

Democratic Northwest.

VOL XXXI.

NAPOLÉON, HENRY CO., OHIO, MAY 24, 1883.

NO. 13.

THE NORTHWEST.

L. L. ORWIG.

Terms—One Year, \$1.50 in Advance.
If not paid until expiration of six months, \$1.75;
expiration of year, \$2.00.

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Napoleon, Ohio.

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Deaths and marriages inserted gratis.
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Advertisements and Executive Notices, \$2. All
other legal advertisements \$1 per square first insertion,
50 cents per square each additional insertion.

To ADVERTISERS—All advertisements must be
hand in by Wednesday morning to insure inser-
tion the same week.

NOTE.—We respectfully ask the clergymen as well
as all others, in Henry county, to send us for publica-
tion in the Northwest, all the marriages and
deaths which especially come to their notice.—Ed.

The Blind Man.

That a man may be blind in more ways than one is conceded by almost everybody. The man who is physically blind, whose eyes have been destroyed by disease or the sight removed by some accident, is to be pitied and he should have the sympathy and share the charity of every good citizen. But the man who is blind intellectually or spiritually, who at this day and age does not post himself as to his immediate surroundings, does not make himself acquainted with the general topics of the day, does not know whether he is a Presbyterian or a Methodist, a Republican or a Democrat, is to be censured rather than pitied, because in these days of cheap literature, and the world is full of it, a man need not go to the expense of traveling, he can stay right at his own fireside and make himself fully acquainted with everything that is going on in the world, and thus become a good judge of the principles and characters which are best calculated to advance the interests of every country and better the condition of every individual. It may be well perhaps, to state right here for the benefit of those who may not be acquainted of the fact, that Saur makes a specialty of keeping constantly on hand all the best and choicest literature of the day at his large drug and book store, and any book, paper or magazine published anywhere in the world will be furnished on the shortest possible notice, in any language desired. And we will say further that you will not only find Saur's drugs and medicines is always complete, and will compare favorably in quantity, variety, price and quality with that of any other drug house anywhere east or west, north or south. It has become a byword, and deservedly too, that when you fail to find any special or particular kind of medicine everywhere else, that by going to Saur's drug and book store you will be sure to find it.

In the line of holiday goods, Saur is always up with the times and has everything that is beautiful as well as useful at prices which are within the reach of every one. In fact low prices on all kinds of goods sold at this house have ever been the motto which have given this house a reputation which is not excelled and which every one is proud to speak of. Saur has always recognized this fact in all his dealings, that honest square dealing, representing your goods none other than that which they are, is the only true road to success, and he who prospers by any other is sooner or later, either in this world or the next, bound to retrace his steps, make right what he has made wrong, or else forever suffer the penalty which attaches to all that is bad.

The officials of the North Pennsylvania Railroad Company have just informed the Philadelphia authorities that the municipality owns 3,087 shares of the company's stock, worth \$208,372. The authorities had no knowledge of the fact until thus informed.

On Thirty Day's Trial.
The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above.—N. B. No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed. dec28.1y

The Memphis Avalanche is depressed with the hope that high license will decrease intemperance by decreasing the number of places where liquor is sold, as many individuals who would "take a drink" when it could be got by stepping across the street would do without it if they had to go two or three squares off to get it.

The Scott Law assessment has closed up over a hundred saloons in Dayton. Miss Thayer, of Boston, is pretty and has \$2,500,000. Keep your seat, for John F. Andrew has secured the prize.

COAL MINERS' CONVENTION AT COLUMBUS decided that every mining district in Ohio shall simultaneously demand on Sept. 1 next an advance in the price of mining, and submit to no reduction before March following.

FOSTER is fishing for the senatorship. There are some public men in Ohio who ought to be retired to private life. Foster is one of them. No Cuyahoga republican can be elected to the legislature who is pledged to Foster, the enemy of the workingman, the temperance deacon.—Penny Press.

