

The State Fair is to be held Sept. 10th to 16th.

The next National Encampment of the Grand Army is to be held at Minneapolis, Minn.

The President and his party are now on their winding way to the Yellowstone country.

FATHER SHOOKAKER, the priest who in 1847 established the Osage Indian Mission in Kansas, died last Saturday.

No negro, it is said, has ever taken out a patent in this country.—22.

It is safe to say that 30,000 white men are guilty of the same thing.

They do say that fat men seldom commit crime. It takes a "lean and hungry Cassius" for an assassination, a forgery, a robbery. Happy fat men! All you need is wings.

The body of Capt. Webb, the ill-fated swimmer, was found last Saturday. A ragged cut was discovered on the top of the head, and this wound was sufficient to have caused his death.

No doubt a large portion of the American people would like to see W. E. Chandler elected U. S. Senator in New Hampshire; but then the American people do not constitute the Legislature of New Hampshire.

The attempt of Gen. Barnum to vindicate Fitz-John Porter best him for the position of Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic. Somehow a majority of the old soldiers think that Fitz-John cannot be vindicated.

MAJOR WARNER, of Kansas City, was elected Senior Vice Commander, and W. H. Holmes, of San Francisco, Junior Vice Commander, and Col. John A. Martin, of Athens, member of the National Council of Administration of the Grand Army of the Republic at Denver.

Gov. CHARLEY FOSTER is said to have said that Gen. Sherman will be the next Republican candidate for President. Charley is a shrewd politician and may speak with some authority. It may need a military man for the head of the ticket and no one in the galaxy of general chiefs would "sit up the boys" more effectively than "old Tomp".

ONCE upon a time a good deal of talk came from certain quarters about Gov. St. John leaving the executive office to lecture on the temperance question through the State. Inasmuch as his excellency, Gov. Glick, is wandering about in the same manner, talking on the opposite side of the question, it may be in order for the "temperance fanatic" to say that he too is neglecting the duties of his high office.

THE town of Casamuelia, at the foot of Mount Epomeo, near Naples, was destroyed by an earthquake Saturday night. Two neighboring towns were partially destroyed, and the total loss of life from the calamity is estimated at not less than 3,000. It is strange how the Neapolitans after the awful fate of Pompeii, persist in building their towns and villages almost into the crater of their mountains. It is a defiance of Nature.

THERE is to be a very sensible kind of a gathering at Parsons on the 27th of this month. The question of Prohibition and License is to be discussed. Rev. Howard Crosby, and Govs. Glick of Kansas, and Critchfield of Missouri, are to argue in favor of high license, and Gov. St. John, Rev. Campbell and others in favor of prohibition. The people of Parsons will open their houses to accommodate their guests, and 2,000 army tents will be provided. Cheap rates upon the railroad have been agreed upon.

THE survivors of John Morgan's old command and their friends have been at some pains to show their regard for the old soldier at Camp Chase. We don't find many "Feds" latching upon the immaculate jailers of Libbey Frison or Andersonville for the purpose of telling them how they love them, or to present them with gold-headed canes, in acknowledgement of many favors in the past long gone. The Camp Chase jailer was a somewhat different jaller from the Libbey or Andersonville man.

DONKEY comes to the front and repudiates a good part of what the New York Sun claimed to have heard from him respecting President Garfield and the last campaign. The most interesting statement he makes is that the alleged documents which were to blow the Republican party gala-west are not in existence and never have been. With respect to the Gould-Matthews agreement, he only "thinks" it was entered into. It will be remembered that Garfield's part in this was only giving the Senate a chance to act on Hayes's appointment.

ACCORDING to the Hartford Courant Uncle Sam's Tilden is charged by a prominent Democrat with the defeat of Hancock in 1880; that the sly old coon, smarting under his own defeat in 1876 and enraged because in 1880 the Democratic nominee in 1880 was really about to be elected, he proceeded in an underhanded way to "set up the pins" to defeat Hancock, and accomplished his desire most successfully. This "prominent Democrat" comes forward a little late, but the ancient Samuel may discover "method in this man's madness" before he gets through with his threatened proof by affidavits of all his charges.

