The Ohio Statesman

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 2, 1861.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Adams Express Company places us daily under obligations to it for the very latest papers from the eastern cities.

The American Express Company has our thanks for its daily favors in the shape of the very latest eastern papers.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS ADDRESSES.—The Senate Chamber, last evening, was crowded with a large audience of both ladies and gentlemen, who had assembled to listen to the addresses of Mrs. JONES, Mrs. CUTLER and Mrs. GAGE, before the Woman's Rights Committees of the two branches of the Legislature, on an amelioration of the laws in favor of women. So great was the concourse, that many gentlemen, and even ladies were compelled to stand during the delivery of the speeches. Mr. PARISH, of Erie, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Woman's Rights, presided, and introduced the lady speakers to the audience.

Mrs. JONES made the first address. It was read from manuscript, and was a production of which any man might well be proud. The object was to show that men and women, in regard to property rights, should be placed as nearly as possible upon an equality.

The next address was made by Mrs. CUTLER. She spoke extemporaneously, and in a clear and distinct voice, which could be easily heard in every part of the large Hall. The first part of her address was taken up with a discussion on the propriety of extending the right of suffrage to women, but this point she did not think it judicious to press at the present time. But she contended earnestly that married women, in the guardianship of children and in the property acquired by the joint earnings of themselves and husbands, should have equal rights. Many of her anecdotes and illustrations were pointed, and elicited hearty applause.

Owing to the lateness of the hour and the crowed state of the Hall, Mrs. GAGE, when it came her turn to speak, closed the exercises of the evening in a few very brief, but most appropriate remarks.

Professor MONROE of the Senate then proposed to return the thanks of the audience to the ladies who had so ably and judiciously advocated the rights of their sex, which met with a unanimous aye from the assembled throng. The crowd then dispersed with expressions of very general satisfaction.

THE GAME LAW.—The following is a synopsis of the Game Law now in force:

It forbids the killing or injury of all our wood birds at any time on the premises of another, or on the public highway or the public common, such as Sparrow, Robin, Blue Bird, Martin, Thrush, Mocking Bird, Swallow, Meadow Lark Oriole, Red Bird or Cat Bird. Game which must not be killed or injured between the first of February and the fifteenth of September are Dove, Wild Rabbit or Hare, Yellow Hammer or Flicker, except on the premises of the person so killing, injuring, or pursuing; Provided, that nothing in the law shall be held to prevent the killing or capture of Crows, Black Birds, or birds of prey. It is also unlawful for any, person, at any time after the first day of February, and before the fifteenth day of September, to catch, kill, or destroy, or to pursue with such intent, any Wood Cock, Wild Turkey, Quail or Virginia Partridge, Ruffed Grouse or Pheasant, Pinnated Grouse or Prairie Chicken, or Wild Deer. Game not to be killed between the first of May and the fifteenth of September are Wild Goose, Duck, Teal or other Wood Duck. It is also unlawful to have in possession or expose to sale any of the Birds or Game mentioned during the season when the killing, injuring, or pursuing of the same is mentioned.

The penalty for violating the game law is a fine of from two to fifteen dollars for each offense, before a Justice of the Peace. The same penalty attaches for the destruction of the eggs of the birds mentioned.

ROBBERY AND ATTEMPTED MURDER.—The Guernsey *Jeffersonian* is informed that an old farmer named BUELEY, residing near the line between Tuscarawas and Guernsey counties, was on Saturday, the 26th ult., robbed of one thousand dollars, and a valuable watch. The robber, after securing his booty, was making his exit by the window, when a son of Mr. BUELEY'S who was sleeping in the room, rushed to the window and seized him by the coat, whereupon the burglar fired a pistol shot, which took effect in the young man's shoulder. The burglar succeeded in making his escape.

☞ The last census of New York city shows that in all cases of intermarriage between whites and blacks, the wife is white—none being returned of a white man marrying a black woman. Of the thirty two white women whose husbands are black, eighteen were born in Ireland, five in New York, three in England, two in Scotland, one in Virginia, one in Delaware, one in Rhode Island, and one at sea. There are, however, some eight thousand mulattoes in the city,—nine tenths of whom are the illicit offspring of white men and black women.

A POSER.—At a Bible-class meeting held in Northern Vermont, some months since, the passage of Scripture describing our Saviour's ride into Jerusalem on 'an ass's colt,' was the subject under consideration the worthy pastor asked the following question.

"For what purpose did the people throw branches of palm-trees in the way?"

This was a poser for the class, but an old deacon more learned in theology than the rest, ventured on an answer.

"I suppose," said he, "it was to skere the colt."

