

[Special via Southern and Atlantic Line.] North Carolina All Right.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., August 3.—P. M. Forty-six Counties have been heard from, which include the Radicals' strongest Counties. The returns show a Conservative gain on Shipp's vote of 600 in excess of the Radical gain. The West still to hear from—which will give large Conservative majorities.

Foreign Affairs. PARIS, August 3.—Le Temps is inclined to doubt the authenticity of the Livingstone letters, published by Stanley. It quotes the opinion of the German geographer Klopfer, who discovered various geographical blunders in the letters. He thinks that part of the narrative was invented by Mr. Stanley, and hence the whole is valueless; and hints that it is possible that Stanley never saw Livingstone.

Disastrous floods have occurred in Yorkshire, Lancashire, and other English Counties, causing loss of life and immense destruction of property. One ghastly incident is reported from Manchester, where a grave-yard was submerged and many bodies were washed away. About fifty have been recovered.

American Matters. WILMINGTON, August 3.—The following Counties give Merrimon the respective majorities attached: Stanley, 375; Union, 430; Iredell, 800; Orange, 634; Cabarrus, 849; Wilson, 167; Anson, 171; Cumberland, 7; Chatham, 95; Mecklenburg, 251; Rowan, 537. The following give Caldwell, majorities: Richmond, 299; Lenoir, 427; Wayne, 203; Greene, 141; New Hanover, 1,253.

New York, August 3.—The Herald's London despatch says letters have been received by Stanley from Viscount Enfield, Earl Granville and a son of Dr. Livingstone. Lord Enfield, in the name of Earl Granville, acknowledges the receipt of letters and documents from Livingstone, delivered by Stanley to her Majesty's Ambassador at Paris, for transmission to the foreign department. Earl Granville says, in his letter, that he has no doubt of the genuineness of the letters purporting to come from Livingstone. Livingstone's son says he has no doubt that the papers and letters brought to him by Stanley are from his father.

The Democrats fired 100 guns in the City Hall Park, this noon, in honor of the victory in North Carolina. The firing party carried a banner with the words: "North Carolina pronounces in favor of reconciliation, union and peace."

A Washington despatch says that the United States revenue cutter Moccasin is still watching the Cuban privateer Pioneer at Newport. Her guns are shot, and orders given to sink the Pioneer, should she attempt to escape. These orders will withdraw the Moccasin from police duty, and it is rumored that the Cuban sympathizers have taken advantage thereof, and have started another expedition to Cuba, under the most favorable auspices.

The Herald's London despatch says that Stanley was invited to dine with Lord Stanley, Lady Franklin and other distinguished persons.

At the very latest hour, North Carolina agents have not thought it worth while to confirm previous despatches. It is the general opinion of the London press that the letters of Sumner and Banks, advocating the election of Greeley, together with the Democratic victory in North Carolina, indicate, beyond peradventure, the election of Greeley and Brown in November.

A Raleigh despatch to the Herald says it may take the official count to give the result in North Carolina. The Democrats there claim a majority of 2,000 or 3,000. The Republicans, however, decide to give up the result, although the Era, the Republican organ of the State, concedes the election to Merrimon by a small majority. The World's special says Merrimon thinks his majority will be 6,000. The Times is unwilling to give the State to the Democrats, and thinks it may take till Monday to settle the question. The Tribune rejoices over the victory—claiming 1,000 majority in the State, at the lowest.

Greeley has gone to Rhode Island, as the guest of Senator Sprague.

The steamships Calabria, Hermann, City of Paris and Republic sailed for Europe, to-day, taking \$304,000 in specie.

Lieut. Dawson, chief of the English search expedition, which sailed from this country in the steamer Abydos, before Stanley's first despatch announcing his meeting with Livingstone was received, left Zanzibar for England on the 21st of May, and is expected to arrive in London about the middle of next month.

WASHINGTON, August 3.—The President comes on Friday.

Special telegrams from Raleigh, to-day, state that the official vote of the State cannot be announced before Monday, but it is believed the Democrats have carried the State.

WASHINGTON, August 3.—There is no reason to doubt the approximations made by previous despatches, regarding North Carolina—fixing the majority at 5,000 to 10,000, and six Congressmen—however, both parties here still claim the State. The Radicals, in rare instances, wager \$30 to \$100 on the State even.

Secretary Delano, with his family, has gone West.

