Weekly Times

SUPPLEMENT.

THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1870.

PRAIRIE chickens are said to be very plentiful this season in Kansas.

AN Eastern moralist affirms that the only difference between the sling of David and that of the present day is, that the sling throws David and not Goliah.

A CASE of feminine daring is related of a Virginia belle, who rode to the edge of a precipice, and defied any man of the party with whom she was riding to follow her. Not a man accepted the challenge; but a tantalizing youth stood on his head in his saddle and dared the lady to do that.

Imported Horses.

The first stock imported directly to Kansas has just been received by Hon. Marcus J. Parrott, and consists of two French Percheron draft horses. They are dapple-grey, 16 hands high, and weigh about 1,600 pounds each. After their long trip of 4,000 miles, they are in splendid condition, and are greatly admired by all the horsemen. The Percheron horse has been imported into this country, and may be found in many of the Eastern and some of the Western States, where he is highly prized for his endurance, longevity and beauty. No draft horse of their equal has ever before brought to Kansas, and our enterprising fellow citizen is entitled to the thanks of farmers and stock raisers for this valuable contribution to the improvement of the breeds of this section. The horses may be seen at Mr. Parrott's farm, two and a half miles west of the city.

The Learned Pig.

Our reporter interviewed the learned pig last evening, in company with a large number of other people who were desirous of seeing a hog that had been educated into decency. The pig "all the way from the wilds of Oregon, who was placed under instruction at the early age of one week and now exhibits that wonderful knowledge which you are about to witness, ladies and gentlemen," is named Tom. He weighs about 140 pounds, is white in color, and a very neat looking animal. A number of playing cards were scattered upon the stage, and he would pick up any designated card called for by any one present, even when it was merely named as the "best card in euchre," or the "lowest in the pack." A small watch held open to his eye for a moment resulted in his picking up cards numbered representing the hours and minutes. Tom ran his eye down a column of figures chalked on a board and picked up the total in figured cards. Then a lot of cards with "yes," "no," "corn," "whisky," names of various ex-Presidents of the United States, &c., were laid before him with which he would answer applicable questions. "What are you, Tom?" "Hog," he would answer. "Tom, who will be the next President?" Same answer—"Hog." "What would you buy if you had the money?" "Corn." And so on. Now that pig has brains. There is no use disputing that he is posted. "Do you like butchers?" "No," says Tom.

He is well worth going to see, and ought to be allowed to run at large.

Presbyterian Synod of Kansas.

[From the Topeka Record.]

THURSDAY, July 14.

The Synod met at 9 o'clock a. m. and spent half an hour in devotional exercises.

A committee, consisting of S. A. Irwin, F. E. Sheldon and D. Detrick, was appointed to bring in a minute on the death of Rev. Gary Hickman.

The engrossing committee on the reconstruction resolutions presented a resolution, which was adopted, and will be published hereafter.

The Synod took a recess of fifteen minutes, in order that the several Presbyteries might attend to several important matters of business.

After recess, Rev. Timothy Hill, District Secretary of Home Missions, addressed the Synod on the subject of the organization of new churches, the building of new houses of worship, the maintaining of ministers, &c.

The following standing committees were adopted:

On Home Missions—Rev. F. S. McCabe, Rev. J. L. Jones and Hon. N. C. McFarland.

On Foreign Missions—Rev. E. Cooper, Rev. E. K. Lynn and M. J. M. Bright.

On Church Erection—Rev. Wm. Bishop, Rev. S. A. Stoddard and Mr. Jason Yuran.

On Education—Rev. E. Cooper, Rev. J. L. Chapman and Mr. P. Fales.

On Publication—Rev. D. M. Moore, Rev. E. Blachley and Mr. G. W. Long.

On Ministerial Relief—Rev. P. S. Cleland, Rev. W. A. Starritt and Judge B. C. Harper.

A committee on organized church work was appointed, consisting of Rev. S. McCabe, Rev. James Lewis, Rev. R. M. Overstreet, and Elders S. Scovill and M. Howell.

The subject of Indian education was referred to the Committee on Education.

The following action was taken respecting the death of Rev. Mr. Hickman:

The Synod having heard with deep emotion of the death of Brother Gary Hickman, deem it their duty and privilege to put upon record the following resolutions:

1st. That we are ever grateful to the great Head of the Church for giving to us and sparing to us so long, such a beautiful example of Christian life.

2d. That we express our high appreciation of the faithful labors of the lamented brother, so long identified with the welfare of the Master's Kingdom, and with the interests of the Presbyterian Church in the West; and would feel that in his death we have lost one of our most zealous and self-sacrificing ministers.

3d. That we tender to the numerous friends and relatives of the departed brother, our heartfelt sympathy in their deep affliction.

S. M. IRVING.
F. E. SHELDON.
D. DETRICK.

TERRIBLE DEATH.—The Topeka Record says:

But few of the old citizens of Kansas but what know Rev. C. C. Morse, a Congregational minister, and one of the oldest settlers in the State. He has been settled at Emporia, Grasshopper Falls, and some other places, and preached in nearly every town in the State. For years he has been one of the Regents of the State Normal School. Of late, he has resided in Emporia. On Wednesday of this week he went down into a well he was having dug on his lot. The well was in that condition known, we believe, as the fire-damp. Finding it difficult to breathe, he halloed to be hauled up. Those on the ground hauled him up about twenty feet, when he fell back striking his head on rock in the well, breaking his skull, and killing him instantly. His remains were buried on Thursday, and were followed to the grave by a great concourse; Gov. Eskridge, Mr. Merrill, Major Cross and others, acting as bearers. We are indebted to Rev. Mr. Merrill for the above facts.

Since the above was written, we have received the Emporia News, which gives full particulars. The well had reached about forty feet, and a blast with three pounds of powder had been made. Mr. Morse went down immediately after the blast. When he had reached a depth of about fifteen feet he began to feel the poisonous effects of the atmosphere, and called to the man at the windlass—a German—to pull him up. The German did not understand him, and within a very brief time Mr. Morse fell to the bottom, a distance of twenty-five feet. It was two hours before he could be taken out, because no one could be found who would venture into the well. When taken out it was fifteen minutes before any signs of life were noticeable. He finally began to breathe, and medical aid was summoned. Drs. Trueworthy and Lawrence did all in their power to save him, but it was at once evident to them that he was beyond the reach of medical aid. It appeared that he had fallen on the left side of his head, which seemed very much bruised, but, singular to say, no fracture appeared. Supposing the brain to be injured, the doctors trephined the other side, which afforded some relief. The thigh was found broken, and there appeared many bruises on different parts of the body. He died in the evening, about 7 o'clock.

