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The Northwest.

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A NEW DISCOVERY!

Spiritualism Explained.

The question of questions, with the learned and unlearned, the materialist, scientist, religionists, and in fact everybody, is "What is Modern Spiritualism?" Is it a verity or is it all a humbug? Can it be explained from a physiological standpoint and does it come under the head of Physics, or does it come from supernatural causes and without laws or order. That the phenomena exists, is beyond dispute, whether it will ever be explained remains to be seen. That some spirits can be seen, handled and made use of to a good advantage as well as explained is also a fact to which all druggists and chemists can testify. They need not be named, because their name is legion. We refer principally to those medicines through which spirits figure largely as restorative agencies. Saur's Drug and Medicine Depot harbors a large number of healing spirits which can be purchased for a very small sum of money and if used according to directions will be the means of relieving pain and restoring the health of the afflicted. This same drug store has many other things in which it seeks to make itself useful and to benefit mankind. The book department furnishes the provisions upon which hundreds of brains are fed and are thus kept alive and active. The large stock of elegant patterns of wall and window paper is another medicine by which many homes is made warm and comfortable. Then, too, comes the many different colored paints which are not only a great preservative agency, but add to the beautiful as well, tons of which is sold annually and which gives employment to thousands of people. This is a branch of business in which this house also figures largely. Saur's Drug and Book store seems to be the depot or store house in which everything is kept which can be found in any drug and book house, at prices which everybody will acknowlekge to be very low.

Shot Down.

President Garfield Dangerously Wounded.

An Assassin's Work.

Fired at Entering the Railroad Depot at Washington.

ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT OF THE CRIMINAL.

CHARLES JULES GUITEAU.

An Erratic Creature of Low Antecedents.

Mrs. Garfield's Sorrow.

She Reaches Washington and Meets Her Husband.

Intense Excitement — World-wide Sympathy.

President James A. Garfield was shot at Washington Saturday morning by Charles Guitteau, of Chicago.

The President and Secretary Blaine entered the Baltimore & Potomac depot arm-in-arm, where the President was to take the 9:28 train for New York. As they reached the ladies' waiting room, Guitteau, who stood at the right of the President, raised his arm and deliberately fired two shots from a revolver, exclaiming as he did so, "Now we will have Arthur for President."

The first shot struck the President in the right arm. The assassin immediately fired again, and the shot took effect in the President's side and the victim sank to the floor. Several police officers came at once to his assistance and he was carried to the Superintendent's room on the floor above.

The President did not say a word when first shot.

Meanwhile the assassin was secured by those standing near and would have been torn to pieces but for the efforts of the police.

The President was carried at once to his chamber in the White House and laid upon the bed. Surgeon-General Barnes was in attendance by this time, and a cursory examination showed that the second shot had lodged in the groin, just over the kidney, and will in all probability prove fatal.

Charles Guitteau, the assassin, held the position of Consul to Marseilles during the last administration, having been appointed through the influence of Gen. Logan. When this administration came into power he was recalled at the desire of Secretary Blaine and some charge that in his desperation he resorted to the pistol for revenge.

His personal appearance was rather striking although his clothes were very common; both as to material and cut.

When arrested the prisoner said: "I did it and want to be arrested. I am a Stalwart and Arthur is President now. I have a letter here that I want you to give to Gen. Sherman. It will explain everything. Take me to the police station."

Secretary Blain was not going with the party, but came down to the depot to bid the President good-bye. He said: "The President and I were walking arm-in-arm toward the train. I heard two shots and saw a man run and started after him, but seeing he was grabbed just as he got out of the room, I came back to the President and found him lying on the floor. The floor was covered with blood. A number of people who were around shortly after have some of that blood on their persons. The weapon he used was a revolver about seven inches long. It had an ivory handle. The calibre was very large. It is what is known as a California pistol. It made a very loud report."

President Garfield, at the time of shooting, was about to start for New York on his way to the Williams College commencement. He was to have been accompanied by Secretaries Windom, Hunt and James and their wives, Secretary Lincoln, and Mrs. Garfield and family.

