

THE DAILY PHOENIX.



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Attend the True Event."

Tri-Weekly \$5 a Year

BY JULIAN A. SELBY.

COLUMBIA, S. C. WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1866.

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BY JULIAN A. SELBY,
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AGENTS.
S. P. Kinard, Newberry.
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Wm. Moore, Abbeville C. H.
Julius Poppe, Anderson C. H.

The New Civil War.

We have, several times within the last two months, felt it our duty to warn our countrymen that we stand on the declivity towards another civil war. The proofs that our fears were not chimerical or premature, thicken every day. Violent language and fierce recriminations have been followed, as was natural, by political riots in several cities. The public mind has been kindled to such an inflammatory pitch, that men have grown reckless and defiant. The present state of the public mind forebodes infinite mischief. The following extracts, all taken from the New York Republican journals, of Thursday last, show that we are not singular in supposing that the country is in imminent danger. These extracts are, of course, tinged with party feeling. They are quoted by us merely as evidence that intelligent observers of all parties consider the present state of public feeling as critical and portentous:

"The great mass of our population, excited almost to the same degree as the rebel guns bombarded Fort Sumter, will listen to no project of reconstruction short of the acceptance of the amendments to the Constitution."—*Evening Post.*

"I warn those who are now seeking what they term a conservative restoration of the Union, that a republic cannot be ginned together by bayonets—that it must rest on and be upheld by the affections of its people—that if the loyal blacks of the South shall not be fully enfranchised, there will soon be another outbreak of the rebel spirit now smouldering there, even more desperate and formidable than that which has cost the country such lakes of blood and such mountains of treasure. Count the 4,000,000 of black ciphers, and the rebellion has to-day, what it had not in the winter of '60—1, a decided preponderance at the South; and that preponderance will soon bloodily manifest itself. There is no safety, no real peace, but in universal justice and impartial freedom."—*Tribune.*

"Outside of Congress, the political stump speakers on both sides have been yet more riotous and violent. The Butlers and Brownlows and Hamiltons on one side, and the Sharkeys and Dawsons and Morrises on the other, have done their best to excite the prejudices and passions of the people, and to destroy the blessings of peace. One set of men in the Southland, another set in the East, have used their breath unceasingly to fan the smouldering embers of fanaticism and sectionalism once more into a flame. On one side we are told that Congress is to be forcibly entered by the Southern members and the organization carried at the point of the bayonet. On the other we are promised the impeachment of the President as soon as Congress re-assembles."—*Herald.*

"The same feeling prevailed six years ago. Few then attached importance to the threats of the fire-eaters, or realized the crisis which was imminent. So it is to-day. The explosive force of the elements which are at work is under-estimated. The possibility of collision, of conflict, of civil war, is not acknowledged. The causes which operate in that direction are passed over as of no immediate importance, and the influences that are most likely to bring it about are persistently disregarded."
[Times.]

A race horse having been recently killed, in South Carolina, by lightning, the owner said there was some consolation in knowing that nothing but a streak of lightning ever caught him.

UNCONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE COTTON TAX.—The following letter from the Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Senator from Maryland, and perhaps the most eminent constitutional lawyer in the land, possesses more than ordinary interest at the present juncture. It is in reply to a letter of Hon. Chas. I. Scott, of Wilcox County, Alabama, containing these interrogatories:

"In your opinion, is the Act of Congress imposing a three cents tax on cotton, constitutional? And would the Supreme Court of the United States so decide in the event the question was carried before it for adjudication?"

NEW YORK, September 20, 1866.
DEAR SIR: Your note of the 3d is received here. The question you have put to me, I have heretofore considered. My opinion is that the tax of three cents, imposed by the Act of Congress you refer to, is unconstitutional, and I believe the Court will so decide. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
REVERDY JOHNSON.

We learn from the Wilcox (Camden) Times that cotton planters of that County are concerting measures to have the question tested in the Supreme Court.