REVIVAL IN CIRCLEVILLE.—The Circleville *Watchman* says that a very interesting revival of religion is in progress in that city at the Methodist Episcopal Church, under the supervision of Rev. A. G. BYERS, Pastor of the church. The church is crowded to overflowing every night; and numbers are flocking to the altar, enquiring, "what must I do to be saved." About forty have joined the church, and a number profess to have received the Pearl of great price. The excitement is greatly on the increase.

☞ The Cleveland *Herald* says that a fellow up at Toledo is advertising himself as the original "Artemus Ward," and is giving "delineations" that comprise "an account of his visit to the Woman's Rights Society, of two days' stay among the Free Lovers of Berlin Heights, his excursion trip on the English steamer Great Eastern" &c.

Of course that fellow wouldn't pick a pocket. As Artemus would say—"this is ironikal."

☞ The Cadiz *Republican* mentions the case of a boy who got on the cow-catcher of a railroad engine to enjoy a ride, and in attempting to jump off, fell across the track, with one leg on the rail, which the engine passed over, crushing it from the ancle to the knee in a horrible manner. The limb had to be amputated above the knee, thus rendering the unfortunate lad a cripple for life.

☞ Punch asks whether a Sewer derives any particular gratification from being *diverted*.

☞ AT KANMACHER'S Hall, THOMAS GALES FORSTER will lecture to-morrow morning, and also in the evening. These are the last lectures which Mr. FORSTER will, on the occasion of his present visit, deliver in this city. Those who desire to hear him, should embrace this opportunity.

AN HONEST CONFESSION.—The Mac-a-cheek *Press*, a Republican journal of some notoriety in Logan county, said in its last week's issue:

"We believe that, were it known that Douglas, or Breckinridge, or Bell, would be inaugurated on the 4th of March next, confidence and, of course, quiet would be restored in thirty days.

☞ The Cyclorama of Ireland, which has been exhibited in Dayton this week, has met with great success. BECKET'S Hall was crowded every night.

☞ The Madison county Moatnly stock sales for February will be held at London, on Tuesday next, February 5th.

LENT.—Ash Wednesday, the first day of Lent, falls this year on the thirteenth of February.

Rail Road Time Table.

	Leaves.	Arrives.
LITTLE MIAMI & COLUMBUS & XENIA R. R.		
Accommodation	6.10 A. M.	9.15 P. M.
No. 2 Ex.	2.30 P. M.	2 30 P. M.
Night Express	2.45 A. M.	2.45 A. M.
CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.		
Express and Mail	3.00 P. M.	1.40 P. M.
Night Express	3:25 A. M.	1:30 A. M.
CENTRAL OHIO R. R.		
Express Train	3.00 A. M	2.30 A. M.
Mail Train	2.40 P. M.	2:20 P. M.
PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.		
Express Train	3:00 A. M.	2.30 P. M.
Mail Train	2.40 P. M.	2:20 P. M.
COLUMBUS & INDIANAPOLIS R. R. [Columbus, Piqua & Indiana R. R.]		
Express Train	8:10 A.M.	11:10 A. M.
Express Train	2:45 P. M.	8:10 P. M.

THE GREATEST COUGH MEDICINE IN THE WORLD—We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers and the public to the wonderful virtues and numerous testimonials of I. W. Ayer's PULMONIC CHERRY CORDIAL. This is unquestionably the *greatest cough preparation in the World!* It has been used in the Doctor's extensive practice in various parts of the country for several years, and is a speedy and certain cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, night sweats, difficulty of breathing, &c., &c. He who aids in introducing this great preparation to the community, is a benefactor to mankind.

D. B. DE LAND & Co.'s SALERATUS.—Thank your stars, if you are superstitious enough,—but be glad, and express your thankfulness that you can procure from your grocer a perfectly pure and reliable article of Saleratus. Be convinced, by a trial, of the truth of our remarks when we say that it is just the quality that has so long been desired by housekeepers. De Land & Co.'s Chemical Saleratus is manufactured at the Fairport Chemical Works, Fairport, Monroe Co., N. Y., where it is for sale at wholesale. The grocers and dealers generally have it for sale.

A TALL MAN.—Saul, the first Hebrew king, stood "head and shoulders" above all the others, and was a splendid specimen of a king and a man. So James Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus, for strength, purity, and usefulness, stands for above all the spurious adulterations sought to be imposed on the community by unscrupulous men. Depot, 345 Washington Street, New York.

LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, &c., are becoming very prevalent among our citizens. We would advise all who may be afflicted with those distressing complaints to go at once and get some of McLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL. It is just the remedy to cure all diseases of the Liver and Stomach. Try it. See advertisement.

GOOD WISH.—We wish that every family in the land would keep Guernsey's Balm in the house constantly. How much misery it would prevent?

