

Telegraphic-Foreign Affairs.

PARIS, November 17.—La Liberté today admits that the announcements that a compromise has been effected between the Government of Buenos Ayres and the insurgents were false.

LONDON, November 18.—It is reported that Gen. Lazerna, commander of the Republican army in North Spain, is dead. A special to the Standard, from Hendage, reports that military operations are suspended on account of the weather. Bazaine has arrived in Madrid. Yarmouth fishing craft have been missing since the recent gale, and are believed to be lost, with all on board—upwards of thirty persons.

A Berlin despatch to the Times says a letter from Prince Henri Reuss, German Ambassador at St. Petersburg, on the policy of Germany towards Russia, is among the documents which Arnim is required to surrender. Its disappearance adds to the mystery of the affair. The North German Gazette (semi-official) refers to D'Israeli's recent denial that certain allusions in his Guild Hall speech were applicable to the Arnim affair, and says the explanation is gratifying to all those who are desirous of preventing a misunderstanding between England and Germany.

MADRID, November 18.—It is General Lersundi, formerly Captain-General of the Island of Cuba, who is dead, and not General Lazerna.

LONDON, November 18.—A Polar exploring expedition, to be fitted out by the British Government, will consist of two steamers; Captain Markham, of the Royal Navy, will command one of them. The expedition will start for the Arctic regions next May.

The race for the great Shropshire handi-cap, at Shrewsbury meeting, today, was won by Syrian.

PARIS, November 18.—The Journal des Debats publishes a violent editorial attack upon Disraeli, for his disclaiming that his recent Guildhall speech referred to the Von Arnim case. The Debats says Disraeli has simply apologized to Bismarck for his offensive utterances.

Telegraphic-American Matters.

BOSTON, November 16.—The Globe today editorially says: "There is considerable talk among men who voted with the Democrats of the formation of a third party, to be called 'The People's Reform Party.' They argue the mission of the Republican party ended, and unless they attempt to resuscitate the Democratic organization, a new party must be formed, composed of the best men of the Republican and Democratic parties. The platform is not fully consummated, but the basis will be hard money, early resumption of specie payments, civil service reform, economical administration of affairs and short legislative sessions. The Presidential candidates named are Sherman, Sheridan and Banks. Some oppose military men, preferring civilians."

NEW ORLEANS, November 18.—The United States troops who have been occupying the State House for some time past were withdrawn at 6 o'clock A. M., and Captain Lawler, with a force of about thirty policemen, supplied their place. John M. Landige, who was elected by the returning board to fill the vacancy occasioned by Gen. Longstreet's resignation, declines for the reason that he has no expression or intimation from the board that place would be made for another Conservative member, thus placing the party he should represent in something like equality with that of its contestants and not having been requested by the Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative party to act in such capacity on the returning board. The board has resumed counting at the twelfth poll in the Second Ward of the city.

The divers of the bell boat Osage, on examining the wreck of the Empire, this morning, saw wedged in the freight on deck, some ten or twelve dead hands. The divers were unable to gain admission into the state rooms on account of obstructions by freight. It is now believed the loss of life will reach between thirty and forty.

NEW YORK, November 18.—The steam tug Lilly exploded today, and five lives lost; Captain Havens fatally scalded. The Importers and Grocers Board of Trade, at a special meeting today, decided to send a committee of three to the Cheap Transportation Convention at Richmond, Va., December 1. The Committee on Trade and Statistics submitted a revision of the commissioners' draft of the United States revenue and collection laws, with the following preamble and resolutions, which were adopted:

Resolved, That this board respectfully recommend Congress to repeal the Act, known as Title 33, duties upon imports, passed June 22, 1874. And further resolved, that in the opinion of this board, a careful revision and simplification of the revenue and collection laws is a positive necessity, and is demanded alike by the people and the administrators of said laws; and they would respectfully ask that the commissioners' draft of Titles 35 and 36, with the suggestions and modifications offered by this board, receive the profound consideration of the members of Congress at the earliest moment, with the view of their adoption as law.

