

By Telegraph.

Indictments for Treason. KNOXVILLE, TENN., November 29.—The United States District Court, Judge Connolly N. Trigg, presiding, began its session to-day. The streets and hotels are crowded with citizens. The Grand Jury have found indictments numbering 1,900, for treason and giving aid and comfort to the enemy. Parties will have contesting cases, who, two years ago to-day, were in the destructive assault on Fort Sanders. The court will continue for some months.

Imperial Successes Claimed. NEW ORLEANS, November 29.—The San Antonio Herald, of the 15th instant, says a number of Liberal officers there from Mexico consider the Liberal cause so desperate in their country that they have been compelled to abandon it. The Mexican Times, of the 14th ultimo, gives a favorable account of emigration to Mexico. It also publishes a list of ex-Confederates now settled near Cordovia.

The Writ of Habeas Corpus. WASHINGTON, November 30.—The President has issued a proclamation restoring the writ of habeas corpus in the States and Territories of the United States, excepting Virginia, Kentucky, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Tennessee, Texas, the District of Columbia, and the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona.

Convention of Colored People. BOSTON, December 1.—A convention of the colored people of New England is in session here, for the purpose of having the Federal Constitution altered, so as to fix the qualification of voters in all the States, and to promote their material and political interests generally.

From Washington. WASHINGTON, December 1.—There is no doubt that the House of Representatives will be organized without difficulty. The credentials of seven Virginia members, and all of the Tennessee representatives, have been received. None others have come to hand from the South. About one hundred members have arrived.

Judge Warmoth is here, claiming admission as a delegate from Louisiana, on the ground that by the act of secession, that State reverted to a territorial condition. He was irregularly voted for by blacks and whites.

The Government has no present apprehension of difficulties with France or Maximilian. Gen. Grant speaks for himself.

In perhaps the best and highest quarters here, where friendship exists for the South, the advice is to refrain from pressing claims to seats in Congress. Such a course, it is considered, will challenge the magnanimity of Northern representatives, if it does not excite a sense of the great responsibility resting upon them in proposing to let the South go unrepresented and her people disfranchised. I believe that Mr. McPherson will not put on the roll of the House the names of any members from Tennessee.

WASHINGTON, November 29.—The indications are strong that Mr. Colfax spoke without the book for his party.

Colonel Forney's approximate silence in reference to the admission of Southern members, with that of the New York Tribune, taken in conjunction with the article in the New York Times of to-day, would seem to give affairs a favorable aspect.

Secretaries Seward and Stanton, with Senator Doolittle, had a long interview with the President to-day. After the first two named left, Mr. Doolittle remained for a considerable time. He has been openly and strongly for the President's policy. Mr. Thaddeus Stevens saw the President to-day, also Senator Turnbull.

The Radicals, from deference to the President, seem willing to admit that Tennessee is in the Union.

[Special despatch to Baltimore Sun.]

LETTER FROM BEVERLY TUCKER TO SECRETARY SEWARD.—The Toronto Leader publishes a long letter from Beverly Tucker to Secretary Seward, dated August 29th, remonstrating against the continuance of the reward for his apprehension on account of alleged complicity in the assassination of President Lincoln. He states that he had no knowledge of the plot, and never heard Booth's name until after the deed had been committed. He insists that the lengthy conspiracy trial at Washington failed to elicit a particle of evidence against him, and in conclusion, Mr. Tucker appeals to Secretary Seward's sense of justice to withdraw the stigma cast upon his (Tucker's) name by the retention of his name in the list of persons for whose arrest a reward is offered.

As an order from the War Department already published withdrawn the offer of a reward for the apprehension of Tucker and the rest of the Canadian refugees, the present correspondence is only interesting as a portion of the history of the times.

TELEGRAPHING—A LONG STRETCH.—The Memphis Bulletin, of 26th, says: "Last night, for the first time in ten years, telegraphic communication was held between New York and New Orleans direct. The first message transmitted from New York to New Orleans was: 'Weather clear and pleasant—8.55;' when the answer returned was: 'Weather clear and cool—time, 7.50.' Another despatch from New York was followed by thirty-one messages from New Orleans to New York, occupying about forty minutes. Each message averaged twenty words. This length of line has been worked only once before, and that was between San Francisco and New York, a few months, the only success attending which was the transmission of a few words. This leaves the credit to the stretch of line between New Orleans and New York, of being the largest over which any business has ever been done in this country."

A recent decision of the Massachusetts Superior Court, in Norfolk County, has "quashed" the liquor law in that State.