☞ See advertisement of Prof. MILLER'S Hair Invigorator in another column.

PRICES REDUCED

[From the New York Observer.]

As all parties manufacturing Sewing Machines are obliged to pay Mr. Howe a license on each machine sold, and are a so compelled to make returns to him, under oath. as to the number sold, his books give a correct statement. From this reliable source we have obtained the following statistics. Of the machines made in the year 1859, there were sold,

By Wheeler & Wilson.....21,305
" I. M. Singer & Co.....10,653
" Grover & Baker.....10,280

Showing the sales of Wheeler & Wilson to be *double* those of any other Company."

Awarded the highest premiums—at the United States Fairs of 1858, 1859 and 1860; also at the Ohio State Fairs of 1859 and 1860; and at nearly all the County Fairs in the State.

Our prices, at the late reduction, *are as low as any lock stich* machine now sold, and but a trifle higher than the interior *two thread chain stich machines*, now forced upon the market.

The WHEELER & WILSON MACHINE makes the LOCK STICH—the only one which cannot be raveled. It is ALIKE ON BOTH SIDES of the goods, leaving *no ridge or chain on the under side.*

All machines warranted 3 years, and instruction given in their use, free of charge.

H. CRARY, 81 High st., Columbus, O.
WM. SUMNER & CO.,
dec3-2wd3m&w6m Pike's Opera House, Cincinnati.

CANADIAN & UNITED STATES MAIL
STEAMERS
TO AND FROM
LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW,
Liverpool, Montreal, Quebec,
and
NEW YORK.

The Montreal Ocean Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built Steamers sail **every Saturday** from PORTLAND, carrying the Canadian and United States Mail and passengers,

NOVA SCOTIAN.....Capt. McMasters,
BOHEMIAN.....Capt. Grange,
NORTH BRITON.....Capt. Bertrand,
CANADIAN.....Capt. Graham,
NORTH AMERICAN..Capt. Aiton,
ANGLO-SAXON.....Capt. Balantine,
HIBERNIAN,
NORWEGIAN,

Shortest, Cheapest and Quickest Conveyance from AMERICA TO ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.

Will sail from LIVERPOOL **every Wednesday**, and from QUEBEC **every Saturday**, calling at LONDONDERRY, to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers, to and from Ireland and Scotland.

Glasgow passengers are furnished with FREE passage tickets to and from Londonderry.

Return tickets granted at reduced rates.

An experienced Surgeon attached to each steamer.

Certificates issued for carrying to and bringing out passengers from all the principal towns of Great Britain and Ireland, at reduced rates, by this line of steamers, and by the WASHINGTON LINE OF SAILING PACKETS, leaving Liverpool every week.

For passage, apply at the Office, **23 BROADWAY, New York, and 19 WATER ST., Liverpool.**

SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents,
Or to— J. R. ARMSTRONG,
no10-1yd&w Statesman Office, Columbus, Ohio.

M. C. LILLEY
BOOK BINDER
And Blank-Book Manufanturer,
NORTH HIGH STREET, COLUMBUS, OHIO
mar11-diy

TELEGRAPHIC!

REPORTED FOR THE STATESMAN.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.

Mr. Trumbull offered resolutions for the appointment of a committee in conjunction with the House committee to provide for counting the electoral vote—objected to and laid over. The President's message was then taken up.

Mr. Latham made a Union speech. The people of California breathe but one sentiment of loyalty and devotion to the Union, and will ratify any settlement which will satisfy the South, and if such satisfaction is refused, a large majority of that people will say let them go in peace.

In the language of the Senator from New York, the people of California speak for Union, vote for Union, give their money for Union, and will fight for Union, provided he can show them how they can, by such fighting, maintain the liberty, fraternity and equality of the Southern people in the Union. But if, he cannot perform that difficult task, the people of that coast will never imbrue their hands in the blood of their Southern brethren. He was willing to vote for the propositions of the Senators from Kentucky and Illinois, but thought the wisest plan was that of his friend from Minnesota.

The Indian appropriation Bill was postponed till Saturday.

Mr. Simmons, from the select committee, reported the Tariff bill with amendments, which was made the special order for Wednesday.

Mr. Cameron presented the credentials of Mr. Cowan the Senator elect from Pennsylvania.

The Diplomatic Appropriation bill, somewhat amended, passed.

The Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill, as amended, passed. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Sherman, from the committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill to authorize the President to borrow $23,000,000 previous to the 1st of July, for the purpose of redeeming Treasury notes, ect.

Mr. Edwards presented the memorial of the Constitutional Union party of New Hampshire, declaring that the slavery question should be removed from Congress, and that that should be a final settlement; that States should be admitted with or without slavery, as the people may determine; that there should be no interference with slavery in the States or where the Federal Government has jurisdiction; no interdiction of the slave trade between the States; all sections should be maintained in the enjoyment of their constitutional rights; fugitives to be returned, ect.

