

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

FAIRHOPE. Mr. and Mrs. Criswell and Mr. and Mrs. Overford, from Louisville, were in our burg on Sunday. J. R. Snyder, from Paris, spent Sunday with us. F. L. Sebert has gone to Canton for the summer. E. Huber is adding quite an addition to his stable. Mrs. Rhoden is visiting at Hamilton. Mrs. Kate Gladieux, from Canton, spent the past week with her parents, of this place. The congregation of Fairhope purchased the church of the Ephraim, who had looked them out for the past two years. Consideration, \$850. Communion services at the evangelical church were well attended on Sunday. Mrs. H. S. Hershey is reported as being quite sick. Our township schools began their summer term on Monday. Mrs. Landis and son, from Canton, spent Sunday in this community. LIMA VILLE. The only contest in Lima ville and precinct was for assessor. R. G. Weimer, Republican, was elected assessor over M. A. Wagoner, Populist, by 37 majority. The vote in this place was very light. Charles Mub and family, of Atwater, have moved in the F. J. Poto home at the coal bank, west of town. Mr. Mub has leased the bank for the present. Herb Baird and family have moved to town, and will occupy J. P. Zaiser's house. J. C. Seball, of Akron, who has been in this vicinity for several days on business, returned to his home. Charles Grimes has moved to Alliance. T. T. Arnold met with a bad accident Saturday, while cutting fodder. In some mysterious way he got his right thumb in the cog wheels, cutting off the end of his thumb, and also tearing his thumb nail completely off. When he took his glove off, the nail dropped out. Medical aid was quickly called, and the thumb was carefully dressed. It is hoped it may not cause him any serious trouble. Mr. Carr, who lives in Chicago, and who has been here the greater part of the winter, returned home several days ago. Joshua Grimes has moved near Alliance. The Easter entertainment given in the M. E. church Sunday evening, was quite well attended, and the program was a good one, and furthermore, was carried out very nicely. Charles Betts, while hauling water Monday, was in some way thrown beneath the wheels, running over his right foot and badly spraining his ankle. Mrs. T. T. Arnold, who has been visiting in Kent for several days, returned to her home Monday. Clark Hamlin's little child has been quite poorly, but is reported better. H. B. Paxson made a business trip to Ravenna, Monday. GREEN TOWN. Prof. J. O. Wise, of Akron, was in town Friday and made a short call on the school, giving some ideas on penmanship. Elmer Kistinger, of Akron, spent Sunday with his parents in town. Milton Wise, who is employed by Ed Babo, of Silver Lake, spent Sunday in town, calling on friends and relatives. Will Moore and family were the guests of Lewis Wise, Sunday. Charles Bausher, of Millport, formerly of this place, has secured the job of night fireman at the H. B. Camp Co.'s shop. Roa Miller as moved into the Weary property. Frank Harman and dMatias Werry, who have erected two fine dwellings on East Brown street, will soon be ready to occupy them. R. Casler is remodeling and enlarging his store room. Abram Stoner will rebuild his house and barn this summer. W. F. Ream will sell Buckeye machines this season. Mrs. R. Shoemaker, who has been ill for some time, is slowly improving. Urias Kroughbaum is again confined to his bed. CAMP CREEK. Mr. Albert Budd was visiting at West Lebanon last week. Farmers are busy plowing for corn and oats. The mine at this place only worked one day last week. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Adam Shrader, a daughter, last Tuesday. The tinkling of the wedding bells will be heard in the near future. Miss Ada Keller is working at Adam Shrader's at present. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ott were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Weastler last Sunday evening. Mr. Richard Allen, of Pigeon Run, is working for Mrs. Kurtz. Mr. Albert Budd was visiting at Beck's last Sunday. NEW BERLIN. The Rev. Willard, of Akron, filled the pulpit at the Reformed church on Sunday evening. Lawyer Plinn, of Massillon, was in town on business on Thursday. The moving season is over and there are not enough houses in Berlin to accommodate all who need homes, so some have "hewn home to the parent nest." The "Acker Dramatic Club" of Uniontown, produced one of the best plays that was rendered in New Berlin this winter, on Saturday evening. The Poshontas circle met at the home of Mrs. H. Coleman, on Monday evening. The following was the program rendered: Nearer, My God, to Thee, by Circle. Sketch of Clara Barton—Miss Mary Hoover. Description of visit to Ohio insane asylums—Mr. Steele. Auld Lang Syne—Quartette. Sketch of Louise Mitchell—Mrs. Young. Recitation, "Burdock's Music Box"—Miss May Steele. Solo, "Just Inside the Gates of God"—Mrs. Coleman. Ms. Young—Mrs. Hoover. Select Reading—Miss Maggie Walter. Recitation, "A Seal April Fool"—Miss Irene Hoover. Question in United States history—Mrs. H. Coleman. Duett by Misses Maggie Evans and Mary Hoover. ELTON. The Goat Hill school closed last Friday and had many visitors. William Harrold has been elected assessor for this precinct. Mr. John Evert has been elected supervisor for this precinct. The Goat Hill mine is working almost every day. There was no band meeting held at

