

The Democrat.

From Washington.

CONDITION OF AFFAIRS IN MISSISSIPPI.

Majority and Minority Reports Prepared—No Obstruction Placed in the Way of a Colored Voter—The President Severely Criticized—Gov. Ames Prohibited in Office—More Damaging Revelations Made by Bluford Wilson—Knott Again Exonerated by the Committee.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—The minority of the Committee on Mississippi Affairs, Senators Bayard and McDonald present, their views at length. They say, that while writing them they read with surprise and regret the message of the President, July 31st, transmitting to Congress certain correspondence relating to murders lately committed at Hamburg, in which he says: "But recently, a committee of the Senate visited the State of Mississippi to take testimony on the subject of frauds and violence in elections. Their report has not yet been made public, but I await its forthcoming with a feeling of confidence that it will fully settle all I have stated relating to fraud and violence in the State of Mississippi."

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice will be ready to present their report to the House to-morrow or the next day. The part relating to the use of the secret service fund for political purposes in New York city is voluminous. It shows conclusively, from the evidence taken in New York, that Little Johnny Davenport, is endeavoring to furnish vouchers for the money of the secret service fund turned over to him by order of the President, used receipted bills which had been paid by the Committee of Seventy, and others paid by private contributions from politicians. The testimony of Albert Cunz is quoted to show the loose manner in which the secret service money was accounted for by Col. Whitley. It was quiet according to Cunz to pay local politicians out of it who rendered no service to the Government. In conclusion the committee show that the use of the secret service money by Government was an illegal diversion of funds from the purposes for which it was appropriated, and that in ordering the money to be paid over to Davenport, the President was guilty of a violation of law. There was an appropriation in terms to pay the cost of all legal proceedings attending the execution of the registration law, but this money could not be drawn in advance of the rendition of accounts, and hence Davenport wanted the secret service fund, which is disbursed on the order of the chief of the secret service division, and vouchers were not required, Whitley's simple receipt being sufficient. This loose and irresponsible method of accounting for public moneys is severely commented on, and the President and the Attorney General are held responsible for a system which has probably enabled dishonest men to misappropriate and apply to their own use tens of thousands of the people's money.

The N. Y. Tribune says: There are a good many Republican newspaper offices in the country where the following sound sense from the Graphic can be read with great profit: "The fact is that Governor Tilden is the strongest candidate the Democrats could put in the field, and the strongest they have nominated since James Buchanan. He minds his own business, keeps his own council seldom slips over, makes few mistakes, and has as clear and sharp an eye to see what ought to be done as any man in America, while in executive office he has few equals and no superior. He doubtless knows as well what he is doing and why he is doing it and what he means to do next as any editorial guessing machine in the country. The Democracy mean success, and are determined to win it, if they possibly can do so; and they are too shrewd to quarrel, too plucky to turn the white feather, and too hungry to abandon a chance so long as the game is in sight. And the Republicans may as well make up their minds first as last that they have got to beat by hard or be beaten, and nothing short of the hardest sort of work and the greatest possible union and hard money will prevent their being very handsomely whipped. And Republican papers that report the weakness of the Democracy and represent their nominee as a man of straw, that an ordinary whiff of wind may blow over, show that they are asses who don't know what they are braying about."

GEN. S. F. CARY has accepted the nomination for Vice President on the ticket with Peter Cooper. He is happy and so are Democrats generally. We think of acting with the Democratic party ourselves this year, and heretofore one leading objection to this course, has been that we would be compelled to act in company with such a political humbug as Sam. Cary. Now that he has gone to his own place, we contemplate a Democratic connection with much more complacency than heretofore.—Liberal.

Gov. Hendricks hits the nail squarely on the head, when he says: "Our platform truly says that many industries have been impoverished to subsidize a few; our commerce has been degraded to an inferior position on the high seas, manufacturers have been diminished, agriculture has been embarrassed, and the distress of the industrial classes demands that these things shall be reformed."

If Sam Cary does not voluntarily withdraw from the second place on the Cooper ticket, Mr. Cooper ought to demand his forcible expulsion from it. The venerable inflationist cannot afford to have his name associated with that of a Vice Presidential candidate who was one of the operators of the Venezuelan fraud. It was on Wednesday that the greenback managers nominated Cary, and Thursday his Venezuelan manipulations were exposed; but he has not yet followed the example of Orth in resigning his candidacy. Mr. Cooper ought to insist upon having an honest man, with a clean record, for his associate on the soft money ticket.—N. Y. Sun.

Servia seems to be under the Turkish heel now, and heretofore it has been severe and horrible. The Turk success at Gurgosvatz has opened the way to the interior.

payment to holders of certificates until March 4, 1877, unless Congress otherwise direct.