Mr. Edwards in reply to a question by John Cochrane, said a large portion of the memorial didn't meet with his appropriation. Referred to the special committee of five.

Mr. Kilgore reported a bill to establish a metropolitan police force in Washington.

Mr. Kellogg of Illinois, offered resolutions as a substitute to the report of the committee of 33. They are joint resolutions proposing amendments of the Constitution, to be ratified in the manner indicated by that instrument. Art. 13, prohibits slavery, except for the punishment of crime in all territory North of 36 deg. 30 minutes, while it shall remain under a territorial government, and allows it in all territory South of that line while in a teroitorial condition, and provides for the admission into the Union of any territory North or South, with or without slavery as the Constitution of the new State shall provide.

Art. 14, says nothing in the Constitution shall be construed to authorize any department of the government to interfere with the relation of persons held to service in any State where that service exists, nor in any manner establish or sustain that relation where it is prohibited by the laws or the Constitution of such State. This article is not to be altered or amended without the consent of every State in the Union.

Art. 15, construes the Constitution so as to empower Congress to pass laws necessary for the return of persons held to service.

Art. 16. forever prohibits the African Slave Trade.

Mr. McClernand was happy to see such a proposition from a gentleman whose relations were so near the President elect.

Mr. Lovejoy objected to the reception of the joint resolution, especially after the remark of his colleague.

Mr. Kellogg said no other human hand was responsible for it but himself. It was ordered to be printed.

The House considered the report of the committee of 33.

Mr. Hamilton, of Texas, denied the right of secession, and made a union speech.

He had been called on here and at home to come out; he had been threatened and entreated to this course, but no threats and dangers should tear him from the Union, until he had seized the horns of the altar, and implored Heaven to allay the storm, and uprear some pillars which would sustain the weight, and add their unwonted beauty to the structure.

Mr. Stokes, of Tenn., made a speech, maintaining that there was no cause for sundering the Union. He denied the right of secession, but admitted that of revolution, which could be exercised only when oppression becomes intolerable, and all constitutional remedies have failed. He would vote for any compromise to settle the difficulty. He admitted that he was a submissionist, and would rather be that than a rebel and traitor. He earnestly appealed for the rights of the South, speaking in commendation of the Border State and Crittenden propositions; however, any plan for the settlement would meet his approbation.

The House took a recess till 7 o'clock.

From Kansas.

ATCHISON, Feb. 1.—Messrs. Hyatt and Arney reached Atchison day before yesterday, and have held a conference with Gen. Pomeroy. These gentlemen have decided to establish relief depots at three prominent points in the Territory, as the only way to reach the sufferers in the distant settlements.

Statements taken to-day by Mr. Hyatt, from the lips of some of them, show that the worst has not yet been felt. The calamity becomes hourly greater; 40,000 people need aid now, and the number increasing constantly.

Mr. Hyatt has written a letter to the Kansas Legislature, urging on them the propriety of immediately addressing a memorial to the Legislatures of the several States.

Judge Arney proceeds at once into the heart of the Territory, with reference to the establishment of the Relief Depots. By personal inspection on the Railroad from Mendota to Atchison, he finds over eighty car loads of provisions between these places, which added to previous relief received, nearly four million pounds, all told, will have thus been sent to the famishing; but this is only about one fifth of the relief that will be needed, and if the country does not contribute seed for the people to plant; even this relief will not be sufficient.

Gen. Pomeroy's funds will be exhausted in paying the present freights and establishing relief depots in the Territory.

Money is pressingly needed for his Territorial trip.

Mr. Arney will return to Mendota, and then continue his efforts with the State Legislatures for means to purchase seed wheat, one hundred thousand bushels of which at least will be needed.

From Illinois.

CHICAGO, FEB. 2.—The Illinois Senate committee on Federal Relations, on yesterday reported that with the earnest desire for the return of harmony among all our sister States, and out of respect for the commonwealth of Virginia, the Governor be instructed to appoint five commissioners to attend the Convention at Washington on the 4th inst.

The second resolution says that the appointment of Commissioners by the State of Illinois, in response to the invitation of the State of Virginia, is not an expression of opinion on the part of this State, that any amendment to the Federal Constitution is requisite to secure to the people of the slaveholding States adequate guarantees for the security of their rights, nor an approval of the basis of settlement of our difficulties proposed by the State of Virginia; but is an expression of our willingness to unite with the State of Virginia, in earnest efforts to adjust the present unhappy controversy in the spirit in which the Constitution was originally framed, and consistent with its principles.

