COLUMBIA, S. C.

Saturday Morning, December 3, 1870.

A New York *World* correspondent at Versailles, on the 25th, says the opinion at headquarters is that England means nothing at all by shrieking for Turkey, but will back down as soon as she sees Russia and Prussia acting together. Odo Russell did not come to talk over the Oriental question, but to treat for a new armistice. Yesterday he interviewed Bismarck for two hours. Bismarck said that the unconditional surrender of Paris would not be accepted. The capitulation of the city would only be permitted when the condition for a complete cessation of hostilities had been agreed upon. Thus may those who threaten that the war will not end with the fall of the capital be circumvented. The Provisional Government must bear the odium of making peace. Hunger and rebellion will speedily constrain them to complete submission. With the dismantling of Paris, to arm which so many strong places were made defenseless, France will be so completely exhausted as to be innocuous for a decade, even should she turn to refitting her arsenals and replacing her artillery. Her energies should be devoted to the re-establishment of her prosperity, and the resuscitation of her impoverished peasantry.

DISCLAIMER.—As we re-published the article of the Charleston *News*, to which the *Republican* refers, we deem it but fair to give the *Republican's* disclaimer. It says:

"The Charleston *News* this morning comments on the article we published yesterday, relative to the arrest of men in Laurens, charged with being engaged in the late riots.

"The *News* has not read our article carefully. It misrepresents us; and we prefer to believe that that misrepresentation comes from carelessness rather than malignity.

"It says we 'stigmatized as base assassins the citizens who have been arrested,' &c. We did no such thing. We said we rejoiced to see that arrests had been made. We rejoiced simply because this act showed the determination of the authorities to punish the Laurens rioters. We did not and could not declare that the ones arrested were 'the base assassins.'"

TAXATION OF BONDS.—The United States Circuit Court at Springfield, Illinois, after full argument in the case of the United States *vs.* John W. Bunn, and after having fully considered the case, which was reserved for the purpose of a careful examination, have, all the judges concurring, sustained the following ruling of the Internal Revenue Bureau: Bonds issued by cities or towns to aid in the construction of railroads, and to purchase stock therein, are not considered as issued by municipal officers in the exercise only of functions strictly belonging to them in their ordinary governmental and municipal capacity. They are held liable, therefore, to stamp tax at the same rate as promissory notes, being five cents for every $100, or fractional part thereof. The coupons are a part of the bond and do not require additional stamps.

HON. CHARLES J. FAULKNER.—This gentleman announces that he is not a candidate for United States Senator from West Virginia. He says:

I feel constrained to state that I am at this time wholly incapacitated from holding any office, either under the Constitution of the United States or under the Constitution of West Virginia. Thus disqualified, under the Fourteenth Amendment, from holding any office, either State or Federal, and deprived of all my rights as a voter and a citizen by the amended Constitution and laws of this State, I have, since the close of the late civil war, taken no active or prominent part in the political struggles of the State or nation, but have been content quietly to follow my professional and agricultural pursuits, looking forward to the day, which I was satisfied could not be far distant, when the progress of Democratic principles would relax and destroy the policy of Republicanism, and would restore both States and individuals to the full enjoyment of those rights and privileges which our constitutional system was designed to secure to them.

RAILROAD WAR IN AUGUSTA.—With the assistance of the South Carolina Railroad Company, the Street Railway Company of Augusta were enabled to lay a track to the Fair Grounds near the city, which, during fair week, was a great convenience to the citizens and visitors. Since the fair closed, the track has been used to convey guano from the South Carolina Railroad Depot to a store-house erected by Mr. J. O. Mathewson, a heavy dealer in that article, a few miles out of town. The track crosses the Georgia Central Railroad track, and, on Saturday last, the laborers of that company tore up the new track where it crossed their own. Since then, they have not allowed it to be repaired, and traffic on it is stopped, to the inconvenience of Augusta in general and Mr. M. in particular.