SUITS AGAINST CONFEDERATE OFFICERS.—During the war, Robert Stoner, of Bath County, a Major in the service of the "so-called" Confederate States, entered Flemingsburg and seized a large number of horses belonging to private citizens and in no way connected with the army of the United States. A civil suit was entered in the Fleming County Court, against Stoner by the owner of these horses for damages equal to the value, and Stoner, in answer, plead that he was acting under the orders of his superiors requiring him to press horses for the Confederate service, and claimed that his act in obeying his orders was in accordance with the law and usages of war, giving to the belligerents the right to take property of public enemies for military service, whenever an exigency may require it. We understand his Honor Judge Andrews sustained the plea of Stoner, affirming that the Confederate armies were entitled to belligerent rights, that to take the property of the citizens of the opposing party, when the necessity of the case demands it, is one of those rights, and instructed the jury, if they believed that Stoner was acting under the orders of superior and competent authority, to find for him.—Maysville (Ky.) Eagle.

The Roman correspondent of the Daily News writes: Archbishop Manning has left Rome for England. It is generally believed that the Pope has determined upon creating another archbishop in England, and that Dr. Ullathorne, now Bishop of Birmingham, will be the new archbishop, and be made titular primate of the North of England. The two prelates will most likely receive the cardinal's hat together next summer, when there is to be an immense assemblage of Bishops from all parts of the world in Rome.

FREEDMEN IN NORTH CAROLINA.—Official returns received at the Freedmen's Bureau show that of the 10,000 negroes sent down Cape Fear River, in March, 1865, to Wilmington, by Gen. Sherman, 2,000 died from 17th March to 31st of May, for the want of medical attention, which it was impossible to afford them at the time. Since the establishment of the Medical Department of the Freedmen's Bureau in North Carolina, the mortality among the freedmen has greatly decreased.

The people down in Madawaska, Maine, are in a row. They say the United States revenue officers have been among them, levying taxes upon their wagons at an unreasonable rate. Wagons, worth not more than twenty dollars, have been taxed to that amount, according to their story, but upon remonstrance, twenty dollar taxes have been reduced to two dollars. That, certainly, is obliging.

With the exception of the Daily News and the Star, the London papers generally approve of the prompt, stern manner adopted for the suppression of the Jamaica rebellion. The Times remarks that "immediate justice is the best mercy in the long run."

HORRIBLE MURDER OF AN ENTIRE FAMILY. On Monday night, the family of Daniel Walrath, of Manheim, Herkimer County, New York—himself, wife and a daughter, twelve years old—were murdered by a party unknown. Walrath was shot in the head, and his wife's head was mashed in, and the child's throat cut.

George S. Houston and Lewis L. Parsons have been elected United States Senators from Alabama. Mr. Houston was formerly a member of the House of Representatives. Mr. Parsons is the Provisional Governor of the State, and both are Union men.

Rio Janeiro advices state that Colonel Wood and party, who went to Brazil to negotiate for lands for some six hundred Southern planters, had met with an enthusiastic reception, the Emperor promising all his aid in furtherance of the project.

The schooner Viola, from New York, with a cargo of railroad iron for the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, arrived at Wilmington, on Tuesday. This is the first cargo of railroad iron that has arrived at that place since the resumption of trade.

According to the Louisville Journal, John Bell's position during the late war has been misunderstood and misrepresented, and he is about to write a letter to the President of the United States, which will attract great attraction.

Against 128 marriage licenses issued from the Probate Court, in Cleveland, in October, there are 65 divorce suits to be tried in the Common Pleas Court, in November.

A number of Indians in canoes passed down the Missouri river opposite Lexington last week. They are going to Washington to see the President, and prefer canoes to steamboats as a mode of conveyance.

In New York, on Friday, nearly 2,000 bales of Mobile, Orleans and Florida cotton were auctioned by the Government, bringing from 40 to 50 cents.

It is said by Havana correspondents that the arms and ammunition used by the Jamaica negroes, in the late insurrection, were furnished from New England.

The proceedings of Spain against Chili continue the subject of strong denunciation and the joint remonstrances of the powers is urged.

In the Supreme Court of the city of New York, the jurors, it is said, only receive one shilling for each case, no matter how long it may last.

A gentleman complaining of the various imposts and taxes, says he cannot put on his boots in the morning without a stamp.

The New York papers are rejoicing over the discontinuance of provost marshals and their offices in that city and Brooklyn. Bishop Lynch has returned to Charleston.

The Western express train which left Harrisburg on the 1st, ran into a coal train on the New York Central, killing seven persons, and wounding several others.

Coal declined in price at the last auction sales in New York, from one to two dollars per ton.

Ward, the Republican candidate for Governor of New Jersey, was elected by 2,789 majority.