The third resolved that the appropriate and constitutional method of considering and acting upon grievances complained of by our sister State, would be by the call of a convention for amendment of the constitution in the manner contemplated by the 5th article of that instrument.

Resolutions adopted by a vote, 13 to 10, a party vote.

Gustavus Koerner has declined the appointment of Commissioner, and Judge Palmer has been appointed in his stead.

Mr. Lincoln's Movements.

The Springfield correspondent of the Tribune of Feb. 1st, says Mr. Lincoln returned to Springfield yesterday. He had a reception on Thursday, at Charleston, and being pressed to make a speech, he declined in any way to indicate his future policy, but expressed great gratification at the hearty unanimity with which all parties had come forward to welcome him.

On his return he met a committee of citizens from Cincinnati, who came to tender him the hospitalities of that city on his way to Washington.

They returned yesterday, bearing a letter of Mr. Lincoln's accepting the invitation.

From Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 1.—A town meeting called of those in favor of restoring a union of the States, was held tonight, and was generally attended.

Messrs. Morris, Teakel, Wallace, and R. M. McLean addressed the meeting. Resolutions were passed denouncing the course of Gov. Hicks, in refusing to call a Convention and denying his authority to send delegates to the Convention at Washington.

Washington News and Gossip.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The President has recognized Mr. J. Debruyn Reps. as Vice Consul of the Netherlands, for North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, to reside at Charleston.

Orders have just been issued for the enrollment of all persons subject to militia duty in the District of Columbia.

TORONTO, Feb. 2.—The English writ of habeas corpus, in the case of the fugitive slave Anderson, arrived in town yesterday.

The Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, here, has also issued a writ of habeas corpus, as the prisoner is in Brantford jail.

The result remains to be seen. Both bench and bar are unanimous in opinion that the Chief Justice of England sets unwarrantably in issuing a writ to be executed within the jurisdiction of the Chief Justice of Canada.

Illinois Commissioners.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—In accordance with the resolutions the Legislature passed yesterday, Gov. Yates has appointed the following Commissioners: Washington Stephen, T. Logan, Gustavus A. Koerner, Ex-Gov. Wood, S. C. Cook, and Thomas J. Turner.

Indiana Commissioners.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 2d.—The Governor has appointed Hon. O. B. Smith, Hons P. A. Hackleman, G. S. Orth, E. W. H. Ellis, and T. C. Sloughton commissioners to Washington.

Commissioners from New Hampshire

DOVER, N. H. Feb. 1.—Gov. Goodwin has appointed Amos Tuck, Asa Fowler and Levi Chamberlin, Commissioners to the Covention at Washington on the 4th.

DETROIT, Feb. 2.—In the Michigan Senate yesterday, resolutions authorizing the Governor to appoint five commissioners to Washington were rejected, yaes 15 nays 16.

NEW-YORK, February 2nd.—It is stated here that orders have gone to the African Squadron, demanding for immediate home duty, the steam gun boats Mohecan, Sumpter, and Mystic, with their officers and crews.

Parties at the South are now negotiating for the tow boats Resolute and Reliance, owned by Capt. Degroot.—They are the fastest screw boats afloat, having run 18 miles an hour, and are of very light draught of water, besides they are built in a substantial manner as to be capable of carrying a very heavy gun on the forward deck.

OMAHA, (Neb.) Feb. 1st.—Chief Jhstice Hall, of this territory, died at his residence in Belleview, about 10 o'clock this morning.

THE MARKETS.

New York Cattle Market.

REPORT

FOR THE WEEK ENDING WEDNESDAY, Jan. 30, 1861.

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF CATTLE OF ALL KINDS, FOR THE WEEK.

According to the reports from the several marketplaces in the city, there have been received this week:

	B'ves.	Cows.	Veals.	Sheep and Lambs	Swine.	Total.
At Allerton's,	3,221	13	219	483	....	...
Browning's	137	20	35	4,323	....	....
O'Brien's	41	36	93	1,490	....	....
Chamberlin's	28	21	28	1,648	....	....
Sunday sales	..	..	....	....	....	....
Sold bu'rs, Ber.	566	..	....	....	....	....
Total	3,993	90	315	7,874	9,596	21,868
T'l pr's week	4,701	81	301	5,548	8 815	19,505
Average No. w'k. l'st y'r	4,394	157	758	2,976	6,299	21,465

BEEVES FROM THE DIFFERENT STATES.

A. M. Allerton & Co., Proprietors of the Washington Drove-yards, 44th-st, report the Cattle in Market from the following States:

New York	218	Iowa	312
Pennsylvania	34	Connecticut	17
Ohio	508	New Jersey	14
Indiana	991	Massachusetts	—
Illinois	1,388	Missouri	—
Kentucky	119	Michigan	167
Virginia	85	Canada	33

BEEF CATTLE.

