out the hope of gain without labor, and fostering crime by stimulating disorders of the passions. But there is a waking up of public sentiment to the magnitude of this evil. The people see that lottery gambling is corrupting and impoverishing the city, and they are asking the question, How can it be suppressed? Have the committee of Council, without observing this movement of the public mind, said to themselves, these lotteries proceed with impunity—they are bringing in money to their operators—we'll enter into league with them—we'll recognize them by a license, and receive our share of the spoils, and so replenish our exhausted treasury? This supposition cannot for a moment be entertained. Our Aldermen are too wise not to see that for a city to attempt to increase its revenues by joining hands with its impoverishers is to feed upon its own vitals.

What, then, can this proposition mean? We must, in charity, conclude that it was put forth by the committee for the purpose of calling out the protest of those who wish well to the city, and so of helping to form a public sentiment which will make the law mighty to suppress this evil.

Presuming this to have been their design, THE NEWS enters its solemn protest against the lottery license.

Minister Orr.

Judge Orr is a lucky man. It was his lot to be a distinguished member of the Secession Convention, and the face familiar of his bold signature to the original document hangs in THE NEWS office as an encouragement to like evils-doers. Next he appeared as a full-blown Confederate colonel, ready to charge innumerable batteries—before there were any hostile batteries to be charged. Soon after, he made his bow as a member of the Confederate Congress, in which position he remained until the final smash-up. After the war he was elected Governor of South Carolina, and signalled himself by his bitter opposition to the Fourteenth Constitutional amendment. When the game of reconstruction began he changed sides, joined the Radicals, and was elected, later on, a circuit judge. It was his choice to oppose the Reform movement of 1870, and he did more to defeat it than any other man in the State. Last year he made common cause with the Boiling Republicans, who were routed at the polls. But whatever went down Mr. Orr went up, and he now finds himself appointed the representative of the United States at the Court of St. Petersburg. He is the third South Carolinian who has held that office, and the first South Carolinian of his stamp who has filled so important a position. Thank goodness! he is a man of brain; in that particular he will do the country no discredit. Had Governor Orr been less shrewd and less far-sighted, he might have been a better friend of his people. Lucky Minister Orr!

The Christmas Ode of "Anonyma."

which will be printed to-morrow, is one of the best pieces of original poetry contributed to THE NEWS in several years.

A Man who Cannot be Kept Down.

Among the most striking careers of the times has been that of Judah P. Benjamin, who long represented Louisiana in the United States Senate, subsequently became the leading member of the Confederate Cabinet, and after the close of the war removed his residence to London. He procured naturalization in England, and, upon complying with the requisite conditions, began practice as a barrister in the Westminster and Lincoln's Inn Courts. His progress has been so rapid that, although he has only been at the English bar five or six years, he has received the honor of "Queen's Counsel" and assumed the traditional "silk gown," thus taking his place among the upper grade of barristers. It is now intimated in some of the English papers that Mr. Benjamin is among the foremost in the line of those who are likely to be raised to the bench within the next few years. It would be curious to see an ex-United States Senator, and an ex-Confederate Secretary of State, sitting beside Sir A. Cockburn on the Queen's Bench, with patched wig and ermine gown. Mr. Benjamin is a man of brilliant ability as an advocate, and was surpassed by very few as an orator when he sat in our national council; his speech on retiring from the Senate, just before the war, was one of thrilling eloquence, not soon to be forgotten by those who heard it. He is of Jewish extraction, and if promoted to the English bench, will be the first of that faith to occupy a high judicial position there. Were he to become Lord Chief-Justice, and Mr. Dirraell again Premier, the singular spectacle would be exhibited of Jewish heads of the English administration and the English law.

Joint Stock Company.

OFFICIAL RAFFLE NUMBERS OF THE CHARLESTON JOINT STOCK COMPANY for the benefit of the State Orphan Asylum. CLASS NO. 318—MONDAY MORNING, Dec. 23. 78-30-32-34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 319—TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 24. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 320—WEDNESDAY MORNING, Dec. 25. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 321—THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 26. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 322—FRIDAY MORNING, Dec. 27. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 323—SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 28. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 324—SUNDAY MORNING, Dec. 29. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 325—MONDAY MORNING, Dec. 30. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 326—TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 31. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 327—WEDNESDAY MORNING, Jan. 1. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 328—THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 2. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 329—FRIDAY MORNING, Jan. 3. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 330—SATURDAY EVENING, Jan. 4. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 331—SUNDAY MORNING, Jan. 5. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 332—MONDAY MORNING, Jan. 6. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 333—TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 7. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 334—WEDNESDAY MORNING, Jan. 8. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 335—THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 9. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 336—FRIDAY MORNING, Jan. 10. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 337—SATURDAY EVENING, Jan. 11. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 338—SUNDAY MORNING, Jan. 12. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 339—MONDAY MORNING, Jan. 13. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 340—TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 14. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 341—WEDNESDAY MORNING, Jan. 15. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100

CLASS NO. 342—THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 16. 34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-