John Q. A. Fillins, of New Orleans, claims to be the author of President Johnson's plan of restoration.

Wirz's ghost is a regular attendant at the spiritual sessions in New York State.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, December 1.—Flour has declined 5/20c. Wheat declined 1c. Cotton has a declining tendency—sales 1,500 bales, at 50¢51c. Sugar firm. Whiskey steady. Gold 48.

RICHMOND, November 30.—The price of gold remains unchanged. Brokers are offering 45, and selling at 47.

SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.—Bank of Camden, 30c.; Charleston, 20c.; Chester, 25c.; Georgetown, 20c.; Hamburg, 20c.; Newberry, 25c.; South Carolina, 20c.; State of South Carolina, 22c.; Commercial Bank, Columbia, 20c.; Exchange Bank, Columbia, 20c.; Farmers' and Exchange, 12c.; Merchants', Cheraw, 20c.; People's Bank, 50c.; Planters' Bank, 20c.; Planters' and Mechanics' Bank, 25c.; South-western Railroad Bank, 30c.; State Bank, 12c.; Union Bank, 70c.

LIVERPOOL, November 18.—The Brokers' Circular says the cotton market was active on Friday, at advanced prices, but upon advices per Scotia of increased estimates of supplies, it became dull, and business has since been limited to declining rates, but closes with rather less pressure to sell. Sea Island has been freely offered—the common qualities at 1d. lower, while fine descriptions command extreme rates. American is in steady request, but, after some advance in the beginning of the week, closed at a decline of 1/4d. per pound. The demand for Brazil has been limited, and prices have given away from 1/4d. per pound. Egyptian recovered 1d. per pound, but has since been in limited demand, and being freely offered is now quoted 1/2d. below last week. East Indian has shown much irregularity, and the market is freely supplied at a decline of 1/4d. per pound. The sales of the week were estimated at 45,720 bales, including 8,300 on speculation and 9,070 bales for export. The quotations were as follows: Fair Orleans, 22 1/2d.; middling Orleans, 20 1/2d.; middling Mobile, 19 1/2d. The sales yesterday (Friday) were 8,000 bales, of which 3,000 were for speculation and export. Market rather firmer. The stock on hand was estimated at 294,130 bales, of which 75,990 were American.

MANCHESTER TRADE.—Increased inquiry has produced a steadier feeling, but there is very little actual business going on, and that is chiefly confined to the better qualities both of yarn and cloth.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Money was in good demand; the bank rate remained at 7 per cent. Consols closed on the 17th at 89 1/2 for money, and 87 1/2 for ex. for account. The discount market on the 17th was tighter, and the rate fully equal to the bank minimum, much caution being displayed by all parties. The stock market was extremely dull for all securities, and most foreign stocks experienced a further decline.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—Messrs. Baring Bros. report a fair amount of business in United States five-twenty bonds, which were quoted at 63 1/2¢; Erie shares at 53 1/2¢; and in Illinois shares at 81 1/2¢. Business has been done in Virginia dollar bonds at 41¢43, and in Pennsylvania second mortgage bonds at 85. Other stocks quiet. The new Erie debenture scrip, par to 1/4 premium. American eagles, 76.

NEW YORK, November 30.—Gold opened this morning at 48, and went up to 48 1/2, but declined from that quotation. The apprehension of warlike troubles with France on the Mexican question has been the sole cause of this rise in price. The exports, (exclusive of specie,) for the week ending November 27, and since the beginning of the year, compare as follows:

Table with 2 columns: For the week, Prev. reported, Since January 1. Values include \$1,880,303, \$3,840,220, \$196,623,566, \$146,965,558, \$198,503,969, \$150,805,778.

Table with 2 columns: Dry goods, Gen. merchandise. Values include \$270,344, \$3,589,996, \$1,797,990, \$3,203,225.

Table with 2 columns: Total for week, Prev. reported. Values include \$2,068,334, \$6,793,121, \$194,330,022, \$183,595,475.

Since January 1.—\$196,398,356 \$190,388,696 DRY GOODS MARKET.—NEW YORK, November 29.—Brown sheetings—Atlantic A, 32c.; Atlantic V, 28c.; Atlantic C, 27c.; Medford, 30c.; Boot H, 22c.; Boot E, 24c.; Boot S, 26c. Bleached shirtings—Williams-ville, 40c.; Langdon, 32c.; Kill, 33c.; Masonville, 37c.; James, 44, 30c.; James, 3-4, 35c. Delaines—Pacific, 31c.; Manchester, 29c.; Lowell, 27c. Brown Drills—Standard, 33c.; Massaberie, 30c. Prints—Merrimack W, 29c.; Merrimack D, 26c.; Coehus, 24c.; Sprague, 23c.; Pacific, 23c.; Allen, 21c.; Victory, 20c. Ticks—York, 32-inch, 65c.; Hamilton, 52c. Stripes—Haymaker, 40c.; Easton, 30c. Denims—Haymaker, 45c.; Manchester, 37c. Canton Flannels—Nashua, 32c.; Pemberton, 35c.