It has been noticed at all the fashionable resorts this summer that the ladies' toilettes are much more simple than they have been for many previous years.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The Indian Appropriation Bill—Our Ocean Mail Service in the Event of War.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

WASHINGTON, July 15—Your attention is respectfully called to the necessity of passing an Indian appropriation bill before the members of Congress separate. Without such an appropriation Indian hostilities are sure to ensue, and with them suffering and loss of lives, and the expenditures vast as compared with the amount asked.

The latest intelligence from Europe indicates the imminence of war between France and North Germany. In view of this a sound policy indicates the importance of some legislation tending to enlarge the commercial marine interests of this country. The vessels of this country, at the present time, are insufficient to meet the increase which the existence of a war in Europe will impose upon the commerce of the United States, and I submit to the consideration of Congress the interests of the country will be advanced by the opportunity offered to our citizens to purchase vessels of foreign construction for the foreign trade. An act to this effect may be limited in its action to meet the exigency.

The foreign mail service of the United States is in a large degree dependent upon the Bremen and Hamburg lines of steamers. The Postoffice Department has entered into contracts in writing with the two companies above named, and with Williams & Guion's line respectively for a regular continuous service of two years. The only arrangement that could be made with the Inman and Cunard lines is temporary, and may be broken off at any time. The North German lines are first-class in point of speed and equipment, their steamers usually making the trip across the Atlantic in from 24 to 36 hours in advance of Williams & Guion. Should the North German steamers be blockaded or impeded by France, our postal interests with foreign nations will be greatly embarrassed, unless Congress interpose for its relief. I suggest to Congress the propriety of further postponing the time of adjournment with the view of considering the question herein communicated.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

FOREIGN.

DECLARATION OF WAR.

PARIS, July 15.—The declaration of war by the Corps Legislatif took place at 10 minutes before 2 o'clock.

HOLLAND NEUTRAL—TROOPS CONCENTRATING.

Holland remains neutral, and the belligerents will probably respect her neutrality, yet troops are rapidly concentrating at Antwerp and other strategic points in the kingdom.

SPECIE BEING REMOVED.

The specie and bullion in the Bank of Antwerp has been removed to the Citadel. Paper money is to be issued in place of it.

TROOPS ON THE MOVE.

The movement of troops toward the Rhine frontier is incessant. Eastern France is absolutely alive with soldiers. The troops which have hitherto garrisoned Paris have gone and raw levies are slowly replacing them. Ambulances and caissons throng the streets of the city on their route to the East.

NAVAL ACTIVITY.

The preparations at the different naval stations are on a similiarly large scale. It is the general belief here that war will be declared immediately.

NAPOLEON'S AMBASSADOR DISMISSED.

BERLIN, July 15.—The North German *Gazette* has a dispatch from Ems to-day, giving the particulars of the withdrawal of the French Ambassador Benedetti. It seems that he accosted the King of Prussia while the latter was drinking the waters of the springs, demanding peremptorily his intentions on the pending imbroglio, he was therefore dismissed immediately.

PRUSSIAN DEFENCES.

The same paper says there is much activity at Prussian ports, which are being put in a state of defence.

IRON CLADS.

Iron clads and frigates are ready to start from Brest and Cherbourg.

The Corps Legislatif.

PARIS, July 16.—The proceedings in the Chambers yesterday on the question of war were interesting and important. In the Corps Legislatif, Thiers, in a long speech, pronounced against a declaration of war by the Government. He said he found after all was said that France had received satisfaction from Prussia, and war should not be made on her for a mere formality. Prime Minister Ollivier responded to Thiers. He said it was impossible for the Government to do otherwise than it had done. Thiers again took the floor. He recalled Mexico and Sadowa, and said the Geveannent had made a new blunder. The majority interrupted the speaker, but he proceeded amid great agitation. When silence was restored, Gambetta demanded that all correspondence had with Prussia be laid before the Corps Legislatif. Jules Favre seconded the motion in long speech, asserting that France could not make war on authority of telegraphic despatches. The Minister of Foreign Affairs reported that it was necessary to make war and do so immediately in order to give Prussia no time to arm. If any other course was presented he could no longer remain in the ministry. The question was then put to vote to demand the foreign correspondence and was rejected, by 164 against 84. The Corps then adjourned till 8 o'clock in the evening.

NAPOLEON TO HEAD THE ARMY.

The Emperor is expected to head the army in person, and by a series of rapid movements arrive at the Rhine before Prussia has completed her defense.

ENGLAND MAY GET INVOLVED.

LONDON, July 16.—The neutrality of England will be difficult, and perhaps impossible and dishonorable, should Holland and Belgium become involved in the war.

SAILING OF A PRUSSIAN FLEET.

The Prussian fleet of Prince Adelbert, which has latterly been in these waters, sailed for Kiel to-day.

OBJECTS OF THE WAR.

The *Times* intimates that the recovery of Alsace and Lorraine, containing the modern provinces of Marsellan, Newerth, Menz and the upper Rhine and lower Rhine are the real objects of the war on the part of Prussia, and intimates that she has the sympathies of all mankind. It also hints that English intervention is probable in case of Prussia's losing strength.

KING WILLIAM.

BERLIN, July 16.—The King arrived here late last evening from Ems. His journey has been a complete ovation from the start, commencing at Coblentz. He was surrounded by an immense throng of his countrymen who greeted him with cheers. At length the King came forward and said: "I am pleased with this surprise. See to it that you act as bravely elsewhere." On arriving at this city the King found fully 100,000 people awaiting to escort him.

FRENCH TROOPS RECALLED FROM ROME.

PARIS, July 16.—The journals assert that the French government, as soon as the vote on the infallibility dogma was known here, signed an order for the recall of the troops from Rome.

WASHINGTON.