General Reynolds, by his snagging operations on the Mississippi, under Government orders, has reduced the insurance premium on river steamers ¼ of 1 per cent., a saving of $3,750,000 annually. A single snag below Grand Tower, pulled out a year ago, sunk three boats and damaged two more, causing an aggregate loss of $300,000.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, December 2, 1870.

The Senate met at 12 m.

The roll was called and a quorum announced. Prayer by the Chaplain.

House of Representatives sent to Senate a concurrent resolution for the appointment of a joint committee to confer with the Governor as to measures necessary to recommend to the consideration of the General Assembly, which was laid on the table. Also, a concurrent resolution to authorize the Chairman of the Committee on Engrossed Bills of the Senate and House to employ the necessary clerical force, and that the Sergeant-at-arms of both Houses furnish a suitable room for said Committee. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. N. W. Wilson presented an extract from the presentment of the Grand Jury of Anderson County, at the September term, 1870. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Wimbush, from the Committee on Incorporations, submitted the report of said Committee, accompanied by the following bills: A bill to renew and amend the charter of the town of Abbeville; a bill to renew and amend the charter of the town of Yorkville; which received their first reading and were ordered for a second reading to-morrow.

Mr. Cardozo, from the Committee on Charitable Institutions, submitted the report of that Committee, accompanied by the following bills: Bill to amend "An Act to establish a State Orphan Asylum, which received its first reading, and was ordered for a second reading to-morrow; also, recommended that a resolution to authorize the President to appoint a Standing Committee of Five on the Lunatic Asylum be ordered to lie on the table. Ordered for consideration on Monday.

Mr. Wimbush, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill to renew the charter of the Orangeburg Presbyterian Church Society, reported back the same, and recommended that the same do pass, which was ordered for consideration on Monday.

On motion of Mr. Arnim, the following resolution was adopted: That when the Senate adjourns, it be to meet on Monday, at 12 m.

Mr. Corbin gave notice of a bill to amend "An Act to revise, simplify and abridge the rules of practice, pleading and forms of Courts in the State," approved March 1, 1870. Also, a bill to regulate the appointments, jurisdiction and duties of Notaries Public.

Mr. Whittemore gave notice of a bill to incorporate the town of Timmonsville. Also, a bill to renew and amend the charter of the town of Darlington. Also, a bill to incorporate the Pleasant Grove Baptist Church, Darlington, S. C. Also, a bill to amend "An Act to define the jurisdiction and duties of County Commissioners."

On motion of Mr. Swails, the Senate proceeded to elect an additional member of the Committee on Public Lands. Mr. Wilson, of Abbeville, and Mr. C. P. Leslie, of Barnwell, were nominated. On the votes being taken, Mr. Leslie was declared elected.

On motion, the Senate then adjourned, at 2.05 p. m.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at 12 m.

Mr. Wilkes presented an extract from the presentment of the Grand Jury of Anderson County for September Term, 1870. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Elliott gave notice of a bill to establish a school-ship in Charleston harbor.

Mr. Hunter introduced a bill to regulate the hours of labor in this State. Read the first time and referred to the Committee on Labor.

Mr. Hardy introduced a bill to amend an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the formation of corporations," approved December 10, 1869. Read the first time and referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

Mr. Levy introduced a bill to authorize the Attorney-General to purchase for the State a manuscript compilation of the penal statutes of the State, prepared by E. B. Seabrook, of the Charleston bar. Read the first time and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Bryan introduced a bill to provide for the election of Justices of the Peace. Read the first time and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Hedges gave notice of a bill to incorporate the Hedges Light Guards.

On motion of Mr. Lee, the following resolution was adopted: That a Standing Committee of Seven be appointed on the removal of political disabilities.

Mr. Barber gave notice of a bill to punish the carrying of arms on the Sabbath day.

Mr. Dusenberry introduced the following resolution: That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the amount of service required of all the salaried officers of the State, including the members of the General Assembly, and report a bill fixing a reasonable compensation for such services. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Jervey gave notice of a bill to regulate contracts for farm laborers.

Mr. Levy gave notice of a bill to repeal so much of the Act of 1868 as prohibits Clerks of Courts from practicing law.