Number reported for this market at 44th st., 3,221.

The prices to-day are quoted as follows:

First quality.....8@9 | Ordinary.....6@7
Medium.....7@8 | Some sale good 9¼@—

The general average of the market at 7¾c.

The most of the sales range from 7 to 8½c.

Total number of Beeves received in the city this week, 3,993.

This is 708 head less than last week, and 371 head less than the average of last year. The average number at each Wednesday market last year was 3,491 head, while the number to-day being 3,221 shows 270 head less than the average, and 489 head less than this day week.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 30.—The market opened this morning with more encouraging prospects for drovers than was generally anticipated last night. The number of fresh arrivals was much less than it was reported it would be, and the weather being highly favorable, gave the brokers confidence. It is a clear, bright, cold Winter day—such weather as encourages the butchers to buy more liberally than they dare to do in soft weather; consequently there was not much doubt felt about selling out all the stock left over yesterday, which, with the fresh arrivals, we estimate at about 1,200 head. Although these sold slow, the price was generally quite as good all the morning as it was on Tuesday, and in some cases at a trifle better rates, and we think generally at fairer estimates of weight, and there were no sales at "panic prices," as there were on Tuesday. Brokers felt quite confident as the day advanced that all the stock would be sold, without making any greater reductions than usual upon the tails of droves, and some were closed out without even making any such concessions to the butchers. Generally, the range of the market has been about 1 2c. ℔ lb net lower than our quotations of last week, upon the same grades of stock. There is a good deal of apprehension manifested about next week, as it is reported that there are about 1,000 head of bullocks that would have been in this market if the prospect of a break-down had not been so strong. If those who held them back can see any better prospects for next week, their vision is sharper than ours.

COWS AND CALVES.

The only feature worthy of notice in the Cow market is the continued declaration of the Cow merchants that there is no sale for anything; yet we notice the fact today that some good, fair looking Cattle changed hands for $40 each, Calves excepted. A lot of Chautauqua county Springers, and Cows with Calves, sold at $25@35.

The demand for Veal Calves is quite moderate, and prices of the best generally 7c. per lb. live weight; but to bring this, they must be really good.

SHEEP MARKET.

Receipt of the week:

There has been a considerable increase in the receipts this week, and a slight decline of prices. We found the pens at Browning's on Tuesday unusually full, and buyers, as we thought, determined on a reduction equal to fully ½c. per lb. net, at least we saw some lots sold at not over 10½c., of full as good quality as sold at 11c. per lb. net, the previous week. We noticed one large lot of Sheep sold at $5,04½ each, which was about 10½c. per lb., the buyer of which immediately sold the pelts at $1.66 each. The value of pelts, tallow and offal deducted from the price of live Sheep makes the quotations of Mutton apparently lower than first cost; and the increased value of pelts within the last few weeks has added about 75c. each to the selling price of Sheep. It is worthy of note, and is especially gratifying to us to be able to state that the general average quality of Sheep this winter is better than we have ever seen it before. It shows that there is more attention paid to the business of feeding Sheep, and that at present prices farmers find it a profitable branch of their business.

New York Market.

[TELEGRAPHED FOR THE OHIO STATESMAN.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.

FLOUR—receipts of 3031 bbls, market dull and heavy and 5c. lower; sales of 6,500 bbls. at $5 15@$5 25 for superfine State, $5 30@$5 40 for extra State, $5 15@$5 25 for superfine western, $5 30@$5 60 for common to medium extra western, $5 65@$5 75 for inferior to good shipping brands of extra round hoop Ohio, Canada dull and drooping; sales of 200 bbls at $5 35@7 25.

RYE FLOUR—steady at $3 40@$4 30.

WHEAT—receipts 1,700 bushels; market dull, heavy and fully 1c. lower; sales 34,000 bush, 1 19 Chicago spring; 1 24@1 25 Milwaukee club; 1 40 common white Canadian.

RYE—null; 67@70c

BARLEY—steady: 68@80.

CORN—receipts 18,900 bush; market heavy and lower; sales 28,000 bush. 68 and 69c mixed western in store and delivered.

OATS—dull 36@37c.

PORK—unchanged; sales of 50 bbls. at $17,75@17,87 for mess $13 for prime.

BEEF—quiet and unchanged and small sales.

CUT MEATS—quiet steady.

LARD—dull and heavy; sales of 30 bbls. at 9½@10½c.

BUTTER—in fair request at 10@14c. for Ohio; 14@19c. for State.

CHEESE—steady 9@10½c.

WHISKY—steady; sales of 259 bbls. at 18c.

Cincinnati Market.

