

PARIS, July 20.—In the Assembly, to-day, Gen. de Cissey, Vice-President of the Council, announced that De Chabaud La Tour had been appointed Minister of the Interior, and Mathieu Badet, Minister of Finance. He further stated that the Cabinet, as now organized, had not had sufficient time to agree on its policy, and moved the postponement of the constitutional debate until Thursday, which was agreed to.

MADRID, July 20.—A proclamation has been issued supplementary to the decree establishing a state of siege. It declares that charges of sedition or conspiracy against the State must be tried by court martial, and persons convicted of interfering with the operations of railways and telegraph shall suffer death.

HAVANA, July 20.—Captain-General Concha has issued a decree, to take effect August 1, providing that duties shall be paid as follows: 50 per cent. in specie, 25 per cent. in Spanish bank bills, with 100 per cent. added, and the remaining 25 per cent. in bank bills, at their nominal value. On and after the 1st prox., the land taxes are to be paid in bank bills, with the addition of 100 per cent. The decree of June 4, authorizing the Spanish Bank to sell to the Spanish Government, on account of the Treasury, to be issued in payment of duties, is annulled.

BERLIN, July 21.—The police, in accordance with a telegram from Kissengen, have searched the house of M. Cremon, editor of the Germania, and other prominent Ultramontanes, and seized a number of documents.

HAVANA, July 21.—The death sentence pronounced against Doskey has been commuted to ten years in prison by President Serrano, at the instance of Captain-General Concha.

Telegraphic—American Matters.

SARATOGA, July 19.—The following is the official decision of the judges in the race: Columbia first; Wesleyan second; Harvard third; Williams fourth; Cornell fifth; Dartmouth sixth; Princeton and Trinity doubtful; Yale ninth.

DETROIT, MICHIGAN, July 19.—Near Ionia, on the Detroit, Lansing and Lake Michigan Road, to-day, a gravel train was backing up, when a burning tree fell across the rails before the engine, and was the means of throwing nearly the whole train from the track. Six men were killed outright, and one has since died of the injuries received. Fourteen or fifteen others were seriously injured.

SARATOGA, July 20.—The college foot race came off this afternoon, at Glen Mitchell. A large concourse of people were present. It is pronounced the most interesting affair of the regatta week. The first race, one mile, running race, was won by E. Opeiland, of Cornell, in 4 minutes and 58 1/2 seconds. The second prize was won by F. H. Vandewater, of Princeton, in 5 minutes and 12 seconds, and the third by S. A. Reed, of Columbia, in 5 minutes and 14 1/2 seconds. The second race, a 100 yards running race, was won by Nerien, of Yale, in 10 1/2 seconds; second by J. B. Pater, of Cornell, in 10 3/4 seconds. The third race, three miles, running race, was won by Downs, of the Wesleyans, in 18 minutes and 17 1/2 seconds; second by J. T. Goodwin, of Columbia, in 18 minutes and 44 1/4. The fourth race, hurdle, running race, 120 yards, hurdles 12 yards apart and 42 inches high, was won by C. Maxwell, of Yale, in 20 1/2 seconds. The fifth race, a seven mile walking match, was won by J. E. Coe, of the Wesleyan, in 71 minutes. The prizes were very handsome, and were put up by James Gordon Bennett, of New York.

NEW ORLEANS, July 21.—The Fourth Congressional District Republican Convention, at Coushatta, nominated Geo. L. Smith for Congress, and passed resolutions endorsing President Grant for a third term.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—Yesterday morning, when the Gazette composers, who took the vacant places of the Union composers, went home, it was deemed necessary they should be escorted by policemen. During the day threats had been made by the Union men against the new composers, and in one instance a letter was sent to the sister of one of the printers, saying that if her brother did not leave the composing room, there would be bloodshed. Last night, after the regular midnight lunch, a number of composers were seized with severe vomiting and purging, accompanied by a burning sensation in the throat and stomach, and several of them were compelled to go home. It is supposed the coffee was poisoned. Some of it was preserved, and a chemical analysis will be made of it to-day.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—A Ledger "personal," inserted by Mr. Ross, informs the child-stealers that the money is ready, and asks: "How shall I know your agents?"