PHILADELPHIA, November 18.—The Brussels, ingrain and tapestry carpet weavers, at Dobson's mills, have signified their willingness to resume work; but a number of blanket weavers and persons employed in the spinning and finishing departments and laborers are dissatisfied and refuse to resume work, unless equal concessions are made to them. They held a mass meeting today, and resolved not to resume work, and adjourned to meet on Saturday. A strong police force has been placed about the mills, to prevent violence from those on the strike. The present indications are that there will be a fresh rupture.

CINCINNATI, November 18.—The robbers of the American express office in this city have finally confessed where they secreted the plunder, and late last night it was found concealed in the woods some distance North of the city. It is believed that nearly if not quite all the stolen money has been recovered, though it has not yet been counted.

NEW YORK, November 18.—Several cases of assaults yesterday, by striking longshoremen upon persons who were not even looking for work are reported by the police. Further assaults by the strikers are expected.

The Beecher-Tilton case has been finally set for December 8.

FORT LARAMIE, November 18.—The Indians have given a reluctant consent for Prof. Marsh, of Yale College, to visit the Black Hills.

WASHINGTON, November 18.—The Commissioner of Agriculture says the demand for semi-tropical fruits for experiment in the Southern States is very great—beyond the ability of the department to supply. The Chinese tea plant is especially in demand, and many thousands of young plants have been distributed during the past year.

In regard to the second despatch sent by order of the President to the Governor of Texas, it is stated that without forming or expressing any opinion as to whether or not Santana had violated his parole, the President and Secretary Dolano, fearing he might be executed before the evidence could be fully collected, considered it merely just to delay his execution. It is today ascertained that during Gov. Davis' incumbency, the sentence of Santana was commuted from death to imprisonment for life; and this commutation, he has lately been placed in the Texas Penitentiary.

Probabilities.—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, generally cloudy weather and areas of rain will prevail, with lower temperature, North or East winds and rising barometer. For the New England and the Middle States, colder and partly cloudy weather, with North or West winds and rising barometer. For the lower lake region, Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, clearing and colder weather, with Northerly winds, rising barometer, light rains, South of the Ohio Valley and light snow North of the lower lake region. The lower Ohio and central Mississippi Rivers will rise.

CHARLESTON, November 18.—Arrived—Schooler F. E. McDonald, New York; Elizabeth Moraney.

Telegraphic-Commercial Reports.

COLUMBIA, November 18.—Sales of cotton today 185 bales—middling 13 1/2 @ 13 3/4—market easier.

NEW YORK, November 18.—Noon.—Money 3/4. Gold 10 1/2. Exchange—long 4.86; short 4.90. Governments active and lower. State bonds active and strong. Cotton dull and easier; sales 1,478—uplands 14 1/2; Orleans 15 1/2. Futures opened: January 15 3/32, 15 1/16; February 15 1/32; March 15 1/32; April 15 1/32. Flour and corn quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and declining. Pork firm—20.75. Lard quiet—steam 15 1/2.

7 P. M.—Money 3/4 @ 4. Exchange dull—4.86. Gold 11 1/2. Governments active and little lower for some. States dull but steady. Cotton dull; sales 1,558, at 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2. Flour less active and unchanged. Wheat heavy—1.18 @ 1.26 for winter red Western. Corn heavy; sales 61,000, at 91 @ 92 Western mixed, store; 92 1/2 @ 93 1/2 afloat. Coffee firm and in good jobbing demand; stock Rio first hands light. Sugar firm and quiet—7 1/2 @ 8 1/2 fair to good refining; 8 1/2 prime refined. Molasses quiet—New Orleans 62 @ 65. Rice dull and unchanged. Pork firm—Western meats 20.75 @ 21.00. Out meats quiet—long clear middles 11 1/4; long and short clear winter delivery, 10 1/2. Lard firm—prime steam 15 1/2. Whiskey steady, at 1.03. Cotton net receipts 818; gross 6,555. Futures closed barely steady; sales 22,900: November 14 23-32 @ 11 1/2; December 14 13 1/16; January 15 1-16 @ 15 3/32; February 15 1/32 @ 15 1/32; March 15 1/32; April 16; May 16 9 3/32 @ 16 5/16; June 16 17 3/32 @ 16 9/16.