Goat Hill last Thursday or Friday nights, on account of rainy weather. Mr. Samuel Baughman is sawing pickets for Jacob Culler near Massillon. Prayer meeting held every Tuesday evening at McFarren church. Mr. Peter Bourkel, of Beach Grove, has moved in Mr. Fred Beck's house near this place. Many of our young men attended the exhibition at Justice last Saturday evening. Mr. Albert Smith is home from Cleveland on a visit. Mr. John Baughman was visiting last Sunday. LANDED MEN AND GUNS. Another Successful filibustering Expedition to Cuba. KEY WEST, April 14.—The steam tug George W. Childs, which became notorious as a filibuster about a year ago, is once more in the service of the Cubans, and has landed an expedition on the island. The Cubans have been fitting out this expedition for some weeks, and it was one of the best equipped that has yet left the United States. The expedition was commanded by Colonel Juan Monzon, and it is said there were over 100 men in the party, about half of whom were Americans. The Americans were mostly young men and came from various states to this place, whence they were transported by water to Cape Florida, the place of rendezvous. The Cubans have been storing arms and ammunition on Cape Florida for three weeks. It is said that 4,000 rifles, 500,000 cartridges, five Gatling guns and a great number of pistols and machetes were stored at the rendezvous. It is claimed that the Childs effected a landing about 1 o'clock Saturday morning on the coast of Pinar del Rio, being met by a detachment from Maceo's army. UNEASINESS IN HAVANA. Report of a Big Battle—Insurgents Thought to Have Won. NEW ORLEANS, April 14.—The Picayune today prints the following from its special correspondent in Havana: "The condition of affairs is continuing to draw to a crisis and soon there will be a clash which will either redound for the benefit of the Spaniards or the Cubans. For the past four days no official news has been given out at the captain general's office and rumors are a-rife of a struggle, in which the insurgents came out victorious. No details can be obtained, but there has been considerable hurrying and scurrying around the palace. The landing of the expeditions under Callaso, Garcia and Braulio Benal has caused a bad effect here, especially as the coast was supposed to be so well guarded. LIES CAUSE A MASSACRE. Mexican Indians Murder Government Officials—Urged on by Lawyers. CITY OF MEXICO, April 14.—A telegram from Oaxaca City states that the rebel Indians at the town of Jaquela have killed all the town councilors, school teachers, local priest, chief of police and the telegraph operator. In fact every one holding a government place. The people are in terror and troops have been sent for the relief of the town. Military movement against the rebel Zimitians has resulted in driving the Indians into the mountains. They began their plotting in Holy week, instigated by Indian lawyers, who informed them that the new state taxes were unconstitutional. Prepared for a Lynching Attempt. CARROLLTON, Mo., April 14.—George Taylor, who was hanged Saturday night, 19 days before the date set for his execution for the brutal murder of the Meeks family, is still at large. His brother William is still in jail. Fifteen armed strangers have arrived in town and Deputy Sheriff Shelton, fearing an attempt to lynch the prisoner, has ordered the local militia company to be in readiness to act. Crisp Stops the Debate. ATLANTA, April 14.—Ex-Speaker Charles P. Crisp has called off the last of the joint debates between himself and Secretary Hoke Smith. Crisp states that he does this on the advice of his physician, who informed him that he was threatened with heart failure, and warned him against a continuance of his speechmaking tour. Against the Butler Monument. BOSTON, April 14.—The house committee on ways and means, to which was referred the appropriation of \$50,000 for a statue of General Butler, after it had been reported by the committee on statehouse and military affairs sitting jointly will report against the appropriation. Ex-Senator Trumbull Ill. BELLEVILLE, Ills., April 14.—While delivering the oration at the funeral of ex-Governor Koerner Sunday, ex-Senator Lyman Trumbull was taken ill. Considering his great age the doctors in attendance express fears as to his recovery. McKeever Whips Griffin. MASPETT, L. I., April 14.—McKeever was awarded the fight at the close of the twentieth round over Griffin. The Weather. Fair; followed by local showers during the afternoon or night; cooler; fresh and brisk southerly winds. PITH OF THE NEWS. The board of inspection approved of the warship Kalebaldin. Mayor Strong has written a veto on the Greater New York bill. Elijah A. Morse announced at Boston that he will not again be a candidate for congress. There has been a great demand by bicyclists for a geological survey's topographical sheets. One man was shot and killed and three others wounded at a political meeting at East Boston lounge, La. A man arrested in New York for vagrancy claims to be a son of former Governor Tenney of Delaware. It is claimed that experiments in Chicago demonstrated that X-rays will kill the germs of eight deadly diseases. Maryland delegates-at-large are said to be decided upon, their votes depending upon the sentiment in the state convention. The Morton Cycle corps expects to ride on bicycles from Brooklyn to St. Louis to support the governor's presidential candidacy. It was declared at Detroit that ex-governor McKinley will have 35 of the 38 delegates from Michigan in the St. Louis convention. It is believed that congress will pass the joint resolution conferring the rank of lieutenant general upon Commanding General Miles. Seven hundred thousand dollars in gold has shipped today from New York for Russia. It was withdrawn from the treasury. Baseball games were played throughout the country various cities, the receipts to be applied to the monument for the late Harry Wright.