NEW YORK, July 21.—The safe and office furniture of the local branch of the Freedmen's Savings Bank were seized yesterday, by a city marshal, under judgment in the case of Arabella B. Mappin.

The theatrical license or tax of \$500, enforced by the State, has been virtually declared unconstitutional, on the ground that the Legislature cannot tax an individual to support a private corporation, such as the Society for Reformation of Delinquent Children appears to be.

The final deposit was made yesterday, in the prize fight for \$2,000 and the light weight championship of America, between William Edwards, of this city, and Sam. Collyer, of Baltimore. Collyer won the toss for choice for ground for the battle, which will take place within 100 miles of Pittsburgh, August 11.

In the case of Charlotte A. Shotwell,

who assumes the name of Charlotte F. Roddy, which has been on trial in the Court of General Sessions for the past few days, on a charge of larceny from General Phillip D. Roddy, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, amid hearty applause in court. She was remanded, to stand her trial on another charge—that of perjury—bail in the meantime being fixed at \$10,000.

The letter of Theodore Tilton to the investigating committee has been published. He says that, while Beecher possessed a perfect knowledge of both his offence and apology, he has chosen to put on a public affectation of ignorance and innocence concerning them, and has conspicuously appointed a committee of six of the ablest men of his church, together with two attorneys, to inquire into what he leaves the committee to regard as the unaccountable mystery of this offence and apology, as if he had neither committed the one or offered the other, but as if both were the mere fragments of another man's imagination—thus very adroitly prompting the public to draw the deduction that Tilton was a person under some hallucination or delusion, living in a dream and forging a fraud. Furthermore, in order to cast over this explanation the delicate flavor which always lends a charm to the defence of a woman's honor, Mrs. Elizabeth R. Tilton, lately my wife, has been prompted away from her home, to reside among Mr. Beecher's friends, and to co-operate with him in his ostensibly honest and laudable inquiry into facts concerning which she, as well as he, has for years past had perfect and equal knowledge with himself. The investigation, therefore, has been publicly pressed upon me by Beecher, and secondly by Mrs. Tilton, both of whom have united in assuming before the public the non-existence of the grave and solemn facts with which they have conspired to investigate, for the purpose not of eliciting but of denying the truth. The first assumption by them which has seemed to the committee to be in good faith, has virtually led the committee into an examination, in which the committee expect to find, on their part, nothing but innocence, and on Tilton's part nothing but slander. Tilton then says it is now his unhappy duty to give facts and evidences to the committee for reversing their opinion. He charges Mrs. Tilton with joining Beecher in a conspiracy, which cannot fail to be full of peril and wretchedness to many hearts. The last opportunity for reconciliation and settlement has passed. Tilton says of Beecher: This desperate man must hold himself only, and not me, accountable for the misery and wretchedness which these disagreeable disclosures will carry to his home and hearts, as they have already brought to mine, and will add, that the original documents referred to in the ensuing sworn statement are for the most part in my possession, but that the apology and a few other papers are in the hands of Francis D. Moulton. Tilton then swears to statements, among them the following: First—That on the 2d of October, 1855, at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, a marriage between Theo. Tilton and Elizabeth M. Richards was performed, by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, which marriage thirteen years afterwards was dishonored and violated by this clergyman, through the criminal seduction of this wife and mother, as hereinafter set forth. Second—That for a period of about fifteen years, extending both before and after this marriage, an intimate friendship existed between Theodore Tilton and Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, which friendship was cemented to such a degree that in consequence thereof the subsequent dishonoring by Mr. Beecher of his friend's wife was a crime of uncommon wrong and perfidy. Third—That about nine years ago, the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, before and thereafter formed a friendship with Mrs. Elizabeth R. Tilton, for whose native delicacy and extreme religious sensibility he often expressed to her husband a high admiration, visiting her from time to time for years, until the year 1870, when, for reasons herein stated, he ceased such visits—during which period, by many tokens and attentions, he won the affection and love of Mrs. Tilton, whereby, after long moral resistance by her, and after repeated assaults by him upon her mind, with over-maturing arguments, accomplished the possession of her person, maintaining with her thenceforward, during the period hereinafter stated, the relation called criminal intercourse; this relation being regarded by her during that period as not criminally or morally wrong—such had been the power of his arguments as a clergyman to satisfy her religious scruples against such a violation of virtue and honor. Tilton makes other statements in the same direction, showing the continuance of criminal intimacy between Mrs. Tilton and Mr. Beecher, previous to the autumn of 1868. She maintained with Christian firmness towards her pastor the position of resistance, always refusing his amorous pleasures, which were strong and oft-repeated. Tilton says the first suspicion which he had that Beecher was abusing or might abuse the affection and reverence which Mrs. Tilton felt towards her pastor, was an improper caress given by Beecher to Mrs. Tilton, while seated by her side, on the floor of the library overlooking engravings. Tilton gives some disgusting details further to prove the originality of his wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—The harvest is progressing throughout the State. The yield of grain is much larger than last season.

