

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Journal.

THURSDAY, February 23, 1893.
SALINA KANSAS.

GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, the distinguished Confederate officer, died at his residence in New Orleans Monday night, at the age of 75 years.

The question now is, will the populist respect the decision of the courts. If they do not, the scare they got last week will appear mild indeed, to what they will have to face.

The members of the house that the governor called on the militia to oust, were elected by a majority of 6,579 votes over the rump house that the governor and Senate have been recognizing.

LELAND J. WEBB, of Topeka committed suicide yesterday afternoon by taking poison. He was past commander of the national Sons of Veterans, and a member of Lincoln Post G. A. R. of Topeka.

SHERIFF Wilkerson, of Topeka, has good common sense and plenty of nerve to do what is right at the proper time. If a less competent man had been in his place, last week, blood would have flowed.

JUDGE JACKSON'S appointment was unanimously confirmed by the U. S. Senate last Saturday, and as soon as convenient he will qualify for the life position to which President Harrison appointed him.

CONRAD COBB, it is said, issued a call for troops on a dispatch from Mr. Dolan asking, "What Salina could do for the Capital." It was afterwards learned that troops were not needed. It was a call for c. r. a.

EX-LECT. GOV. FELT says the law governing the removal of the railroad commissioners is (sec. 1329): "The executive council may, at any time, remove such commissioners, or any of them, and elect others to fill their place." That seems to be plain.

J. K. HUDSON'S letters to Gov. Lewelling are to be issued in pamphlet form. They will read well in future campaigns, and in years to come, as a reference book of the great revolution of '93, will be of great value. His letter to the governor in last Sunday's *Capital* was very strong.

ANOTHER democrat will occupy a seat in the U. S. Senate for the next six years as a result of the populist game. W. N. Roach was on Monday elected senator from North Dakota by aid of populist votes on the sixty first ballot. As a democratic assistant the people's party has been a great success.

CUTTING off the steam heat from representative hall by the populists was a brilliant play. It was truly a populist trick. Such action might be excusable in times of war, but when peace reigns, and the only point at issue is a legal question that should have been settled long ago in the courts, it comes with very poor grace. Gentlemen, you cannot win this battle on that style of warfare.

DURING the exciting scenes in Topeka last week many ludicrous situations were witnessed. Ex-Gov. Anthony and D. R. Anthony both offered their services as Welch deputies, and were sworn in. Both were accidentally detailed to take charge of the same squad of men to guard an approach to representative hall. Not being on the best of terms, there was no conflict of authority, as both withdrew to serve their state at other points of vantage more widely separated.

AFTER publicly apologizing to a Mr. Ludwig for a slight error that occurred in making a statement of said Ludwig's financial standing in reference to Biddle's bond, Sol. Miller closes the item as follows:

All the same, whether Mr. Ludwig is good for the amount for which he has gone on that bond or not, if the Treasurer should get away with the funds, we'll wager our best office towel that Ludwig would exhaust every legal means to escape paying any part of the bond, on the ground of informality and illegality.

In a few days the U. S. delegates to the monetary conference will make their formal report to President Harrison. In the opinion of the delegates a much better feeling toward the objects sought to be accomplished was manifested towards the close of the conference than at the beginning, hence the adjournment to May 20, instead of sine die. The delegates will place their resignation at the disposal of President Cleveland, after their report of the Brussels meeting has been made, so that the personal of the delegation to the Paris meeting may or may not be changed, as Mr. Cleveland wishes. It is estimated that the attitude of Great Britain will not be unfriendly to silver at the coming Paris meeting.

By the vote on the motion to repeal the silver purchase act in Congress last week, it is indicated that a free silver bill is very liable to be passed by the next Congress, and in case (President Cleveland) should veto it, it is not improbable that the silver men will be strong enough to pass it over his veto. A majority of democrats voted against its repeal, 35 out of 74 republicans voted against it, and all the populist, which is taken as an indication that free silver has many friends even in the present house, and can easily be passed by the next Congress, which will bring new democratic and populist support to a silver bill. Without passing an opinion as to the results a free coinage law might have on the general business of this country, we firmly believe that it is bound to be tried in the near future, even if Cleveland is opposed to it. It will not pass this Congress as a party measure, but a well worded silver act would draw from all sides enough support to carry it through.