EX-PRESIDENT HAYES cries out union of the Republicans for the sake of the Republic, borrowing from the late Henry A. Wise. The statesman Hanegan, of Texas, put it better when he said to the Chicago Convention, "if we are not here for the offices, what in the hell are we here for?"—Bellevue Ex.

The venerable Bishop Peck, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, not long ago gave all his property to the Syracuse University, preferring to dispose of it thus during his own life. "I have an ambition," he said, "to die without anything, for I am going to where I shall have infinite riches of a kind that will suit me better than any of these material things."

THE DEMOCRATIC NORTHWEST thinks that Senator Brigham, of Delta, is booming Senator Norton, of Napoleon, for Governor, with an eye single to making room for himself in the Congressional fight a year from next fall. The probable result of the boom will be to make a stronger rival of Norton as a Congressional candidate, while it will not come near enough electing him Governor to occasion any alarm.—Saturday American.

Our tax-payers may look out for a lower tax rate next year, as most, if not all, of the authorities empowered to levy taxes have reduced the rate. The county levy is reduced slightly, as is also the State; the school board have reduced four mills and the corporation two mills. We have not heard from the township authorities, but are told that the levy will be reduced. This reduction all around will in the aggregate make quite a difference in the tax levy of 1882 and that of 1883.

The tax on matches will be taken off after the first of July. A cent a hundred is now levied on them, or \$1.44 on a gross. The profits on a gross, assuming the price on matches is not reduced, will not be less than \$1.95, instead of sixty-five cents as at present. The match manufacturers are not disposed to reduce prices to consumers. If they do not do so, however, an effort will be made to induce Congress to restore the stamp tax. It is not fitting that what was intended as a relief to the consumers should be turned into a huge profit for the monopoly.

We understand that the friends of Judge Selwyn N. Owen, of Bryan, will present his name to the Democratic State Convention next month for Judge of the Supreme Court. Judge Owen has occupied the bench of the Common Pleas Court for several years and has won much praise for his honesty and fairness. As a lawyer he ranks among the best in Northwestern Ohio, and if nominated, will meet with the hearty support of his professional brethren in the ranks. A staunch Democrat, we have no hesitation in saying that he justly merits the nomination of that position.—Norwalk Experiment.

The long quarrel between Peru and Chili is settled at last. A definitive treaty of peace has been signed by the heads of the two republics, by which Peru is once more to be free from Chilean occupation, and left to reorganize itself as best it can. The cost to Peru is heavy. Tacna and Arica are ceded to Chile for ten years, at the end of which time the people of that territory are to decide by a popular vote which country is hereafter to claim their allegiance, the one getting the provinces for good to give indemnity. The Chileans will do their utmost to exhaust the nitre beds in the coming ten years. If the territory is though then worth keeping Peru will be outvoted and will get no compensation to speak of.

HON. J. PROCTOR KNOTT, who was nominated as the Democratic candidate for Governor of Kentucky, was born in Marion county, Kentucky, August 29, 1830. After studying law, he removed to Missouri in 1850, and was Attorney General of that State in 1860. Returning to Kentucky in 1862, and entering into the politics of the people, he was elected to Congress from 1867 to 1871, and, again, in 1874, and has been in that body, it is believed, from that date to this. He first became generally known to the country by a very humorous speech in opposition to Congress subsidizing a railway, one end of which was to be at Duluth. While the speech was humorous, it was also powerful. It attracted the attention of the country, directing it to the head-long pitch toward which Congress was drifting in the matter of Government subsidies to railways.

WHERE DID THEY GO.

Interesting Indian Question Answered.