LITTLE ROCK, July 21.—The subcommittee, consisting of Taylor and Ward, of the Congressional Investigating Committee on Arkansas affairs,

Washington, July 21.—The Secretary of War has ordered that the army pursue and punish the daily Indians wherever found, even going upon their reservations; though care is to be taken to prevent striking innocent Indians.

A telegram was received at the Executive Mansion, this morning, from Gov. Davis, of Mississippi, stating that party feeling in Vicksburg is very high, on account of the election to take place August 4, and requesting the presence of United States troops, to prevent an outbreak. The telegram was forwarded to the President at Long Branch.

It is rumored that Gen. Wayne, of Savannah, Ga., will be appointed Minister to St. Petersburg.

Probabilities.—For the Middle States, partly cloudy weather will prevail, with local rains, variable winds, stationary or rising temperature, and rising, followed by falling, barometer. South Atlantic and Gulf States, Tennessee and Ohio Valley, partly cloudy and warm weather will prevail, with local rains, Easterly or Southerly winds and slight changes in barometer.

BALTIMORE, July 21.—Mr. Wittman and wife were attacked in the woods, in Talbot County, in this State, on Saturday night, by two negroes. Mrs. Wittman was killed with a club, and her husband terribly beaten. One of the murderers, who had attempted to commit suicide, was afterwards arrested and narrowly escaped lynching.

Theodore Tilton was before the Beecher Investigation Committee to-night, and the committee remained in session until a late hour; nothing has been made known of the proceeding.

CHICAGO, July 21.—A telegram has been received at Sheridan's headquarters, from Lieutenant Olmsted, in Wyoming Territory, dated the 16th, announcing the defeat of the Arapahoes, by Captain Bates. Twenty Indians were killed; the troops' loss was small. Numbers of Comanches are on the war path, and have had several bloody engagements with the United States soldiers. Old Indian traders predict a general uprising. The barbarities of the Indians seem unrestrained, and great alarm is felt in the whole Indian Territory.

Telegraphic—Commercial Reports.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Noon.—Cotton dull; sales 378—uplands 17 1/2; Orleans 17 1/2. Futures opened quiet and easy: July 16 1/2, 16 1/4; August 16 1/2, 16 3/4; September 16 7/8, 16 1/2. Flour dull and declining. Wheat quiet and heavy. Corn quiet and steady. Pork firm—mess 20 25. Lard quiet—steam 12 1/2. Stocks dull. Money 2 Gold 10. Exchange—long 4 87 1/2; short 4 90. Governments strong. States quiet.

7 P. M.—Cotton net receipts 181; gross 500. Futures closed quiet and steady; sales 1,200: July 16 1/2; August 16 5/8; 16 3/8; September 16 7/8, 16 1/2; October 16 5/8; November 16 1/2; December 16 1/2. Cotton quiet; sales 731, at 17 1/2. Southern flour dull and declining; common to fair extra 5 75@6.35; good to choice 6.40@11.00. Wheat little better—1.28@1.30. Corn opened firm, but closed rather quiet, at 78 1/2@79 for Western mixed. Coffee entirely nominal. Sugar quiet and steady, at 7 1/2@10 1/2. Molasses quiet, without decided change. Pork excited and firmer—new mess 21.00. Lard firmer—12 1/4. Whiskey quiet, at 98 1/2. Money easy, at 2 1/2@3. Exchange firm—4 87 1/2. Gold 10 1/2. Governments dull but strong. States dull and nominal.

