

Local Items.

The office of the *Columbia Phoenix* is on Gates street, second door from Plain.

Important notices from Gov. Magrath are published in this morning's paper, to which general attention is invited.

EAST WIND.—The evil influence of the East wind, proverbial since the days of Noah, prevails over us now, and a chilly snap, since the beginning of May, has disquieted everybody whom we meet. It is not, however, the worst of the ills that come to us from the East.

Gov. MAGRATH.—His Excellency Gov. Magrath reached this city on Tuesday evening last. His presence is needed here, and we trust he will be able to reduce to some degree of order the unruly and refractory elements which threaten us with chaos once again. We take for granted that the citizens will accord him a frank and full support in all operations which he may contemplate for the public good.

Find Calf

FOR BARTER or SALE. Apply at this office. May 4 1*

Law Notice.

I WILL be found in the South Carolina College buildings, in the Library, from 10 a. m. to 12 m. JAMES D. TRADEWELL. May 4

Variety Sale.

By F. Eugene Durbee.

Will be sold, THIS DAY, (Thursday, 4th inst.,) at 10 o'clock, in front of my office, Assembly street, the following articles, viz:
1 fine Black Lace Shawl, 2 Cradles, 1 Demijohn, 1 ream Large Cap Paper, 1 Tin Bucket, Writing Paper, Note do., Pen Holders, Pens, Shoes, Plough, Shovel, Hoes, Horse Collars, &c. Unlimited articles received until day of sale. May 4

State of South Carolina.

HEADQUARTERS,
COLUMBIA, May 2, 1865.

ALL Officers and Agents of the Confederate Government, who may have in their custody subsistence stores and other property collected for the use of the Confederate armies, will receive from the Soldiers' Board of Relief in the several Districts of the State, acquittances for whatever may be turned over to such Boards, who are hereby authorized to receive the same. And such Boards will report to the State Auditor, James Tupper, Esq., any surplus in their hands, that it may be applied to the relief of the distressed in other Districts of the State.

By the Governor: A. G. MAGRATH.
Official: W. S. MULLINS, Lt. Col. and A. D. C.
May 5

WANTED,

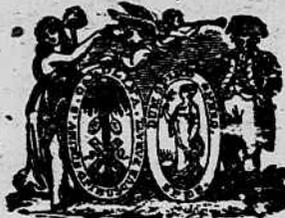
A GOOD WHEELWRIGHT, for whom liberal wages will be paid. Apply at this office. April 28 '65

F. EUGENE DURBEC,

Auction and Commission Merchant
Office Assembly Street, Between Plain and Washington Streets,

WILL give prompt attention to the sale and purchase of REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, BONDS and all other articles of PERSONAL PROPERTY, MERCHANDIZE or PRODUCE, at either private sale or auction. April 17 †

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.



HEADQUARTERS, COLUMBIA, MAY 2, 1865.
To the People of the State of South Carolina

THE surrender of the army under the command of Gen. Lee in Virginia, has been followed by the surrender of the army under the command of Gen. Johnston in North Carolina. To these armies, South Carolina has contributed, with very inconsiderable exceptions, her entire male population. The brave men in these armies who have survived the bloody war of the past four years, are now returning home, as prisoners of war, on their parole; and unable again to take up their arms until the conditions have been performed upon which their captivity has been terminated.

The Government of the Confederate States, in the creation of which South Carolina united with her sister States, has suspended its civil and military authority, and the high duty of providing measures for the welfare of its citizens, by a stern necessity, has been devolved upon the Government of the State.