The letter from Guitteau to General Sherman was addressed as follows:

To Gen. Sherman, or his First Assistant in charge of the War Department.

Please deliver at once.

I have just shot the President; I shot him several times as I wished him to go as easily as possible. His death was a political necessity. I am a lawyer, a Stalwart of Stalwarts. I was with General Grant and the rest of our men at Albany during the canvass. I am going to jail. Please order out your troops and take possession of the jail at once.

The President's tragic death was a sad necessity, but it will unite the Republican party and save the republic.

Life is a flimsy dream and it matters little when one goes. A human life is of small value. During the war thousands of brave boys went down without a tear. I presume the President was a Christian and that he will be happier in Paradise than here.

It will be no worse for Mrs. Garfield, dear soul, to part with her husband this way than by natural death. I had no ill-will toward the President.

[Signed.] CHAS. GUITTEAU.

WANTED TO MAKE ARTHUR PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Washington is wild with excitement, and the whole populace is gathered about the Baltimore and Potomac Depot. The man evidently had deliberately planned the assassination, with an idea, so far as can be now ascertained, of making Arthur President.

THE PRESIDENT TO HIS WIFE.

WASHINGTON, July 2—11:05 A. M.—President Garfield is conscious, and does not complain of great suffering. He has just dictated a telegram to his wife. It is impossible to say as yet what the result will be, but the surgeons are of the opinion that the wounds are not necessarily fatal.

The following telegram has been sent: "Mrs. General Garfield, Elberon, Long Branch: The President wishes me to say to you, from him, that he has been seriously hurt—how seriously, he can not yet say. He is himself, and hopes you will come to him soon. He sends his love to you."

CONDITION OF THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, July 2—11:30 A. M.—The condition of the President is very much improved. Immediately after the shooting his pulse went down to fifty-three, and his face, as he was removed to the White House, was of an ashen hue. His pulse has now recovered to sixty-three, and the color is returning somewhat to his face.

FAVORABLE SYMPTOMS.

His general symptoms, moreover, denote a very considerable improvement. It is not thought wise to make any further attempts at present to withdraw the bullets, and it is difficult to determine, until a thorough examination is made, how serious the internal injuries may be. Surface indications, however, give good ground for hoping that the President will rally.

ABSOLUTELY NO HOPE.

WASHINGTON, July 2—3 P. M.—Hon. Samuel Shellabarger, who has just left the bedside of the President, says that there seems to be absolutely no hope of his rallying. His symptoms are growing more and more alarming, and his death is thought to be very near.

VERY LOW AND SURELY SINKING.

WASHINGTON, July 2—8 P. M.—The President is very low and sinking; pulse 150, but conscious. His physicians say he can not live more than two hours. Mrs. Garfield arrived an hour ago.

His lower extremities are already cold.

MRS. GARFIELD'S ARRIVAL—ALONE WITH HER HUSBAND—AFFECTING SCENES.

WASHINGTON, July 2—8:30 P. M.—All this afternoon and evening the grounds in front of the Executive Mansion have been crowded with people anxiously awaiting any announcement from the inside as to the President's condition. At eight o'clock it was announced to the throng that he was very low. Mrs. Garfield at that hour was alone with him exp'ting him to pass away momentarily. The avenue in front of the Treasury Department, from the Riggs House into the White House grounds and in front of the mansion is crowded with people. Mrs. Garfield arrived about seven o'clock, and, as she was driven up through the crowds of sympathizing people, many of them uncovered their heads as the carriage in which she rode passed by. Entering the Executive Mansion she, with her son, who met her at the depot, went directly to the bedside of the dying President. Others who had constantly been at his bed side during the day left them alone. It is impossible at this writing to gain anything authentic: rumors of his death are current every fifteen minutes.

BLAINE TO ARTHUR.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The following dispatch has just been telegraphed:

WASHINGTON, July 2.