BALTIMORE, July 21.—Cotton dull—middling 16 1/2; low middling 15 1/2; good ordinary 14 1/2; gross receipts 12; exports coastwise 60; sales 48; spinners 30; stock 4,540. Flour dull and demand light—Howard street and Western superfine 4 50@5.00; family 6.25@7.75; city mills 4.25@9.50. Wheat dull and lower—1.25@1.45. Corn dull and nominal—77 1/2@80. Provision quiet and firm—mess pork 21.00. Bulk meats nominal—shoulders 9; clear rib sides 10 1/2. Bacon firm—shoulders 9; clear rib sides 11 1/2; hams unchanged. Lard firm, at 13. Western butter unchanged. Coffee quiet and nominal. Whiskey quiet, at 99@1.00. Sugar quiet, at 10 1/2@10 3/4.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—Flour dull and drooping—family 5 40@5.75. Corn dull—mixed 66@69. Pork stronger; sales at 21.00, spot and buyers July—held 21.50@22.00 close. Lard firm—summer scarce—11 1/2; small lots kettle 13 1/2@13 1/2. Bacon firm—shoulders 8 1/2; clear rib 10 1/2; clear 11. Whiskey active and firm—95.

LOUISVILLE, July 21.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn in fair demand and higher—white 82@84; mixed 74@76. Pork quiet and unchanged—21.50. Bacon quiet and unchanged—shoulders 8 1/2; clear rib 11; clear sides 11 1/2. Lard 13 1/2@14. Whiskey 95. BOSTON, July 21.—Cotton quiet—middling 17 1/2; gross receipts 1,311; sales 150; stock 9,500.

AUGUSTA, July 21.—Cotton demand fair—middling 15 1/2; net receipts 63; sales 148.

WILMINGTON, July 21.—Cotton quiet and nominal—middling 15 1/2; net receipts 7; stock 761.

MOBILE, July 21.—Cotton dull and unchanged; exports coastwise 83; stock 6,169.

CHARLESTON, July 21.—Cotton quiet—middling 15 1/2; net receipts 33; sales 125; stock 8,826.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn quiet and unchanged—64@65 No. 2 mixed on track. Whiskey higher—96. Pork higher, at 21.50@22.00. Bacon firm and only limited jobbing demand. Lard firm, at 11 1/2 for summer.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Cotton dull—middling 17 1/2.

SAVANNAH, July 21.—Cotton quiet—middling 15; net receipts 56; gross 56; sales 118; stock 9,959.

NORFOLK, July 21.—Cotton quiet—low middling 15 1/2; net receipts 48; exports coastwise 130; sales 20; stock 598.

MEMPHIS, July 21.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; demand fair; offering light; receipts 50; shipments 390; stock 9,399.

NEW ORLEANS, July 21.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; net receipts 168; gross 295; sales 400—last evening 200; stock 29,168.

GALVESTON, July 21.—Cotton dull and unchanged; receipts 30; stock 5,904.

LONDON, July 21.—Consols 92 1/2@92 3/4.

LIVERPOOL, July 21.—3 30 P. M.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 10,000, including 2,000 speculation and export; sales of uplands, nothing below good ordinary, deliverable July or August, 8 1/2, 8 1/4; of sales to-day, 5,900 were American.

6 P. M.—Sales of Orleans, nothing below low middling, deliverable September or October, 8 5/8; shipments of new crop, on basis of middling uplands, nothing below good ordinary, 8 1/2. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester quiet and unchanged.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, CHARLESTON, July 20.—Judge Bryan presiding.—Testimony in the case of Wm. L. Bradley against the South Carolina Phosphate and Phosphatic River Mining Company and the Marine and River Phosphate Mining and Manufacturing Company, of South Carolina, was heard in this Court yesterday. The preliminary proceedings in this case, which is a motion for an injunction for infringement on phosphate lands, were held last Friday. The counsel in the case are Messrs. James B. Campbell and Edward McCrally, Sr., for the plaintiff, the Hon. A. G. Magrath for the South Carolina Phosphate and Phosphatic River Mining Company, and Messrs. Corbin & Stone for the Marine and River Phosphate Mining and Manufacturing Company, of South Carolina. The hearing of the case will be continued on Thursday next.