Although this has been a very unfavorable day for all kinds of business, nevertheless, Grocers have experienced a fair trade in staple articles, and a full support of quotations 5¾c to 7c for fair to strictly prime sugar; 29,-@30c for molasses, the former rates mostly for lots and from the landing, and 12¾c to 13¼c for fair to prime coffee.

FLOUR—market was still further nerved up to-day by the character and extent of the business done. It is hard to buy good shipping brands of superfine at less than $4 65, and good extras are firm at $5 00.

WHEAT—is held in greater reserve, and sellers generally demand $1 03 to $1 05 for prime red; white is not in large request, since millers do not find much of a market for the best grades of Flour.

CORN—on the car is still kept at 35c, but shelled is something of a drug because of interruption in skipping facilities to the interior South by the blockade of freight at Nashville.

OATS—are steady and firm at 27c, but not active; the less so because of large receipts.

BARLEY—is still held at 70c for prime fall, but does not attract buyers.

RYE—is but little sought for, though unchanged in quotations—60@65c.

WHISKY—had a good market at 14c.—*Chn, Com. February 2.*

Cleveland Market.

February, 2.

FLOUR—quiet and steady. No sales reported.
WHEAT—steady. Sales 3 cars red on track at $1,09.
CORN—sales 1 car on track at 36c.
OATS—sales 2 car at 24½c.
BARLEY—quiet at 65@65c.
RYE—inactive at 56@60c.
HOGS—steady, with a fair shipping demand, at $6,00@6,40.
SEEDS—sales of 60 bush Clover at $4,12½.
TALLOW—sale at 8¼c.
BUTTER—sale of 24 kegs common quality at 10c.
FEATHERS—quiet at 45@50.

E. M. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Front Street, Between State and Town.

THE OLD CARRIAGE SHOP is still running, and although the pressure of late years has set heavily upon her running gears, she is still turning out those splendid PHÆTONS, ROCKAWAYS, and PRINCE ALBERT'S SHIFTING TOPS and NO-TOP BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, EXPRESS, SKELETON, DEMOCRAT and GROCERY WAGONS, SMALL OMNIBUSES and HACKS. Twenty years steady manufacturing has given our work a wide-spread reputation through the South and West.

We therefore deem it unnecessary to say any thing more in regard to the quality of our work. WE WARRANT EVERY VEHICLE. We can sell good TOP BUGGIES from $125 to $250.

Dealers can be furnished with any amount of work at short notice, and at prices lower than can be bought any where in the West. Second hand Buggies taken in exchange for new work.

☞ Repairing done neatly and at short notice. Factory on Front, between State and Town streets, Columbus, Ohio.

☞ All communications will receive prompt attention.

Aug. 31—ely E. M. WILLIAMS & CO

BALMORAL SKIRTS.
Wide, Long and Handsome. The best style Imported, a new lot just received by PETER BAIN,
dec.11. No. 29 South High street.

PARIS CLOAKS AND PALETOTS.
Made in the most stylish and elegant manner. A new invoice just opened by PETER BAIN.
dec.11. No. 29 South High street.

ALEXANDRES KID GLOVES.
All sizes and colors just opened at BAINS,
dec.11. No. 29 South High street.

WIDE SANTLE BARAGES, BOTH
White and Black, just received at
1y28 BAIN'S.

NEWARK MACHINE WORKS,
NEWARK OHIO,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, &c., &c.

LANE & BODLEY Beaten! H. & F. BLANDY Beaten! J. & J. H. DUVALL Beaten!!! COLUMBUS MACHINE CO. Beaten!!!! BRADFORD & CO. Beaten!!!!

Our Portable Engine and Saw Mill

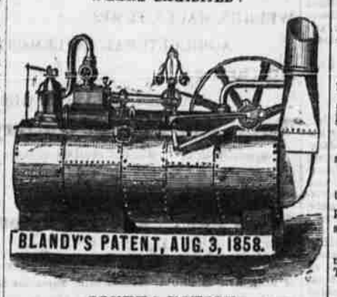
Was awarded the first premium of $50 at the Indiana State Fair for 1860 over Lane & Bodley's on account of Price, lightness, simplicity, economy of fuel and superior character of lumber sawed.

Our Stationary Engine was awarded at the same Fair the first premium of $200.

Our Portable Engine was awarded the first premium of $100 at the Fair at Memphis, Tenn., over Blandy's Duvall's, Columbus Machine Co's., and Bradford & Co's., by a committee of practical Railroad Engineers.

For price and terms address
WILLARD WARNER, Treasurer,
dec5-d&w1yeots. Newark, Ohio.

THE VICTOR AT EVERY FAIR
WHERE EXHIBITED!



CONTRA NOTICE.