Gen. Butler, having discussed the justice of hanging Robert E. Lee for his share in the Andersonville crime, the Mobile Tribune thus anathematizes:

"Hang Robert E. Lee! It is highly just that such a sentiment of the devil should be uttered by so appropriate a medium as Beast Butler. It would have burned to a cinder, during utterance, any other than Butlerian lips. It required cheeks of four-fold brass to give passage, without bursting asunder, to such a sentiment. A simple thief would have failed in the attempt to give it voice; a common murderer would not have undertaken it; an ordinary coward would have been ashamed of it; a moderate liar would have broken down in the attempt. It required a perfect combination of the whole—liar, coward, thief and murderer, in the foul person of the Massachusetts hero—to complete the incarnate fiend capable of standing up in full assembly and coolly making the proposition to hang Gen. Robert E. Lee."

THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SOUTH RETARDED BY ITS UNSETTLED CONDITION.—As an instance of the manner in which the present unsettled condition of the Southern States retards the development of their internal resources, it may be stated that several gentlemen, acting as the agents of French capitalists, have been for some time in the city, for the purpose of investing large sums in various Virginia enterprises—among others, the continuation of the James River canal to the Kanawha, thus affording an additional transportation route from the mineral regions in West Virginia. They are unwilling, however, to conclude negotiations until the future status of the States lately in rebellion shall be positively determined; and unless some speedy solution of the matter is attained, they will doubtless return to Europe.

[Cor. New York Herald.]
SENSIBLE.—The Huntsville Independent, speaking of the past and future of Southern prosperity, says, with much good sense:
Our cotton crops, on which our prosperity was based, may fail from actual labor. We must have a substitute for them, and this substitute, manufacturing and mining, which white men are accustomed to and are willing to work at. And so, in order to make up the deficiency in cotton product, what we do produce may, here among ourselves, be spun into yarn or woven into fabrics—thus making the aggregate of income equal to that which we used to rely on in the raw material.

THE HERALD ON THE LATE ELECTIONS.—The New York Herald, of Thursday, begins an editorial on the result of the recent elections as follows:
The results of the late elections are positively sublime. They re-affirm the high intelligence which pervades the Northern States, and their immovable purpose to re-establish the Union on a solid foundation. They demonstrate the correctness of our estimates of the moral significance and pressure of the Maine election of September, and the inevitable solution of the vital question of reconstruction.
We forbear comment.

At the great Paris Exhibition there will be a cashmere shawl worked in arabesques of unheard of fineness. It was ten years in the workman's frame.

The Amherst (Mass.) Express boasts of a cow owned by Judge French, which gave an average of forty-eight pounds of milk for seven successive days. The Greenfield Gazette caps this with a cow owned in that place which gave 392 pounds in six days, or fifty pounds per day. The Boston Cultivator hereupon steps in and takes them all down with a Holland cow, imported by W. W. Chenery, of Belmont, which gave 744 pounds in ten days, or an average of 74 1/2 pounds per day.

ENGLISH OPINION.—The London correspondent of the New York Star writes that the people of England are taking a great deal of interest in the party war on our side, and the policy of the President is, as it should be, warmly applauded. The majority of our thinking men believe that Johnson is doing all good to his country and cementing the Union; while the radical party are doing all they can to ruin us, and would destroy the Union if they had the power.

Mr. Johnson is understood to believe that his impeachment will be attempted; and he has ordered barracks for 30,000 troops to be erected at Washington. Perhaps that indicates the reception he intends to give his enemies; but unless he can have the Governors of New York and Pennsylvania on his side, his friends will not advise forcible resistance to the radical schemes.

A Western editor lost his sweetheart, but he has all that made her lovely. He has her curls, her frizzle, her waterfall! He has her spiral palpitations, her store teeth and her calves. He has put all things in their order—has them hung on wires—and intends to melt a little girl and pour her into the fixings and have another Miranda.

Prominent among the passengers on the train recently wrecked on the New York Central Road, was a man whose only injury was a coat badly split in the back and arms. He was wildly walking the aisle of a car, exclaiming: "It will cost this company a pile to settle with me. I tell you, it will cost \$10,000 to pay me for this hurt."

Among the amusing incidents of the Portland fire, is one where a person took out of his store a package of envelopes, and left one article worth thirty dollars to be destroyed, and another where a lady was seen with a new tin pail on her arm, while her silver ware was left to burn in the house.