How the Declaration of War was Received—Indian Appropriation Bill—Executive Session—Frelinghuysen Confirmed—The Georgia Bill Signed.

WASHINGTON, July 15—The Speaker laid before the House a despatch just received from Paris by the Associated Press, announcing a declaration, in Paris, by the *Constitutionnel*, that in consequence of the insults offered to the French Minister at Ems, France accepts the war which Prussia offers. It produced a sensation and indications of satisfaction among the members.

The Committee of Conference on the Indian appropriation bill have agreed to a report. The amount is about the same as proposed by the Senate—$6,000,000.

They have evaded the point in dispute between the two Houses, namely: The Indian treaties of 1867 and 1868, made by the Sherman Peace Commissioners by neither affirming or denying their validity. The proviso agreed upon by the Indian Conference Committee is, that nothing contained in the bill shall be taken or held to affirm the validity of the treaties made by the Peace Commissioners.

The European news produces much excitement in and about the Capitol, the President, Cabinet and Congressmen sharing in the interest.

The Executive Session last night continued till 3 o'clock this a. m.

The Senate again met at 9 o'clock and at half past nine went into Executive Session.

The Senate confirmed, after a long debate, Frank F. Frelinghuysen, of N. J., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to London, vice Lathrop Motley, recalled vote 40 against 3, namely: Messrs. Robertson, Ross and Sprague. Mr. Sumner did not vote. The President signed the Georgia bill. The Indian Bureau has received the following telegram from Col. Chambers:

CAPT. W. F. GOBLE, agent and correspondent of the Leavenworth TIMES, favored us with a call on Wednesday. He was on his way to Baxter Springs, but will return here next week and solicit subscriptions for the TIMES, which is one of the best papers in the country.—*Paola Republican.*

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, July 15—Without opening the doors for adjournment *sine die* the time was extended from noon until 2 o'clock; and then to 5 o'clock.

At 2.40 the doors opened and a message received from the President calling attention to the breaking out of a war in Europe and the necessity of some action on the part of Congress relative to our shipping interests. The message was read and subsequently a bill to encourage ship-building for foreign trade and other purposes was taken up. Various amendments were offered to the bill, among them one by Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, restricting the time during which American registers may be issued to foreign built vessels to three months instead of eight—Mr. Wilson fixing the period at five months—by which time Congress could extend it if necessary.

After a long discussion, the bill was laid aside finally.

GEORGIA CREDENTIALS.

Mr. Stewart, on leave, presented the credentials of Richard H. Whitely and Henry C. Farrow, Senators elect from Georgia. Faid on the table.

ADJOURNED SINE DIE.

Messrs. Wilson and Casserly were appointed a committee, in conjunction with a committee of the House, to inform the President that Congress was ready to adjourn. They subsequently reported that the President had no further communication to make.

Mr. Chandler made an ineffectual effort to get up a bill which had been discussed by Mr. Bayard, who had the floor, but declined to yield.

At 5 o'clock the Senate adjourned *sine die.*

HOUSE.

INDIAN APPROPRIATION BILL.

The House met at at 9 o'clock. A message received from the Senate announcing that it passed a bill appropriating $5,000,000 for Indian service, with substitute, being Senate appropriation bill. After discussion the House refused to concur in Senate amendment. Messrs. Allison and Holmes were appointed Conference Committee.

CONTESTED ELECTION.

The majority and minority reports in the contested election case of Shields against Van Horn, made a postponement to next session.

ADJOURNMENT.

The Senate joint resolution postponing the hour of adjournment till two o'clock concurred in. Mr. Dawes renewed concurrent resolution extending the session till 5 o'clock. Mr. Eldridge sought the floor and was notified by the Speaker if he persisted, there not be adjournment to-day, to which he replied in an excited manner that the action of the Speaker was outrageous; loud calls to order. The Speaker put the question on postponing hour of adjournment and declared it carried.

CLERKS' PAY.

Various propositions looking to payment of clerks during recess voted down amid much confusion, and then the House took recess.

APPROPRIATION BILL.

Mr. Dawes, from the Commerce Committee on the appropriation bill made a report recommending concurrence in the Senate amendment, with the condition that it be not construed into affirmance or disaffirmance with any power of the Senate over the subject. He stated that the House gained nothing but the transference of the question until the next session. He submitted the report without argument.

Mr. Sargent sought the floor, but met with shouts of vote, question, &c.

The report was agreed to after the vote was taken. Mr. Sargent remarked that the House had by its action yielded the whole principle it fought for the last three sessions. It was a surrender, in fact, of everything in principle. Shouts of not at all.

CUBA.

Mr. Wilkinson moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution reciting the immenseness of the war in Europe, the state of the insurrection in Cuba, and the probability of Spain's losing all control over the island, and its being seized and held by France, and authorizing the President, if it became necessary during the recess, to protest against and prevent such seizure; to recognize the revolutionary government of Cuba as a de facto government, and take such other steps as in his judgment would prevent any foreign government from taking possession of the island, or any other island in American seas. The rules were not suspended.

SHIPPING INTERESTS.

Mr. Cox sought the floor to offer a resolution relative to ships.

Mr. Logan moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate joint resolution for the relief of certain contractors for the construction of vessels of war and steam machinery. Rejected.

Pending the vote a message was received from the President urging the necessity of passing the Indian appropriation bill and referring to the prospects of the European war, and the necessity of increasing the American commercial marine by the purchase of ships abroad, and Mr. Schenck moved the message be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, with instructions to consider it forthwith and report at the earliest moment practicable. Agreed to. Several resolutions for free ships were offered by Messrs. Cox, Butler, of Massachusetts, Ingersoll, Potter, Munger and Conger, which were also referred. The House at 2:20 p. m. took a recess for an hour.

Colorado—Chaffee Nominated.