THE NEXT CAMPAIGN.

It is a subject for interesting consideration after the remarkable proceedings that have taken place here this winter, what the next campaign in Kansas will be. Some say that the revolutionary measures inaugurated by Gov. Lewelling, and the manner in which the populist legislature has conducted itself, will drive every fair-minded member of the alliance from the party, and that as a factor in Kansas politics hereafter the people's party need not be considered. While admitting that they have done more than enough in a few short weeks to damn their party in the minds of any fair-minded citizen, yet the majority of their members will cling to it still, blindly following the leaders who have betrayed them. The element that voted with them for no good reason except to get even with personal enemies in their own parties, will never do so again, and their withdrawal will greatly weaken the people's party at the next election. It is also absolutely certain that in future campaigns in Kansas there will be state, district and county democrats. The populist in the field, and they will have better support than they have had for years. Most of the dissatisfied alliance brothers will vote with them, those who wish to be in favor with the national administration will vote with them, and the democrats of Kansas, to a man, will stand by their party in the future. The fusion democrat in Kansas just now is hard to find. He has either been swallowed entirely by the people's party, or he is a better democrat than he ever was before in his life. Every vote for a democratic ticket in the future can be deducted from the total vote the populist ticket received this year, and from this source the people's party will sustain their heaviest loss. The republican party will enter the next campaign with solid columns. Not a rank will be broken. They will move upon the enemy with as much determination as the members of the Douglas house charged the populist guards on the stairway in the state house last week. There will be no quibbling about platforms, no question as to what "crowd" or faction you belong to, but the fact that you are a republican will be sufficient to admit you to the councils of the party. Their columns will be filled by men who believe that we still live under a republican form of government and that the majority should rule. Men who respect the constitution and laws of the state. Men who will first vote their sentiments, and then fight for them if need be. There can be no question as to the result. The state will again be in the hands of her founders and friends, and the name Kansas will once more inspire confidence and credit the world over.

The Hawaiian treaty together with president Harrison's recommendation its adoption have been given to the senate, and will probably be ratified in the near future. The policy of the treaty is to leave to the incoming administration the framing of a government for the islands. The Chicago *Inter Ocean* says the chief of advantage in this negotiation is one which does not appear on the surface of things, and that from the nature of things could not, namely, the possession by the United States of the only land in the vast ocean expanse west of America where a ship can call within 4,500 miles from San Francisco or 6,300 miles from Nicaragua. It is the key to the north Pacific, one day, not very distant, to be a formidable rival of the north Atlantic as a great highway of commerce. Honolulu, now a city smaller than Peoria, is to be the second Chicago, sustaining to the Pacific traffic a relation not unlike that of Chicago to the traffic of the Northwest, only more commanding, for it has not only the best and most convenient port of call, but the only one in all that mid-ocean region.

THERE is a day of reckoning yet to come. Justice will prevail. The cities may more quickly organize mobs to defy the will of the majority, but the whole state is yet to be heard from.—*Spring Union*.

The above sentiment is good, Bro. Cobb. Indeed the day of reckoning will surely come, and justice will prevail, but we fail to see any satisfaction in such a state of things for you or your party. The will of the majority cannot be overturned in Kansas, neither can 58 men be considered a majority of 125. A governor may recognize them, and the Senate follow in his foot steps, but when such actions are finally submitted to the people of the entire state for their approval, something will drop. Verily, Bro. Cobb, the record your party has made this winter, will greatly impair your chances for success in future campaigns.

It will not redound to the personal or political advantage of railroad commissioners Anthony and Mitchell to refuse to vacate their offices. The executive council has chosen three men of their kind to act as state railroad, commissioners, and 99 out of every 100 disinterested citizens of the State would prefer that they be allowed to act. It has been said that the railroads controlled the leaders of the republican party, and under those circumstances, it is not necessary to further complicate the state's affairs by having the old board of railroad commissioners refuse to recognize the right of the executive council to oust them. It will be far better for Messrs. Anthony and Mitchell, and for the parties they belong to, to quietly step down and out, and let the new board wrestle with the greatest interests before the people of Kansas to-day.