Mr. Cousart presented the claim of J. B. Cousart, ex-Sheriff of Lancaster County. Referred to Committee on Claims.

Mr. Boston introduced the following: Whereas information of the death of Mr. Wade Perrin, a member elect of the House from Laurens County, by the hands of an assassin, has been received by the House; therefore, be it

Resolved, That in the demise of Mr. Wade Perrin, the House has lost a faithful, zealous and useful member.

Resolved, That this House feels called upon to vindicate the law of perfect security to life by using all the means in its power, consistent with law and justice, in having his murderers brought to justice.

Resolved, That the members of the House in respect to his memory, wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

On motion of Mr. Whipper, a special committee was appointed, to whom the preceding resolutions were referred.

Mr. Henderson introduced the following resolution: That a committee of five on the part of the House and —— on the part of the Senate, be appointed to investigate the claims of public school-teachers. Adopted.

Mr. Jamison gave notice of a bill to authorize the Commissioners of Orangeburg to build a bridge across the North Fork of Edisto River, and establish a road therefrom to Branchville Depot.

Mr. Reedish presented the claims of W. R. Tradewell, ex-Magistrate of Orangeburg County. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Wallace gave notice of a bill to require School Commissioners to see that school houses are established, according to the School Act.

On motion of Mr. Byas, the following resolution was adopted: That the Clerk of the House turn over all papers from the Committee on Claims to that committee.

Mr. Hagood gave notice of a bill to charter the Pumpkintown Turnpike Road, in Pickens County.

On motion of Mr. Simons, the following resolution was adopted: That when the House adjourns, it be to meet on Monday next.

Mr. Goodson gave notice of a bill to regulate the per centage on sales, and prevent extortion by retail dealers.

Mr. Singleton gave notice of a bill to authorize cities, towns and incorporate villages, to levy a tax for common school purposes.

Mr. Mobley, pursuant to notice, introduced a bill entitled "A bill to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to define the criminal jurisdiction of Trial Justices,'" passed March 1, 1870. Read the first time and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Senate, that a concurrent resolution for the House to appoint a joint committee to confer with the Governor, as to measures for Legislation, has been laid on the table by the Senate. Also, the accounts of W. B. Stanley and Geo. Symmers, for sundries. Referred to the Committee on Contingent Accounts.

The House then adjourned.

Retrenchment.

MR. EDITOR: The Governor, in his annual message, has thought proper to recommend to the General Assembly a reduction in the pay of County officers; and almost immediately following this gubernatorial advice, Mr. Whittemore, (*ex-member of Congress*,) introduces a bill into the Senate reducing the pay of County School Commissioners from $1,000 to $200! save the lucky Commissioner for Charleston County, who is to receive "$300, payable quarterly!" Now far be it from me to oppose retrenchment in any just form, but when County officers are made the special target of the Executive and of Mr. Whittemore, it seems to me that they are actuated by other motives than a desire to exercise a rigid economy in the administration of the Government. If retrenchment is the great *desideratum*, why not commence on the salary of his Excellency, and *then consistently* light on County officers? The Executive did not think, on the 16th day of last February, that the pay of the School Commissioners was too much, nor did he think in September, 1868, nor does he think in December, 1870, that $3,500 per annum is too much to pay a Governor, although the Executive mansion is furnished gratis! No, his love of retrenchment then and now is not sufficient to induce him to ask a retrenchment of his own salary! If the office of School Commissioner is to be merely an honorary one, to be filled by such disinterested patriots, who think more of honor than of their own "household," why may not the Executive be paid in the same coin?

But it is said that the duties of the School Commissioner are trifling, and that they have not performed well even the small amount of duty required of them. This may be true of some, but has no one in the Executive Department trifled? Let Laurens answer! The truth is, the Governor has always been niggardly with the educational department, save the city of Charleston, on which place he has sanctioned the bestowal of more of the State School Fund than that city is entitled to by law.