[From Toledo Sunday Journal.]
EDITOR JOURNAL.—At the late Union Methodist meeting held in the St. Paul Church, Toledo, I gave a few reminiscences as to the early settlement of the Maumee Valley and the Indians of this country. I have since been requested to answer the following:
When did they leave the Maumee Valley and where did they go?
Those with whom I was acquainted, in the early part of my ministry, in 1823, principally emigrated West, as follows:

The Delawares, of what is now Marion county, ceded their Reservation to John McElvaine, the United States Commissioner at Little Sandusky, Ohio, August 3d, 1829, and soon after moved west of the Mississippi.
In August, 1831, treaties were negotiated with the Senecas of Lewistown, and the Shawnees of Wapakoneta, by James Gardner, Esq., and Col. John McElvaine, Commissioners appointed by the United States Government. These Indians were removed to the Indian Territory, in Kansas, Sept. 1832.
The Ottawa, Chippewa, Potawatomi, Wyandotte, Shawnees, Munies and Delawares, had ceded their rights to the Fire Lands by their respective chiefs, in what is now the city of Toledo, July 4th, 1805, and soon after settled in different parts of the State, a few going to Michigan and other territories.
E. C. GAYTTE.

We all Believe
That it is an idle long tale has no turning; that many a shaft at random sent, finds a mark the archer little meant; that no remedy sold will cure coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and all throat and lung troubles so quickly nor permanently as Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure; that our druggist, D. J. Humphrey, is very generous to give trial bottles of this remedy free of charge.

THE JONES FAMILY.

Mr. Jones Suffers From a Misapplied Remedy.

Jones still lives. After escaping the critics and the anger of a justly incensed populace, and surviving the bodily perils of an amateur's debut, he has come near meeting death at the hands of the wife of his bosom, and now lies weak and helpless as a month old baby, trying to plan out an adequate revenge when Jephtha is himself again. It would be funny were it not so fatal, but Mrs. Jones says no bones are broken, and that he needed heroic treatment; he certainly got it.

You see, the family doctor is an absent-minded sort of man, and the other day as he left the house after giving Mrs. Jones a bottle of medicine for Jones' measles, he was staring about him in a dazed sort of way as he went out, and Mrs. Jones began to think Jephtha might be worse than she imagined, and she asked rather anxiously:
"Is there anything else, doctor?"
"Give him the prescription regularly," said the doctor in a liver-pod voice, "and don't forget the directions, and be sure to shake well before administering—good day, m'am," and the doctor passed out in a brown study.

"I'm sure I don't know how I'm going to do it," said Mrs. Jones with tears in her eyes. "I suppose I must though, but Bridget will have to help."
Mr. Jones had fallen into a feverish sleep in which the measles and Shakespear and sword sawing were considerably mixed up, when he suddenly awoke and saw Mrs. Jones standing looking at him on one side of the bed, and Bridget heroically planted on the other.

"Mia, am I worse?" he gasped with a feeling that he must be dying.
"Take hold," said Mrs. Jones nodding to Bridget, "we may as well get it over with."
Bridget took hold; it was something like the grip of a bull-dog and it caught Jones in the ribs at the same moment that the ticklish fingers of his wife were inserted on the other side.

"Now shake!" directed Mrs. Jones, and for the next five minutes the wretched man had a dissolving view of the heavens and the earth; he tried to pray but Bridget's knuckles took every bit of breath out of him, and as he rose and fell with the regularity of a rag carpet in spring house cleaning, he could only take one brief and rapid survey of his past life, and think with indescribable torture of all the wicked things he might have done and hadn't. Then he was dropped—as it seemed to him—from a four-story window—and he felt some cold liquid that tasted like mustard liniment and St. Joseph's old combined going down his throat.

"So glad you're better," said his wife, when he recovered consciousness; "do you know, dear, if it hadn't been for the doctor I'd never thought about that old formula, 'To be well shaken before taken.' I haven't a doubt it has saved your life. That comes of having a doctor of the old school; you'll soon be well now," and she put two more comfortable and his overcoat on the prostrate man, and tucked him in so he wouldn't get cold.

And now she says the only thing that worries her is the expression of his eyes. They look wild.

Mrs. Bell, wife of the telephone inventor, is beautiful but blind.

An offer has been made for Maud S. at the rate of \$100 a pound.