The New York Journal of Commerce thinks that though all classes of dry goods show a decline, "it does not follow from any known facts that staple goods may not be as high in the spring as they have been this fall. Producers will crowd their looms, and a dull opening may create a panic in prices; but the causes which have stimulated and sustained the speculations of the last two years, are by no means removed or in process of removal." On the same subject, the Financial Chronicle says: "Goods of all kind are rapidly accumulating, very much against

the wishes of holders. The bottom is not yet reached, but a further reduction of 5 or 7 per cent. will bring about a reaction, and the trade which will surely follow that reduction will soon clear the market of the present accumulation. Prices are not yet down to those of the last week in August, at which time trade commenced so briskly. The long period of dullness which has followed the unwarranted advance of September and October, will suggest more cautiousness should trade again spring up."

The Cincinnati Price Current, of the 2d instant, says that during the present season, so far, 61,923 hogs have been received there, against 56,344 for the corresponding time last year, and adds that the market is dull. It further remarks that there has been a fair jobbing demand for the product, and packers were disposed to do enough to meet it, and prices of hogs were consequently fully sustained. The sales were made at \$10.60@\$11.50 gross, the latter an extreme rate for large, suitable for butcher's use, and at \$13.60@\$14 net. It is very clear that a most important change must take place in the sentiment of packers of pork, or they will not operate to any extent at the present prices. They are fully determined not to take the responsibility of holding a stock of pork at these prices during the next three months, and hence it is that there is nothing doing for the future worth naming.

Wanted, 500 DOZ. Porter and Ale BOTTLES—pints. SPECK & POLLOCK.

NOTICE. THE PEWS of the Marion Street Church will be rented THIS MORNING, at 11 o'clock. All who are interested will please attend, or send their names, if they wish to secure pews. Dec 5 1*

Piano Wanted. WANTED to purchase, a good second-hand PIANO. Apply at the Bookstore of Mr. R. NORTH, TO-MORROW, (Wednesday,) the 6th inst., between the hours of 10 a. m. and 12 m. Dec 5 1

Wanted, A SITUATION as TUTOR, in a family of five, six or eight children. All the English Branches and Latin and Greek (if desired) taught. Apply at this office, stating salary. References given, if required. Dec 5 18*

SITUATION WANTED. A GRADUATE of the South Carolina College, and a teacher of twelve years' experience, desires a correspondence with reference to a SITUATION for the ensuing year. Address "X. Y. Z." Columbia, S. C. References—Prof. M. LaBorde, C. P. Pelham, Esq., Columbia; Gen. J. T. Bratton, Wm. W. Gadsden, or Columbia, S. C. Dec 6 3*

SITUATION WANTED. BY a Southern Lady, of ten years' experience, as GOVERNESS or TEACHER; gives instruction in Music (Piano Forte) and English. Best of references given. Will accept small salary, with pleasant situation. Address "S. J. P." care E. H. Poeser, Gadsden or Columbia, S. C. Dec 5 3*

Office of General Superintendent SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD,

CHARLESTON, Dec. 2, 1865. PROPOSALS are invited for the transportation of Passengers and Freight between the present terminus—Midway and Johnson's T. O.—in connection with the regular trains. Bids must state the rate per mile to be charged and the minimum capacity of the parties proposing, and must be left at this office previous to the 6th inst. The amount of security required for the faithful performance of the work, and all further particulars, can be ascertained upon application to HENRY T. PEAKE, General Superintendent. Dec 5 1

Plants for Sale. MRS. T. LEARMONT begs to inform the citizens of Columbia and persons visiting the city, that the last of her fine stock of EVERGREENS and other PLANTS will be disposed of at prices suited to the circumstances of the times, either for cash or provisions. Apply corner of Lady and Pickens streets. Dec 5 6*

LITTLE & MARSHALL, AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE, 173 EAST BAY, CHARLESTON, S. C. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, of all kinds, of the latest and most approved patterns, consisting of: Plows, Harrows, Hay Cutters, Corn Shellers, Cultivators, Cotton Gins, Horse Powers, Threshing Machines and Separators, Saw and Corn Mills, Plantation Carts, Hand-barrows, with Plow Castings of all kinds. ALSO, Improved Hand-power Portable Cotton Presses. For sale, for cash, at New York prices. Dec 5 1mo

