

DO not be deceived. The following brands of White Lead are still made by the "Old Dutch" process of slow corrosion. They are standard, and always

Strictly Pure White Lead

The recommendation of "Anchor," "Korley," "Reliance," "Shipman," "Armstrong & McKelvy," "Southern," "Beymer-Banman," "Red Star," "Davis-Chambers," "Collier," "Fahnestock."

Democratic-Northwest AND HENRY COUNTY NEWS.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

- 1. The Democracy of Ohio, in convention assembled, hereby expresses its hearty commendation of the efficient, economical and honest administration of President Cleveland. 2. We adhere to the declaration of the Democratic party in its national platform that protection is a fraud, and while we recognize the necessity of the reduction of duties on imports just made by congress, we favor such further reduction...

When ordinary men get mad they fight; when professional fighters get mad they talk.

RUSSELL SAGE has inaugurated opposition to the theatrical profession in the recommendation line.

If the party kickers could be utilized by the foot ball teams both the party and the teams would be benefited.

An easy and quick way to make Corbett fight is to stop patronizing his attempts at acting. The dollars are all he is after.

QUEER sort of reformers, those Kansas populist officials who sold their favor and protection to the lottery gamblers.

BOTTLES have gotten so many people into trouble that it is surprising everybody has not long ago taken to the habit of carrying their liquor in mental flasks.

THERE would seem to be nothing romantic about the single tax, yet a woman secured a husband by writing a good article on the subject.

CHICAGO still heads the procession. One of her amateur astronomers has discovered green spots on the moon.

A New Jersey faith curist is to be tried under a new law of that State, one of her patients having died while under her charge, for lack of medical attendance.

Why are the big Republicans afraid to speak in Tennessee? Gov. McKinley has canceled a number of dates in that State, and ex-President Harrison has declined to fill them.

MR. MORTON would doubtless be very glad if he could escape that contest with Senator Hill as easily as Corbett did the challenge with Fitzsimmons.

The millionaire candidate who doesn't emerge from the campaign with one leg longer than the other is smart enough to have the pullers alternate them.

The Emperor of China has found time, between the reading of bad news from his army and navy, to ratify the treaty, which was ratified by the U. S. Senate at the last session of Congress.

MR. DEFREW having failed to make connection with the gubernatorial nomination, which brought him back from Europe ahead of time, is trying to console himself by arousing the jealousy of the highflyers at Lenox, by telling them about his recent association with the English nobility.

The Chicago man who tries to whip every female bicycle rider he sees wearing bloomers is not such a crank as some are trying to make him appear; he only tries to do what the average man has an inclination to do.

JOHN SHERMAN, Firearm Foraker and Charley Foster are said to have formed a combination against little Willie McKinley's boomlet, although just why is not apparent; the poor thing is dying away.

The populists started the Congressional campaign with a big bluff, but the Republicans, who now have a monopoly of the bluffing, soon raised them out of the game. The voters will "call" for a "show-down" shortly, and then the Democratic hand will take the stakes.

METROPOLITAN society is an odd compound. In one column of a New York daily was a notice of a swell dinner party, given in honor of a visiting prince, by Mrs. Paran Stevens, and in another column an account of a suit brought against Mrs. Stevens for failure to pay the wages of her servants.

Marvelous Results. From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at D. J. Humphrey Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

Those men who are talking of running an independent Democratic ticket in New York can hardly be considered friends of the Democratic party. There was nothing irregular about Senator Hill's nomination and there is no valid excuse for the refusal of any Democrat in the State to support him.

His Loved Ones. "Two classes of people I love," said the impetuous author to himself. "The ancient writers and my friends." Then he took himself thoughtfully by the other hand and added, "I suppose it is because I borrow from both of them."—Rockland Tribune.

TWO SHAD



IT FLOATS.

BEST FOR SHIRTS.

THE PROCTOR & GAMBLE CO., CHICAGO.

THE ISSUE IN OHIO

SILVER WILL BE THE QUESTION OF INTEREST.

A Statement From the State Committee.

Interesting Document Every Voter Should Read.

The Campaign Promises to Be on Lines of General Interest to the Business Community.

The Democratic Ex. Com. Rooms, Columbus, Ohio, 3. 1894.

To the Voters of Ohio: Two years ago the great national political battle was fought upon two principal issues—a reform of the tariff laws, upon an equitable basis, and the adjustment of the money question by the restoration of silver to its rightful power and functions as one of the money metals.