PENNSY'S GREAT DAY.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED IN PHILADELPHIA. Congressman Bailey of Texas thus replies to recent criticisms of his dress: "I have always held that society had no right, by its dictum, to regulate the style of a man's clothes. Ever since I could afford it, I have dressed just as I do today. I have worn the same black broadcloth suit, cut in the same style; the same style of broad shirt front and a white tie; the same kind of collar and broad black felt hat. I wear these clothes regardless of the day of the week or the hour or of society's dictation because I believe they become me, and they please my wife. There is a rule of society which prescribes that a dress suit shall not be worn until after 6 o'clock in the evening. If I chose to wear a dress suit, I would feel free to put it on in the morning or evening, or at noon, just as the fancy dictated. It seems to me that the society rule which attempts to regulate a man's dress is autocratic. The rule prescribing dress originates in the old customs of the nobility. We are simply imitating these old aristocrats when we bar a person out of society because he does not dress in the fashion. If men showed more independence in the matter of dress, they would soon be able to break over the society restraints, and after that anybody could wear whatever he chose to, so long as he conformed to the law of the land and wore something. So far as I am concerned, I shall continue to wear whatever suits me and at the same time meets the approval of my wife." Staple, Barnstaple. In Anglo-Saxon the word "staple," "stapel" or "stapull" denoted a post or pillar of wood or stone. In local names it has various significations. Such posts or pillars were often erected to mark places where markets were held, or where merchandise could be exposed for sale. Such probably were Dunstaple, in Bedfordshire, a market on the chalk downs; and Barnstaple, in Devon. Sometimes the staple was a post marking the place of the hundred moots. We have hundreds called Barnstaple and Thurstable in Essex, and one called Staple in Sussex. There are seven places called Stapleton, but as none of them is a market town they were probably merely farmsteads marked by a post, one of them, called Stapledon in Dorset, being a hill with a post. Of the nine Stapletons none is a marked town, and they were probably fords marked or protected by piles of posts. Stalbridge, Dorset, called Staplebridge in Dorset, was probably a trestle bridge. Whitestable in Kent must have taken its name from a white pillar, erected either for a market or as a guide to ships entering the harbor, or to which boats could be moored. Staplehurst must have been a wood marked by a post, or like Stockwith, a wood where stumps or posts were left standing.—Notes and Queries. She Was Too Sharp For Them. One day last winter a stylishly dressed woman stepped from a coach in front of a big dry goods store in New York and proceeding to the fur department selected a seal wrap worth \$300. In payment she tendered a check for \$1,000, which the saleswoman took to the office. A messenger was dispatched to the bank, and he was told that the check was good. Meantime the woman pretended to be indignant, demanded a return of the check, would accept no apologies and drove away. Presently she returned and said she had allowed her temper to overcome her and ordered the check wrapped up. She was given \$700 in change and disappeared. A second visit to the bank disclosed the fact that the woman had withdrawn the \$1,000 she had on deposit there and that the check was worthless. Mr. Grateber's Advice to Philip. "It isn't new, the idea of living within one's income," said Mr. Grateber, "but I am trying to impress on Philip the importance of beginning in his youth. I don't want him to be mean or stingy, but I do want him to save something every year, without interruption, and to begin when he is young. Begun early and kept up continuously, it is almost wonderful how even small savings accumulate. There is scarcely a man who cannot provide himself with a moderate fortune from his savings alone by beginning early and keeping at it. "Old? Of course it's old; old as the hills, but how many of us have profited by it? And I want Philip to begin now."—New York Sun. The Achaean League. The Achaean league was formed by the 12 towns of Achaia for mutual protection against foreign aggression. It was broken up by Alexander the Great, but reorganized B. C. 280 and again dissolved B. C. 147. The second of these leagues comprised all the leading cities of the Peloponnese, and, indeed, most of the cities and states of Greece. It was this league which contended with the Romans for the independence of Greece; but, its troops being defeated by Metellus at Scarphea and by Mummius near Corinth, the league was dissolved, and all Greece submitted to the Roman domination. A Possible Explanation. Why was St. Andrew selected to be the patron saint of Scotland? This question has exercised clerical and lay curiosity, but has not been satisfactorily answered unless the explanation offered by the archdeacon of Calcutta at a dinner which he attended on St. Andrew's day be confirmed as final. "Gentlemen," he said, "I have given this difficult subject my thoughtful consideration, and I have come to the conclusion that St. Andrew was chosen to be the patron saint of Scotland because he discovered the lad who had the loaves and fishes!"—London Telegraph. She Endures More. A recent lecturer says: "Fewer women commit suicide than men. This is because woman makes less protest against her circumstances of life, has more endurance under its calamities and is more resigned." Why does she protest less and endure more? Is it merely a matter of habit? She Saw a Scowl Then. Minnie—I never noticed before that this mirror had a wrinkle in it. Mamie—I thought you were able to see wrinkles in any mirror you looked into.—Indianapolis Journal. The Man Behind—Pardon me, miss, I can see nothing owing to your hat. The Woman in Front—True! There is nothing owing. I have paid for it in full.—Philadelphia Record.