LAMAR PROSTRATED WITH THE HEAT. About 1 o'clock Congressman Lamar was overcome by the excessive heat, and was taken to the Speaker's room, where he soon recovered and returned to his seat in the House. The occurrence created, for a short time, much excitement and alarm.

KNOTT AGAIN EXONERATED BY THE COMMITTEE.

The Judiciary Committee to-day took up the report exonerating Knott in relation to the suppression of the Caldwell dispatch, and after some discussion adopted it, the Democrats voting "aye," and the Republicans "no." Frye allowed the privilege of submitting a minority report, or preparing a resolution as a substitute, but the Republicans, knowing they would have an opportunity to reply when the Caldwell dispatches and testimony came into the House on final report, deemed it best not to do either.

The Conference Committee on the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill had a long session this morning, but adjourned without effecting a complete adjustment. It is understood that the only points of difference are those which relate to the salaries.

THE SECRET SERVICE FUND.

How the People's Money was Used to Elect Republican Candidates.

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BEKNAP.—At noon on August 1st the U. S. Senate began to vote upon the article of impeachment against Wm. W. Delknap, late Secretary of War. Upon the first article of impeachment 35 Senators voted guilty, and 25 not guilty, for want of jurisdiction. Those voting 'guilty' were Senators Bayard, Booth, Cameron of Pa, Cockrell, Cooper, Davis, Dawes, Dennis, Edmunds, Gordon, Hamilton, Harvey, Hitchcock, Kelly, Kernan, Key, McCreery, McDonald, Merrimon, Mitchell, Morrill, Norwood, Oglesby, Randolph Sherman, Robertson, Sargent, Saulsbury Sherman, Stevenson, Thurman, Wallace, Wallace, Whyte and Withers.

Those voting in the negative were—Senators Anthony, Boutwell, Bruce, Cameron of Wis., Christiancy, Conkling, Conover, Cragin, Dorsey, Eaton, Ferry, Frelinghuysen, Hamlin, Howe, Ingalls, Jones of Nev. Logan, McMillan, Padlock, Patterson, Spencer, West, Windom and Wright.

The presiding officers announced that two-thirds had not voted "guilty" and therefore the respondent was acquitted of the charge in the first article. Senator Jones of Fla., declined to vote on the ground that the Senate had no jurisdiction.

ORTH'S FATE.

What was Brought Out About Those Venezuelan Claims—General Cary's Letter.

[Washington Dispatch to Baltimore Gazette.] In response to a subpoena duces tecum from Springer's Sub-Committee on the Venezuelan Job Mr. Wildman, of Anderson, Indiana, brother of Ex-Auditor Wildman, of Indiana, has forwarded a budget of correspondence on the subject, which is in itself a mine of richness, fully corroborating the evidence already taken and the conclusions of the Sub-Committee. Besides this it discloses the names of other parties heretofore unknown to the investigators in connection with the gigantic swindle. One of these parties is well known; and stands high throughout Indiana as a lawyer, and other has a national reputation in field and politics. They both seem identified with an effort to pass a law recognizing the validity of awards of the Commission, and enforcing their payment John A. Stein, an eminent lawyer and citizen of Lafayette, was employed by Stillwell to come and lobby through the bill whereby Stillwell was to obtain payment of his \$80,000 spoils. Talmage, Stillwell, and Stein were in constant correspondence, Stein keeping Stillwell fully posted as to the progress, and reminding him often, in cheering familiar and endearing terms, that he was certain in the end to secure to him the good haul he had made. His labors with Congress are mainly through Orth and Norton. He is in continual communication with them, and is repeatedly assured that the measure will go through all right. S. F. Cary, nominee for Vice-President on Peter Cooper's ticket, also figures in the same connection, as appears from the following letter addressed to Stillwell:

"CITY POST OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C. } June 14, 1869.

"DEAR TOM: I attended fully to your request. The Secretary of State is ill, but found out all from Hunter that could be known. The Venezuelan Government did not pay the first installment, in February, and have given as a reason that they have no funds. They also complain that some of the claims should not have been allowed. They have been informed that the claims have been fully considered by the Commission, awards made, and that no reconsideration or review can be had, and that the money must be paid. I suggested the propriety of demanding payment at the mouth of the canon. He says that can not be done without the authority of Congress. Hunter is of opinion that action will be had by Congress assuming their payment and then making imperative demand. It is very certain that nothing will or can be done until Congress meets. That you will get your money, I guess, there can be no doubt. Leave for home to-morrow evening. Yours, truly, etc. S. F. CARY."

They may talk of the White House and Hayes, and put on a lot of their gilding, but they can't find a name except Sam's That will properly rhyme with that bulletin! —Louisville Courier-Journal.

But, alas! for his other name, Sam, Though you put on your "gilding" of praise, It will rhyme with the cynosure, sham, And that gives the Buffalo Bulls to Hayes, —Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.