Probabilities—Clear and cool weather and Northerly winds from Indiana to the lower lakes; thence Southward to Tennessee and North-eastward over the Middle and Eastern States, occasional light coast rains and winds, veering to Southerly in the South Atlantic and Gulf States; partly cloudy weather in the Ohio Valley, with winds veering to Easterly and Southerly; falling barometer and Southerly to Easterly winds in the North-west, extending to the Mississippi Valley and upper lakes on Sunday.

St. Louis, August 3.—It is reported

that some 3,000 coal miners of St. Clair, Illinois, opposite this city, are on a strike. Two buildings in Keokuk, Iowa, fell down yesterday, burying seven women and children in the ruins. One woman was fatally wounded, and all were more or less injured.

LONG BRANCH, August 3.—Milesian won the hurdle race; Lohlel second—time 3.52 1/2. Prinkness won the second race; Fadlan second—time 1.45. Sandfort's mate won the third race; Extract second—time 3.15.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. NEW YORK, August 3.—Noon.—Stocks very weak. Gold strong, at 15 1/2. Money firm, at 4. Exchange—long 9 1/2; short 10 1/2. Governments steady. State bonds steady. Cotton steady; sales 1,782 bales—uplands 2 1/2; Orleans 2 1/2. Flour firm. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn steady. Pork quiet, at 13.50@13.60. Lard dull—steam 8@9. Freights quiet.

7 P. M.—Loans increased \$250,000; legal tenders increased 1,250,000; specie decreased 4,500,000; deposits decreased 3,500,000; the statement shows a loss of 2,375,000 of reserve. Sales of cotton for future delivery 11,200 bales, as follows: August 20 1/2@20 3/4; September 20 7/16@20 3/4; October 19 1/2@19 3/4; November 18 3/4@19; December 18 1/2@18 3/4. Cotton steady; sales 1,782 bales—uplands 2 1/2; Orleans 2 1/2. Flour 10@15. higher—common to fair extra 7.15@9.10; good to choice 9.15@12.00. Wheat steady. Corn quiet and a shade firmer. Pork nominal, at 13.50. Lard lower—kettle 9 1/2. Freights decidedly lower. During the week, cotton has declined, with increased business for export and consumption, and a fall off in sales for future delivery; the sales for the week reached 106,390 bales, of which 91,800 were for future delivery and 14,600 on the spot; of the spot cotton, exporters took 9,241 and spinners 5,949 bales, with nothing on speculation. Money steady, at 4@5. Sterling nominal. Gold 15 1/2@15 3/4. Governments and States dull but steady.

BALTIMORE, August 3.—Cotton firm—middling 21 3/4; receipts 20 bales; sales 32; stock 1,074.

BOSTON, August 3.—Cotton quiet and steady—middling 21 1/2; receipts 2 bales; sales 100; stock 9,000.

CINCINNATI, August 3.—Flour steady—old 8 1/2@8 25. Corn dull and unsettled, at 44@45. Pork dull and nominal—13 60 for city and regular. Lard demand light and holders firm—sales of summer at 7 1/2; steam 8 1/2; kettle 8 3/4. Bacon in good demand—shoulders 6 1/2; clear rib sides 8 1/2; clear sides 9 1/2, with sales. Whiskey in fair demand and lower—90.

LOUISVILLE, August 3.—Tobacco prices 44 hogshells; supply light and prices firm. Flour steady—extra family 6.00@6.25. Corn in improved demand—shelled, sacked, 60. Pork steady, at 13.25. Bacon very firm—shoulders 6 1/2; clear rib sides 8 1/2; clear sides 9 1/2 for packed. Lard firm—tires 9@9 1/2; keg 10 1/2@10 3/4; order lots 1/4 higher. Whiskey steady, at 90.

St. Louis, August 3.—Flour in fair demand and firm for medium grades; other qualities lower to sell. Corn dull and drooping—No. 2, mixed, 39, outside price. Whiskey better, at 92. Pork dull and drooping, at 13.25. Bacon in good demand—shoulders 6 1/2; sides 9@9 1/2.

AUGUSTA, August 3.—Cotton firm—middling 19; receipts 5 bales; sales 76.

SAVANNAH, August 3.—Cotton dull and nothing doing—middling 20; receipts 93 bales; stock 1,591.

NORFOLK, August 3.—Cotton dull—low middling 20; receipts 16 bales; exports 82; stock 412.

WILMINGTON, August 3.—Cotton quiet—middling 21 1/2; exports 12 bales; stock 347.

MOBILE, August 3.—Cotton entirely nominal—low middling nominal; receipts 2 bales; stock 882.