HOW LONG PENNSYLVANIA'S ANTHRACITE COAL WILL LAST, AND THE PRESENT WASTE.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 25, 1883.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—This a great amount of the anthracite coal of Pennsylvania is annually wasted in an avoidable way, and the loss to the operators is annually an amount that reaches way into the millions. But there is yet no practical way known to the men interested to stop this well-known encroachment upon the dividends of the coalfields. Great bodies are prone to overlook minute details and affairs in their business, and, as well as move slowly in every movement inaugurated that tends toward the discontinuance of little extravagances and unfortunately the great coal companies are to be counted along with this class of derelict bodies. There are a few colliers where the rates of economy are pretentiously carried out, and some of them make a partial success out of their efforts, while others fail entirely. There are hundreds of places about a colliery where a waste of anthracite is being accomplished, unless a check be put upon the men. The great difficulty is to get the men in authority to take the necessary steps to stop the waste that the employer would if he were constantly on hand.

The great waste of the hard anthracite coal is not a new thing, but attracting serious attention at the hands of large producing corporations, and they are convinced that an improvement could be effected in the ordinary mode of mining. If this can be attained and a more economical system of mining be adopted that has heretofore been the case, a long stride on the highway to economy. The present system is objectionable for many reasons. The position of the mine in its preparation, crushing and reducing the coal to proper sizes for domestic use as it has been from the time of its origin. The coal is reduced to comparatively small quantities in preparing the several grades of anthracite for the convenience of consumers, and a great loss is incurred in its preparation, and not always are the current rates remunerative to the producer. It is not an exaggeration to say that the waste of anthracite under the present system of mining and preparation is let to waste and loss, not alone in the preparation but to the country at large. The wasting of small coal where it can be advantageously done is a subject receiving considerable attention, and the waste thus saved will readily repay its expenses, and produce a purer marketable article than can be otherwise obtained. Each colliery, shaft or breaker has its dumping ground for slate, rock, and other refuse, and the refuse is either in the form of small pieces or the fine pieces and particles of coal which constantly accumulates. This coal is really the cream of the coal, and the very best of the coal, and small pieces—the size of walnuts, or hickory nuts, as they are sometimes called—that fly from the large chunks of coal in getting out, and are too small for domestic use, and it is mingled with the common dust of the mine and thrown out with the refuse. This coal is a monument of waste, and a reminder that its corporate bodies contain that which represents a great loss of money and effort. No wonder the operators deplore the situation. There are culm piles all about the collieries that reach up into the air fully one hundred and fifty feet and cover a broad extent of land; indeed, piles of culm are so high that they are liable to travel a full mile to get down. It is exceedingly perilous to attempt to climb upon and walk upon these piles, and one is thoroughly acquainted with the condition of it. Many of them are on fire, and burn so slowly that in the day time they are liable to be so hot that one is liable unless it is a very cloudy day. The fire burns so slowly that it is often years before it is discovered, and then only by a sinking in of the surface, or the gradual changing of the color of the outside culm from jet black to a dark sulphur shade. When one of these bodies of small anthracite becomes on fire it is useless to attempt to extinguish it. Millions and millions of dollars are expended in the way of these black unsightly piles. They look as though they were getting the part of comfort in the great coal industry. The most hopeful of the operators contend that the day is not far distant when all of this culm will be used in the manufacture of brick, and that when the present will have a fortune awaiting him at once. There may be more truth in this than in the other. But as yet there has been no practical arrangement made whereby it could be used for any purpose, save in one instance. It is being used up into pressed brick form and is shipped to a few blast furnaces in New England where it is used for fuel. It is claiming the attention of many experienced coal mining people and the manufacturing of this coal waste into marketable shape is meeting but slight encouragement at the moment. The present the pure article can be used at a far less expense than the artificial manufactured coal. In some instances it is used under steam boilers, and then it can only be consumed by the assistance of a strong fire and powerful blower.

The largest known anthracite deposit in the world at present conceded to Potsville, in Schuylkill county, this State, lately discovered by the geological survey of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, in the vicinety north of the little city of Potsville. These late developments have demonstrated beyond all question to the contrary the existence of the largest anthracite deposit yet discovered in America, the length of which extends twenty-five miles by four broad, varying in depth from three hundred to three thousand feet. Some of the new shafts in this region are sunk to a depth of one thousand one hundred and twenty-five feet. The extent of the large white coal seams in this basin was not a question of doubt amongst professional mining engineers, but their precise locality from the surface was, and by a practical development did they learn the exact depth. By the indomitable energy and pluck of the engineers of the Pennsylvania Coal and Iron company, and the fact that the coal was secured and they were simply rewarded in revealing the true positions of the different seams of red and white coal that had been anticipated by the friends of, or the gentlemen themselves.