Chicago ministers deprecate the low moral tone of the newspapers there.

Miss La Farge, betrothed to Lieut. Chipp, of the Jeannette, has died of grief.

When the United States is as densely populated as Prussia it will contain 750,000,000.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Anxious Office Seekers.

But Little Interest Taken in Civil Service Commission.

Capitol Improvements &c.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21st, 1883.

There are a lot of anxious office seekers waiting the result of the President's wrestle with the Revenue Commission appointment. The number of patriots who are willing to run this "whisky bureau," as it is called, is nearly legion, and the scramble has been unusually sharp. At one time it was said the appointment of a New York man had been decided upon, and now Pennsylvania claims to have the lead. Just at this time there is a let-up in the delegations at the white house. They have found out that the president is, to use a common but expressive vulgarism, as stubborn as a mule, and in wrath and disgust they are leaving him to himself. Senator Harrison is angry with him, Senator Logan could eat him up—in fact all the professional wire-workers are weary of him and long for the good old Grant days, when a poor bore could accomplish almost anything. Arthur has his intrigues, but he is slow to act, and is looking out for himself regardless of the rest of them. A good deal of comment has been caused by Senator-elect Cullom coming on to urge Mr. David Dittles, of Springfield, for the Internal Revenue bureau. It is not considered exactly the thing for a United States senator-elect to begin place-hunting for his friends before he has taken his seat, but the traditions which formerly invested the office of United States senator with a robe of dignity are nowhere at all. There are, however, signs of revival of some of the ideas laid by for years. The senators—some of them—have got just a little too frisky within the last two years.

Some show there don't appear to be as much interest among government employees in the civil service commission as was expected. The new machine is about ready to begin operations, but nobody appears to care anything about it here. One reason, perhaps, is the fact that nine-tenths of the clerks are slowly and surely accustoming themselves to the idea that two years from now they will be looking for something else to do. Whether erroneous or not, there is no expectation that this new arrangement will keep in the great bulk of regulars in office holders when the reins of government change hands. In every man's plans for the future the limitation of his service to the continuance of the republican party in power is recognized. The speech of Mr. Conkling at the Saturday club dinner had a significance to clerks in Washington which it did not possess elsewhere. It put in plain words the undefined but keenly felt idea which had been growing since Garfield's death, that a democratic success in 1884 was almost certain, and many a man has pledged himself to himself that every edge has to cut from this time forth to get away with when the little yellow envelope shall be left on his desk containing the polite information that a democratic head of department no longer needs his services.

Between Mr. Robeson's house and Mr. Pendleton's is a large building lot which has been graded and turfed to preserve the effect of the two houses. It is now offered for sale. That means that Mr. Robeson's house is for sale. It would hardly suit the aristocratic Secor to have a plebeian, every day kind of a man at his elbow, but if he wants to sell to the highest bidder he doesn't care who has the next lot. The less aristocratic Pendleton may not object. Mr. Windom has gone into the business of money-making in good earnest and is scraping in the shreds, so people say who know. Mr. Windom was always credited with genuine financial ability—the power to make money by bold combinations. He means to be a richer man than Mr. Blaine—besides Mr. Blaine has the gout—not the French gout, but the English article, which is admitted free of duty. Just imagine what an agreeable patient Mr. Blaine! An Arizona cow-boy would be a milkson to him. Gail Hamilton is still at the Blaines', and with the sublime faith of woman, still believes that James G. is the coming man, not the man that has come and gone.

The rapid growth of Washington away from the capitol building and in the direction of Georgetown heights is plainly shown by the selection of a site for the new opera house and casino in the northwest section, near the costly residence built by Governor Shepherd and recently occupied by Thomas J. Brady. The two theatres which the city now has are on or near Pennsylvania avenue between the capitol and the treasury building. The new enterprise is fairly under way, for it is announced that nearly all of the first 100 shares of \$1,000 each have been taken. The entire cost will be \$200,000, but the builders will begin work when half that sum shall have been subscribed. The opera house is to contain from 1,200 to 2,000 seats. The street front will be 80 feet, and in it there will be eight exits. The floor of the auditorium will be below the street grade. The casino which will be built in connection with the opera house will be constructed around a court, 56 by 40 feet. This court will be warmed and roofed with glass in the winter. Around it will be restaurants, cafes, reading rooms, private dining rooms, and a large ball room, with bowling alleys and racquet court. This establishment will be situated in the heart of that section of the city in which those persons live who will patronize it.