CHARLESTON, August 3.—Cotton firm and little offering—middling 19; receipts 24 bales; exports 14; sales 50; stock 514.

NEW ORLEANS, August 3.—Cotton nominal—low middling 19 1/2@19 3/4; exports 124 bales; sales 150; stock 7,359.

PHILADELPHIA, August 3.—Cotton in moderate demand and a shade higher—middling 21 1/2.

GALVESTON, August 3.—Cotton nominal—good ordinary 19 1/2@20; receipts 20 bales; stock 377.

LONDON, August 3.—Monday will be observed as a holiday here.

LIVERPOOL, August 3.—The Bank of England will be closed and no business will be transacted either in stock or cotton.

LONDON, August 3.—Noon.—Consols 92 1/2. Bonds 91 1/2.

FRANKFORT, August 3.—Bonds 96 1/2. PARIS, August 3.—Rentes 66f. 12c.

LIVERPOOL, August 3.—Noon.—Cotton firm—uplands 9 1/2; Orleans 10. Bombay shipments since last report to the 2d, 8,000 bales; sales 12,000; speculation and export 8,000.

REMARKABLE OLD MAN.—A few weeks ago, an old man died in London, at the age of ninety-one. He bore an extraordinary resemblance to the first Napoleon, and boasted to the hour of his death of having won the battle of Jena. The following was his story, which, however true or false, was universally accepted: During a critical moment of the battle, Albino, (this was the old man's name,) seeing the soldiers begin to waver, mounted a horse, and galloping in front of the troops, cried out, "I am your Emperor! Forward!" His corporal's uniform and his resemblance to the Emperor created such enthusiasm in the ranks, that they pressed forward, and the battle was won, not, however, before the Prussians had noticed the cheat, and Albino was seriously wounded. He lived upon a pension in Paris until quite an old man, and then went to end his days in London.

The Lexington Dispatch states that cerebro spinal meningitis has made its appearance in the Southern portion of that County.

Grant's Reign of Terror. We find the following communication in the New York Sun: To the Editor of the Sun.

Sir: Your correspondent in Columbia, in a letter dated the 8th, after giving particulars in regard to the unwarranted arrests of peaceable citizens by the soldiers, and their confinement in the Charleston jail, says: "The United States grand jury met, and soon returned a verdict of murder. Of course not one of the jury had the remotest idea that any of the prisoners had ever even thought of murdering anybody, yet as it was a part of the programme, they had it to do."

Now, as a member of that grand jury, I will give you a few particulars in regard to the way it was conducted.

The court met April 1. There were a few good men drawn; contrary to the wishes of the District Attorney and the Marshal. As not enough jurymen reported for duty, the Marshal was ordered to draw a new panel. What do you think he drew? He had it all fixed. The first to head the list was a negro named Davis, a member of the Legislature of this plundered State. Another was Jenke, a candidate for County Treasurer of Charleston, and son-in-law of Pillsbury, the late carpet-bag Mayor of Charleston, with two school teachers of the ring, and eight other negroes. No effort was made to compel the attendance of some good men that were originally drawn, although the court adjourned for four days to give time for them to be notified. The District Attorney had twelve men on the jury that he could depend on to bring in a verdict in every case, and that was all he desired. Three white men that were drawn were excused, in order that the District Attorney might be certain of carrying his point.

When the jury retired to examine the cases, they were accompanied by Major Stone, assistant District Attorney. He already had the confessions of a few frightened men, who were told that they were to be indicted for murder and hanged, if they did not confess to being members of the Ku Klux. Not being able to read or write, and thinking to escape with their lives, they were willing to confess anything. This Major Stone reserved to himself the right to ask all the questions. If a juror dared open his mouth, he at once ordered him to keep still. And so the trial was conducted. The jury put up with this as long as they could bear it, and then about the close of the term they all protested, even the negroes, and deputed a Mr. Barbot, a merchant of Charleston, to go to Judge Bryan and inquire if a juror had a right to ask a question of a witness. His Honor said that the District Attorney was present to assist them, but that the jury had a perfect right to ask any question in the jury-room. The jury must bear the District Attorney's presence. This negro and carpet-bag jury was ready to find a verdict against any of the residents of four Counties. It was enough that a man lived in one of these Counties, without evidence that he ever made a raid or even attended a meeting. One man was indicted for loaning his horse to another man who was one of the Ku Klux.