CONGRESSMAN BAILEY'S DRESS.

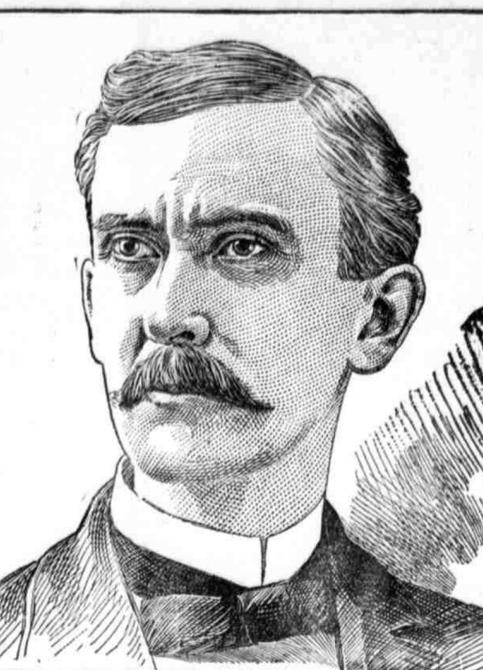
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ROW OVER BONDS.

NEW YORKER TAKES ACTION AGAINST CARLISLE. He Petitions for a Mandamus to Compel the Delivery of \$4,500,000 to Him, Which Were Awarded a Second Time to Others. WASHINGTON, April 14.—William Graves of New York city has filed in the district supreme court a petition for mandamus to compel Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle to deliver to him bonds to the amount of \$4,500,000 of the recent issue of 30-year 4 per cents. The petition set out that he bid for this amount of bonds at \$115,3301 on Feb. 4 last and complied with all the regulations; that his bid was once accepted; that the original notice of allotment was not sent him as to other bidders, and though requested, no allowance was made by the department for the time lost by the negligent act of the department in misdirecting the original allotment notice. The contention is made that the refusal to deliver these bonds allotted to him in New York, as required, was a mere subterfuge to prevent the petitioner and those who might associate with him from carrying out the terms of the bid and completing the purchase of the bonds, and that the requirement that the petitioner deposit the gold in the sub-treasury at New York and transfer the deposit certificate to the treasury department here was a requirement not exacted of other successful bidders, a great hardship to him and an invasion of his right to have the bond delivery made at New York. After claiming that the refusal of the department to accept payment for the bonds allotted to him after the date fixed for the payment of an installment, is an exercise of arbitrary power and which is unwarranted by law, the petition asks that the secretary of the treasury be restrained from delivering to J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., or any other persons the \$4,500,000 bonds allotted to Graves. Judge Cole issued an order requiring Secretary Carlisle to appear on Saturday, April 25, and show cause why the mandamus asked by Graves should not be issued. GOLD CAN BE SPECIFIED. United States Supreme Court's Important Decision Regarding Bonds. WASHINGTON, April 14.—In the United States supreme court an opinion has been handed down in the case of Woodruff, trustee, vs the state of Mississippi, appealed from the supreme court of that state. The case involved the invalidity of bonds issued by the levee board of the state for the improvement of the Mississippi river, which had been questioned because the bonds were made payable in gold. The chief justice of the state had decided that the bonds were void, because the law did not authorize the payment of the bonds in any particular kind of money. The opinion was delivered by Chief Justice Fuller. The opinion of the court below was reversed and the case remanded. BROKE THROUGH A TRESTLE. A Train Wrecked in Indiana—Six Dead and One Injured. MITCHELL, Ind., April 14.