In this unexpected termination of the active powers of Government, in peace and in war, which South Carolina granted to the common Government of the Confederate States, circumstances have rendered the condition of this State one of peculiar embarrassment. Deeply suffering from the consequences of the war, in many respects, in none is that suffering more peculiarly trying than in the misery which now affects a considerable portion of its population; which threatens a larger portion, and may involve the whole of it in the suffering which want, approaching starvation, has produced and will produce. The large supplies contributed to the support of the armies of the Confederation had been given at a time when abundance enabled the population to bear its withdrawal without aggravated suffering. But the great destruction of means of subsistence at the present time, and the difficulties of securing it in the future by the next crop, had, even before the reverses which befall the armies of the Confederation, satisfied all that it would be impossible to part with the supplies which had been gathered for the armies, without destroying the support of the population in many portions of the State. And attempts were made to inform the authorities of the Confederate Government, that not only the apprehension but the certainty of evil consequences would prevent the removal of all such supplies.

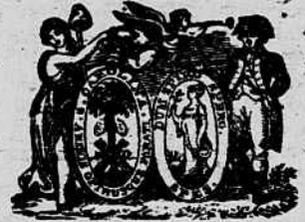
With the dissolution of the premises of the Confederation, the necessity for these supplies has ceased; with the removal of that necessity arises the stronger obligation upon the authorities of the State, to preserve these supplies for the mitigation of the suffering of the people of the State. To that end, therefore, it is now declared that all subsistence stores and property of the Confederate States within the limits of the State should be turned over to and accounted for by the agents of the State appointed for that purpose. This subsistence and other stores to be used for the relief of the people of the State, and the other property of whatever kind to be held for the common benefit of the State, and subject to such distribution as may be hereafter determined upon by the proper authorities of the State.

It will be recognized as a duty in the highest degree obligatory upon the agents of the State who will receive these supplies, to provide out of them freely to the soldiers of this or other States passing through our limits who

may need aid. Subject to this claim, all such supplies will be held for the purpose of furnishing subsistence and support to the thousands who in different parts of the State are now destitute and in want of food, and whose suffering can only be alleviated by this disposition of these supplies.

By the Governor: A. G. MAGRATH.
Official: W. S. MULLINS, Lt. Col. and A. D. C.
May 4

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.



Circular.

HEADQUARTERS,
COLUMBIA, April 30, 1865.

1. THE representations which have been made to me of the general practice of distillation of liquors by persons who have not obtained that authority which the laws of the State require, are so general that there can be no doubt of the great mischief which is now affecting the people of the State. That the laws of the State should be openly violated, in of itself, a public wrong, than which none can be greater and which must be redressed. That the purpose for which these laws are violated should be productive of the certain misery and unhappiness of the people of the State, is an occasion which calls for the united action of all good citizens in maintaining the integrity of the laws, and protecting the lives and fortunes of their fellow-men.

2. For the information of all persons, it is now proclaimed that the laws which are of force in the State of South Carolina, and which alone by compliance with their provisions render lawful the distillation of liquors, are to be strictly enforced. To these laws attention is required; obedience is due and must be given.

3. It is the duty of all persons having reasonable ground for the suspicion that these laws are violated, to give information thereof, that such violation may be prevented and punished.

4. Under whatever other pretext, justification or excuse may be sought for these practices, it is sufficient now to proclaim that the laws of the State afford the only sanction which can be had, and that these laws alone indicate the mode in which that sanction can be obtained.

5. Sheriffs of the State, and all magistrates in the different districts of the State, with all due diligence, proceed to combine their efforts for the detection of those who are guilty of a violation of these laws; and, in all other respects, to secure that observance of the enactments of the State, which is alone consistent with the respect due to its authority.

6. All persons engaged in the distillation of liquors referred to in the laws of the State, will be required to present the evidence of the authority given to them to continue in such business. And in all cases when such authority is not exhibited, information thereof will be communicated to the Prosecuting Officers of the State, who may be appointed for the enforcement of the criminal law of the land in that portion of the State where such violation may be found.

7. The Auditor-General of the State, James Tupper, Esq., will obtain from the proper officers the name of such persons as have been duly authorized to engage in the distillation of liquors, and publish the same for general information.

By the Governor: A. G. MAGRATH.
Official: W. S. MULLINS, Lt. Col. and A. D. C.
May 4