BALTIMORE, November 18.—Cotton quiet and easy—middling 14 1/2; gross receipts 720; exports coastwise 100; sales 606; spinners 260; stock 13,218. Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat strong and in good demand. Bacon firm and higher—shoulders 10 @ 10 1/4; clear rib sides 14 @ 14 1/4. Lard firm and higher—15 @ 16 1/2. Coffee quiet and firm. Whisk-y firm. Sugar unchanged.

BOSTON, November 18.—Cotton easier but not notably lower—middling 15 1/4; low middling 14 1/2; good ordinary 14 1/2; net receipts 169; gross 3,524; exports Great Britain 660; sales 1,000; stock 7,000.

LOUISVILLE, November 18.—Flour unchanged. Corn 72 @ 75. Pork firm—21.00. Bacon none here. Sugar-cured hams 12 @ 12 1/2. Lard—tierce 14 @ 14 1/2; keg 15 @ 15 1/2. Whiskey 98.

CINCINNATI, November 18.—Flour steady. Corn firm and higher—ear 64 @ 65; shelled 66 @ 67. Pork steady—29.00. Lard firm—kettle 14; steam 13 1/2.

MEMPHIS, November 18.—Cotton weak and lower to sell—middling 14; shipments 876; sales 1,300; stock 37,174.

SAVANNAH, November 18.—Cotton quiet and firm—middling 14 1/2; receipts 4,276; exports to Great Britain 2,670; continent 1,314; channel 870; coastwise 599; sales 2,568; stock 72,564.

CHARLESTON, November 18.—Cotton quiet and slightly easier—middling 14 1/2; net receipts 3,139; exports to Great Britain 1,924; coastwise 1,540; sales 1,000; stock 61,870.

CHICAGO, November 18.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn in fair demand and higher—No. 2 mixed 78; high mixed 78 1/2 @ 78 3/4; new rejected 70. Pork firm and in fair demand—closing quiet, at 19.00 @ 19.12 1/2. Lard in good demand, at 13 1/2 @ 13 3/4. Whiskey steady—99.

NEW ORLEANS, November 18.—Cotton firm—middling 14 1/2; low middling 14 1/4; good ordinary 13 1/2; net receipts 1,874; gross 3,146; exports to Great Britain 6,458; continent 420; sales 7,000; stock 113,025; exports to Great Britain, to-day, are included 398 not before reported.

ST. LOUIS, November 18.—Flour in good demand for low grades—superior winter 3 7/8 @ 4.00. Corn a fraction higher—No. 2 mixed 70 @ 71 1/2, according to location. Whiskey 1.00. Pork firm. Bacon nothing doing—no stock. Lard lower—13 1/2.

MOBILE, November 18.—Cotton firm—middling 14 1/2; net receipts 2,053; exports Great Britain 2,453; coastwise 791; sales 2,700; stock 33,814.

PHILADELPHIA, November 18.—Cotton quiet—middling 15; net receipts 114; gross 859.

WILMINGTON, November 18.—Cotton unchanged—middling 14; net receipts 853; exports to Great Britain 670; stock 5,242.

AUGUSTA, November 18.—Cotton demand good—middling 13 1/2; net receipts 1,554; sales 1,364.

NOFOLK, November 18.—Cotton dull—middling 14 1/2; net receipts 4,565; exports coastwise 4,475; sales 400; stock 28,765.

AUGUSTA, November 18.—Hon. A. H. Stephens left for Washington this afternoon. He is in better health than he has been for the past ten years, and weighs eighty pounds.

GALVESTON, November 18.—Cotton steady and fair demand—middling 14 1/2; receipts 2,949; exports Great Britain 1,702; coastwise 20; sales 3,154; stock 60,415.

LONDON, November 18.—Street rate 4. Consols 93 @ 93 1/2.

PARIS, November 18.—Rentes 69f. 57 1/2 c.