But the witnesses produced were astonishing. I will give the history of but one. His name is W. F. M. Williams. His story is as follows: "I was a Confederate soldier; was captured and paroled in Virginia; came home, and was appointed Auditor of Union County by Governor Scott; went to Columbia and asked the Governor for some Remington rifles to fight the Ku Klux; the Governor supplied me; on my return organized a Ku Klux Klan, known as Williams' Klan, and forced all the Republicans to join it, and then made raids on the negroes, taking them out and whipping them."

When the soldiers came among them, Williams was the first to turn informer and denounced every member of his clan. He swears that every member in Union County was one of the Ku Klux. He was the principal witness against almost every one that was tried. When the grand jury requested the District Attorney to draw an indictment against Williams, he refused, saying that if he was indicted, the case would be not pressed. This same Williams will be brought up in Columbia next month to swear into the penitentiary every Conservative citizen of Union County. Since that time he has been used as a spotter by District Attorney Corbin. He went with Hendricks to Georgia, and pointed out some of his own relatives as victims. Hendricks arrested them on a forged warrant, and then was arrested for kidnapping. He has just been released by one of Grant's judges, but they did not catch the sneak that pointed out his own relatives. He took care to get over the line into South Carolina, where we have no law except against Ku Klux.

The April term of court lasted thirty days. They only succeeded in convicting three men of being Ku Klux, although they had these ready-made witnesses, but they frightened about ten more into confessing that they had been forced into the order. They were led to believe that if they confessed they would be imprisoned for a short time, but if they did not they would be tried for murder and hanged. The District Attorney promised to let them off from the murder count if they would confess to conspiracy. At the same time the Attorney knew that the court had decided that they could not try a man for murder.

One more case to illustrate the above. A man, whose name I do not remember, was frightened with a prospect of the halter, and, under promise of a light sentence, was induced to come into court and admit that he once joined the order. At the same time his case was brought before the grand jury. The witnesses were produced, but there was no evidence at all against him, and the jury, satiated with its wholesale verdicts, unanimously agreed to find no bill. The

grand jury then went to the court room, when, to their amazement, the man was standing up in court, and, to save his life, as he thought, was confessing that he once was a Ku Klux. The District Attorney expected to get him out of the way before the grand jury returned, but he was allowed to go on, and notwithstanding no bill was found against him he is now in the Albany penitentiary. I could give you much more, but I am sick of the subject. NATHAN, JR. CHARLESTON, S. C., July 20.

A BRUTAL MURDER.—Trial Justice O. L. Jones held an inquest over the dead body of a colored child named Elizabeth Colbert, aged five years, on the plantation of Capt W. G. Stewart, on Monday last. The circumstances of the child's death, as related, is of the most shocking character. The verdict of the jury of inquest charges the death to the brutal treatment of the step-mother, Marion Colbert. She has been committed for trial.—Lancaster Ledger.

The Camden Journal says: On Sunday morning, during a severe storm, a colored woman on the Lang plantation, on the West side of Wateree, in Kershaw County, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Several others, men, women and children, were also struck, and some were seriously, others slightly, injured. The gable end of the house, where they dwelt, was also knocked to pieces.

They have a copper stream in Asia-Minor which is about twelve feet wide, about one foot deep, and old iron placed therein by the natives, is fished out in a few days, in the shape of pure copper. The English correspondent who writes the story for the Cornhill Magazine, says he had great difficulty in riding his horse across the stream, as the animal didn't fancy the corrosive fluid.

The Monks of La Trappe have a clock in their large hall of the convent, which is a frightfully complete piece of handiwork and mechanism. A perfect human skeleton stands by the wall, pointing with his fleshless fingers at the hours marked upon a dial, which revolves. This picture is a hideous one, but the Monks see a moral in its existence and a lesson in its death-like certainty.

By the accidental fall of a candle upon some asphalt, the beautiful church of St. Mary Magdalen, in Paddington, which had nearly reached completion, was burnt to the ground on the 13th of July. The erection of the edifice had cost between £30,000 and £40,000.

A Natchez paper says that from the trunk of an old china tree in front of the Court House in that city, there shoots forth a little cherry tree, which bears fruit. The junction of the cherry with the china is twelve feet from the ground. The population of Boston is about one-fourth that of New York, but the valuation of the property is about one-half that of the latter city. The honesty of the Boston assessors is the cause, they say, of such a curious exhibit.

A Cleveland boy, who carried gunpowder and lucifer matches in the same pocket, has not been heard from since the spontaneous affiliation of the two, and his friends think peradventure he has gone on a journey.

John Harper tells the Long Branch correspondent of the Commercial Advertiser that Longfellow is not permanently injured.