In the District Court, the petition of Robert C. Grier and Daniel Paul, of Georgetown, S. C., for involuntary bankruptcy, was referred to Registrar E. M. Seabrook for adjudication. The petition of Porter, Day & Co. and Miller, Morrison & Co., for claim against Ellis C. Green, bankrupt, was referred to Registrar Seabrook to take proofs, &c. In the petition of F. W. Kerchner, for sale of choses in action, in the matter of James F. Bland, bankrupt, it was ordered that the assignee sell the choses in action and make pro rata distribution of the residue among the creditors of the bankrupt.

A BEAUTIFUL TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF GENERAL LEE.—At the Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Va., says the Savannah Advertiser, a student is each day detailed to watch beside the tomb of General Lee. Every morning one of the students is posted at the tomb in the memorial room of the chapel, built under the supervision of Lee. He is styled a "watcher," and his duty is to remain there during the day, and receive visitors, showing them the proper courtesy and attention. As there are nearly 350 students, no one is on duty more than once a year. Thus, the entire Southern people, through their representatives in the University, are watching at the tomb of Lee, and their sons improved in manner and bearing by the sacred duty they perform, and their minds and hearts benefited by thoughts of the noble dead.

The fierce, vindictive spirit of the women who were connected more or less directly with the Communist atrocities in Paris, was manifested in a singular manner as late as three weeks ago. A woman whose brother—a Communist—had been sentenced to hard labor for life, sought and obtained charge of a school conducted by the Sisters of St. Vincent de Paul. "Her first care on entering upon her duties was to destroy all the religious emblems about the place, and she then made the children dance in the chapel to the tune of the 'Marseillaise' and to the refrain of 'Vive la Republique.'" The woman refused to make any defence, and she was sentenced to one year's imprisonment. What a weird light does the trial throw on the social animosities of "beautiful France!"

A BIG DOCTOR'S FEE.—The son and heir of the late Edwin Stevens, Mr. John G. Stevens, although he is the possessor of almost unlimited wealth, being worth some \$75,000,000, has, until very lately, been a most unhappy man. He has been afflicted since his birth with a peculiar wen, which has increased year by year, until it covered a large portion of his face and neck. It was a most unpleasant object, being covered with long hair, and strangely resembled an animal. No man could see it without a shudder, and ladies have fainted at the sight of it. Physicians examined it, but pronounced it incurable. Finally, upon an offer of \$150,000, Dr. W. Parker, of Boston, performed an operation, which is believed will prove successful, and the millionaire is happy.

ESTIMATES AND COST.—The estimated cost, originally, of the Brooklyn bridge was \$5,000,000. Based on this, the subscriptions were \$2,500,000 by the city of Brooklyn, \$1,500,000 by the city of New York and \$1,000,000 by individuals. It is said now the cost will be \$15,000,000, three times the first estimated sum, and some think it will cost \$20,000,000.

IMMIGRANTS FOR SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Charlotte Observer, of the 19th, says: "Friday night, a small colony of select English, Scotch and German people, in charge of the agent, Mr. Gaines, were lodged at the Central Hotel in our city, and are to be settled along the Air Line Railroad, in the upper part of South Carolina. They represent about forty persons in all, and their wives and children will come on as soon as these locate. They are men of some means and mostly mechanics. A number of our public-spirited gentlemen made their acquaintance and encouraged them by friendly greeting. We learn that a much larger colony is getting ready to follow these in a few weeks."

The Chicago Tribune publishes a letter from Rev. G. C. Mullins, which undertakes to show that the pulpit is losing much of its old-time power, and inquires into the causes. Mr. Mullins attributes the waning influence of the pulpit to the decided change from the kind of preaching we used to hear to that we listen to now-a-days. Formerly, he says, it was the duty of the minister of the Gospel to preach the word, pure and simple; and now the preacher has been metamorphosed into the moral essayist, the religious-philosophical lecturer and a professional, who must send up a rocket and make a sensation once a week, if he expects to succeed.