HON. C. A. ARTHUR, Vice President, New York: At this hour (one p. m.) the President's symptoms are not regarded as unfavorable, but no definite assurance can be given until after the probing of the wounds at three o'clock. There are strong grounds for hope, and, at the same time, the gravest anxiety as to the final result.

JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Vice President Arthur and Conkling arrived this morning. The boat was late, not arriving until about ten o'clock. As soon as she touched the wharf a telegram was handed Arthur. Upon reading it he dropped back in his chair, greatly shocked. It is presumed the telegram announced the shooting of President Garfield.

MR. CONKLING OVERWHELMED AT THE SAD INTELLIGENCE.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A reporter called upon Ex-Senator Conkling this morning, and after sending his card to the Ex-Senator's room received word that the event was one which would not warrant any conversation, and declined to be seen. A few minutes after Mr. Conkling stepped across the hallway for a moment from his room, and the reporter met him. Upon being requested to give his opinion of the assassination he stepped back for a moment, and in a voice interrupted by sobs said:

"I can not understand it. The news came upon me when I was least prepared for it, because I have been almost overwhelmed by my own troubles. It is horrible, and the result may be most disastrous to the peace and welfare of our country. I can only hope that it is not true, and that our land is saved from such a stain."

WASHINGTON, July 3—2 A. M.—The President is now sleeping, and symptoms are more favorable than at any time for his recovery. Nothing more will be done to find the ball until to-morrow morning.

THE PLUCKY PRESIDENT.

On reaching his chamber, the President spoke expressing his determination not to die. He shook hands with members of his cabinet, and his personal attaches admitted. Dr. Bliss could not find any pulse at first. A culsory examination showed that the ball in his back entered three inches from the spine, on the right, traversed in a downward direction, and lodged just above the right lobe of the liver. A guard was kept at the White House grounds all night.

SAD SUNDAY SCENES AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The life of President Garfield still hangs in the balance. Last night he passed a comfortable night. His sleep was refreshing, but rather in cat-naps than in any protracted slumber. With the exceptions of Secretary Blaine, the entire Cabinet remained at the White House throughout the night. The favorable symptoms which set in after ten o'clock last night gave hope to those in attendance, and inspired a feeling of courage, and almost conviction that all would yet be right. Early this morning the President awoke, and found

HIS FAITHFUL WIFE AT HIS BEDSIDE.

By direction of the attending physician he was given beef-tea, which remained upon his stomach, and seemed to refresh him considerbly. About eight oclock he dropped into a quiet, peaceful sleep, and slept until after ten. Soon thereafter the President expressed a desire to have read to him some of the newspaper accounts of the attempted assassination. This his faithful wife assayed to do, the physician entering no objection. Casually from a pile of newspapers which were brought in, Mrs. Garfield selected the New York *Times*, and proceeded to read therefrom an editorial which, though not charging directly, intimated broadly that the assassination might be

THE RESULT OF A CONSPIRACY.

When the point had been reached in the article where this intimation was too broad not to escape the attention of the President, he said: "That can not be. There was no plot—there was no conspiracy." At this point Dr. Bliss forbade any further reading of newspaper accounts to the President.

WASHINGTON, July 4, 3 P. M.—Doctor Agnew says there are some very encouraging features in the President's case, and he mentions as such the fact that the kidneys or intestines are entirely uninjured, and perform their functions readily and freely. He says the liver is lacerated, and the narves leading from the spinal column to the lower extremities are hurt, but that this is less injury than might easily have been expected from the size and course of the bullet. He says the stomach retains nourishment, and from this the President is gaining strength slowly to resist the encroachments of secondary inflammation.

A GRACEFUL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

The Secretary of State has issued the following:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, 11 P. M.

To the press:

On behalf of the President and Mrs. Garfield, I desire to make a public acknowledgement of the very numerous messages of condolence and affection which have been received since Saturday morning from almost every state in the Union—from the South as bountifully as from the North, and from countries beyond the seas have come messages of anxious inquiry and tender words of sympathy, in such numbers that it has been found impossible to answer them in detail. I therefore ask the newspapers to state for the President and Mrs. Garfield the deep gratitude which they feel for the devotion of their fellow countrymen and friends abroad in this hour of heavy affliction.