Ellsworth *Messenger*: There is more grain held in the hands of the farmers of Ellsworth county this winter than was ever held by them before. The suggestive feature brought out by this fact is apparent to anyone. Their old obligations have been taken care of, their debts are of such insignificant amount that they are not worrying to any extent, and they are, therefore, enabled to hold on to their products until the market is at its best.

JUDGE HAZEN'S OPINION.

The question of the legality of the populist house has finally been passed on by the courts. An appropriation bill was passed last week by the senate and populist house, and signed by Governor Lewelling. All night long the populists were busy getting their vouchers ready, and as soon as the Topeka *Capital*, containing the law, was issued, it was made out by the treasurer by the populist members for their salaries. The payment of these bills commenced at 4 o'clock in the morning, and before a restraining order could be got out by the republicans nearly \$14,000 had been paid out. The injunction case came up in the district court of Shawnee county, and was ably argued by both sides. Saturday Judge Hazen delivered his opinion on the case, which should end at once the disgraceful scenes that have brought shame to our beloved State in so short a time. The decision is an able one, and goes over the whole ground carefully, showing plainly that the populist house has no legal right to do business in Kansas this year. After reviewing the entire case carefully, Judge Hazen closed his opinion as follows:

If fifty-eight members being less than a constitutional majority, can meet, organize the House, turn out certified members and seat others sufficient to give them a constitutional majority, and then with the recognition of the Senate and governor, transact business and enact laws, why may not forty-eight members do the same thing? If you once grant the authority of less than a constitutional majority to organize the house, then there is no limitation except the will of the persons who seek to organize it. If then at the next election the Democrats should elect a governor and have control of the Senate they can organize a House irrespective of the members elected. But defendants contend that the courts cannot go behind the Journal, that the Journal is a barrier behind which the courts can never go. But why is the Journal a barrier which the courts can not go? It must be the Journal of the House of Representatives, and not a Journal of a House claiming to be the House of Representatives; and the courts must first determine, when this question arises, whether it is the Journal of the House, and in the determination of this question the whole case is determined. If the law is as contended for by defendants, then our constitution is no protection to the people. It requires an act to pass the House of Representatives, for under their contention it may pass anybody, and if it receives the sanction of the governor and signature of the governor it becomes a law. If the Douglas House had disbanded and the Dunsmore House had continued to transact business, then it would have become a de facto House and the laws enacted by it valid; but under the evidence in this case it will hardly be contended that the Dunsmore House is a de facto House.

Under the evidence in this case and in accordance with the views expressed in this opinion, the temporary injunction must be allowed, for the reason that the court is of the opinion that the Dunsmore House is not the legal House of Representatives, and that the act in question has not been legally passed. Injunction allowed.

GEORGE MARTIN very truthfully remarks that one of the really amusing things in Kansas politics is the manner in which the democratic papers in these parts have been depicting the situation in Kansas during the past week. It is all very nice for the democratic organs to denounce the populist methods now that they have succeeded in beating Harrison out of the Kansas electoral vote, and have gotten the senator and congressman at large, but this does not release the democrats from the responsibility of assisting the populists into power. The democratic party of Kansas, or rather the fusion democrats, are as much responsible for the past week's doings as are the populists. There were thousands of honest, sincere men who voted the populist party ticket in Kansas. They thought they were voting for men who would be an honor to the state and to their party; but the democratic leaders who manipulated the fusion deal with the populists knew what kind of men Lewelling, Bridenbath, Doster, Wilkes and the rest of the gang were, and likewise they knew what desperate means these populist leaders would employ to overthrow the law and the constitution and establish anarchy in Kansas. We venture the prediction that there will be a new set of Democratic leaders in future political campaigns.