DENVER, Col., July 14.—Jerome B. Chaffee was nominated by the Republican Convention yesterday, as delegate to Congress. The Convention was very harmonious, and the nomination of Chaffee was unanimous. The resolutions indorse the administration of Grant, approve the readmission of the States lately in rebellion upon civil and political equality before the law, oppose class legislation, welcome to the Territory the poor and oppressed of all nations, promising them freedom and the rights and privileges becoming to the most favored Americans, condemn the importation of coolies or other bonded laborers as first steps towards a new system of slavery determental to the interests of the laboring classes; thinking it but simple justice that government should make appropriations for erecting needed public buildings for territories, make liberal laws to encourage and secure reclamations of unimproved lands where irrigation is necessary by donations of alternate legal provisions to persons reclaiming; encourage wagon roads and R. R; protection against Indians by establishing military posts; condemns the Indian policy: commend the spirited action of Gen. Sherman as the dawn of a better era for rights, settlers and the cause of civilization.

OMAHA.

Fearful Tornado—Horse Thieves Disguised as Indians.

OMAHA, July 16.—A terrible tornado passed over the town of Grand Island, Nebraska last evening, blowing down several buildings and unroofing several others. The roof of the round house of the N. P. R R. was blown off, and their wind mill blown down. Loss estimated at from $10,000 to $15,000. No loss of life. The same storm passed over this place last evening, and although the wind was terrible, no serious damage was done here.

A special to the Republican to-day, from Platsmouth, says that a letter received from York county states that news was brought in by a party of hunters that some of Captain Spaulding's men had run into a gang horse thieves, 75 in number, disguised and painted as Indians. The soldiers captured ten of them and hung three of the villains, taking the others to camp. It is believed that these men have been committing depredation along the frontier of Nebraska for some time. A large party of soldiers, some of whom have lost valuable horses, are on their track.

ROCHESTER.

ROCHESTER, July 15.—The Commercial Union Convention was organized this morning. Several hundred delegates were present, including many prominent men. Gov. Fairchild, of Wisconsin, Gov. Merrill, of Iowa, and ex-Gov. Seymour, were among the number. Nathaniel Sands, of New York, was chosen President, and addressed the delegates. The objects of the Convention is to ship transportation by canal, the lakes, Fox River, Mississippi River and Pacific Railroad, all of which were demanded. Mr. Sands exposed the drawback put on business prospects by iniquitous fogyism in the management of our great inland marine, argued ably for the extension of the Erie Canal, enlarged and perfected Mississippi River, and a grand centre of western commerce.

Cowardly Assassination.

We learn from a gentleman who came down from Concordia yesterday, that Mr. Albert Green, who resides on a farm near Concordia, was shot through the body while watering his cattle on Sunday, by some assassin unknown, and it is generally supposed that he cannot live. The wounded man believes that one Darling committed the act, and Darling has been arrested. Mr. Green is said to be a peaceable citizen, and the deed naturally creates great excitement in his neighborhood. We will give further particulars next week.—*Cloud County Empire.*

Publication Notice.

STATE OF KANSAS, Leavenworth County. } ss

In the District Court of the First Judicial District of the State of Kansas, sitting in the County of Leavenworth, in said State.

Edmund A. W. Hunter, Plaintiff, against John H. Day, George W. Ward, John A. Halderman, Charlotte A. N. McAulay, Daniel Shire, Henry Shire, Jane Patterson, Mildred Patterson, David S. Barnett, Michael O'Mara, William H. Ralston, Flora Tuck and Alexander V. A. Tuck, Defendants.

YOU, the above named John H. Day, George W. Ward, Jane Patterson, Mildred Patterson and David S. Barnett are hereby notified that you, together with the other defendants above named, have been sued by the above named plaintiff, Edmund A. W. Hunter, in the above mentioned Court, and that said plaintiff has, in said Court, filed his petition against you, and the other defendants above named in the above entitled action, and that you must answer said petition on or before the 26th day of August, A. D., 1870, or said petition will be taken as true, and judgment will be rendered accordingly of the following nature, to-wit: A judgment in favor of said plaintiff against said defendant, John H. Day, for so much of the sum of five thousand, nine hundred and eighty dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of thirty per cent. per annum from the 8th day of May, A. D. 1860, as shall not exceed the sum of eight thousand, six hundred and eleven 20-100 dollars ($8,611 20) with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent. per annum from the 25th day of October, A. D. 1861, that is such judgment will be rendered for said sum of eight thousand, six hundred and eleven 20-100 dollars, ($8,611 20) with interest thereon at the rate last aforesaid, from said 25th day of October, A. D. 1861, and for costs of suit. And that the following described tracts of land situate lying and being in the county of Leavenworth, and State of Kansas, namely: lots fourteen (14), fifteen (15), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), thirty-eight (38), thirty-nine (39), forty (40), forty-one (41) and forty-two (42), in block one hundred and one (101); lots seven (7), eight (8), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), and twenty-seven (27), in block one hundred and two (102); lots four (4), five (5), and six (6), in block one hundred and three (103); lot seven (7), in block one hundred and seven (107), all in Day & McAulay's addition to the city of Leavenworth; lots seven (7), and eight (8), in block numbered seventy (70), of the original plat of the city of Leavenworth. Lots thirty (30), thirty-one (31), and thirty-two (32), in block sixty-seven (67), of the original plat of the city of Leavenworth, be sold without redemption by the Sheriff of said county for the satisfaction of such judgment, and such amount as the Court shall find due from said John H. Day to said plaintiff on or because of the note, mortgage deed and decree hereinafter mentioned and the costs of said action and that the proceeds arising from such sale thereof be applied to the payment of the costs of said action and the amount to be found due said plaintiff on said note, mortgage deed and decree with interest on such amount from the time of the rendition of judgment at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, and that the several defendants in said action and every one of them, including yourselves and every person claiming by, from, through or under any of said defendants be forever barred and foreclosed of and from all and any right and equity of redemption and other right whatever of, on, in or to said tracts of land and every of them from and after such sale thereof.

And that you and all of said defendants and all persons claiming from or under you or them or any of you or them, be ordered, required and adjudged to deliver possession of said tracts of land to the grantee or grantees in every deed made in pursuance of such sale, so soon as demand therefor shall be made, unless the defendants in said action or some one or more of them shall pay or cause to be paid to said plaintiff within some short time to be fixed by the Court, the amount of such judgment, that is such sum of money as the Court shall in this action find to be due to said plaintiff from said John H. Day on and because of the matters hereinafter mentioned, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent. per annum from the time of the rendition of judgment in said action.