(Signed) JAS. G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

WHAT GENERAL STEEDMAN SAYS.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, July 2.—General James B. Steedman, of Toledo, to-day said to a *Herald* reporter:

"By God! General Arthur shall never be President of the United States! He is an unnaturalized foreigner. We looked it up once thoroughly and know, and will unite to a man, Republicans and Democrats, to see that he is not President. There being no President, the Vice-President *pro tem.* of the Senate, and no Speaker of the House, we will carry out the constitutional provision, and make Chief-Justice Waite Acting-President until a new election can be ordered. Under the provisions of 1803, no man can become President who directly or indirectly, in the remotest degree, is morally responsible for assassination that places the Presidency in his power."

General Sherwood, a prominent Greenbacker who stood by, said; "We will join with you in that also."

THE VICE-PRESIDENT HEARD FROM.

8:45 P. M.—The following telegram has been received by Secretary Blaine and General Sherman:

NEW YORK, July 2.—The Hon. James G. Blaine, Secretary of State, Washington: Your telegram with its deplorable narrative did not reach me promptly, owing to my absence. I am profoundly shocked at the dreadful news. The hopes you express relieve somewhat the horror of the fiast announcement. I wait for further intelligence with the greatest anxiety. Express to the President and those about him my great grief and sympathy, in which the whole American people will join. C. A. ARTHUR.

FROM GENERAL HANCOCK.

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, N. Y., July 2, 1881.

General W. T. Sherman, Washington: I trust that the result of the assault upon the life of the President to-day may not have fatal consequences, and that, in the interest of the country, the act may be shown to have been that of a madman. Thanks for your dispatch, and for your promise of further information.

W. S. HANCOCK.

FROM GENERAL GRANT.

The following dispatch has been received by Secretary Lincoln from General Grant:

"ELBERON, N. J., July 2, 1881.

"Secretary Lincoln, Washington:—Please dispatch me the condition of the President. The news conflicts. I hope the most favorable may be confirmed. Express to the President my deep sympathy, and hope that he may speedily recover. U. S. GRANT."

THE QUEEN'S HORROR AND SYMPATHY.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Secretary of State received from Sir Edward Thornton, British Minister, the following, dated London, 10:25 p. m.:

To Sir Edward Thornton, British Embassy, Washington: The Queen desires that you will at once express the horror with which she has learned of the attempt on the President's life, and her earnest hope for his recovery. Her Majesty wishes for full and immediate reports as to his condition.

"LORD GRANVILLE."

PROCLAMATION.

BY THE GOVERNOR OF OHIO.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 3.—Governor Foster has just issued the following:

COLUMBUS, OHIO, July 3, 1881, Executive Department, Governor's Office, 12 o'clock M.

Suggestions are coming to me to counsel the mayors of cities and villages and the people of the State to suspend the usual Fourth of July celebration, and substitute therefor exercises in harmony with the universal feeling of distress over the attempted assassination of the President. These suggestions being so heartily in accord with my own feelings, I earnestly request that the people assemble in the churches at half past ten o'clock in the morning and engage in devotions to Almighty God, and that the celebrations of the day be conducted in accord with what may then be known of the physical condition of the President. Thanks to a kind Providence, it is a great joy to add that the present advices give hope of the recovery of the President.

(Signed) CHARLES FOSTER, Governor.

NO NOISE IN WASHINGTON TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—At 10:50 A. M. Secretary Kirkwood came alone and was admitted upstairs, as was also General Sherman, who came in soon after.

Gen. Sherman feels keenly the weight of woe with which the country is shadowed, but he is devoting his energy to the safety of the prisoner and the quiet of the city.