There seems to be no end to the wealth of California. The Territorial Enterprise says that, according to present indications, "the State will harvest wheat enough to load 1,000 ships, each of 1,000 tons burden, and have enough left for home consumption." At the same time, we are reminded of the declaration of a Senator from that State, twenty years ago, that he "would not give six bits for all the agricultural land in California." So that we never know the good gifts that are in store for us, and where we expect gold find wheat, and as seems to be the case in our Pacific commonwealth, gather more gold from the wheat than from the mines.

The first shovelful of dirt upon the projected line of railroad from Chicago to the sea was thrown up by President Haymond in Lake County, Ind., about two weeks ago. As he broke ground President Haymond dedicated the work to the great States of Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, Georgia and South Carolina, "soon to be bound together as with a band of iron." The local newspapers are confident that the Chicago and South Atlantic Railroad will be a speedily built.

A MAN KILLED WITH A PITCH FORK. John Guerin, laborer, stabbed John Monahan with a pitch-fork, in a hay field, near Morristown, N. J., Wednesday last, so that he died the same night. Three men who witnessed the affair agreed to say nothing about it, and reported that Monahan died of cramps, but suspicion was aroused which led to the discovery of the cause of death. The three men were arrested.

George Simpson, a planter residing about fifteen miles from Shreveport, La., was murdered by a negro Saturday. Simpson, who is about seventy years old, was alone and asleep when the negro stepped into the house and seized Simpson's gun shot him dead. The negro was pursued and captured, and when within six miles of the city was taken from the captors and killed.

A mother in England heard recently that her boy was very sick at boarding school, and went after and took him home. His body bore marks of a whipping, and he died the next day. A jury, which seems to have been of about American average, voted that the boy died of sun-stroke, and recommended the head master to whip no more pupils.

AWFUL.—In Mr. Theodore Tilton's parlor there is a splendid oil-painting of Christ, made by Page, the artist, from sittings by Theodore Tilton, who is supposed to resemble the Saviour of mankind. If it be true that Tilton resembles the pictures of the God-man, he is the worst caricature the world has ever known.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—Ex-Secretary McCullough, being interviewed upon the financial question, approved the Grant memorandum and denounces the policy, advocated in the platform of the recent Indiana Democratic Convention, of paying 5 20s in greenbacks as the first step towards repudiation.

The New York Evening Post (Republican) says that "the free quotations from the Bible" with which the campaign address of the Republican Congressional Committee is peppered, "suggest the co-operation of Frederick A. Sawyer, late Assistant Secretary of the Treasury."

Mr. W. H. Green, of Charleston, while on his way to his home, near the Six Mile House, on the night of the 19th inst., was fired upon and severely wounded, by an ambuscaded party. A colored man has been arrested on suspicion of being the attempted murderer.

Mr. Spurgeon thinks little churches are more difficult to manage than big ones. The former, he thinks, are like canoes, in which you cannot move without fear of upsetting, while a big church is like a steamer, you can walk anywhere without fear of the consequences.

It is hard to imagine what other portion of their personal apparel the ladies can put beads on save the pocket handkerchief or the shoes. The last article thus ornamented was the lace scarf worn around the neck, which is now covered with beads as large as hen's eggs.

Johnny Bell refuses to be bound altogether by the decisions and decrees of the Federal Conference. He reserves the right to sell projectiles to all or any who may choose to buy. Johnny will sign any treaty but such as may affect his purse.

Two intoxicated men, named Thos. Gladden and Calvin Roddy, had a difficulty near Shelby, N. C., on the 19th inst., when the latter was killed by blows from an iron in the hands of the former.

Ex-Attorney General Clarke, of Manitoba, was assaulted and dangerously injured Sunday night, by parties who were imprisoned last year at Winnipeg for an alleged attempt to kidnap Lord Gordon.

ON THE DRILL.—We learn from some of the most prominent planters of Edgefield County, that the negroes in that section have, as a general thing, abandoned the crops and gone to drilling.

A German in New York, being asked how much sour krant he had put up for winter use, replied, "I've not got much; little more as ten barrels, skunt for sickness."

"Teddy" Nathan, ex-Chief of the Charleston Fire Department, has been presented with a handsome gold watch by the white members.