The Pickens Courier says: "We regret to learn that, on the night of the 5th instant, Cato, a freedman, shot and killed Joseph Williams, of Anderson District. The occurrence took place near Salubrity, in this District. The freedman has been arrested, is now in jail, and will, we presume, be tried next week."

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.—During the past month, 26,671 acres of the public land were disposed of at the following designated local offices: Humboldt, Kansas, 5,549 acres; Falls of St. Croix, 1,042; Brownsville, Nebraska, 11,089; Fort Des Moines, Iowa, 4,525; Sioux City, Iowa, 4,666.

It is said that Emperor Napoleon will employ his leisure hours, while at Compeigne, in collecting materials for his projected history of Charlemagne. The work will be commenced so soon as "The Life of Cæsar" is completed.

The French Government intends to introduce the Prussian military system into France, dividing the army into the Line and the first and second Landwehr. It is calculated that France will then be able to call out one and a half millions of soldiers, at short notice.

A despatch dated New Orleans, October 10th, says: "Cotton advices are very discouraging. The general estimates of this year's crop now amounts to less than 1,000,000 bales."

Much attention is being given in Georgia to the raising of tea. Samples of black tea of fine quality, of native growth, have been exhibited, and it is said the plant flourishes remarkably well on the coast.

The Winchester (Va.) News has been shown a stalk of corn containing twenty-six ears. Very prolific stock that.

DENTISTRY.
HAVING opened my office permanently in Columbia, I may be found at all hours at the residence of Mr. M. H. Berry, (opposite the Catholic Church,) on Assembly street.
D. P. GREGG.
June 12

GOLDEN SUGAR-HOUSE SYRUP!
STEAM REFINED SUGAR LOAF SYRUP—an extra article.
OCT 5 JOHN C. SEEGER & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SWEET OPOPONAX FROM MEXICO! New, very rare, rich and fashionable perfume. The finest ever imported or manufactured in the United States. Try it and be convinced.

A NEW PERFUME! Called Sweet Opopanax from Mexico, manufactured by E. T. Smith & Co., New York, is making a sensation wherever it is known. Is very delicate, and its fragrance remains on the handkerchief for days.
[Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.]

SWEET OPOPONAX! New Perfume from Mexico. The only fashionable Perfume and ladies' delight.

SWEET OPOPONAX! The only elegant Perfume. Is found on all toilets, and never stains the handkerchief.

SWEET OPOPONAX! Is the sweetest Extract ever made. Supersedes all others. Try it once; will use no other.

SWEET OPOPONAX! Ladies, in their morning calls, carry joy and gladness, when perfumed with Sweet Opopanax.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. Aug 15 3mo

COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP.
This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. March 28 1v

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE.
The Original and Best in the World. The only true and perfect HAIR DYE. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. Produces immediately a splendid Black or natural Brown, without injuring the hair or skin. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. Also, REGENERATING EXTRACT OF MILLEFLEURS, for Restoring and Beautifying the Hair. CHARLES BACHELOR.
Oct 25 1y New York.

TO THE DEBILITATED AND THE DEGREEPID.—For general debility and exhaustion of the powers of nature, whether occasioned by sickness, fast living, constitutional decay, old age, or any other physical or mental cause, the one thing needful and indispensable is HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS. When the fire of life seems to be absolutely dying out in the system, and the mind, sympathizing with the body, is reduced almost to a state of imbecility, this mighty restorative seems, as it were, to lift the sufferer out of the slough of despond, and recruit and reinvigorate both the frame and the intellect. An old farmer in the Valley of the Monongahela writes thus to Dr. Hostetter: "I can compare the operation of your Bitters upon me to nothing but the effect of a rain after a long dry spell in the fall of the year. The rain falling on the meadows starts the second crop of grass, and your wholesome medicine seems to have started a second crop of life and spirits in me." And this is truly the effect of this grateful and powerful preparation. Ladies of weak constitution, or whose strength has been impaired by sickness or age, find it a most efficacious and delightful tonic, and it is administered with great success in marasmus or wasting of the flesh, to young children. In fact, it is a much safer and surer cordial for the nursery than anything advertised specially for that purpose. Oct 5 6+