It is pleasing to note that not so much as the explosion of a firecracker has been heard at the White House, notwithstanding that no prohibitory order was issued. The city is in a state of quiet suspense.

DOCTORS AGNEW AND HAMILTON

Have returned to their homes, their complete approval of the course of the other physicians being all that was desired. Neither of them professed to be well enough acquainted with the case to express an opinion of the final result, but they agree that the President is doing as well as can be expected.

DR. SIMS' COUNSELS.

PARIS, July 3, 1881.—I interviewed Dr. Marion Sims this evening. He says:—"If the President has recovered from the shock and the surgeons think that the ball has perforated the abdominal cavity they should cut open the abdomen, as in ovariotomy, tie any bleeding vessel, sew up the intestine if wounded, clean out the peritoneal cavity and place a drainage tube to drain off poisonous exudations. This should be the treatment of all gunshot wounds of the abdomen." Dr. Sims says that he studied the subject at the battle of Sedan, and that he made there many post-mortems proving that the patients might have been saved if they had not been in a dying state when brought to his ambulance. He saw the post-mortem of Fisk, and feels confident that his life could have been saved by the method he proposed.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 5.—Unofficial bulletin 11 P. M.—The condition of the President throughout the day has been such as to give great encouragement to his physicians. The nourishment which he has taken at intervals has been assimilated perfectly, and has noticeably increased his strength. The President has slept frequently, and with apparent refreshment and the decrease in temperature and pulse has relieved all present apprehension of serious inflammation. The transient unfavorable reaction which caused so much uneasiness last night between 6 to 9, and which it was thought might occur again to-night has not thus far taken place. The favorable symptoms of the day have continued throughout the hours of the evening which have hitherto seemed most critical. This fact is thought by the attending physicians to indicate a substantial gain. At the present hour, 11 P. M., the President is quiet and comfortable, and his symptoms are as frvorable as at the date of the last official bulletin.

A PLOT TO LYNCH GUITEAU.

The *Dispatch* says it is reported an organization of 600 negroes has been discovered, banded together to take possession of the jail and kill Guiteau in case the President dies.

THE LAST OFFICIAL ACT.

It is understood that the last official act of the President was on Friday night, he wrote the order appointing Mr. Hiram J. Ramsdell, of New York, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, vice Amos Webster, resigned.

FATAL LEMONADE.

Five Hundred People Poisoned.

WARRENSBURG, July 5.—At a celebration of 4th of July, held at Harrisonville, about five hundred people were poisoned by drinking lemonade made of acid. Six persons have died, and one hundred more are dangerously ill and expected to die. The affair has cast a deep gloom over the whole surrounding country.

Renew Your Lease.

There are times in every one's life when energy fails and a miserable feeling comes over them, often mistaken for laziness. Danger lurks in these symptoms, as they arise from impure blood or diseased organs. Medical advice is expensive and often unsatisfactory. Parker's Ginger Tonic will renew your lease of health and comfort because it restores perfect activity of the stomach, liver and kidneys, and purifies the blood, as men and women restored to robust health testify in almost every neighborhood. See adv.—*Advocate.* je.16-1m.

A Washington letter says: "One of the most interesting parts of the old Treasury Building is the vault in which are stored the bonds held to secure the circulation of the National Banks. The vault is about ten feet square and fourteen feet high. It now contains about $375,000,000 in registered bonds, a larger amount of wealth than is stored in one place in any other building in the world. The cash vault in which the money used in daily transactions is kept, contained about $4,000,000 in gold, silver, and paper, but it looked poor and insignificant after the vast affluence of the bond vault.

The desire of two Florida young men to fight a duel was taken advantage of by their friends as an occasion for some fun. After one discharge of blank cartridges the pistols were loaded with powder and corn, the jokers supposing that no serious harm would be done; but a kernel put out an eye of one of them.

A skeleton thirteen feet long has been discoved in a mound near Newark.

The Ohio apple crop will be small this year.

The President Still Lives!

Latest From Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6, Executive Mansion, 8:30 A. M.