During the contest, however, the issue of tariff reform was made the paramount one. By the repeal of the McKinley law and the passage of the law now in force, tariff reform has been, substantially won, and the taxes of the people, especially upon the necessities of life, have been very much reduced and their opportunities thereby enlarged. In all probability there will not be another general revision of the tariff for years to come. Time, however, will undoubtedly suggest changes that should be made, and additional legislation, guided by wise statesmanship, will see that this is done.

The money question, therefore, is now the supreme issue before the country. The importance of the question whether silver shall be restored to its full money power, can not be over-estimated, because it affects every interest, great and small, from the slightest concern of the individual to the largest and most comprehensive interest of the nation. Especially does it affect those who are engaged in the production of goods, and whose proper solution depends whether their business shall be profitable or unprofitable. This being so, and also for the reason that the man who manages a business, and whose interests are in regard to it, which are absolutely fair, we invoke the serious and intelligent consideration of the voters of all the parties to the following:

1st—That money is the standard by which the exchangeable value of all labor and the products of the soil, and of all other commodities, is measured, and that the value of money itself is fixed by its exchangeable value.

2d—That notwithstanding the assertion of the single gold standard advocates that gold is an unvarying measure, no money standard should be made, and no fixed and unvarying measure.

3d—Business men must remember that money may be appreciated in value as well as depreciated.

4th—That when it appreciates, prices fall. When it depreciates, prices rise.

5th—That the value of money itself is fixed by its exchangeable value, and that the purchasing power of money is determined wholly and solely by the proportion that the quantity of money in circulation bears to other commodities. In other words, when the supply of money in circulation is small relative to other commodities, its purchasing power is increased; when it is large, its purchasing power is diminished. That is, the value or purchasing power of money is governed by the supply of money and the demand for it.

6th—Now what is the demand for money? Money exercises control over all human needs. These needs are not accidental, but they are regular, continuous and unceasing. They are not less to-day than they were yesterday. As population and business increase so do they increase. They do not depend upon contingencies. Their urgency is not momentary or transitory; therefore with money, the struggle to get it is not only universal, but it is incessant. It is the demand for all things upon which one thing, because with only this one thing can men supply their every want.

7th—Now, what is the supply? The supply is the credit money of the government. Nothing is money until the stamp of the government is placed upon it under the authority of the great law of legal tender, prior to the denunciation of silver, in 1873, by the United States and the nations of western Europe, the world's supply of standard money consisted of 4th gold and silver, which in round numbers amounted to \$7,500,000,000, very nearly equally divided. Since that time the metallic money, or money of ultimate redemption, has been gold alone. In other words, the supply was cut in two, while at the same time the population and business of the world was steadily increasing. We ask any fair-minded man whether any result other than the confusion fall in prices we have experienced for 20 years could follow the adoption of this policy.

All business men have been looking for a remedy for the depression of silver, and it is over-production, with others either a high tariff or a tariff not sufficiently high, some think it is due to trusts and combinations, and others think it is due to the fact that it is over-production, or over-abundant, or not abundant enough; some ascribe the difficulty to speculation; others to strikes. All sorts of inefficient and contradictory causes are thus assigned for the general and universal complaint, and yet is goes on wherefore we can say that when a fall of prices is found opening not on one article or class of articles alone, but on the products of all industries; when found not to be confined to any one climate, country or race of people, but to diffuse itself over the whole of the world; when it is found not to be characteristic to any one year, but to go on progressively for a series of years, it becomes manifest that it does not and cannot arise from local, temporary or subordinate causes, but must have its origin and development in some principle of universal application. Over-production cannot account for it, for production means the creation of wealth. Wealth can be created in no other way therefore, if over-production is the cause, you can create too much wealth, which is the same thing as to say that wealth is not wealth. Neither can it be attributed to improved mechanical devices, progress in manufac-

tures, improved transportation, inventions, banking, etc., because all of these increased relatively as rapidly prior to 1873 as they have since, and for 20 years prior to 1873. There has been since; but, on the contrary, there was a continual rise. Besides, a few strange methods of manufacturing silver in the exact moment when the link was broken between gold and silver. Again, it is absurd that a revolution of this character should have occurred so soon as so long, and should have left silver prices unaffected. Silver is the standard of value of more than half the world, and where it is the standard, prices are affected. Now, the price of gold standard countries prices have fallen from 40 to 50 per cent. Again, if this fall in prices is attributable to improved machinery, thereby causing over-production, how are we to account for the fall in the value of land? Certainly there has been no over-production of land, and we know of no new discovery of methods of manufacturing land cheaper; and in this connection, too, it must be borne in mind that fewer acres of land in production to population are now being cultivated than there were 25 years. What then is it that has caused this general decline in prices? It has been brought about by a general depression of the price of money relative to population and business, which has never yet failed to cause an increase in the value of the money unit, or dollar, and a consequent depression of the price of the commodities for which such unit is exchanged. If the value of money in circulation is made to bear a direct and steady relation to the population, and the price will be maintained at a steady level, and what is of supreme importance, money will change but little in value.