LIVERPOOL, November 18.—3 P. M.—Cotton firm—uplands 3 1/2; Orleans 8 1/2; sales 18,000, including 8,000 American; 3,000 speculation and export; cotton to arrive 1-16 cheaper; sales on basis middling uplands, nothing below good ordinary, shipped October, November, December or January, 7 11-16 @ 7 1/2; sales on basis middling uplands, nothing below low middling, shipped November, December or January, 7 11-16 @ 7 1/2.

6 P. M.—Cotton sales basis middling uplands, nothing below low middling, shipped December or January, 7 11-16.

The Chinese Typhoon.

The Hong Kong Press, September 26, says:

It is our painful duty to record, by the present mail, one of the most appalling disasters that has ever happened in this colony. A typhoon of unprecedented violence raged in this neighborhood on Tuesday night, September 22, and Wednesday morning last. The barometer kept rapidly falling, and the wind increased frightfully in violence, raging and howling at first, and after a time sounding like one continued peal of musketry, broken at intervals by artillery, as sudden and more violent gusts swept through the harbor and over the land. At times, even above the fierce howling of the wind, could be heard the pitiful cries of thousands vainly battling with the storm. Not a single ship in port remained undamaged, and the casualties and loss of life—the latter estimated at over 2,000 souls—have exceeded anything which has ever before been upon record. The city, after the occurrence, presented the appearance of a town which had been besieged. In all directions were roofless or shattered houses, crumbling walls, naked poles and rafters standing out gloomily against the leaden sky. The roads were strewn right and left with debris, wreck of boats and trees—some of gigantic size—torn up by the roots. The telegraph on the island and the marine telegraph between Hong Kong and Saigon was interrupted; the gas-pipes were torn up; dead bodies in all directions washed ashore. The tide was exceptionally high, which materially increased the amount of the damage inflicted, and to the Eastward a great deal of injury, both to life and property, was caused by the height of water, which, on the plain at East Point, was on an average about four feet high.

The scene among the junks and on shore is described as terrific. The dock has sustained great injury, sheds and buildings having been damaged to an estimated value of \$50,000. Large numbers got adrift, and many of them went down in a short time.

The gale was felt severely at Kowloon, and the damage done to the junks which went over for refuge is also very large—many of them having been forced a great distance on shore. The whole place presents the appearance of being leveled, and dead bodies are found hundreds of yards from the shore. Three foreign vessels are also reported ashore.

The British bark Malvern was run into and sank. The captain, his wife and all hands are supposed to be lost. The captain of the Maury was lost when the vessel went down. The whole of Thursday bodies were being picked up and washed on shore, and

up to late in the afternoon 112 had been recovered. A list of over thirty foreign steamers and large vessels is given which were totally lost or seriously disabled. The Macao steamer Poysang, which arrived on Thursday afternoon, brought very bad news of the disasters there. The typhoon and fires together have almost leveled the entire city. The whole of the houses along the Praya Grande are in ruins, and houses in all directions fell from the force of the terrific gale. To add to the horror of this, fires broke out in various places, and the Church of St. Antonio and many fine buildings were burned to the ground. Many hundreds of lives were lost by the downfall of houses and by the fires. The appearance of the colony from the water was awfully grand.

After the typhoon, great difficulty was experienced in removing the dead bodies which came ashore in all directions. The destruction of life in native craft vastly outnumbered anything that has occurred before. In ordinary typhoons the places of shelter which the Chinese, who have a marvelous instinct in foreseeing the advent of these terrible visitations, seek are sufficient to protect the large bulk of the junks and sampans. The poor people had, in the present instance, relied upon the shelter which had afforded them protection upon former occasions, but were utterly mistaken in their calculations, as their craft were driven from their places of refuge, and, in the words of an eye-witness, who himself had a narrow escape in his vessel, large junks broke up actually like match-boxes. One of the officers who was on board the Pacific mail steamer Alaska, says that he saw a batch of fully 100 junks founder all at once. The misery which has been spread, both in this colony and Macao, is something appalling. One of the saddest considerations is that numberless junks have utterly gone to atoms with every soul on board, so that hundreds of people must be kept in lengthened suspense as to the fate of friends and relatives, of which no one lives to tell the tale.