A thief was lately caught breaking into a song. He had already got through the first two bars, when a policeman came up and hit him with a staff.

Hunting hostile Indians in Texas is better than raising cotton. They are worth \$100 a head.

The royal personage known as the Khedive of Egypt has only twenty-three palaces.

The Methodists of Greenville are building a new church.

HOTEL ARRIVALS, August 3, 1872.—Nicker-ton House—W. Carville, G. H. Gilreath, S. C. Wright, Green city; J. F. Fieger and wife, R. C. Wright, Wm. Johnston, F. G. Johnston, N. C.; E. T. West, Charleston; J. V. Nothers and wife, Washington.

Columbia Hotel—W. T. J. Woodward, W. J. Crosswell, E. O. Greene, S. C.; C. P. DeVore, Miss K. J. DeVore, Edgeland; T. L. Love and wife, H. D. Gilbert, T. Gracine, J. T. Koen, Wilmington; T. H. Cooke, Charlotte; J. F. Myers, H. P. Cooke, T. H. Cooke, Orangeburg; L. Royner, P. Duffie, Charleston; E. F. Bidgett, G. O. Douglass, Ga.; O. G. Jager, S. Fair, Newberry.

Funeral Invitation. The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. A. Wedonfeller, are invited to attend the funeral of their youngest daughter ANNIE, from their residence on Gates street, between Lady and Washington, THIS AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock.

Columbia Building and Loan Association. THE regular monthly meeting of the Columbia Building and Loan Association will be held in Temperance Hall, TO-MORROW (Monday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. By order of the President.

Ang 41 A. G. BRENZER, Secretary.

Gaza Lodge, No. 168, I. O. B. B. A MEETING of this Lodge will be held at Temperance Hall, THIS (Sunday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 3 o'clock. Full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be transacted and Degrees conferred. By order of the President.

Ang 41 T. FRANKLIN, Secretary.

NOTICE. OFFICE BOARD OF HEALTH. AUGUST 3, 1872. A REGULAR MEETING of the Board will be held TO-MORROW (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock, in the City Council Chamber. By order of the Chairman.

HOS. P. WALKER, Acting Clerk. Union copy. August 41 Citizens' Savings Bank of S. C. ALL SAVINGS DEPOSITS made in this Bank on or before the 5th day of each calendar month will bear interest for that month as if deposited on the 1st instant.

J. C. B. SMITH, Assistant Cashier. Ang 15 Flour! Flour! 200 BBL'S NEW FLOUR, of all grades, for sale at greatly reduced prices, by JOHN AGNEW & SON.

Orphan Home of South Carolina. Eligible Buildings Purchased. Orphans, Provisions and Money Wanted. I TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that I have purchased, of the Rev. S. B. Jones, the Spartanburg Female College Building and Campus for the ORPHAN HOME OF SOUTH CAROLINA. The buildings are capable of accommodating about 250 children. The Home will be opened at the close of the present session of the College, i. e. 15TH NOVEMBER next. Applications for the admission of orphans must be sent to me. Destitute children, bereft of both parents, will have their first claim on the institution; those bereft of father next, &c. When any of the children exhibit extraordinary mental aptness, we propose to give them a collegiate education. There will be a Sunday and Day School; also, an Industrial Department in connection with the Home. Address: B. C. OLIVER, Agent, Spartanburg, S. C., S. C.

Aug 4 lmo J. H. KINARD,

With a view of realizing money, and also to make room for the opening of a

LARGE AND VARIED STOCK

In the fall, has decided upon offering his present stock, from this date until the 1st of next September,

AT COST FOR CASH.

AYER'S Hair Vigor,

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy and effectual for preserving the hair. It soon restores faded or gray hair to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed; but such a remnant can be saved by this application and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pesty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. The restoration of vitality it gives to the scalp arrests and prevents the formation of dandruff, which is often so uncleanly and offensive. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a HAIR RESTORING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Contains neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre, and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption.

AMONG the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and the continent, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of Consumption, cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy, it is adequate, in which the public may rely for full protection. By curing Coughs, the fore-runner of more serious diseases, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most skeptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attack of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender infants, in this defence, and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centered on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome influenza and painful Bronchitis, when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle of it the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

May 16 7m114

Auction Sales.