Why, what do you mean by your gas? Are you blind to facts? Are you crazy? That you will not perceive as you pass, And grant people now not so Hayes-y. —Stark County Democrat.

A Baltimore traveling man, and a Republican, who has been pretty well over the country, during the past few weeks, told us last Sunday, that there seemed to prevail everywhere a sort of concealed impression that Tilden is the man, all indications point that way.

Louis Snyder, the last of the cool miners who were sentenced to thirty days, was released on Wednesday.

George Devin, formerly of Pittsburg is now supervising engineer at the Wrought Iron Bridge Works.

GRAND CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION!

Musical Festival, AND SUNDAY SCHOOL BASKET PICNIC AT HARTVILLE, O., ON Saturday, Aug. 12, '76

President of the Day, S. S. GEIB, Esq. VICE PRESIDENTS—Geo. Frank, B. T. Machamer, Dr. A. L. Brouse, L. Baber, W. Miller and E. H. Royer.

Eight Bands will be present to compete for one prize of \$25, one of \$15, and one of \$10. Procession will form at 10 A. M. ORDER OF EXERCISES—Music, prayer, music; welcome address by the President; Early History of Lake township by Dr. L. Moulton. Orations by J. W. Webster on Music; by J. J. Feudner on Success; by Frank Grether (German) on Musical Culture; by H. Grossenbaugh on Sunday Schools.

RECESS FOR DINNER. After Dinner—Speech by Major F. W. Baird—Competing for Prizes—Ballroom Ascension. ALL ARE INVITED. MARSHALS OF THE DAY—Peter Keller, Amos White and Morgan Machamer. Wm. Wagner, Secretary. Committee of Arrangements—J. W. Webster, H. Grossenbaugh and E. W. Dollenberger.

SHERIFF SALE. Akron Iron Co. vs John Stokes et al. By virtue of an order to sell issued from the court of common pleas of Stark county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public outcry at the door of the court house in the city of Canton, on Saturday, August 12th, 1876, the following described real estate situate in said county to-wit: A part of the northeast quarter of section 26, township 19, range 6, bounded on the east by lands owned by W. S. Pettit, north by Ely street, west by land owned by Charles H. Rice, and on the south by the right of way of the P. E. W. & C. R. Co. Appraised at \$900. Sale to commence at one o'clock p. m. Terms cash. July 13-6

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LEATHER, FINDINGS, HIDES, Oil, Lace Leather, Plastering Hair & BOTTOM GOODS, GOOD GRADES Keeps constantly on hand a full line of every thing embraced in his line of business, at prices that accord with the times.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES aug 10nd

E. C. PATTERSON. J. H. CONKELL. CANTON CITY

MARBLE WORKS, No. 20 West Tuscarawas street, opposite St. Cloud Hotel, Canton, Ohio.

Patterson & Conkell, Manufacturers of MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, Mantels and Wash Stand Tops, in Italian and American Marble. Also Iron and Slate Mantels. Importers of Scotch Granite Monuments and head-stones in Eastern Ohio. We can offer inducements in price and quality, or material and workmanship not to be equaled. Give us a call and save money. nov 27-ly PATTERSON & CONKELL.

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Stenbenville, Co.) Female Seminary.

This well known school, delightfully situated on the banks of the Ohio, with a history and experience of forty seven years, offers standard advantages in both the common and ornamental branches, with every needful comfort, at the very low rate of \$75 for the school year, including board room and light—one fourth off for daughters of clergymen. The next term opens September 11th. Send for Catalogue REV. C. C. BEATTY, D. D., LL. D., Sup. Rev. A. M. REID, Ph. D., Principals. aug 10-ly

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Second Hand Machines Bought and Sold.

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All kinds of Attachments and Needles, Oil, &c., kept on hand at all times. nov 25 MYERS & SMITH.

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Custom work and Repairing promptly executed! nov 27-72 CHAS A HERZER.

Partition Notice.

Elizabeth Balz, Lucy Gype, Samuel Gype and Samuel G. Geb, of Stark county, Ohio; David Ravensine, of Summit county, Ohio, and Jonathan Ravensine, Jacob Ravensine, William Ravensine and Pamela Ravensine of Whitley county, Indiana, are hereby notified that a petition was filed against them on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1876, in the Court of Common Pleas, of Stark county, Ohio, by Samuel Ravensine, and is now pending, wherein said Samuel Ravensine demands partition of the following real estate situate in Stark county, Ohio, to-wit: Part of the southeast quarter of section 15, township 13 of range 8, beginning for the same at the northeast corner of said quarter, then north along the east line 40 rods, then west 40 rods, then south 40 rods, then east 80 rods to the beginning, containing 10 acres; and that on the 9th day of September, A. D. 1874, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, the said Samuel Ravensine will apply to said Court for an order that partition may be made of said premises.

UNDRBILL & LAHM, atty's for Petitioner July 24 1876-76

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