PHONO.

Judge S. N. Owen may be said to be foreordained by common consent of the Ohio Democracy, as the choice of the coming state convention for the nomination of long term judge on the Supreme bench of the State. Judge Owen was elected to the position now held by him, in 1878, and has for many years been recognized as a leading attorney of Northwestern Ohio. He has a clear, judicial mind and every qualification in brain, experience and character to fit him for the position, and if he receives the nomination, which may be regarded as a foregone conclusion, the Republicans will have to put up with a remarkably strong man to get away with him.—Saturday American.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Change of running time on the B. & O.

The railroad bridge across Lake Pontchartrain, now in course of construction, will be the longest of the kind in the world. The trestle work will be twenty-one and a half miles long.

It is rumored that the order against whisky drinking, issued by Assistant Superintendent Cummings, of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, will soon be promulgated from headquarters, so as to cover the entire Gould system of railways.

The employees of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad are supplied with medicines free of cost, for preventing and curing chills and fevers. The official notice says: "This medicine, while equally efficient, will be found more pleasant to take than that furnished last year, and every member is recommended to use it when attacked with malaria."

The legal department of the Wabash is now wrestling with the biggest case on docket, wherein Mr. Coup, of Coup's circus fame, sues for consequential damages resulting from the wrecking of his circus when being hauled over the Cairo division of the Wabash road. All the parties personally injured have already been settled with, but the company is fighting Mr. Coup's claim because the shipping contract was one of those iron-clad contracts which reduced the service rendered by the defendant to the mere matter of furnishing transportation, no risk being assumed.

Toledo Bee, 19th: The auditors in the several counties in Ohio through which the T. C. & St. L. Railroad passes, assembled at the court house in this city this morning for the purpose of appraising the company's property. The following were present:

Walter Pickens, Lucas; E. P. Wood, Wood; Chas. Evers, Henry; L. Lemkuhle, Putnam; W. D. Poling, Allen; W. T. Exline, Van Wert; J. V. Sidenbender, Mercer; J. C. Tipton, Darke; C. C. Barrett, Miami; G. W. Knodt, Montgomery; A. S. Frasier, Green; Calvin Holmes, Fayette; F. J. Eker, Ross; B. B. Evans, Jackson; A. H. Graham, Warren; C. L. White, Vinton; M. S. Bartram, Lawrence.

Gallia county was not represented. Mr. Craig, tax agent of the road, and Moulton Houk, represented the company. Walter Pickens, of Lucas, was made President, and L. Lemkuhle, of Putnam, Secretary. It was decided best to inspect a certain portion of the property before making the appraisal, and action was deferred until Monday, May 28, when they will meet at Dayton and inspect the D. & S. E. division.

"Five Dr.'s: no end of medicine; no relief. Dr. Benson's Skin Cure has driven away all eruptions and I'm nearly well." Ida C. Young, Hamilton, Ill. Druggists keep it, \$1 per package. May 8-1m

COUNTY FAIRS.

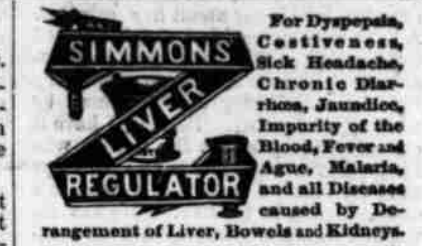
Times of Holding Them in the Year 1883.