A NEW AND GRAND EPOCH IN MEDICINE.
Dr. Maggiiel is the founder of a new medicinal system! The quantarians, whose vast internal doses enfeeble the stomach and paralyze the bowels, must give precedence to the man who restores health and appetite, with from one to two of his extraordinary Pills, and cures the most virulent sores with a box or so of his wonderful and all-healing Salve. These two great specifics of the Doctor are fast superseding all the stereotyped nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Maggiiel's Pills and Salve have opened the eyes of the public to the inefficiency of the (so-called) remedies of others, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Maggiiel's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dozen, and of which every box full taken creates an absolute necessity for another. One or two of Maggiiel's Pills suffices to place the bowels in perfect order, tone the stomach, create an appetite and render the spirits light and buoyant. There is no gripping and no reaction in the form of constipation. If the liver is affected, its functions are restored; and if the nervous system is feeble, it is invigorated. This last quality makes the medicines very desirable for the wants of delicate females. Ulcerous and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the disinfectant power of Maggiiel's Salve. In fact, it is here announced that Maggiiel's Bilious, Dyspeptic and Diarrhoea Pills cure where all others fail. While for burns, scalds, chilblains, cuts and all abrasions of the skin Maggiiel's Salve is infallible. Sold by J. Maggiiel, 11 Pine street, New York, and all druggists, at 25 cents per box. July 29 1y

SUGAR-CURED SHOULDERS!
ALMOST equal to Hams.
AUG 30 JOHN C. SEEGER & CO.

"BETTER LATE THAN NEVER."

JUST RECEIVED!

500 BUSHELS WHITE and YELLOW CORN.
4,000 lbs. Baltimore SIDES and SHOULDERS.
Extra fine Sugar-cured HAMS, 50 sacks SALT, 25 boxes CANDLES.
25 bbls Super. FLOUR, 5 bbls SELF-RAISING FLOUR.
6 cks GOSHEA BUTTER, 10 bbls STEARIN.
An assortment of fine CRACKERS.
Together with a fine assortment of WINES and LIQUORS, and a varied stock of HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES—all of which will be sold at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES FOR CASH. Call and examine for yourselves, at
S. SHERIDAN & CO'S,
Corner of Gervais and Assembly streets,
Next to the Washington House.

Oct 5 3mo

H. E. NICHOLS & CO.,

General Insurance Agents, Stock and Exchange Brokers,
COLUMBIA, S. C.

REPRESENT, among others, the following well-known FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES:
QUEEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY of Liverpool and London—authorized capital \$2,000,000, or nearly \$10,000,000
UNDERWRITERS' AGENCY, New York—capital and assets over 3,000,000
INTERNATIONAL, New York—capital and assets nearly 2,000,000
SECURITY, New York—capital and assets nearly 1,500,000
HOME, New Haven—capital and assets 1,500,000
MANHATTAN, New York—capital and assets 1,500,000
NORTH AMERICAN, New York—capital and assets 1,100,000
HOME, Savannah, Ga.—capital and assets 700,000
SOUTHERN INSURANCE AND TRUST, Savannah—capital and assets 500,000
Risks taken on BUILDINGS, MERCHANDISE, COTTON—in store and on plantations—Household Furniture, Rents, Leases, Mortgages and every description of property liable to loss or damage by fire, on the LOWEST TERMS. Policies issued payable in gold or currency, and losses promptly paid.
ETNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Hartford—capital and assets nearly \$4,000,000.
This liberal and generous company presents great inducements to those who feel that life is uncertain, and who desire to make a CERTAIN provision for those near and dear, who otherwise might suffer when they are gone.
SELL EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK, in sums to suit, at the usual rates.
Internal Revenue Stamps, of all denominations, for sale.
Office, for the present, corner of Washington and Assembly streets. Sept 9 6mo

ETNA LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets, June, 1866 \$3,000,000
Income for year ending June, 1866, over 2,800,000
1,335 POLICIES issued in June, 1866. DIVIDENDS declared and paid annually.
Fifty per cent. dividend declared January 1, 1866.
TEN PAYMENT LIFE AND ALL ENDOWMENT POLICIES.
NON-FORFEITABLE.

\$20,000 will be insured on a single Life, where the physical condition is unexceptionable
THIS IS THE ONLY NORTHERN COMPANY THAT RENEWED ITS SOUTHERN POLICIES AFTER THE WAR.