THE stalwart democratic central committee held a meeting in Topeka last Saturday night and decided to begin the war against fusion and Senator-elect Martin at once. They indorsed the action of the republicans in the struggle at Topeka, and especially commended the actions of Rosenthal, Mosher and Chambers and standing by the republican house. After promising the people of the state that they would in the future have a full democratic ticket in the field, they adopted the following, which should at once bring forth some good democratic brother to occupy the field:

"In view of the fact that the democratic party of Kansas is without a representative paper at the state capital we hereby extend an invitation to some man familiar with the situation in Kansas and capable of ably representing, expounding and defending democratic doctrine, to establish in the city of Topeka a daily paper to be published in the interest of the democratic party of the state, and to such a man we pledge our earnest, energetic and undivided support in every manner possible."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner and proprietor of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every case of Carruth that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1892. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. State of Ohio. Carruth Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

THE somewhat celebrated Mrs. Maybrick, now lying in jail in England because the courts thought she assisted in the poisoning of her husband, is not guilty, then our Americans are all right in clamoring for her pardon. But courts don't often err in such grave matters and if her sentence is in accordance with the facts, there is a large amount of paper being wasted writing appeals in her behalf.—*Clay Center Dispatch*.

The paper from which the above item is taken is one of the best edited populist papers in Kansas. Its editor W. D. Vincent, was last week appointed as one of the new railroad commissioners of Kansas. We do not quote the item to comment on Mrs. Maybrick's case, but for a different purpose entirely. The party that Mr. Vincent belongs to has for several weeks past been urged to pass some law that might get the opinion of the courts on the all-absorbing question, which is the legal house of representatives. At first the populist members said they would attend to that matter at once. A little later, when asked why an act had not been passed so as to get a case for the courts, the only excuse they gave was that the courts were partisan, and could not be relied upon to give an impartial ruling. Yet in the above item, a leader of this new party says that "courts don't often err." Perhaps he means the English courts, and draws the line when speaking of the Kansas judiciary. The truth is Mr. Vincent, that your party was afraid to have their case passed upon by men of intelligence, and expected to sit out the allotted time, and then scatter over the state all kinds of excuses to muddle the minds of their followers. If it had not been for the aggressive movements of the republicans, the question would not have reached the courts so soon. Apply the same good sense you expound in the above item to the questions now before us at home, and all will be well.

Smolan scribbles.
Chas. Danielson and family from Bavaria visited Wm. Johnson Sunday.

E. E. Milligan teacher at Dist. 63, left last Friday; another teacher has been secured to fill the vacancy.

Gov. Ryding and family visited Mrs. Ryding's parents at Lindsborg last week.
There was a fair attendance at Lundberg S. H. St. Valentine's evening. The entertainment will be held March 3rd.
The carpenters are putting the finishing touches on the church at Smolan.
A light snow last week, but melted in a few hours.
Six dialogues and four stump speeches are being prepared for the entertainment March 3.
News is scarce but will try to do better next time.

COUNT POCOD' ARGENTO.
Gypsum City.
It is all over town—mud.
J. Tinkler's new house is completed. Chas. Wellman ran off with the K. P. goat Tuesday eve.
The Karber Bros. have gone to Wis. to visit with their father and mother.

Jack Siskler formerly supt. of the Acme mills is here on a visit.
The Ladies Coterie had a very pleasant phantom ball on the 14. Lingeover furnished the supper. Tinkler with the aid of Fleck furnished the music.

The sports had a good rooster fight on last Sunday, by all reports the west bird came out victorious.
Our joints are running full blast Mr. Mayor. Don't you know it? John and Will Tinkler have returned from the Strip where they have been visiting friends.

A party of young folks surprised Mr. Joe Tinkler on Monday eve in honor of his twentieth birthday. Charades, music and cards were indulged in by all.

New Umbria Chatterings.
Four children of Thomas Martin are dangerously ill with Diphtheria. Rev. A. B. Kirtland will conduct the services at the Lutheran Church next Sunday morning at eleven o'clock.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Vaupel are at home again after a absence of several months, visiting Mrs. Vaupel's relatives in Cuero Texas.
A little daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Tarbell last Wednesday, and likewise on Monday before to Mr. and Mrs. John G. Kring, all good citizens of Dayton township.