The following is a list of the counties holding fairs in 1883, with the location and date respectively. The exhibit is taken from the State Fair premium list:

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| Ashtabula, Jefferson, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Athens, Athens, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Augsburg, Wapakoneta, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Belmont, St. Clairsville, Sept. 5, 6, 7. | Brown, Georgetown, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Butler, Hamilton, Oct. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. | Carroll, Carrollton, Oct. 2, 3, 4. | Champaign, Urbana, Aug. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Clark, Springfield, Aug. 28, 29, 30, 31. | Clinton, Wilmington, Aug. 14, 15, 16, 17. | Clermont, Boston, Sept. 5, 6, 7, 8. | Columbiana, New Lisbon, Sept. 26, 27. | Coshocton, Coshocton, Oct. 9, 10, 11, 12. | Crawford, Bucyrus, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Cuyahoga, Chagrin Falls, Sept. 11, 12, 13. | Darke, Greenville, Sept. 10, 11, 12, 13. | Defiance, Defiance, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Eric, Sandusky, Sept. 24, 25, 26, 27, 28. | Fairfield, Lancaster, Oct. 10, 11, 12, 13. | Fulton, Wauseon, Sept. 18, 19, 20, 21. | Gallia, Gallipolis, Sept. 18, 19, 20, 21. | Gaucha, Burton, Sept. 17, 18, 19, 20. | Greene, Xenia, Sept. 12, 13, 14. | Hamilton, Carthage, Sept. 4, 5, 6, 7. | Hancock, Findlay, Oct. 3, 4, 5, 6. | Harrison, Cadiz, Oct. 3, 4, 5. | Hocking, Logan, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Huron, Norwalk, Sept. 18, 19, 20, 21. | Jefferson, Smithfield, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Lake, Painesville, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Lawrence, Ironton, Sept. 11, 12, 13, 14. | Licking, Newark, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Logan, Bellefontaine, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Lorain, Elyria, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Madison, Canfield, Oct. 2, 3, 4. | Marion, Marion, October 2, 3, 4, 5. | Medina, Medina, Sept. 11, 12, 13. | Morgan, McConnellsville, Sept. 18, 19, 20, 21. | Morrow, Mt. Gilead, Oct. 9, 10, 11, 12. | Muskingum, Zanesville, Sept. 11, 12, 13. | Ottawa, Port Clinton, Oct. 2, 3, 4. | Paulding, Paulding, Oct. 2, 3, 4. | Pickaway, Circleville, Sept. 18, 19, 20, 21. | Portage, Ravenna, Sept. 26, 27, 28. | Preble, Eaton, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Putnam, Ottawa, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Richland, Mansfield, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Ross, Chillicothe, Aug. 14, 15, 16, 17. | Sandusky, Fremont, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Seneca, Tiffin, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Shelby, Sidney, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Stark, Canton, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Summit, Akron, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Tuscarawas, Canal Dover, Oct. 2, 3, 4. | Van Wert, Van Wert, Sept. 27, 28, 29. | Vinton, Marysville, Oct. 2, 3, 4, 5. | Warren, Lebanon, Sept. 18, 19, 20, 21. | Washington, Marietta, Sept. 12, 13, 14. | Williams, Bryan, Sept. 18, 19, 20, 21. | Wood, Tontogany, Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28. | Wyandot, Upper Sandusky, Oct. 9, 10, 11, 12. |
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Never Give Up.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life, strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50 cents a bottle by J. C. Saur.



For Dyspepsia, Catarrh of the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhoea, Jaundice, Impurity of the Blood, Fever and Ague, Malaria, and all Diseases caused by Derangement of Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.
SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR
It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the above symptoms appear.

Persons Travelling or Living in Unhealthy Localities, by taking a dose occasionally to keep the Liver in healthy action, will avoid all Malaria, Bilious attacks, Dizziness, Nausea, Headaches, Depression of Spirits, etc. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, but is no intoxicating beverage.

If you have eaten anything hard of digestion, or feel heavy after meals, or sleepless at night, take a dose and you will be relieved.