The greatest depth of the ten veins of coal in this district is ninety feet. Fifty per cent is a fair allowance for any divergence, so that makes the average depth forty-five feet. In the middle district the greatest depth is forty-four feet, with an average depth in that district of twenty-two feet. In the northern district the greatest depth is about 110 feet, the average is fifty feet. We have in the entire anthracite field an average depth of about forty feet of solid coal, allowing for the divergence in width of the ten veins. The weight of a square foot of coal varies according to the grade of the anthracite and also the vein of coal it is taken from. A square foot of coal weighs between five and six hundred and fifty pounds. Notwithstanding the great waste of coal which is alluded to at length above there isn't much occasion for worrying about the length of time this grand fuel will last. No one upon the globe at the present time, nor in two centuries from now, will live to see the time when it will be entirely exhausted. Considerable doubt has been indulged in of late by newspaper men, editors and others, in regard to the subject, about the exhaustion of the anthracite coal fields of Pennsylvania. There have many

estimates been made about the duration of the fields, but they are generally absurd. The geological survey has not progressed sufficiently to enable even the semblance of an estimate to be made with any degree of certainty. The being in the hands of which only covers about one fortieth of the entire area of the coal field, is the only locality where any measurements have been made. The geological survey, as to the amount of coal taken out or that which still remains to be mined. It has been claimed by one prominent geologist, that the field will bear him out in his estimation—that the coalfield will last one thousand years, but it will only be seen that the statement is perfectly absurd. Another says it will last one hundred and seventy-five years. Mr. Shearer, a prominent geologist, states that the field will contain about twenty-five billion tons of coal. Up to January 1st, 1883, it is estimated that the total amount produced since the early days of coal mining is 609,333,866 tons. It has been generally thought that but one third of the coal contained has been consumed as fuel, so that up to the date mentioned an area had been exhausted which originally contained about 1,800,000,000 tons; 2,000,000,000 tons remaining. The geological survey has already in its possession many valuable facts that will throw great light upon this subject, and when the time is ripe for the publication of the ultimate exhaustion of the anthracite coal will become more practical, and very correct statements can be made as to the length of time it will really last. The Anthracite Coal Commission distributed in 1882, to Pennsylvania, New York and New Jersey, 19,857,000 tons of coal. The land States, 5,964,000 tons; Western States, 2,213,000 tons; Southern States including Delaware, Maryland, and the District of Columbia, 1,000,000 tons; Pacific coast, 49,000 tons; Dominion of Canada, 610,000 tons; Foreign ports, 40,000 tons. Total number of tons, 21,610,000. Coal operations generally think that by the end of this century the yield will be nearly one hundred million tons, and more than one million five hundred thousand persons will be dependent upon this coal industry for their livelihood. Large as is the output it would be very much larger if the consumption of wood was reduced. In 1880, according to the census, the amount of wood burned in the United States was 145,778,137 cords. Even Pennsylvania, with her vast stores of coal, consumed 7,200,000 cords of wood for domestic purposes alone, besides the amount used in the coke and charcoal works. If wood should cease to be a popular fuel, the coal would receive a tremendous boom, and the time would soon come when our coal mining operations would amount to millions of dollars.

Who will say that coal isn't a King in this great commonwealth? It has brought an immense amount of foreign capital into the State, and is doing so, and will continue when you and I, reader, and our descendants both live and coal is a King in our State. Yours truly, H. G. MERRILL.

REPRESENTATIVE HASKELL has notified the Indian Commissioner that on account of ill health he is compelled to decline serving on the Creek Indian Commission.

It is Samuel Hayes, not Chauncey I. Filley, whom the President will commission postmaster of St. Louis.

The death of infirmary Carey causes much rejoicing in Ireland.

The oysters beds of Chesapeake bay are said to be gradually giving out. Very stringent measures must be taken, or Baltimore will be a thing of the past as an oyster depot.

It is believed that the father of the late Gen. Oed was a grandson of George IV and Mrs. Fitzherbert by a marriage contract when George was Prince Regent.