Which last mentioned amount of money is by said plaintiff claimed to be due him from said John H. Day, and he, said plaintiff, claims to have a lien on the above described tracts of land therefor, and a right to have the same sold for the satisfaction thereof on, under and because of the matters and things hereinafter stated, to-wit:

On the 5th day of November, 1859, at Leavenworth City, said John H. Day made his promissory note in writing of that date, and then delivered the same to said plaintiff and thereby for value received promised to pay at the banking house of Scott, Kerr & Co., six months after the date thereof, to the order of said plaintiff, five thousand, nine hundred and eighty dollars ($5,980), with interest thereon at the rate of thirty per cent. per annum after the maturity thereof until paid.

And on the 8th day of November, 1859, the said John H. Day, for the purpose and in order to secure the payment of the aforesaid promissory note and sum of money and interest therein specified, made, executed and delivered to said plaintiff his certain mortgage deed of that date and thereby conveyed to said plaintiff, his heirs and assigns, the above described tracts of land with other lands.

And on the 25th day of October, 1861, at the October Term, A. D., 1861, of the District Court of the United States for the District of Kansas, in a certain action then pending therein in equity, wherein said Edmund A. W. Hunter was plaintiff and said John H. Day and others were defendants, on a bill filed and prosecuted by said plaintiff for the foreclosure of said mortgage deed, among other things the Court did then find that there was then due to said plaintiff from said John H. Day on said note the sum of eight thousand, six hundred and eleven 20-100 dollars ($8,611 20), and that said plaintiff then had a lien by mortgage for the payment of same on the several tracts of land herein above described.

And said Court in said action then among other things ordered, adjudged and decreed that all and singular the several tracts of land above described to raise the amount so found due from said John H. Day be sold at public auction by and under the direction of the United States Marshal, and that said Marshal should pay to said plaintiff, or his solicitor, out of the proceeds of such sale the costs in that suit to be taxed, and also the amount so found due as aforesaid, together with legal interest thereon from the date of said decree, which said decree still remains in full force wholly unsatisfied.

And you are also hereby further notified that the several tracts of land above described have been attached in this the above entitled action as the property of said John H. Day, under and by virtue of a certain order of attachment heretofore issued in said action and directed to the Sheriff of said county to execute, who made such attachment by virtue thereof.

Dated this 13th day of July, 1870.

CLOUGH & WHEAT, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

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Publication Notice.

STATE OF KANSAS, Leavenworth County. } ss

In the District Court of the First Judicial District of the State of Kansas, sitting in the County of Leavenworth, in said State.

Owen Duffy, Plaintiff, vs. Samuel B. Varney, Hannah S. Varney and Robert M. Shoemaker, Defendants.

YOU, THE ABOVE NAMED ROBERT M. SHOEMAKER, are hereby notified that you, together with the above named Samuel B. Varney and Hannah S. Varney, have been sued by the above named plaintiff, Owen Duffy, in the above named Court, and that said plaintiff has in said Court filed his petition against you and the other defendants above named in said suit, and that you must answer said petition on or before the 26th day of August, A. D. 1870, or said petition will be taken as true, and judgment rendered accordingly of the following nature, to-wit: That unless you and your co-defendants, or you or some of them, or some one for you or them, shall pay or cause to be paid to said plaintiff, within some short time to be fixed by the Court, the amount due to said plaintiff on a certain promissory note, dated of the 8th day of May A. D. 1869, by which S. B. Varney promised to pay twelve months after the date thereof, to the order of said plaintiff, one thousand dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, from the maturity thereof, then the following described tracts of land, situate, and being in the County of Leavenworth and State of Kansas, namely: The southwest quarter of section twenty-one (21), in township eleven (11) of range twenty-one (21)—also lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), and twenty-four (24), in block numbered five (5), in the town of Tonganoxie, which said Samuel B. Varney and Hannah S. Varney, his wife, mortgaged, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1869, to said plaintiff to secure the payment of said note, be sold without redemption therefrom by the Sheriff of said county, and that the proceeds arising from such sale be applied to the payment of the costs of this suit, and the amount due said plaintiff on said note, with interest on such amount at the rate of twelve per cent per annum from time of rendition of such judgment; and that you, the said Robert M. Shoemaker, together with your co-defendants herein above named, and all and each of them, and all persons claiming under, by, or through you, or them, or either of them, be forever barred, and foreclosed of and from all and any right, and equity of redemption, and other right whatever of, on, in or to said tracts of land, from and after such sale thereof, and that you and they, and all persons claiming from or under you or them, or either of them be ordered, required and adjudged to deliver possession of said tracts of land, and every of them to the grantee, or grantees in every deed made in pursuance of such sale so soon as demand therefor shall be made.

Dated Leavenworth City, Kansas, July 13, 1870.

CLOUGH & WHEAT, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

7-4w

Administrator's Notice.

STATE OF KANSAS, Leavenworth County. } ss

In the Probate Court, in and for said County.

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas Cutts, Dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT LETTERS testamentary have been granted to the undersigned on the Estate of Thomas Cutts, late of said County, deceased, by the Honorable, the Probate Court of the County and State aforesaid, dated the 1st day of July, A. D. 1870. Now, all persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby notified, that they must present the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate, and that if such claims be not exhibited within three years after the date of said letters, they shall be forever barred.

GEORGE A. EDDY and DAVID J. BREWER,
Executors of the last will and testament of Thomas Cutts, deceased.

Leavenworth City, July 7, 1870. jy8w113

SCHOOL FURNITURE.

SIDNEY SMITH,

PUBLISHER, MANUFACTURER, & WHOLESale Dealer in

School Books and Stationery,

Guyot's & Mitchell's School Maps, Guyot's Geographies, Globes, School and Office Furniture, Slates, Tablets, Charts, Philosophical Apparatus of all Kinds.

WRAPPING PAPER, BAGS, &c.,

NO. 21 DELAWARE STREET,

Leavenworth City, Kansas.

The only exclusive School Furnishing House in the State. feb16daw&w28

A. M. CLARK, President. | WM. P. BORLAND, Cashier.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK

OF LEAVENWORTH,

Buys and Sells Government Bonds, and does a general Banking business

fab7d&w26

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

F. J. RICHARDS, JOHN CONOVER.

J. F. RICHARDS & CO.,

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,

Rubber and Leather Belting,

Fence Wire.