H. F. Hapke went to Illinois the first of the week with a car load of horses.

The festival held in the Ed Wells schoolhouse last Friday evening was a grand success, and much credit is due the ladies who had it in charge.

Mrs. H. S. Benjamin of Salina spent a couple days here the first of the week with her mother, Mrs. J. A. Gillespie, Sr. and other relatives.
Mr. J. Humbargar of Abilene spent Saturday and Sunday here. There seems to be some special attraction that draws him hither.

Miss Rosa Shippe is sick with typhoid fever at the home of her sister Mrs. Peter Lunda. JEWELL.

Bennington Items.
Tuesday morning Perry Hoyte little child Clarence died of disease of the spinal cord and was buried Wednesday.

Miss Lulu Mumson has been confined to the house for some time with a bad cold.
James A. Vinyard has been visiting in Lincoln county, the past week.

Dr. Meloin, of Tecocot, was a caller this week.
Mrs. C. D. Struble who has been sick for quite a while is now recovering.

Jacob Fischer, Eric Olson and Al. Foster shipped cattle to Kansas City last week.
A birthday party was held at Mrs. F. R. Struble, to celebrate the ninth birthday of Master Curtis. The needless to say the little folks had a good time as they always do when Mrs. Struble is at the helm.

Mrs. Abe Long was buried last Saturday, in the Bennington Cemetery. Cause of death, fever.
Chas. Louthan's remains were interred at Simpson, Cloud county, the early part of last week. He died in Denver of consumption.

Mr. Paul Struble has been off to Miltonvale visiting his daughter Mrs. A. R. Bardrick.
Our dry goods druggist is still in fear of the investigation of the grand jury. This curious how easily men can perjure themselves in whisky cases.

Quarterly conference of the M. E. church at Lindsborg held this week. Elder Sweet is to preach Tuesday, and Rev. Lucas is expected. KINO.

WE ARE Cleaning up Stock

BEFORE THE ARRIVAL OF OUR NEW SPRING STOCK.

Which, by the way, will eclipse any of our previous efforts. We would like to close out the balance of our Winter Stock, and small lots of all the year round goods.

WE WILL DO IT if prices will be the means of doing it; and there is a thing you will need from now until March 15th, you can buy it at prices which will please you.

- A few pairs of Bed Blankets at 55 cents a pair.
- Fine black Cashmere at 24 cents.
- Nice White Goods at 4 cts per yd.
- Small ends of Dress Goods, at about half their regular price.
- Embroideries at 3, 4, 5 and 8 cents per yard, worth double.
- 15 cent Dress Gingham at 10 cts.
- Good wool Veiling, all colors, at 15 cents.
- Red Table Linen at 20 cts per yard.
- All wool hose, 12½ cents.
- Fine bleached Table Linen 45 cents.
- Men's fine white Shirts, unlaundered at 39 cents, laundered at 49c.
- Good Corsets at 35 cents; same as you pay 50 cents for.
- Ladies' Undershirts, 15 cents each.
- Men's gray Underwear at 19 cts.
- All wool Ladies cloth, 52 inches wide, 33 cents.
- Boys' Suits at 89 cents, dollar and a quarter and upwards.
- All wool Tricots, different shades, 25 cents.
- Ladies' kid Shirts one dollar.
- Children's School Shoes 79 cents.

We might mention hundreds more of attractive bargains, but it's best to come in when im town and and inspect them yourself. It will pay you.

ROTHSCHILD BROS.

Great Clearing Sale!

10% Discount

We will give 10 per cent discount on all Dress Goods, Cloaks, Wraps, Underwear, Notions, Blankets, FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Now is Your Chance to Buy Goods Cheap, as our prices are Lower than any of our Competitors, and with this Special Discount which we offer, makes it the

Cheapest Lot of Merchandise in the City.

Come Soon and Make Your Selection.

LITOWICH & WOLSIEFFER.

Salina, Kans., Jan. 2, 1893.

DR. PRICES
Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.