A correspondent writes from Hong Kong, October 4, as follows: "Hong Kong and the harbor was a desolate sight, indeed—vessels stranded on the shore, broken to pieces, and only the masts above the water; what few remained were either dismantled or the bare hulls remaining, and, of the thousands of native boats of all kinds, not a single one was floating. It is said that a steamer which was sunk had 200 Chinese passengers under her hatch; the captain and nearly all the crew were lost. The captain was found washed ashore nearly to Queen's Road, the main street. Aberdeen is almost entirely destroyed, and the Wompoa Dock Company's property damaged to the amount of \$40,000. Many lives were lost here. Among the debris of one small building I counted fourteen dead bodies, most of them so crushed and disfigured as to be past recognition. Next day we waited impatiently to hear the account of the effects of the typhoon at Macao, and the loss of life is almost too awful to contemplate. While the storm was raging the pirates took possession of the town, and set fire to it and destroyed over 700 houses. They pillaged and destroyed the better portion of the city; all the vessels, both native and foreign, were destroyed. The Canton and Macao Company's steamer White Cloud, bottom up, is high and dry on shore. It is computed that over 10,000 lives were lost in the Macao alone. Four days after, the effluvia arising from the 10,000 of decomposing bodies was so great that the National Guards revolted and refused to bury any more; and the Governor, fearing that a plague would soon follow if the bodies were not disposed of, ordered them to be burned. 4,000 were cremated, first covering them with tar and then setting fire to them. The loss of life in and around the immediate vicinity of Hong Kong will exceed 4,000. I am very sorry to state a large number of Europeans were lost, and the whole number of lives lost will number over 20,000 souls. The amount of property destroyed goes far in the millions."

STOCKS AND BONDS AT AUCTION.—Mr. Louis D. DeSaussure sold, in Charleston, on the 17th, the following securities: \$4,500 city of Charleston six per cent. stock, redeemable in 1881, at 50; \$740 city of Charleston six per cent. stock, redeemable in 1896, at 50; \$800 State of South Carolina six per cent. bonds, issued under Act 21st September, 1866, signed by James L. Orr, Governor, with coupons attached from 1st July, 1871, at 26; \$3,400 State of South Carolina six per cent. stock, issued under Act of June 1st, 1838, for rebuilding the city of Charleston, commonly known as the "Fire Loan Stock," at 28 1/2; \$50 State of South Carolina six per cent. stock, issued under Acts of 1866, at 25. Terms cash.

AN ISLAND ADRIFF.—During the gale on Saturday night, an island, two acres in extent, situate in St. Louis Bay, one and a half miles above Minnesota Point, was displaced and floated a distance of three miles down into Duluth Bay, and landed at Allen's ship-yard. Upon the island are pine trees that will measure three feet across the stump, and is thickly covered over with other timber. The soil on the island is as solid as any on the mainland. There are several islands in Duluth and St. Louis Bays, but none have heretofore been known to be displaced and to float such a distance.

The residence of Mr. Archie Ramsay, about twenty-four miles from Greenville, on the Augusta road, was destroyed by fire a few nights ago. Nothing saved.

A WHOLESOME MURDERER.—A desperado named Tom Adams, an Englishman, was recently killed at Mazatlan, Mexico. Before he died he confessed that he was guilty of fourteen murders, all but one of which were committed in the United States and Canada, and for none of which was he ever arrested. The only legal punishment he has ever received was three years' imprisonment for burglary in Chicago.

The old-fashioned Zouave jacket is revived. It is slashed with black cord, in true military style. Ruffles for the neck are made on a foundation of a bright colored silk, with a beautiful effect. Black velvet under-skirts promise to be generally fashionable this season, made with one small ruff. It is economy to purchase the best black silk. The cheap materials are never worth retaining a second season.