AGENCY FOR

Belmont Wheeling Nails,

John Deere's Moline Plows,

MACNEAL & URBAN'S

FIRE-PROOF SAFES,

Buckeye Reaper and Mower, Monroe Grain Drill,

AND

SWEEPSTAKES THRESHING MACHINE.

We have the best assortment of

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

In the State. All Warehouse, Hay and Stock Scales sold by us will be set up without extra charge. Our stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

BELLOWS, ANVILS, VISES, &c., IS COMPLETE.

The attention of Merchants is called to our stock and prices. Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Corner Third and Delaware Streets,

LEAVENWORTH, KS.

eod&w

CATARRH REMEDY.

THIS IS NO PATENT MEDICINE HUMBUG, gotten up to dupe the ignorant and credulous, nor is it represented as being "composed of rare and precious substances brought from the four corners of the earth, carried seven times across the Great Desert of Sahara on the backs of fourteen camels, and brought across the Atlantic Ocean in two Ships." It is a *simple, mild, soothing Remedy, a perfect Specific* for CATARRH and COLD IN THE HEAD," also for offensive Breath, Loss or impairment of the Sense of Smell, Taste or Hearing, watering or Weak Eyes, Pain or Pressure in the Head, when caused, as they all not unfrequently are, by the violence of Catarrh.

I offer, in good faith, a standing Reward of $500 for a case of Catarrh that I cannot cure.

FOR SALE BY MOST DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE. PRICE ONLY 50 CENTS.

Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of Sixty CENTS Four packages for $2.00 or a dozen for $5.00.

Send a two cent stamp for Dr. Sage's pamphlet on Catarrh. Address the Proprietor,

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

jy21d&w61

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S

VERMIFUGE!

IT IS NOW OVER FORTY YEARS SINCE THIS medicine was offered as a remedy for Worms, and from that time its reputation has steadily increased until at the present day it is almost universally acknowledged throughout nearly all parts of the world to be the sovereign remedy. Worm Confections made more for the purpose of pleasing the palate than of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country; but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to grow in favor daily. Children often look pale and sickly from no other cause than worms, and spasms are most frequently the result of these hidden sappers and miners.

When they are irritable and feverish, sometimes craving food and eating ravenously, again refusing wholesome diet, tossing restlessly in sleeping, moaning and grinding the teeth, then be assured these symptoms are indications of worms.

Uneasiness and pain in the abdomen, with swelling and hardness, are generally attendant upon the presence of these hidden sappers and miners.

Many a helpless child has been laid in the grave, when the disease which caused its death has been entirely misunderstood, and when worms have really been the cause. It has been proved beyond cavil, that worms exist in the human system from earliest infancy, therefore parents—especially mothers, who are more constantly with their children, cannot be too observant of the first symptoms of worms, for so surely as they exist, can they be safely and speedily removed from the most delicate infant, by the use of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

Physicians do not hesitate to recommend it and use it in their practice, and many of the most eminent of the profession, from all parts of the country testify to its uniform success. In fact, it NEVER FAILS. It has frequently been given to children as a safe purgative, not suspecting the cause of the illness, and large quantities of worms were discharged and immediate relief afforded.

Great caution must be used by every purchaser to be his own judge in one sense, and to examine every bottle he buys of it. The simple name of FAHNESTOCK is not sufficient. He must look closely and carefully to see that the initials are B. A. FAHNESTOCK, and be satisfied with nothing else.

SCHWARTZ & HASLETT,

SUCCESSORS TO

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

SOLE PROPRIETORS.

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SPECTACLES.

PERFECTION!

THE MANY THOUSANDS WHO USE

Lazarus & Morris'

CELEBRATED PERFECTED

SPECTACLES & EYEGLASSES

pronounce them to be the most

PERFECT, PLEASANT & BRILLIANT GLASSES

EVER MANUFACTURED.

The large and increasing demand for them is a sure sign of their superiority.

All that Science has discovered and Art perfected is embodied in these beautiful lenses.

They STRENGTHEN and PRESERVE THE SIGHT, are easy and pleasant to wear, and last many years without change.

NOTICE:

H. & J. Dockelman,

Watchmakers, Jewelers and Opticians, 36 Delaware street, are sole agents for

Leavenworth, Kansas,

from whom only can they be obtained.

LAZARUS & MORRIS,

Manuf'g Opticians, HARTFORD, CONN.

nov13d&w81

BITTER CORDIAL.

NATURE'S GREAT RESTORER.

SCHEETZ'S

CELEBRATED

BITTER CORDIAL.

Wholesale Depot—Northwest Corner of Fifth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

JACOB SCHEETZ', Sole Proprietor.

IT IS A CERTAIN, PROMPT AND SPEEDY remedy for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Bowel Complaint, Dyspepsia, Lowness of Spirits., Faintings, Sick Stomach, Headache, &c. For Chills and Fevers of all kinds, it is far better and safer than quinine, without any of its pernicious effects. It creates an appetite, proves a powerful digestor of food, and will counteract the effects of liquor in a few minutes. As indisputible evidence of its medical properties, we append a few of the many certificates in our possession.

MR. SCHEETZ—Dear Sir: I have used your Bitters and seen them used by others with good effect, and in in no case without producing good effects. In one case a fellow workman was taken with vomiting and purging, and was so reduced that he was scarcely able to walk. I got your bitters and gave him three doses in one hour, which entirely cured him.

THOS. BROWN, 1504 Otis Street, 18th Ward.

d66

Notice of Sale.

STATE OF KANSAS, City and County of Leavenworth. } ss

THE SPECIAL TAX WARRANTS ISSUED BY the City Clerk of the City of Leavenworth, County and State aforesaid, to R. Krummel for constructing a sidewalk on the north side of Kickapoo street, from Sixth street to Seventh.

To the same party for constructing a sidewalk on the south side of Cherokee street, from Water street Main street.

To Michael Stanton for grading the alley through Block [62] sixty-two, city proper.

Not having been paid within the time prescribed by law, therefore, notice is hereby given that I will sell separately, at my office, at the Market House, corner of Fifth and Shawnee streets, in room No. 9, in the City of Leavenworth, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m., on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 5th, 1870,

At public auction, the several lots of land hereinafter described, or as much thereof as will be necessary to pay the taxes, penalty and charges assessed upon the said lots and lands as aforesaid, together with the cost and charges thereon to wit:

CITY PROPER.