Fresh Goods. 10 HHDS. prime BACON. 2 tierces new HAMS. 2 " choice old HAMS. 5 " pure LEAF LARD. 1 tierce BACON STRIPS. 1 " SMOKED BEEF. 20 bbls. extra Peach-blow POTATOES. 25 extra CUTTING-CHEESE. Bbls., half bbls. and kits MACKEREL. 30 doz. WOOD BUCKETS. 20 " BROOMS, assorted. 100 reams WRAPPING PAPER. 100 kegs "PARKER" NAILS. Shovels, Forks, Spades, Garden Rakes, &c. Received to-day and offered at FAIR PRICES by C. H. BALDWIN, Dec 5 3 Old stand of Allen & Dial.

Auction Sales.

Furniture, Sewing Machine, Stoves, Books, Horse, Cows, &c.

By A. R. Phillips. THIS (TUESDAY) MORNING, at 10 o'clock, I will sell, at my auction mart, Davis' Alley, near Hopson & Sutphen's saddlery store, A variety of FURNITURE, &c., consisting of: Sofas, Hair and Cane-seat Rocking Chairs, Wood-seat Chairs, Bedsteads, Tables, handsome Rosewood Arm Chairs, What-Nots, Card Tables. 1 pair large Globes, suitable for a college. 1 Brussels Carpet. 1 Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine—parlor style—in good order. 3 Office Stoves, with Pipe. 1 Cooking Stove. Lot China and Glassware. 30 volumes Books—amongst them are many valuable works.

ALSO, 1 good Draft Horse, six years old. 1 Milch Cow. Dec 5 N. B.—Unlimited articles received until 10 o'clock on morning of sale.

Horses and Mules. WILL be sold, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) MORNING, at the College Campus, An unusually fine stock of HORSES and MULES, including a pair of DRAUGHT PONIES. Terms cash. EDGAR McMULLEN, Ass't Special Agent Treasury Dept. Dec 5

Catalogue Sale of Cargoes Ships Amelia and Florence Chipman, direct from England.

BY WILBUR & SON. ON WEDNESDAY, December 5, at our sales-rooms, corner State and Chalmers streets, Charleston, S. C., at half-past 10 o'clock, will be sold, by catalogue, 160 crates Fancy Assorted Earthenware and Crockery, just imported direct from the potteries in England. Catalogues may be had, and samples of ware examined, at our office. Conditions cash. Dec 3 3

JOHN STORK, DEALER IN CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS, COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, BUTTER, LARD, &c. ALSO, A splendid assortment of LADIES' and GENTS' SHOES and GAITERS. Store on Assembly street, between Market and Lady streets. Dec 5 1

D. PAUL & CO., HAVING resumed business at their old stand, No. 47 Broad street, Charleston, beg leave to call the attention of the public to the following list of goods, which they offer for sale at MODERATE RATES:

COGNAC BRANDY, Scotch Whiskey, &c. Half pipes COGNAC BRANDY—Otard, Dupuy & Co. Quarter casks COGNAC BRANDY—J. Henessy; very old. Punccons ISLAY WHISKEY and OLD JAMAICA RUM. Pipe HOLLAND GIN—"Anchor Brand." Barrels DOMESTIC WHISKIES—well matured. Cases WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS and BURNETT'S "OLD TOM" GIN. MADEIRA WINE, &c. Quarter casks Blackburn's MADEIRA. " " Armatillado Pale Sherry. " " Duff Gordon & Co.'s do. " " Old Port Wine. Baskets Piper Heidsieck Champagne.

HYSON AND BLACK TEA, &c. Half chests Moyune HYSON and GUN-POWDER TEA. Half chests Souchong and Super Oolong Tea. Bags Old Government, Java and Maracaibo Coffee. CANDLES, SPERM OIL, &c. Boxes GERMAN WAX CANDLES. Cases Patent Sperm Candles, in fancy boxes. Barrels Winter-strained Sperm Oil. AND Winchester's Extra No. 1 Scaps—whole and half boxes. With a general assortment of GROCERIES, MUSTARD, PICKLES, SAUCES, &c. Dec 5 tu2

THE Underwriters' Agency OF NEW YORK, CASH ASSETS, Three Million Dollars Issue Policies of FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE Made payable in Gold or Currency. Negotiable and Bankable CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE Are issued by this Association. H. E. NICHOLS, Agent, Corner Assembly and Washington Sts., Dec 5 1 no Columbia, S. C.