Over a hundred persons in attendance at a lawn party to Jolly Wednesday night were injured by eating ice-cream, the flavoring in which is believed to have been poisonous.

The works of the Howe Sewing Machine Company, at Bridgeport, Conn., occupying three sides of a square, were destroyed by fire on Thursday. The loss is estimated at \$250,000.

The old method of working out the road tax has been abandoned in Ohio, and roads are now repaired under contract and paid for by tax received from the county and township treasurers. The results are said to be excellent.

James Carey, the informer in the Phoenix park murder case, was shot dead on the steamship Melrose, while she was between Cape Town and Port Elizabeth. The deed was committed by a fellow passenger named O'Donnell.

BEST OF ALL.

March's Golden Blood & Liver Tonic is an Excellent Remedy.

"My wife was cured of Liver complaint and disordered Blood with March's Golden Blood & Liver Tonic. It is the best of all remedies."—(Jas. J. Wright, Des Moines, Iowa.) "Your Golden Blood and Liver Tonic is an excellent remedy for biliousness and loss of appetite. I have used it several times."—Mrs. Mary Thomas, Fort Scott, Kansas. "My Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, Bowels, Liver, and I used several remedies and perscriptions without benefit. March's Golden Blood and Liver Tonic cured me. It is a grand medicine."—(John G. Hill, Kansas City, Mo.) "March's Golden Blood & Liver Tonic, the Great Blood and Liver Tonic, and March's Golden Blood, the famous Throat and Lung medicine, are for sale by Ang. Engstrom & Co., druggists, Salina, Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidney or neighbor organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, particularly after getting warm in bed, is a good common attendant. Internal, External and Itching Piles yield also to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumor, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure where all other remedies have failed. Do not delay until the drain on the system produces disability, but try it and be cured. Price 50 cents. Ask your druggist for it, and when you cannot find it, send for it by mail, on receipt of price. Address The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piquette, Ohio. Sold by Oscar Seitz.

FREE OF COST. By calling at Oscar Seitz's drug store you can get a sample bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup which will relieve the most obstinate Cough or Cold, and show you what the regular 50 cent size will do. When troubled with Asthma, Bronchitis, Dry Hacking Cough, Hoarseness in the Throat and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, try a sample bottle of this medicine.

Consumption. It is said that 50,000 people die annually in the United States from consumption, and in some sections of the country one death in every three is from Consumption. This can be and should be avoided; our people are too careless about an ordinary cough or cold, and other symptoms of throat and lung affections that lead to this disease. You should arrest it while it is in the germ. Two or three doses of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup will relieve an ordinary cough or cold. It does not dry up a cough like many preparations on the market, and leave the phlegm behind it, but acts directly on the throat and bronchial tubes, removing all the phlegm and morbid matter that accumulates in the throat and lungs. It always all irritation and renders the voice clear and distinct. Sold by Oscar Seitz.

Various Causes.—Advancing years, care, sickness, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition, all tend to produce gray hair, and either of them incline it to become prematurely. AYER'S Hair Vigor will restore faded or gray hair, or red hair to its natural color, and prevent its falling out. It softens and cleanses the scalp, giving it a healthy action. It removes dandruff, humors, and itching of the scalp, and by its use falling hair is checked, and a new growth will be produced in all cases where the follicles are not destroyed or the hair decayed. Its effects are beautifully shown on brassy, weak, or sickly hair, on which a few applications will produce the gloss and shine of natural hair, and give it its natural color. It is especially valued for the soft luster and richness of tone it imparts.

AYER'S Hair Vigor is colorless; contains neither oil nor dye; and will not soil or color white cambric; sold by all druggists and grocers. For sale by all druggists.

Notice for Bids. PROPOSITIONS will be received at the office of the OFFICE OF COUNTY CLERK, Salina, Kas., until 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 10th day of August, 1883, for the purchase of certain lands in Salina, Kas., as follows: 1. 10 acres of choice table land, deep rich soil, best quality wheat land, situated in Salina, Kas., as shown on the map attached to the notice. Price \$1,000. 2. 10 acres of choice table land, deep rich soil, best quality wheat land, situated in Salina, Kas., as shown on the map attached to the notice. Price \$1,000. 3. 10 acres of choice table land, deep rich soil, best quality wheat land, situated in Salina, Kas., as shown on the map attached to the notice. Price \$1,000.