The only certain provision for your family is a policy of LIFE INSURANCE. Do not delay to place these near and dear above the contingencies of accident or chance. Call on
H. E. NICHOLS & CO., Agents,
July 22 3mo Corner of Assembly and Washington streets, Columbia, S. C.



HORACE L. EMERY & SON,

PROPRIETORS AND MANAGERS,
Hamilton Street, Corner of Union and Liberty Streets, Albany, N. Y.

NAME AND TRADE-MARK.
NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

As other parties are advertising themselves as having purchased the property and business of the Emery Agricultural Works, increased their facilities, and are continuing the business, the effect of which, if not the intention, is to divert the patronage and business from the well known and long established EMERY'S ALBANY AGRICULTURAL WORKS of this city, the proprietors of these Works, in self-defence, and to inform their patrons that they still live, beg a careful perusal of the following card:

The above celebrated Works were originated and erected during the years 1847, '48 and '49, by the present senior proprietor, who has, with short interruptions, been constantly connected with them as the principal manager, and since 1865, in connection with his junior brothers, under the style of Emery Brothers.

During the summer of 1862, he attended the World's Fair at London, with some of his leading inventions, and remained abroad nearly two years, engaged in successfully establishing their manufacture.

In the meantime, owing to embarrassments and losses, the firm of Emery Brothers, consisting of Wm. B. and G. W. Emery, made an assignment, and these entire works and business were sold, and purchased by other parties, and the said firm ceased to exist from November 1, 1862, leaving the brothers, Wm. B. and G. W., hopelessly bankrupt.

On his return from England, in the early part of 1864, the present senior proprietor negotiated for and re-purchased the entire interest, real and personal, in and to these works and business, including its entire accumulation of patterns, working machinery and its business, and continued the same, with the aid of Wm. B. and G. W., to November 1, 1864, when he assumed its entire management on his own account—Wm. B. and G. W., for a very valuable cash consideration, preferring to relinquish all anticipated interests and retire therefrom, and with the intention with these funds of compromising with their creditors.

He has since associated with him his eldest son, HORACE HERBERT EMERY, under the style and name at the head of this notice, and continuing the business, in all its branches, at the old stand—than which no more complete establishment of its kind exists in the country.

They have largely increased their facilities, made many new and valuable additions and improvements to their already large assortment of machines, which their experience and observation, at home and abroad, have suggested as desirable.

The senior member of the firm is the pioneer of this business here, and he has been the designer, protector and patentee of all the leading and successful machines which have given the wide celebrity to these works; among which are the EMERY HORSE POWERS, COTTON GINS and CONDENSERS, Thrashing Machines, Sawing Mills, Corn Shellers, Churning Machines, Cotton Openers, &c., all of which they now offer to the public on the most liberal terms, and a continuance of their patronage is solicited.

In the articles of Cotton Gins and Condensers, they are the only parties manufacturing them with the improvements which have given these Gins the precedence and their world-wide reputation, notwithstanding other parties are now representing that they have purchased the Emery Agricultural Works and are marketing these celebrated machines—as a glance at the facts and their machines will satisfy the most common observer.

The property which was purchased by said other parties, and called the Emery Agricultural Works, consisted of a recent collection of machines, tools, patterns, &c., by Mr. Farr, with the services of Wm. B. and G. W. Emery, and located in the village of Bath, in an adjoining County, and in value about \$5,000 to \$7,000; the two Emerys taking employment with the new organization.

We again solicit the attention of the agricultural public and trade, and assure them that nothing will be spared to maintain the well-earned reputation of our wares, which we offer on the most liberal terms to farmers, planters and dealers. Circulars and price lists sent gratis on application.

Address A. R. COLTON, who has been duly appointed our exclusive agent for Columbia and adjoining Districts, from whom the above machines can be obtained; also, circulars and all information in relation thereto. Or address
HORACE L. EMERY & SON,
Albany Agricultural Works,
Post Office Box 193, Albany, N. Y.

The under-signed is also General Agent for INGERSOLL'S HAND COTTON PRESS, HOWE'S COTTON PICKERS and Bryden & Robinson's STANDARD COTTON SCALES.
Sept 21 6mo A. R. COLTON.