Three-fourths of our people cannot read nor write, and yet our Governor has no word of encouragement, no recommendations to make to the General Assembly, by way of asking for an increased appropriation for school purposes! He does not even recommend that the Legislature comply with the request of the State Superintendent of Education, when he knows or should know that that officer intends to ask for a larger fund for schools than has heretofore been given! And yet the educational interest is one that is not second, but is even paramount to every other interest of the State! More anon.

A REPUBLICAN.

POST OFFICE, HOURS.—Northern mail opens 4.30 P. M.; closes 11 A. M.

Charleston and Greenville, open 4.30 P. M.; close 5.30 A. M.

Western, opens 12.30 P. M.; closes 2.45 P. M.

Charleston, evening, opens 8 A. M.; closes 6 P. M.

Office open Sundays from half-past 4 o'clock to half-past 5.

Meals furnished at reasonable hours, at POLLOCK'S.

A wonderful surgical operation was performed a short time since, at Canton, Miss. A girl whose face had been almost completely eaten away by an ulceration was about to commit suicide, when she was taken in hand by a doctor, the progress of the disease arrested, and a piece of flesh taken from the body and successfully transplanted to the face. Teeth were supplied by a dentist, and now the girl has so far recovered that she might pass in society without having any deformity noticed.

CHEATING POTATO BUGS.—An Indiana man has effected a stragetical combination against the potatobugs. He planted a grain of corn in each hill of potatoes. The corn came up before the potatoes, which, of course, cheated the little pests into the belief that it was a corn-field, and they never went near the potatoes until it was too late to do any damage. His crop of tue esculent is, therefore, the envy of his neighbors.

The Treasury vaults at Washington are at present encumbered with a number of miscellaneous articles presented to several of the Presidents. Thus, there are numerous fine shawls, and a bottle of otto of roses, presented to President Van Buren by the Imaum of Muscat, and many handsome swords. There are also other articles from the patent office, deposited for safe-keeping.

DEATH OF B. F. ARTHUR.—It is our melancholy duty to announce the death of our esteemed fellow-townsman, B. F. Arthur, which occurred at his residence in this town, on Friday morning last, after a severe and lingering illness of many months. Mr. Arthur was an able lawyer, and enjoyed the respect of all good and true people who knew him.

[*Union Times.*

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN WATLINGTON, FLORIDA.—We learn from the Pensacola *Commercial*, that a destructive fire occurred in Watlington, on the 22d ult., destroying fifteen stores, inflicting a heavy loss on the owners of the property, which was mostly uninsured. Suspicions rest on a man named Richter, the radical postmaster of the place, as being the incendiary.

The pension rolls of the War Department contain the names of twelve widows of revolutionary soldiers, each over 100 years of age. Of these relics of the revolution, two have reached the ripe age of 117 years; another, a resident of Ohio, counts nine years over a century, and her son is a promising lad of eighty seven.

The people of San Francisco are eating green peas, cucumbers, strawberries, string beans, fresh figs, asparagus and green corn, while their markets have snipe at $1.25 per dozen, doves and larks at 75 cents and $1, wild ducks at 50 cents a pair, and wild pigeons at 10 cents apiece.

MARYLAND.—The official returns of the Maryland election show the following Democratic majorities in the several Congressional Districts: 1st, 4,174: 2d, 6,560; 3d, 4,723; 4th, 1,818; 5th, 1,794. Total Democratic majority in the State, 19,069.

A letter from Paris in the *Pall Mall Gazette* says: "It is strange and painful to see groups of well-dressed women looking in at the windows of pork butchers and tripe shops with the same eager curiosity with which they used to gaze at ribbons and bonnets.

DROWNED.—During the severe blow of Wednesday, a boat containing M. O'Laughlin, a trader on Cooper river, was capsized and he was drowned.

[*Charleston Courier.*

Donkeys' flesh ranks very high among the new species of food adopted by the besieged Parisians. It is said to resemble veal, with a poultry flavor.