The Newark Machine Works in publishing the above notice of having been victorious over

The Blandy Portable Steam Saw Mill

at any Fair whatever, knew they were publishing a *falsehood*. We have published our denial of the truth of their statements in other papers, but they have not altered them, nor offered the public any evidence to sustain their untruthful assertion. We never had a Mill or Engine on exhibition at Memphis, Tenn. *We did meet them* at the Ohio State Fair at Zanesville, O., 1859, where in the Sawing contest, they came out behind all others, we taking TWO FIRST PREMIUMS.

We met them again at the Ohio State Fair at Sandusky, O., in 1858, with equal Machinery, and beat them, taking TWO FIRST PREMIUMS again.

At the UNITED STATES FAIR for 1860, at Cincinnati, O., where all the leading manufacturers were represented.

The Blandy Mill was Victorious

over all, cutting 33 boards, 12 ft. 8 in. long, and 20 inches wide, in 8 minutes, 15 seconds; all the machinery operated by two hands only!! and of course, carried the FIRST PREMIUM.

Not being present at Indianapolis, 1860, we do not know what they did there, but we do know, that at the Ohio State Fair for 1859, where we *did* meet them, they were so badly beaten as to be left entirely out of consideration in awarding premiums. Though they had a Mill and three Engines on the grounds, they did not get even a second Premium on either.

For circulars fully describing THE BLANDY NATIONAL PREMIUM AND CHAMPION ENGINE AND MILL, with reports of operators, &c., all *truth fully* and fairly set forth, address

H. & F. BLANDY,
Blandy's Steam Engine Works,
Jan. 22 d&w e.o— Zanesville, O.

GREAT SLAUGHTER!
IN
DRY GOODS
AT
KNAPP & CO.'S
NEW STORE.
From and after this date we shall
REDUCE THE PRICE
OF OUR WINTER GOODS
TWENTY FIVE PER CENT,
IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR
SPRING STOCK.
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.
Our assortment is still good,
and it is known to every
one that our
STOCK
CONSISTS OF
FIRST CLASS GOODS.
WE ARE DETERMINED TO SELL,
SO DO NOT FORGET THE
CHEAP STORE OF
KNAPP & CO.,
NO. 119
SOUTH HIGH STREET,
COLUMBUS,
OHIO.
5 Tons of Feathers and 50 Tons of Rags Wanted.
oct25-2awd-s&w-6m

Best Cough Medicine in the World!
THE
Great Remedy of the Age!
AYER'S
PULMONIC CHERRY CORDIAL
FOR THE SPEEDY AND CERTAIN CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Throat Diseases, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, Early Stage Consumption, Spitting Blood, Night Sweats, Feverish Condition, &c.

Price $1.

Of the great remedies which Dr. AYER (of the Throat and Lung Institute, 30 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati,) has offered to the public, there is none which has given such universal satisfaction in his practice as the "PULMONIC CHERRY CORDIAL."

It possesses the most extraordinary powers, and among the points of marked superiority of this favorite remedy are these: *

☞ It contains no Morphine, or any thing which will derange the Bowels or impair the Appetite.

☞ It contains no deleterious substance whatever.

☞ The effect is prompt and permanent.

☞ As a cure or preventative of

DYPTHERIA,

It has no equal. None who have ever used it have been attacked.

CALL FOR THIS AND TAKE NO OTHER.

Do not Confound it with any other preparation put up by any person of similar name.

This Cough Cordial has been thoroughly tested thousands of times, and in no case has it ever failed!

Bear in mind that this Cherry Cordial is the preparation of a regularly educated Practicing Physician, a point not to be lightly estimated by those who require a sterling medicine.

Geo. W. Rice, Esq., of Cincinnati, certifies to a remarkable cure of Asthma, the patient being his wife.—The remedy the cordial.

John H. Deters, Esq., of Cincinnati, testifies to a remarkable cure of chronic throat disease by means of this great remedy.

Rev. Dr. J. F. Chalfant, Presiding Elder, (M. E. Church, Dayton District,) says: "I cordially recommend Dr. Ayer's wonderful preparation to those who may be suffering from chronic catarrh or diseases of the Throat and Lungs."

Solomon Adams (of the well known Importing Dry Goods House, Hughes, Adams & Co.,) Cincinnati, says: "I heartily commend Dr. Ayer's Cordial as justly deserving the celebrity it has attained."

Chas. Munroe, Esq., Cincinnati, says: "I cheerfully express my fullest confidence in Dr. Ayer's medicine.

S. R. Bates, Esq., writes form Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York: "I shall always recommend my friends to the use of your Cordial, feeling, that it has effected what some of the most eminent physicians in New York and Cincinnati failed to accomplish, viz: the cure of Mrs. Bates' Throat."