Block.		Tax, Penalty, &c.
35	Lots 5 and 6, each	$20 10
8	Lots 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, each	39 26
1	North ½ of Lot No. 6	15 63
62	South ½ of Lots 2, 4, 9, 10, North ½ of 17, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 each	5 37

HENRY DECKELMAN, City Treasurer.

By P. H. MAHONY, Deputy.

july14d15w25

BUFFALO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dr. Ransom's

HIVE SYRUP AND TOLU,

OR

HONEY SYRUP.

FOR CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS TENDING TO CONSUMPTION. SAFE AND EFFECTUAL FOR CHILDREN.

THROAT AND LUNGS.

At this season of the year when Coughs and Colds are troublesome, every family should have a safe and certain remedy at hand. Dr. RANSOM'S HIVE SYRUP AND TOLU is the very thing. It is very pleasant for children to take, and is a certain cure for CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, COUGHS, and all affections of the THROAT AND LUNGS.

Sold by Druggists. Price 35 cents per bottle.

Greatest Discovery of the Age!

Dr. A. TRASK'S

MAGNETIC OINTMENT

For the cure of Inflammatory Diseases—Diptheria Croup, Rheumatism, Neuraliga, Spinal Irritation, Burns, Frost Bites, Chilblains, Piles, Pimples on the face, Salt Rheum, Itch, Old Sores, Bald Head, Sore eyes, INFLAMATION OF THE BOWELS, and Colic. In fact the best outward application that can be used for man and beast.

DIPTHERIA.

TRASK'S OINTMENT has been extensively used for the past two years with great success for the prevention, relief and cure of that dreadful scourge, Diptheria, and is no doubt, the best known remedy. For this disease it should be applied freely to the Throat and Chest, and covered with a hot flannel.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Prof. H. Anderson's

DERMADOR,

Is a Liniment for External application

FOR MAN OR BEAST.

A valuable combination discovered by a celebrated Chemist.

Its free application to inflamed sores and surfaces on both Man and Beast, in a very short time relieves the pain and soreness, and the hot angry and red serface becomes cool, moist and natural, and by continued application and attention the part is soon restored to health.

IMPORTANT TO HORSEMEN

Prof. Anderson's Dermador is the best Liniment in use for horses. This fact is shown by numerous letters from all parts of the country. A late one reads as follows:

"We have been experimenting with your Dermador on horse flesh and find it a very superior remedy—much superior to the famous "Gargling Oil," or any other liniment we ever used in our livery stable. Please send us two dozen large bottles by express, C. O. D.

Yours respectfully
WATSON & COOPER.
Waverly, Indiana.

Dr. J. R. Miller's

Universal Magnetic Balm!

Cures as if by Magnetic Influnce, Neuralgia and all pain, and is therefore properly termed "Magnetic Balm." It is purely a vegetable preparation. It has no equal as a remedy for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrea, Dysentery, Colic and all Bowel Complaints. Its timely use will cure Colds, Croup, Diptheria, Quinsy and all Throat-affections.

When properly used Fever and Ague, and other complaints incident to our Western and Southern climates are easily broken up.

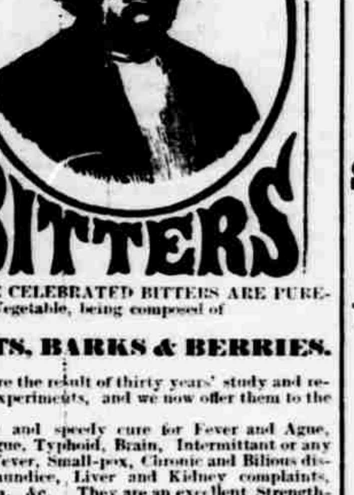
FEVER AND AGUE.

Cleanse the system, then as the time for a chill draws on, cover warmly in bed and take a cupful of hot water, with one or two teaspoonfuls of the Magnetic Balm sweetened with brown sugar, also bathe back and stomach with the Balm and remain quiet. Rep at if necessary.

All of the above medicines are sold by Druggists everywhere.

E. RANSOM, & CO., Propr. Buffalo, N. Y.

jy23d&w62



THESE CELEBRATED BITTERS ARE PURELY Vegetable, being composed of

ROOTS, BARKS & BERRIES.

They are the result of thirty years' study and repeated experiments, and we now offer them to the public.

A sure and speedy cure for Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Typhoid, Brain, Intermittant or any kind of Fever, Small-pox, Chronic and Bilious diseases, Jaundice, Liver and Kidney complaints, Dyspepsia, &c. They are an excellent Strengthener in all cases of General Debility, for either Old, Young, Male or Female, Weakness of the stomach and Nervousness.

Females will find them invaluable in cases of Weakness, Irregularities, Pain in the Back, General Languor, Giddiness in the Head and Nervous Irritability. It cleanses and purifies the Blood and gives new life and vigor to the patient. It acts strongly on the Liver, and restores the stomach to a natural and healthy action; "and when the Stomach is all right," the whole man must be right.

For purifying the blood they have no equal.

For constipation, general debility and regulating the stomach and bowels there is nothing like it.

The hundreds of thousands who keep it constantly on hand testify that it is the best family medicine known.

Nothing equals JOHN ROOTS' BITTERS for Coughs, Colds, and every form of pulmonary disease.

Nothing like it for giving an appetite.

Women weak and sickly are made strong and healthy.

They are not a whiskey drink, but a purely medical preparation.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

ROOTS & TYRER,

BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

29eod&eow63

JOHN W. STEELE'S

NIAGARA

BITTERS,

MANUFACTURED BY

FLETCHER, HOAG & STEELE,

Lockport, N. Y.

These Bitters combine the most valuable Tonic and Stimulant qualities of any ever offered to the public. They are warranted free from all injurious qualities, being composed of pure Vegetable Extracts, long known and highly valued for their medicinal properties, and a pure Rye Whiskey, distilled expressly for the manufacturers.