Administrator's Notice. STATE OF KANSAS, ss. In the Probate Court in and for said County. In the matter of the Estate of Albert Husted, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration on the Estate of Albert Husted, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, subject to the approval of the Court, by the Honorable the Probate Court of Salina, Kas., on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1883. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified that they must present the same to the undersigned on or before the 10th day of August, 1883, and if such claims are not presented by that date, they shall be forever barred. J. H. LOCKWOOD, Administrator.

Road Notice. STATE OF KANSAS, ss. OFFICE OF COUNTY CLERK, Salina, Kas., July 17th, 1883. NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Trustees of the County of Salina, Kas., have ordered the following road to be opened and graded: From the corner of the intersection of the main road and the road leading to the farm of Wm. H. Board, to the corner of the intersection of the main road and the road leading to the farm of Wm. H. Board, in the township of Salina, Kas., as shown on the map attached to the notice. The Board of Trustees of the County of Salina, Kas., have ordered the following road to be opened and graded: From the corner of the intersection of the main road and the road leading to the farm of Wm. H. Board, to the corner of the intersection of the main road and the road leading to the farm of Wm. H. Board, in the township of Salina, Kas., as shown on the map attached to the notice.

Notice. A Run on a Drug Store. Never was such a rash made on a drug store as is now at Oscar Seitz's for a Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds. All persons affected with Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, or any other affection of the Throat or Lungs, can get a Trial Bottle of this great remedy free, by calling at above drug store. Regular size \$1.00. Well Rewarded. A liberal reward will be paid to any party who will produce a case of Liver, Kidney, or Stomach complaint, the Electric Bitters will not speedily cure. Bring them along. It will cost you nothing for the medicine if it fails to cure, and you will be well rewarded for your trouble besides. All Blood diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, and general debility are quickly cured. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price only fifty cents per bottle. For sale by Oscar Seitz.

Third Quarterly Report, 1883.

SHOWING THE condition of the Treasury of Saline County, Kansas, and the credits and debits of the different funds on the 31st day of July A. D. 1883.

CREDIT BALANCE. TABLE WITH COLUMNS: NAME OF ACCOUNT, DEBIT, CREDIT, BALANCE. Includes entries for Saline County Fund, School Land, and various other accounts.

DEBIT BALANCE. TABLE WITH COLUMNS: NAME OF ACCOUNT, DEBIT, CREDIT, BALANCE. Includes entries for Saline County Fund, School Land, and various other accounts.

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ORGAN. Guaranteed Strictly First Class. For Family Use, from the Best Materials, and of the Latest Construction. WHITNEY ORGAN CO., DETROIT, MICH.

ADVERTISERS. By addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York, you can learn the cost of any proposed list of ADVERTISERS in American Newspapers. \$72 a week made at home by the Industrial Bank. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. Will start at once. Mrs. Wood, boys and girls, will be very glad to work for you. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time as well. No one can fail to make enormous profits by engaging at once. County south and central. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address: T. C. & Co., Augusta, Maine.

Wanted, Agents. Live men to solicit for The Insurance Company, of Des Moines, Iowa. This company has lately entered the state of Kansas, although organized eleven years ago. It is one of the best companies doing business in this country. We want agents in Dickinson, McPherson, Ottawa and Saline counties. None but reliable men engaged. For further particulars address LANDES & STRICKLER, SPECIAL AGENTS, ABILENE, KANSAS.

WRIGHT & CARROLL. REAL ESTATE AGENCY. Fire Ins. Underwriters. GLOBE PRINTING CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Henry W. Roby, M.D. Consulting and Operating Surgeon. Topeka, Kansas.

Dairy & Poultry Farm. BRANIFF & CRAVENS, Attorneys at Law. SALINA, KANSAS. PIONEER LIFE FOR SALE.

Briggs & Gebhart. Dealers in Hardware & Agricultural Implements. BUGGIES, Phaetons, Spring Wagons, Bains, Mitchell and Harrison WAGONS.

H. B. MERRELL & CO. Are prepared to pay FULL MARKET PRICE FOR WHEAT. Daily Market Reports Received.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO. & J. I. CASE. THRESHERS. We have a Practical Plumber in our employ, and do all kinds of Plumbing, Water - Fitting, Etc. We keep Iron and Lead Pipes, Wood and Iron Pumps. Agents for NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO. & J. I. CASE THRESHERS.