NEW TELEGRAPH COMPANY.—The New York Commercial Advertiser says: "We understand that a new telegraph company has been organized under the title of the American Automatic Telegraph Company, which is under the direct auspices of the Pennsylvania Central, Erie and Baltimore and Ohio Railway Companies. This will engender a further rivalry, and should tend to insure cheap telegraphy."

The ruler who has most recently come under the ban of the church is the President of Chili. The Bishops of Serbia and Concepcion made their appearance lately in Santiago, the capital of the republic, and issued a pastoral excommunicating the President, several members of the Council of State and a host of Senators and Deputies. The cause of Mother Church's displeasure is not stated.

FIRE IN THE DISMAL SWAMP.—Accounts from Virginia say that in almost every direction in the Dismal Swamp and its environs the fires which originated almost a month ago by the drought are burning with alarming rapidity, and valuable timber lands are a prey to the flames.

Two colored men, named John Bag and Jim Anderson, are robbing persons on the highway in Spartanburg County. They are said to be cowardly fellows, and always look out for solitary travelers. They are ex-convicts, pardoned by Gov. Moses.

A GOLDEN WEDDING.—Mr. and Mrs. William Kirkwood, of Charleston, celebrated their golden wedding on the 18th. Mr. Kirkwood is one of the old city fathers, and is now in his 79th year.

Since the 31 instant, Virginia State bonds have advanced four per cent. in price, while those of Tennessee and North Carolina have been sold at from six to seven per cent. higher than previous to that date.

We learn that Mrs. Henry Bachman, who resides about eight miles from Lexington village, fell dead on Wednesday morning last, while preparing breakfast.

A black man seven feet high married a black woman six and a half feet high in Buckingham County, Va., last week.

26 deaths are reported in Charleston for the week ending the 14th—whites 15; colored 11.

A large portion of the town of Appalachicola was destroyed by fire on the 5th instant.

The trial of Count Von Arnim has been postponed until December 9.

Mr. Angus Macanlay died of consumption, in Winnsboro, on the 17th.

Tax Levy.

RICHLAND COUNTY, OFFICE COUNTY TREASURER, COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 16, 1874.

The following taxes have been levied upon the property of this County, viz:

- 1. For pay of salaries Executive and Judicial officers of the State, the Clerks and contingent expenses of the Executive and Judicial Departments of the Government. MILLS 1 1/2
- 2. For support and maintenance of the penal, charitable and educational institutions of the State, exclusive of common schools. 1 1/2
- 3. For support and maintenance of public schools. 2
- 4. For payment of deficiencies for school claims and School Commissioners' salaries, due prior to November 1, 1873. 2 1/2
- 5. For expenses of the General Assembly. 1
- 6. For public printing. 1 1/2
- 7. For payment of interest upon the public debt, (as adjusted by Act of December 23, 1873,) due and payable upon 1st of January and July, 1875. 2
- 8. For deficiencies, or unpaid appropriations, and claims of Central National Bank, P. F. Frazee and F. Cardarelli. 1 1/2

Total for State Taxes 10 23-60 For current expenses of Richland County. MILLS 3 For New Court House. 1 For Common Schools. 1

Total for County 5

The tax duplicate will be opened in this office on the thirtieth day of this instant, for the collection of the above tax levies, and every day thereafter (Sunday excepted) until the 15th day of January, 1875. When 20 per cent. penalty will attach to all delinquents. J. L. NEAGLE, Treasurer Richland County, Nov 17

Auction Sales.

Apples and Potatoes. D. C. PEIKOTTO & SONS, Auctioneers THIS (Thursday) MORNING, 19th instant, at 10 o'clock, at our Auction Room, next to the Post Office, we will positively sell, to close consignment, 25 Barrels Extra Fine Northern APPLS, 20 Barrels Early Rose and Pink Eye Irish Potatoes. All just received and in fine condition. Terms cash. Nov 19

BY O. J. LAUREY. THIS DAY, November 18, at 10 o'clock, at 151 Richardson street, 30 barrels Apples, Potatoes and Onions, 2,000 lbs. Salt and Smoked Sides, 10 lbs. Northern Cabbage, Soap, Cheese, Mackerel, &c. Conditions cash. Nov 19

New Goods. I HAVE just received from New York a varied assortment of Cloths, Casimeres and Tweeds, Vestings, &c., which will be made to order at short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed and terms moderate. JOSEPH SIMONELLI, Nov 13

Richland Rifle Club. ATTEND drill of the Club THIS (Thursday) EVENING, in full uniform, at the grounds of the Male Academy, at 8 o'clock. By order, WINTHROP WILLIAMS, Secretary. Nov 19

CAROLINA Lumber Manufacturing Co.