8th—Every money commission which has been appointed by different governments, such as the United States, England, Germany and France, and all the monetary commissions, have said that beyond any doubt during the last 20 years gold has continually and steadily appreciated in value; and that this appreciation has been the real cause of the tremendous rise in prices which have taken place in all values and the great financial disturbances we have seen in all gold using countries, and the general depression of the price of the commodities for which such unit is exchanged. If the value of money in circulation is made to bear a direct and steady relation to the population, and the price will be maintained at a steady level, and what is of supreme importance, money will change but little in value.

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10th—That there has been no over-production of silver; because, for four hundred years prior to 1873, the relative production of gold and silver was most equal, and silver is to gold; and for the twenty years since 1873 it has not exceeded 10 to 1.

11th—That the free coinage of silver does not mean an increase in the supply of silver, and a disturbance of values. This is so, because it is an utter impossibility to produce the precious metals faster than they can be used. The world's demand for silver is not less than two hundred millions of people, and rather more. Now, think what Herbert says: "I must speak to you," and George Putnam was drawn beyond the outskirts of the crowd. "I cannot keep quiet and see you cheated," faltered Herbert, with his eyes averted. "A long time ago, when you and I were boys, you stood up for me, and I cannot forget that we are brothers. Don't bid any more on Rastus. He is shamming. He is as sick as can be and is only pretending to be well to bring a high price."

The two men gazed into each other's eyes. George Putnam was quivering all over, and his face was softening. Impulsively he put out his hand as if to apologize for his lack of words. "Let me be enemies any longer, went on Herbert as he pressed the extended hand. "I am tired and sick of this estrangement. I am going away, and I may never come back. I can't keep up the old place as father thought I would, and you are welcome to it. Take it and care for it. My mother's and father's graves are on it."

George Putnam's face was working. He strove to reply, but his voice was clogged. He looked toward his son and wife in his carriage and then back into his brother's face. "I've treated you like a dog. Old Rastus has been true to you than your own brother. You shall not forget that. I am going away, and I may never come back. I can't keep up the old place as father thought I would, and you are welcome to it. Take it and care for it. My mother's and father's graves are on it."

The attention had been proclaiming Stanley's reckless bid of thirteen-twenty-five, and the crowd was eagerly taking in the unusual sight of the two Putnam brothers in close conversation. Colonel Putnam reached the platform and signed the auctioneer to be quiet. Standing on the lower step, he was in the view of all. "I want Rastus, and I am going to have him," he said to the upturned faces. "I want him to give him back to my brother, who has been forced by my neglect to offer him for sale. Twenty thousand dollars is my bid, and Rastus is worth every cent of it."

No one spoke as Colonel Putnam stepped back into the crowd. Old Rastus seemed the only one to thoroughly grasp the situation. "Brose de Lawd!" he exclaimed as he slipped Aunt Milly on the back. "Den boys done made up, un I fotch \$20,000! Whoee!"

"Twenty thousand dollars," said the auctioneer awkwardly. "Twenty thousand—do I hear?—and sold to Colonel Putnam. I reckon the 'n'in't no use puttin' up the others."—Will N. Harben in Lippincott's.

12th—The advocates of the single gold standard are continually harping upon the catch-phrase, "an honest dollar," and claim that only gold can make an honest dollar. According to them, then, as we have shown that gold has continually appreciated in value for twenty years, a dollar is only honest when it is increasing in purchasing power; when it is enlarging its grasp over the products of labor; when exacting more from the debtor than he contracted to pay, and giving more to the creditor than he agreed to receive. We claim that an honest dollar is one that at the date of repayment shall have no greater control over human efforts than the "Brose de Lawd!" he exclaims, an honest dollar is a dollar which robs no man. The gold dollar to-day has a purchasing power of 50 per cent greater than the same dollar had in 1873. Was the gold dollar of twenty years ago a dishonest dollar? And it is to-day 50 per cent more honest than it was then, it being at both periods precisely the same weight and amount. And if it continues to increase in purchasing power, will it continue to increase in honesty?