The Congregationalist explains what it means by "lightning-bug piety"—Bright while it lasts, but cold and soon out.

SUBSCRIBERS—Obtain the latest news by mail and by telegraph in the DAILY PHOENIX.

A paper in Chinese has appeared at San Francisco.

To Rent. THE front portion of the STORE now occupied by D. C. Peixotto & Sons, fronting 30 feet on Main street and running back about 60 feet. For terms, apply on the premises to July 22 1874. D. C. PEIXOTTO & SONS.

Catawba Tribe, No. 1, Improved Order of Red Men. A COUNCIL FIRE of the above Tribe will be kindled at the Wigwam, (Odd Fellows' Hall), 8th Run, 22d Street, Back Moon, G. S. D. 383. By order of the Sachem, RICHARD JONES, Chief of Records.

July 21 "The Georgia Gin," We again call the attention of those without GINS to the above Gin. We have sold them for seven years, and the universal satisfaction they have given and the largely increased demand and sale each year, is the best evidence of their merits. We believe they will GIN FASTER, MAKE A BETTER LINT, RUN LIGHTER AND GIN CLEANER, than any other Gin in the market. Order early. LORIOK & LOWBANCE, Agents for South Carolina.

July 23 Grand Concert BY THE COLUMBIA CHORAL UNION AT PARKER'S HALL. THIS EVENING, JULY 22, 1874, FOR THE Benefit of Palmetto Orphan Home!

ADMISSION 1/2 00. Secure Reserve Seats at LyBrand's Music Store. Tickets for sale at LyBrand's Music Store, and by soliciting committees. July 22

Desirable Property for Sale. I WILL sell, at a fair price, and on reasonable terms, my RESIDENCE, opposite the University grounds. The House contains nine rooms and has water, gas, baths, etc., etc. A. G. BRANZIKER, July 19

Landreth's Turnip Seed. RUPA BAGA, Flat Dutch, Globe, Red Top just received at L. T. SILLIMAN & CO'S Drug Store. July 18

Notice to Chewers of Good Tobacco. CALHOUN! CALHOUN! CALHOUN! A FRESH supply of the celebrated CALHOUN CHEWING TOBACCO, just received and for sale at JOHN C. SEEGEIS. July 18

New Books at Bryan's. THE GREAT ICE AGE and its Relation to the Antiquity of Man—by James Geikie, F. R. S. \$2 50. Wilkes, Sheridan, Fcx. (of time of George III.) \$2 00. Sumner, (Professor,) on American Currency. \$3 00. The Doctrine of Evolution—by Winchell. \$1 00. Verne's Meridian or Adventures in South Africa. Verne's from the Earth to the Moon and Around it. \$1 00. Sun Views of the Earth and the Seasons, illustrated—by Proctor, F. R. S. \$2 50. Verne's Journey to the Centre of the Earth. 75 cents. Also, a supply of new NOVELS, by English and German authors, cheap.

Cypress Shingles. CAN be supplied in any quantity to suit Customers, hand made, drawn SHINGLES (by experienced workmen) of the best Black or Spanish Cypress, twenty-one inches long, six inches wide, five-eighths of an inch thick at one end; all put up in bundles of fifty each, and delivered at railroad depot in Columbia at the following prices: No. 1—beats—per thousand, \$9 50; saps, per thousand, \$6 50. Experiment will prove them the cheapest Shingle in use. Apply to P. B. GLASS, Office at Columbia Hotel, first floor, front. July 19

Granite Mills, AUGUSTA, GA., JUNE 9, 1874 FOR SALE—MEAL, GRIEST, Corn Meal, Middlings, Fine Feed, Pea Bran, best Flour from new Wheat, at lowest prices. July 10 GEO. T. JACKSON & CO.

Extracts. ENGLISH French and American EXTRACTS for the Handkerchief, for sale at L. T. SILLIMAN & CO'S Drug Store. July 7

Lemon Sugar and Syrup. GANTZ'S Sicily LEMON SUGAR, Pure LEMON SYRUP. On hand and for sale by JOHN AGNEW & SON. July 2

Catawba Wine. PURE Kelley Island CATAWBA, on hand and for sale by JOHN A. NEW & SON. July 2