JOHN C. MALLONEE, President. THOS. BONNELL, Sec. and Treas. Wholesale and retail dealers in all kinds of Southern and Northern LUMBER, FLOORING, CEILING and other kinds of WORKED LUMBER made a specialty; Shingles, Plastering Laths, Vegetable Boxes, &c. Office and Works, Horbeck's Wharf, near North-eastern Railroad, Charleston, S. C., and 95 West Gervais street, Columbia, S. C. E. MORRIS, Agent at Columbia, S. C. N. B.—Special arrangements have been made with the railroads for delivering lumber. Nov 18

Family Groceries.

APPLE BUTTER, Cranberry Sauce, Almond's Mince Meat, English Plum/Pudding. Just received and for sale low by JOHN AGNEW & SON. Nov 18

For Sale or Rent. A DESIRABLE Residence, on Gervais street, the lot contains half an acre, with good orchard; the house has seven rooms; well of good water on the premises. Also, for rent another HOUSE, on Blanding street, containing four rooms, one and a half acres from Main street. For particulars, apply to D. L. BOOZER, Nov 17 At his Dental Office.

Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad Company, COLUMBIA, S. C., November 14, 1874.

THE next Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held in this city, on FRIDAY, the 20th inst. Nov 15 C. BOUKNIGHT, Secretary.

Butter and Cheese.

10 FIFKINS Choice Gilt Edge BUTTER, 50 English Dairy and Cream Cheese. Just received and for sale low by JOHN AGNEW & SON. Nov 5

2,500 Oranges. AT \$3 by box of 250, and \$3.50 per 100 by single hundred. Extra fine and large. Nov 17 R. O'NEALE & SON.

MOSES STEALS A RED HOT POKER

THIS wonderfully witty style of advertising is about played out. We wish to say a few quiet words about CIGARS, but really don't consider it necessary to intersperse the stupid legend through our subject matter, and so prefer to give the witty part in a lump to commence with. By-the-by, have you ever played poker? We propose to see our opponents in the Cigar business, and by showing a full hand of "Four Aces"—a new brand of fine CIGARS—have a serene certainty of earning the stakes. Seriously, our stock of CIGARS is unrivaled either in lowness of price or excellence in quality, from the celebrated two for five cents (highly recommended to beginners) to the purest Cabanna, embracing mid-way many delightfully fragrant weeds, at from five to fifteen cents each. A trial will assure you our custom. P. S. No doubt that looking male or female Indian allowed to loaf either outside or inside our doors. This custom is Fagan and reprehensible. GEO. SYMMERS, Nov 8

Cheap; Delicious and Healthful.

FINE MOUNTAIN APPLES.

\$1.25 PR BUSHEL

Saves doctors' bills and drug bills, and better than Queen's Delight or Hopatio Compound. For sale by Oct 29 Lorick & Lowrance.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

I HAVE now on hand a very handsome assortment of BUGGIES, ROCKAWAYS, BAROUCHES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, WHIPS, &c., &c., of my own as well as of Northern manufacture, and of handsome style and finish. ALSO, A full stock of the celebrated MILLBURN WAGONS, which have given such universal satisfaction. My prices have been greatly reduced, and all vehicles sold are warranted for twelve months, and any defect in workmanship or material will be made good to the purchaser on sending the vehicle to my Carriage Manufactory. JOHN AGNEW, Nov 10

Wagons, &c., &c. THOSE in want of any style of WAGONS will find it to their advantage to give me a call. I manufacture or repair any kind of wagon. Blacksmithing in all its branches promptly and neatly performed. HENRY SKIPPER,