13th—Again, the gold advocates say, that one dollar is not a dollar until it is paid. They do not define what "goodness" means. What is goodness in the case of a dollar? Is not a just dollar a good dollar? Is not a dollar which is not paid, but is sold, the same gold dollar being unchanged in value? In 1873, before silver was demonetized, this same gold dollar was worth three per cent.

less than the silver dollar; that same silver dollar will purchase just as much of every other commodity now as it would prior to 1873. Now, the true test of the increasing or decreasing value of any one thing is not to compare it with any other thing, but with a large range of commodities generally dealt in. Consider in this way then, in which has there been a greater change in value? In the silver or gold dollar?

14th—Free coinage no experiment, because it has been tried, and proven to be most beneficial; but it is an experiment which has never been tried before, to attempt to conduct the business of the western world upon one of these metals alone, and as far as it has gone it has been a most disastrous one.

15th—With the dollar appreciating in value as it is now doing, thereby causing a decrease in the price of all products, tax-payers are compelled to give more labor to obtain these dollars, the only thing with which they can discharge all state, county and municipal taxes, all of which are fixed charges. There is, therefore, the price of products is to increase, and all intelligent business men will be ruined.

16th—Continued falling markets must result in a general depression of all industries, and a consequent depression of all business. Money is paralyzed; business money to accumulate in money centers, where it is principally used by those who gamble in securities, instead of being used in productive enterprises. "The gold supply of the world has been substantially cornered," says Baron Rothschild's speech at late monetary conference at Brussels.

17th—If business men could only be assured that prices had once touched bottom, and that even so low as they are now, they would remain steady and stable in the future, they might be possible for them to conduct their business upon a stable footing, for after a general readjustment matters would go along as usual. This, though, can only be done upon the condition that prices have reached their lowest level and can be counted upon to remain steady in the future. If the condition of being used in productive enterprises, the gold supply of the world has been substantially cornered," says Baron Rothschild's speech at late monetary conference at Brussels.

18th—For these reasons we believe that this question should now supersede all others, and that all business men and all laboring men, not only in their own interests, but on the broad ground of patriotism, should not only ask yourselves when the decline will stop, but how, if money keeps thus appreciating in value, it is possible for it to stop.

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AT THE NORTH POLE. THERE WE WILL FIND THE FOUNTAIN OF PERPETUAL YOUTH.

Those Who Want to Be Made Young as Well as Those Who Would Quickly Grow Older Can Be Accommodated—The Views of a Well Known Geographer.

There has been much discussion of the advantages to accrue to the world from polar exploration, and while there is a general agreement among scientific men that the information to be gained by it is of sufficient value to warrant the expense and loss of life incident to it I am not aware that any direct economic results have ever been claimed for it. Certain ideas have, however, recently occurred to me, which point to very great economic advantages to be attained not only by polar exploration, but by literally reaching the pole, advantages so great that almost any expenditure of life and treasure will be warranted. I am sure that when these advantages have been pointed out men and money will be forthcoming without stint not only to reach the pole, but to make the path to it easy and plain to tread.

Before going any further I wish to say that I have no axe to grind. I have no desire to command an expedition or to accompany one. My sole object in publishing these matters is to aid my fellow men.

All of us have read accounts of the search made by the Spaniards centuries ago for the fountain of perpetual youth, for those waters which would obliterate wrinkles and restore gray hair to its original hue, give back elasticity to the limbs and fire to the eye. Those hardy explorers pursued their search in the wrong quarter of the globe.

We all know that if we travel around the earth in the direction in which the sun apparently moves on returning to the face of departure we find that we have saved a day; that we are a day younger than our friends who have remained at home. To go around the earth on the forty-fifth parallel of latitude requires about 60 days. Therefore it is possible in that latitude to save one day in 60, but as we go northward the circumference of the earth diminishes, and it is possible, other things being equal, to make the journey in less time, but with each circuit of the globe, whatever the length of the journey, a day is saved. Near the pole, where the circumference of the earth becomes a mere trifle, perhaps a quarter of a mile, perhaps 100 yards, a day may be saved in five minutes, in one minute. Sixty days may be saved in an hour, a year of life in a day. A forenoon jaunt around the pole will do all that the fountain of eternal youth of the old Spanish explorers was expected to accomplish.