NOTICE.—An election for ASSISTANT POLICEMEN will be held at regular meeting City Council, Tuesday, December 6. Applications must be filed with the undersigned.
By order of Council.
WM. J. ETTER, Clerk of Council.
Dec 1 12

WANTED.—Three or four intelligent YOUTHS, about 14 years old, to learn the Grocery Business. Address through Post Office, Key Box No. 5.
Dec 1 3

NOTICE.—The Columbia Office of THE CHARLESTON DAILY AND WEEKLY REPUBLICAN is transferred to the new Periodical and News Depot, Assembly street, near the Post Office. Dec 1 6*

WOOD WANTED.—Wanted to contract for fifty cords of good seasoned OAK, and fifty cords of PINE, to be delivered at either of the railroad depots in Columbia. Apply at this office. Dec 1 3

THOMAS A. TOBIN, of Laurens Court House, S. C., formerly of New York, is out of business and wants employment. His friends in and out of the State will please see what they can do for him. He wants to go to work right off. Address him at Augusta, Ga., care of J. H. Miller, General Agent Southern Life Insurance Company.
Dec 1 ||6*1

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The dwelling HOUSE and the building adjoining, now occupied by the subscriber, is offered for sale. Apply to
Nov 29 6 RICHARD TOZER.

NOTICE.—A Special Session of the Court of Common Pleas, for Richland County, will be held at Columbia on the second MONDAY of December next, for the trial of such causes as have been heretofore transferred to a Special Calendar. By order of Judge Melton. D. B. MILLER, C. C. C. R. C.
CLERK'S OFFICE, Columbia, S. C., November 27, 1870. Nov 30

OLD BANK BILLS and MUTILATED CURRENCY bought and sold by
Nov 23 6mo D. GAMBRILL, Broker.

BY AUTHORITY OF A POWER expressed in the last Will and Testament of the late W. F. DeSaussure, deceased, I will sell, before the Court House, in Columbia, on the FIRST MONDAY in December next, the office on Law Range recently occupied by the deceased. Terms made known at day of sale. May be treated for privately at the office of my Attorney in law and fact, D. B. DESAUSSURE, Esq. E. G. BURROUGHS,
Nov 17 Sole Executrix.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the collection of Commercial Paper, Interest on State and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, and Conversion of State Securities, by
Nov 23 6mo D. GAMBRILL, Broker.

STOCKS, BONDS and COUPONS bought and sold by D. GAMBRILL, Broker.
Nov 23 6mo

Local Items.

PHŒNIXIANA.—The price of single copies of the PHŒNIX is five cents. If carriers charge more it is simply a swindle. They can be obtained at that price at the office.

Secretary Daniel C. Peixotto requests us to state that the committee of "Independents" on Steam Fire Engine will meet at McKenzie's Saloon, this evening at half-past 7 o'clock.

Right Rev. Bishop Lynch, of Charleston, will preach in the Catholic Church, to-morrow morning, at half-past 10.

Stone & Murray—as was to be expected—drew good houses in Columbia. The riding was excellent, the acrobatic performances exciting, and the gymnaste truly wonderful. We heartily commend them to our up-country friends. Admirers of circus exhibitions will get more than their money's worth, by attending.

From an advertisement in another column it will be seen that Messrs. E. W. Seibels and J. B. Ezell have associated themselves in business. These gentlemen are well known in this community, and we commend them with confidence to the public as illustrating those qualities of integrity and efficiency so desirable in a business firm. See their card.

A man born in December will be a good sort of a personage, though passionate. He will devote himself to politics, and be loved by his wife. The lady of this month will be amiable and handsome, with a good mind, a fine figure, and very honest.

A visit to the musical establishment of Messrs. W. H. LyBrand & Son will gratify any individual who is musically inclined. Besides first-class brass and reed instruments of nearly every kind, there are beautiful pianos, from different makers, and the celebrated Burdett combination organ—which imitates several different instruments, and is—taken all in all—one of the best organs, either for church or parlor, that we have ever seen. LyBrand's musical emporium is on Taylor street, rear of the Citizens' Savings Bank.