Time and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House!

For whatever ailment may be a thoroughly safe purgative, alternative and tonic can never be out of place. The remedy is harmless and does not interfere with business or pleasure.

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE. And has all the power and efficacy of Calomel or Quinine, without any of the injurious after effects.

A Governor's Testimony. Simmons' Liver Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am satisfied it is a valuable addition to the medical cabinet.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Ga., says: Have derived some benefit from the use of Simmons' Liver Regulator, and wish to give it a further trial.

"The only thing that never fails to relieve."—I have used many remedies for Dyspepsia, Liver Affection and Debility, but never have found anything to benefit me so much as Simmons' Liver Regulator. I sent from Minnesota to Georgia for it, and would send further for such a medicine, and would advise all who are similarly affected to give it a trial as it seems the only thing that never fails to relieve.

Dr. T. W. Mason says: From actual experience in the use of Simmons' Liver Regulator in my practice I have been and am satisfied to use and prescribe it as a purgative medicine.

Take only the Genuine, which always has on the wrapper the Red T. M. Mark and Signature of **J. H. ZEILIN & CO.** FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

The New Patent Dust-Proof Stem Winding Open Face Case.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

AMERICAN WATCH CO.,

Waltham, Mass.

This case is formed in one solid piece without joint or seam, opening in front only, thus avoiding the usual cap, and securing greater strength and durability.

These watches are all open face. The bezel, inside with an extra strong crystal is fitted with an especially prepared water-proof cement, is attached to the case by screwing it thereon, and thus forms an airtight junction with the body of the case, thus is proof against dust and moisture.

To railroad men, travelers, miners, lumbermen and others who are almost constantly exposed and who have to make frequent reference to the watch, these qualities are of the utmost importance.

THE FOLLOWING LETTERS TELL THEIR OWN STORY.

VALDOSTA, Georgia, July 20, 1882.

"I sold one of your Patent Dust-Proof Cases about ten months ago, and the other day it came back to me with the request to make it wind under. On examination I found that the stem was rusty, and I inquired into the cause of it. The gentleman stated to me that he was starting some saw-logs that had lodged in the bend of the river, when his chain caught in a bush and threw his watch into about twelve feet of water, and he was about two hours finding it. When he got it out it was running and he thought all right. In about three months he found that the stem was hard to turn and sent it to me."

"I can say that the watch is all that the company claims for it and recommend it to all railroad and mill men."
B. W. BENTLEY."

"CLINTON, Iowa, April 29th, 1881.

"I wish you would send me a spring for the Wm. Ellery Watch. . . . By the way this Ellery is a watch I sold in your Screw Bezel Case to a farmer last fall. The first of January he lost the watch in the woods, and found it this week in about one foot of water. It had lain three months and overran water, and with slight injury to the watch—only a hair-spring."
C. S. RAYMOND."

The above were very severe tests, and demonstrate beyond a doubt, that for any reasonable length of time during which a watch might be under water it would receive no injury whatever.

We make these cases in both gold and silver, and as a perfectly DUST-PROOF stem winding Watch case, challenge the world to produce its equal.

For Sale by all First-Class Jewelers. May 5, 8m.

ORDINANCE.

BE it ordained by the Common Council of the Incorporated Village of Napoleon, Ohio, That there shall be levied on all taxable property within the corporate limits of said village for the year A. D. 1883, the following per cent on each dollar valuation for the purpose mentioned below, and that the same be certified to the Auditor of said county, to be by him placed on the Auditor's record of taxes, and the Treasurer's duplicate of taxes of said county for the year 1883, and collected by the Treasurer of said county as other taxes from such property for State and county purposes.

For general purposes	0000
Sanitary and street cleaning	0010
Fire Department	0010
Street Lighting	0010
Market and police	0010
Dust and fuel	0010
Total	0050

Passed May 21st, 1883.
D. MCKEITHEN, Jr., President, pro tem.
J. B. AUGENSTEIN, Clerk.