AS A STIMULANT

they stand unrivalled, both for invigorating and exhilerating effects, and freedom from the disagreeable taste so generally found in other Bitters. If taken in time they are a sure preventive of diseases arising from a disordered Stomach or Liver, such as Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Fever and Ague, Costiveness, and Diseases of the Skin, or Kidneys and Bladder. In diseases of the Liver they are

ESPECIALLY VALUABLE.

For sale in Leavenworth by H. W. Gillett; Carney, Fenlon & Co.; Cochrane, Bittmann & Taylor; J. Ashton & Co.; Smith & Bro., and all the principal Druggists. july25eod62

REMOVAL.

Removal.

J. H. KALBFLEISH

HAS REMOVED HIS

BOOT & SHOE STORE

From 76 to 106 SHAWNEE STREET, between Fourth and Fifth, north side [formerly occupied by A. Funk, Grocer] where he will be pleased to wait on his old customers and the public generally.

A full line of both Ladies' and Gents' ready made work kept constantly on hand.

Makes a specialty of custom work—particularly first-class. Sewed work for gentlemen. Satisfaction guaranteed. d111

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. LOUIS SAW WORKS.

BRANCH, CROOKES & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

EXTRA FINE CAST STEEL SAWS,

Of all the Descriptions now used in the United States.

These Saws have been manufactured and in use since 1861. They are warranted the best Inserted Tooth Saws made, are used exclusively on the Pacific Coast, and approved by mill men wherever known.

FOR SALE AT OUR WAREHOUSES.

214 Lake street, Chicago, Ill. | 116 and 118 Vine street, St. Louis, Mo. | 76 Carondelet street, New Orleans, La.

5w104

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

W. S. OLMSTEAD, Sec'y. E. W. BRYANT, Actuary.

ASSETS NEARLY $30,000,000.

$10,000,000 Loaned on the Solid Property of the West.

It offers Insurance at less cost than any other Company; its investments are all of unquestionable security, including no commuted commissions, fancy stocks or other imaginary or unrealized assets.

A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY.

No portion of the Policy Holders' money used to enrich Stock Holders.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITING

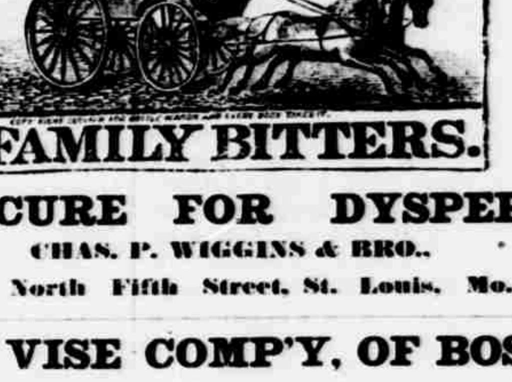
It has $141.25 for every $100 of liabilities as computed by Commissioner Sanford of Massachusetts. Beyond doubt the Strongest Mutual Life Insurance Company in the WORLD!

WHITTEN & HOPKINS,
General Western Agents.

75 DELAWARE STREET, LEAVENWORTH.

feb2d&w1y Good District and Travelling Agents Wanted.

GREATEST REMEDY OF THE AGE.



SURE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA!

CHAS. P. WIGGINS & BRO.,

901 North Fifth Street, St. Louis, Mo.

eod&w73

UNION VISE COMP'Y, OF BOSTON,

Manufacturers of Parallel Travelling Vises,

[Brainard's Patent,] in great variety, adapted to the wants of all artificers in Wood or Metals of various kinds. Also,

MILLING MACHINES OF IMPROVED CONSTRUCTION.

OFFICE IN BOSTON, at 80 Milk St., Factory at HYDE PARK, Mass.

Orders should by sent to HYDE PARK, Mass., and remittances made to the Treasurer at PROVIDENCE, R. I.

A. H. BRAINARD, Pres't.
C. T. CHILD, Treasurer.

d&w61

State Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS GIVEN TO BOXING AND SHIPPING TO ALL PARTS OF the West, first-class custom work of the latest approved New York styles of carriages suitable for private or livery use. We manufacture from the best of second growth N. J. Hickory which we season ourselves with great care, and manufacture all of our wheels by hand labor, using no "machine wheels." Our "trimming and painting" is equal to the best of New York work in material and workmanship. Persons wishing to purchase first-class work and an easy riding buggy or carriage will favor themselves by buying of us. Sleighs in their season. d63

Send for Prices and Samples.

DR. FARR'S

INVIGORATING CORDIAL

AND

PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD,

Is the best Household Tonic and Promoter of Health ever discovered. It is a preventive and sure cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys.

It is a mild and delightful Invigorant for delicate Females, and is the most agreeable and pleasant-tasting Tonic of the day.

For young Children and Infants it is a sure cure for Wind Colic, Griping Pains in the Stomach and Bowels, &c.

It can be had at all Druggists and general dealers, or by addressing the Wholesale Agents—

BROWN, WEBER & CO.,
10 and 12 N. Second St.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

FOR RENT—A FINE LARGE DWELLING House and Garden, south side of City limit, with 75 acres of splendid Blue Grass Pasture, Barn and other conveniences. Enquire at this office or on the premises. D. H. MITCHELL.

jy6d&w1m

Notice.

STATE OF KANSAS, COUNTY OF LEAVENWORTH, Township of Leavenworth. } ss

B. Cranston, vs. William Harness.

BEFORE RICHARD R. REES, A JUSTICE OF the Peace. The above named William Harness, Defendant in the above named cause, is hereby notified that he has been sued by the said Plaintiff for the sum of twenty-four dollars, rent; that suit was brought on the 11th day of May A. D. 1870, and attachment issued and his effects attached.

The case is now set for hearing on the eighth day of August, 8 o'clock a. m., A. D. 1870.

B. CRANSTON,
by W. S. Carroll, Att'y for Plaintiff.

jy5w113

BELLS. (Established in 1837.)

Buckeye Bell Foundry.

Church, Academy, Factory, Farm, Fire-Alarm, Bells, made of PURE BELL METAL, [Copper and Tin,] warranted in quality, tone, durability, &c., and mounted with our Patent IMPROVED ROTATING Hangings. Illustrated Catalogues sent free.

VANDUZEN & TIFT,
102 and 104 East Second street,
Cincinnati, Ohio.