A select audience assembled at the University Chapel, last evening, to hear the anniversary oration of the Clariosophic Society, delivered by Mr. T. Hasell Gibbes, of our city. The young orator acquitted himself very creditably, and was greeted with applause at the close of the address.

We were highly gratified, yesterday, at meeting on the streets Mr. George E. Isaacs, the well-known conductor of the Greenville and Columbia Railroad. He is slowly recovering from the injuries received on the 10th ult.

Mrs. Goodman will accept our thanks for her remembrancer—the principal support of of an eighteen-pound goose, cooked to a turn.

READABLE BOOKS.—Messrs. Bryan & McCarter have handed us two books, to which we refer with pleasure: 1. "Prenticeana, or Wit and Humor," in paragraphs. Few of our readers are not acquainted with George D. Prentice, the distinguished poet and journalist. As editor of the Louisville *Journal*, and as the author of some fine poetry, Mr. Prentice became distinguished, and his name became a household word. In this volume, the rare specimens of his wit and humor will be found collected and arranged. 2. "Bloom and Brier;" a Southern romance, by William Falconer. This is a story designed to represent Southern life under the old *regime*. It will be read with interest, as vindicatory of the part of the South and suggestive of the proper spirit for the future.

SUPREME COURT, December 2.—The case of A. Hasell Heyward, *et al.*, *vs.* John Ashe Hasell, was resumed. Mr. Young for appellants. Mr. Hanckel for respondents. Mr. Porter on same side.

At 3 p. m., adjourned until Monday, 5th, at 10 a. m.

HOTEL ARRIVALS, December 2.—*Nickerson House.*—A. J. Strainger, England; H. C. Clapp, R. Dunnar, New York; J. R. Williams, Charlotte; J. H. Tillman, New Orleans; H. G. Mason, S. P. Brown, S. C.; J. C. Winsmith, Spartanburg; Y. J. Pope, A. P. Pifer, Newberry; A. J. Cauthen, S. C. Conference; J. B. Henry and wife, J. C. Reister, Chester; H. J. Abney, Utica; H. S. Williams, S. C.; H. B. Allan, Ark.

Columbia Hotel—L. C. Haskell, Ark.; Edwin Lucas, Wm. L. King, P. Duffie, James Kenny, F. Murphy and lady, Charleston; W. J. Croswell, S. C.; D. W. H. Vickers, wife and child, Ala.; T. Stobo Farrow, B. Y. Sage, Atlanta; W. B. Logan, Ala.; John S. Lusk, Baltimore; J. W. Law, Winnsboro; J. H. More, D. S. Hemphill, D. Crawford, city; P. P. Dickinson, W. V. Walsh, New York; J. D. Wiggin, Augusta; E. M. Clarkson, Richland.

LIST OF NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
Lorick & Lowrance—To Planters.
E. W. Seibels—Copartnership Notice.
Holmes & Macbeth—Auction.
D. C. Peixotto & Son—Fine Turn-out.
J. N. Jones—$25 Reward.

UNITED STATES COURT.—The Court opened at 11 o'clock a. m. The Grand Jury returned the following true bills for illegal voting: Augustus Henderson, Morris Mimas, W. H. Henderson, Wm. Reynolds *alias* Fred. Wilson, and Fred. Sheppard, and no bills as to the following: Jonas Brown, Edward Crofton, Gilbert Glover, Josiah Green, Pickens Johnson, Reuben Lyles, Thomas Mackaw and William Scott.

The United States against W. H. Henderson, charged with robbing the mails. The Grand Jury having found a true bill, ordered that the Marshal bring the prisoner from Greenville for trial.

The United States against Edward Croftin and W. Scott, indicted for illegal voting. No bill having been returned, it was ordered that defendants be discharged.

The United States against William Reynolds and Morris Minas, indicted for illegal voting. On motion, the defendants were ordered to be brought from Edgefield jail for trial.

The United States against J. W. Bass. Violation of revenue laws. Ordered that the case be transferred to the Eastern District Court, January 7, 1871.

The United States against Fred. Sheppard, illegal voting, transferred to Eastern District Court, January 7, 1871.