The President has passed a most comfortable night and has slept well. His condition has remained throughout as favorable as when the last bulletin was issued. Pulse is becoming less frequent and is now 98; temperature 89; respiration 23

12:30 P. M.

The President remains quite as comfortable as at last bulletin. He takes his nourishment well. Pulse 100 temperature 99½; respiration 23.

2:30 P. M.

Unless some unfavorable changes in symptoms occur no further official bulletins will be issued until 8 p. m. Experiments are now being made under supervision of physicians with different sorts of refrigerating apparatus in order to relieve the President, if possible, from unfavorable influence of great heat, by artificial cooling of the atmosphere of his room.

TILDEN.

Denounces the Crime and Moralizes Upon its Cause and Consequences.

[By Associated Press to the Plain Dealer.]

NEW YORK, July 5.—It was at Greystone, his charming estate near Yonkers, that Samuel J. Tilden was found by a reporter of the *Tribune*. In reply to a question from the reporter he said:

"This, our young American civilization and our system of elective constitutional government can not afford the frequent recurrence of attempts to change the administration of the government and the possession of individual political power by the act of an assassin. I don't mean to say that our fifty millions of people can, in any way be made responsible for the crime of a single integer of that vast aggregate. Of course such acts may happen in any country, or in any age, but the consequences are none the less calculated to fill with dismay and disgust the whole community and to weaken the confidence in a system like our own where they are less excusable than anywhere else in the world."

"What effect do you think the attempt will have?"

"At present we are all filled, not only with concern for the public effects of such a crime, but with sympathy for the distinguished victim, his family and his immediate friends. It is too early to moralize upon the subject, but two things are so obvious that they can not escape consideration even now. The first is the great peril that attends the enormous and increasing power of the Chief Executive Magistracy. It addresses temptations too strong for the public safety, to the interests and passions of millions of persons."

"Do you refer to the civil service?"

"Partly only. More particularly this: the putting up periodically at the end of every four years the vast power of the government of fifty millions of people, the enormous expenditure that it involves, the redistribution of 100,000 offices at a raffle, in which the whole people actively participate, must be fruitful of evils yet unseen. Civil commotions, fraud and violence are the natural results."

"What is the second consideration to which you referred?"

"The second one, perhaps, grows out of the first. It is the unbounded licentiousness that characterizes our party competitions and political dissensions, the assassination of private character, and the unscrupulous methods resorted to to influence the public judgment. All good men of all parties ought to do their utmost to limit and restrain these mishaps. The undues timulus to mad passions arms the hand of the eccentric individual who assumes to himself to work out the results, perhaps under the insane ambition for notoriety of infamy; but I turn from the subject with a feeling that now when every public sensibility and every private sympathy is deeply wounded, I am not equal to drawing the lessons which the deplorable event suggests to our people. Let us hope that President Garfield's recovery will reduce to a minimum the public evils of his assassination, while it will remove the weight of the bereavement which fills us all with concern and sympathy."

Col. W. W. Dudley, of Indiana, passed Saturday night at the President's bedside. Col. Dudley says the President inquired about the assassin; asked him to discribe the man's appearance, his greivance if he had any, and whether he was securely guarded. Being told that he must not talk, the President said to him: "Dudley, I'll make this bargain with you: I'll not talk as long as you give me all the ice I want." The Colonel readily agreed to the proposition, but very soon he was obliged to remind the President of his agreement. The President suffered intense pain in his legs, but he was heard to murmer; "I will endure any pain." He said: "To get well I would cheerfully stick out that right leg and have it chopped off if it would bring health again." He frequently expressed the belief he would recover; but "if it be God's will that I should die," he added stoutly, measuring his words, "I am ready to go. I am not afraid to die."—*Enquirer.*

W. E. Lee, a wealthy planter of Sevier county, Arkansas, took down a rusty rifle, put his foot on the trigger, and blew into the barrel. The coroner came around and peered into the hole in his head, and discovered that Mr. Lee's brains had leaked out of the back of his head.