—Five men were instantly killed and two others so badly injured that they will die in a bridge accident a half mile from Bedford Junction on the Boston railroad, on which the train from the Bedford quarry is transferred from one road to another. The train broke through a trestle. The dead are: Charles Ogden, conductor; Sherman Carpenter, fireman; Frank Yonker, of the Boston R. R. Shop; Masterston—Bevins and Charles Davis. Engineer Munzer is not expected to survive long. Some Exports During March. WASHINGTON, April 14.—A statement prepared by Mr. Worthington C. Ford, chief of the bureau of statistics, shows that the exports of breadstuffs during March were \$10,996,557, against \$8,716,411 in March 1895; of mineral oils, \$4,323,244, against \$2,026,756 a year ago, and of provisions \$12,828,749, as compared with \$13,258,780. River and Harbor Bill Considered. WASHINGTON, April 14.—The senate committee on commerce has been considering the river and harbor bill for several days. It is understood that considerable opposition has developed to the many contracts provided for in the bill and there is quite a struggle over that particular feature. New Postmasters Confirmed. WASHINGTON, April 14.—The senate, in executive session, confirmed the following nominations for postmasters: Ohio—Bernard Indekofor, at Weston; Frank Yonker, at the Boston R. R. Shop; at Massillon, Pennsylvania—I. K. Deckard, at Middletown. The Senate Session. WASHINGTON, April 14.—At the instance of Mr. Gore, the senate determined to open the publication of the Patent Office Gazette to general competition. The rest of the day was given to the Dupont case. Condition of the Treasury. WASHINGTON, April 14.—The treasury has lost \$392,400 in gold coin and \$15,500 in bars, leaving the true amount of the gold reserve, \$126,899,931. Of the gold coin withdrawn \$700,000 is for export. Succeeds Consul General Williams. WASHINGTON, April 14.—The president has sent to the senate the nomination of Fitzhugh Lee of Virginia to be consul general of the United States at Havana, Cuba, vice Ramon O. Williams, resigned. Unimportant House Session. WASHINGTON, April 14.—The house spent the day transacting business relating to the District of Columbia. A Negro's Fearful Crimes. MADISONVILLE, Ky., April 14.—A negro named Henry Edmunds, who had not been living with his wife for some time, slipped into her home, and after treating her in a terrible manner, shot her to death. He also wounded the woman's sister and escaped. Hohenzollern's Visit to Paris. BERLIN, April 14.—It is semi-officially announced that the imperial chancellor, Prince Hohenzollern, has had no communication whatever with M. Bourgeois, the French premier, or any other French politician during his recent stay in Paris. He Criticized the Emperor. MUNICH, April 14.—Prof. Quide has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment, after having been convicted of lese majeste. John C. Dueser and Charles R. Miller went to Cincinnati on business Monday evening.