The United States against Wm. Reynolds, A. D., F. Wilson, A. D., Fred. Edwards. Illegal voting. D. T. Corbin, United States District Attorney, for United States; Bauskett for defendants. Jury No. 1, except Thos. Berry, G. Simpkins, sworn instead, charged with this case rendered verdict—guilty.

The Grand Jury returned into Court with the following bill: True bill as to Othello Fuller, illegal voting. Augustus Henderson, voting more than once, and no bills as to Mathews Dickson, Pickens Filman, for illegal voting, and Edward J. Bethea, distilling without paying tax. The United States against William Landrum, voting under age. D. T. Corbin, D. A., General Worthington, for defendant. Jury No. 2 was charged with this case (with exception of J. P. Thomas, F. H. Elmore and J. T. Zealy, challenged peremptorily by defendants, in whose stead John Glaze, Samuel Green and Samuel Rowan were sworn on the jury.) The United States *vs.* Warren P. Wynn and William Goldson. Illegal voting. Witnesses—Lucian De Vare on first case, David Graham and Fred Scurp on second. The above witnesses failing to appear, bench warrants for arrests of witnesses were ordered. The United States *vs.* W. H. Henderson, indicted for robbing mail. Defendant's affidavit read to bring witness for defence into Court. Defendant being too poor to pay expenses, on motion, defendant's counsel, with consent of District Attorney, ordered that bench warrant issue as prayed for. The United States *vs.* Othello Fuller, illegal voting. *Nol. pros.* entered by District Attorney, by leave of the Court.

FRIDAY, December 2, 1870.—The United States Circuit Court was opened, this day, at 11 o'clock. Hon. George S. Bryan, District Judge, presiding.

The jurors answered to their names as on yesterday. The Grand Jury returned into Court with the following bills and findings:

Jonas Brown, voting under age, section 19, Act May 31, 1870—true bill.

No bills were found in the cases of John Jones and Jacob Addison, on indictment for same offence.

The District Attorney said there were many bills prepared, but witnesses were absent and on their way to Court. On his motion, the Grand Jury were discharged till Monday, 10 o'clock a. m.

In Equity, A. Van Buren and S. Angelina, his wife, *vs.* John P. Brown *et. al.* —Bill in Equity. W. G. DeSaussure for complainants. Upon hearing the return of the Commissioners in partition, and on motion of commissioners' solicitor, ordered that the return be confirmed, and the recommendation of the Commissioners to a division of Big Lake plantation into two tracts, and a sale of the said two tracts, and also of Shiver plantation for partition, be adopted. And it is further ordered, that the said lands be sold by J. S. G. Richardson, special referee in this case, on the first Monday in January, 1871; and if not then sold, at such other time as may be recommended to him by a majority of the solicitors in this cause, in Columbia, at public outcry, in parcels as recommended by the Commissioners, at not less than the appraised prices per acre, upon the following terms, to wit: one-fourth cash—balance upon a credit of one, two and three years, with the bond of the purchaser, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable annually, secured by a mortgage of land; purchasers paying for papers and stamps.

It is further ordered, that the said James S. G. Richardson, special referee, have leave to sell the said lands at private sale, if such can be effected at the appraised prices. It is further ordered, that the said sales be advertised for twenty-one days, in one of the papers in Columbia, Sumter, and two in Charleston, and that the proceeds of sale, when made, be held subject to the further order of the Court.

Ex parte application for admission, John W. Bauskett, to practice in United States Court for South Carolina; H. G. Worthington, *pro pet.* On motion of H. G. Worthington, Esq., John W. Bauskett was sworn and admitted to practice as counseller and solicitor in the United States Courts of South Carolina.

The United States *vs.* Jacob Heispeck. Illegal voting. Section 19, Act May 31, 1870. Defendant appeared and plead guilty.

The United States *vs.* Wm. Landrum. Illegal voting; under age. Section 19, Act May 31, 1870. Jury No. 1, charged with this case, rendered the following verdict: Not guilty.

JOHN W. PARKER, Foreman.