BY D. C. PEIXOTTO & SON. BY virtue of a Chattel Mortgage, to us executed by James M. Allen, with power of sale, we will sell, at the work-shops of the trown Gervais and Lady streets, on MONDAY, the 5th August, instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following property described in the mortgage, viz:

3 Planing Machines, 1 Turning Lathe, 1 Moulding Machine, 1 Mortising Machine, 1 Tenoning Machine, 1 Swinging Out-Saw, 3 Circular Saws and Tables, 1 Patent Turning Lathe, 1 Horse, 1 Mill, 1 Two-Horse Wagon. Terms cash. A. M. STOLBAND, Auctioneer. Aug 4 1 Timothy Rubley.

Just Arrived, A OAR LOAD of choice Saddle and Harness HORSES, to be seen at Chas. Logan's stable. W. S. & J. M. TALBOTT.

Union Savings Bank. SUBSCRIBERS to STOCK in the Union Savings Bank of Columbia, S. C., are requested to pay the second instalment on or before the 5th instant (or the fine imposed by Section 5 of the charter will be enforced) at the office of E. J. Scott & Son.

Aug 3 Fresh Country Butter. 200 LBS. choice COUNTRY BUTTER, for sale by HOPE & GYLES.

Notice. WE hereby give notice to all whom it may concern, that we have resigned our connection with the Universal Life Insurance Company, of New York. The office and business is turned over to Mr. J. W. Shackelford, Southern manager for said Company.

Aug 2 M. W. GARY, M. C. BUTLER. Office Auditor Richard County.

THE Office will continue open for RETURNS OF PROPERTY until the 20th of August; after that date, 50 per cent. penalty will attach for non-compliance with this notice. At the office of E. J. Scott & Son.

Aug 1 Auditor Richard County.

Notice. THE co-partnership of EDWIN J. SCOTT, SON & CO. having expired this day, all debts due by and to them will be settled by the new firm of EDWIN J. SCOTT & SON.

EDWIN J. SCOTT, HENRY E. SCOTT, C. H. BALDWIN, J. P. SOUTHERN, R. C. SHIVER. COLUMBIA, August 1, 1872.

THE undersigned have entered into a co-partnership under the firm name of EDWIN J. SCOTT, SON & CO., and we hereby take great pleasure in recommending the new firm to the confidence of their former patrons and to the public generally as gentlemen in every way qualified for the business, and well deserving the confidence of the community.

J. P. SOUTHERN, C. H. BALDWIN, R. C. SHIVER. COLUMBIA, August 1, 1872.

Notice. PERSONS who left WATCHES in my care years ago to be repaired, will please call for the same, give description, state time and pay charges and take them away. If not called for in ninety days from this date, I will sell them to pay costs.

June 23rd G. DIERCKS.

NOTICE. Greenville and Columbia Railroad Co. The State, ex relatione the Attorney-General, plaintiff, vs. the Greenville and Columbia Railroad Company, defendant.

James G. Gibbs, James B. Pringle and bonds of indebtedness guaranteed by the State, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the second mortgage, non-mortgage bonds, or claims of any other character, to present and establish their respective claims before the undersigned, as Referee, at his office in Columbia, South Carolina, on or before the first day of October next, at which time his report on the claims will be made up and submitted to the Court in the said cases.

JOHN S. GREEN, Referee. COLUMBIA, S. C., June 19, 1872.

Notice is hereby given to all and singular the creditors of the said Greenville and Columbia Railroad Company, whether holding bonds of the first mortgage, bonds or certificates of indebtedness guaranteed by the State, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the second mortgage, non-mortgage bonds, or claims of any other character, to present and establish their respective claims before the undersigned, as Referee, at his office in Columbia, South Carolina, on or before the first day of October next, at which time his report on the claims will be made up and submitted to the Court in the said cases.

JOHN S. GREEN, Referee. COLUMBIA, S. C., June 19, 1872.

Fall Crop--1872. "WHAT we know about Turnips," everybody knows. "The best crop, as well as the most profitable one, a farmer can plant. For stock feeding, none better. All the well-known desirable kinds will be found at headquarters.

HEINTSH'S DRUG STORE, Opposite Phoenix Office, The cheapest store for such and every other article in the land. Everything warranted. Call and see at July 24

HEINTSH'S DRUG STORE.

Wood! Wood! Wood! A CHOICE lot of OAK and HICKORY a WOOD, of all sizes, for sale cheap by the cord, and delivered in any part of the city. I will furnish WOOD by contract at special rates for winter purposes. Orders for the Phoenix office, or at Mr. D. A. Epstein's Dry Goods Store, on Assembly street, will be promptly attended to. The above Wood is in my yard, and can be seen for delivery at any time. P. B. EPSTEIN, North side of Gervais street, between Assembly and Gates street. June 8 8m

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