But this result, the restoration of youth to the aged, is but one of the useful purposes to which the pole can be put. Not only the aged, but unmarried ladies who have passed the first bloom of youth and have thus ceased to attract may here restore their comeliness, recover their bloom; cheeks and rounded forms, and thus prepare for a second campaign against men's hearts.

But this is not all. It is sometimes an advantage to grow old, and by taking the opposite course around the pole we may add years to our lives in hours. The fashionable woman is encumbered by young children. She sends them to the pole, and they grow up with exceeding rapidity. For an hour they are trundled against the sun in baby carriages, the next hour they spend upon their feet, and before the day is passed they are grown to men's and women's estate, and the mother is free of their charge.

The course of true love does not always run smooth, and many a young man and woman pledged to one another, are prevented by cruel parents from being joined because of their extreme youth. A trip to the pole will quickly remove this difficulty.

So I might go on and instance hundreds of different conditions which might be remedied were the pole easy of access. Many of them readily occur to our readers, and we shall not burden them with any further information.

Now let us picture what the results will be of this discovery. It goes without saying that the north pole will immediately become a resort second to none upon the globe. There will be a real estate boom in that region beside which those of southern California, Florida and of the southern Appalachians will be flat, tame and insipid. The prices of town lots will not rise. They will shoot upward. In that wilderness of ice and snow there will be built within a fabulously short time a city of transcendent splendor, the like of which the world has never seen a city of hotels, apartment and boarding houses of enormous proportions. When we reflect that everybody who has reached the age of 60 and who can raise the necessary funds for the journey will go there to take a walk, not to mention the spinsters, the sighing lovers and the superfluous children, one can easily imagine what an enormous business the pole will do. Imagine the lines of steamships which will be supported by this travel; imagine the value of the wheeled chair privileges; imagine, if you can, the profits of the man who gets possession of a circle around the pole having a radius of half a mile and charges admission to this rare course against time.

In conclusion, I do not think that I exaggerate when I say that the considerations here set forth make the search for the pole the most important by far of all the questions which are now agitating civilized man.—Henry Gannt in New York Sun

SELLING UNCLE RASTUS. A Pathetic Family Reconciliation at the Auctioneer's Slave Block.

Herbert Putnam, unnoticed by any one, elbowed his way through the crowd, his brother and touched him on the shoulder. "Your eyes met," "Fardon me," said Herbert, "but I must speak to you," and George Putnam was drawn beyond the outskirts of the crowd. "I cannot keep quiet and see you cheated," faltered Herbert, with his eyes averted. "A long time ago, when you and I were boys, you stood up for me, and I cannot forget that we are brothers. Don't bid any more on Rastus. He is shamming. He is as sick as can be and is only pretending to be well to bring a high price."

The two men gazed into each other's eyes. George Putnam was quivering all over, and his face was softening. Impulsively he put out his hand as if to apologize for his lack of words. "Let me be enemies any longer, went on Herbert as he pressed the extended hand. "I am tired and sick of this estrangement. I am going away, and I may never come back. I can't keep up the old place as father thought I would, and you are welcome to it. Take it and care for it. My mother's and father's graves are on it."

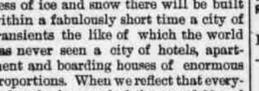
George Putnam's face was working. He strove to reply, but his voice was clogged. He looked toward his son and wife in his carriage and then back into his brother's face. "I've treated you like a dog. Old Rastus has been true to you than your own brother. You shall not forget that. I am going away, and I may never come back. I can't keep up the old place as father thought I would, and you are welcome to it. Take it and care for it. My mother's and father's graves are on it."

The attention had been proclaiming Stanley's reckless bid of thirteen-twenty-five, and the crowd was eagerly taking in the unusual sight of the two Putnam brothers in close conversation. Colonel Putnam reached the platform and signed the auctioneer to be quiet. Standing on the lower step, he was in the view of all. "I want Rastus, and I am going to have him," he said to the upturned faces. "I want him to give him back to my brother, who has been forced by my neglect to offer him for sale. Twenty thousand dollars is my bid, and Rastus is worth every cent of it."

No one spoke as Colonel Putnam stepped back into the crowd. Old Rastus seemed the only one to thoroughly grasp the situation. "Brose de Lawd!" he exclaimed as he slipped Aunt Milly on the back. "Den boys done made up, un I fotch \$20,000! Whoee!"

"Twenty thousand dollars," said the auctioneer awkwardly. "Twenty thousand—do I hear?—and sold to Colonel Putnam. I reckon the 'n'in't no use puttin' up the others."—Will N. Harben in Lippincott's.

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