MAJOR W. W. ROBBINS.

Framer of the Indiana Military Bill Made Well by Paine's Celery Compound.



Major Robbins of the 2nd Indiana State guards, aid on Gen. McKee's staff and president of camp Gray, has been for two years one of the most influential members of the Indiana legislature and the author of the famous Indiana Military Bill of 1889. Major Robinson was a very sick man up to the time of taking Paine's celery compound. In proof of what that remarkable remedy can do to make a sick person strong and well, Major Robbins' letter from Indianapolis best tells its own straightforward story. "I was troubled with torpid liver, constipation and the accompanying sallow complexion, while my entire nervous system was entirely deranged, and I was greatly reduced in flesh. While in this condition I was taken down with a very severe attack of the grip, and was, for a long time, confined to the house and my bed. "I resorted to various medicines and tonics, and under their temporary influence made several attempts to resume my business of traveling about in the interests of A. Steffen, cigar manufacturer of this city; but relapse succeeded relapse, and I not only was obliged to abandon my business, but growing gradually worse, became apprehensive of the ultimate result. "At this juncture, my mother-in-law, who had used your remedy with gratifying results, prevailed upon me to commence taking Paine's celery compound, and it gives me great pleasure to state that it once began to feel its beneficial effects. "My appetite, which had failed me, returned, my constipation ceased, and very soon my liver became normal in its action. Following this my sleeplessness and headaches ceased, and I began to gain flesh. The insidious hold on me that the grip had hitherto had was relaxed, and I felt invigorated and strengthened, so I could resume my vocation, and feel free from the languid, enervated feeling that had so long possessed me. "My friends were pleasantly surprised with the change in my condition, and I was only too happy to recommend Paine's celery compound to such of my acquaintances as were suffering from any of the complaints which so complicated my case. Therefore, I again say I feel impelled by a deep sense of gratitude to express how much I have been helped, for I now feel and look like a new man. "Physicians who rely on Paine's celery compound—as thousands of the most wide-awake members of the profession are doing, especially now that nearly every one feels the need of a genuine spring remedy—physicians know very well what that languor and that tired feeling means. They know that debility today often results in nervous prostration tomorrow unless the tired system is quickly invigorated. "That is why all over the country today Paine's celery compound is being taken by the advice of skilled physicians. It is the one remedy that physicians can conscientiously call a genuine spring remedy. Try it.

VICARY'S UNION CLOTHING STORE, 38 & 40 NORTH MARKET. ALWAYS IN OUR... Children's Clothing Dept. SEE OUR S. B. Reefer Suits. The finest line of Children's Suits, in all styles and qualities. Our Blouse Suits are admired and bought by all who see them—made in fine goods, and as low in price as \$1.00. Our 3-Piece Middy Suits, with fancy braid, \$5.00. To-Day, Monday, we offer an Extra Special: 4000 Boys' Elegant Knee Pants, To fit Boys 4 to 15 years—all newest Spring patterns—from a manufacturer badly in need of funds—each garment cheap at 50c to \$2.00—our price from 25c Upwards. Likewise Two Extraordinary Offers: BOYS' ALL WOOL SUITS—made with elastic waists, double knees and seat, and guaranteed equal to any shown elsewhere at \$1.00 to \$2.00 a suit. Our prices range From \$2.00 Upwards. BOYS' ETON, ZOUAIVE, VELVET AND BLOUSE SUITS—and many more novelties—a special offer for today, Monday, and Get a Wagon, Free! Boys, look in our windows and see the Wagons.