The Ohio Statesman

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 16, 1861.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Adams Express Company places us daily under obligations to it for the very latest papers from the eastern cities.

The American Express Company has our thanks for its daily favors in the shape of the very latest eastern papers.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—In the case of the STATE v. SPRAGUE, indicted for arson, the Jury, after a deliberation of over twelve hours, this morning, rendered a verdict of "NOT GUILTY."

The case of YERKUM v. BEATTY, a civil action, in which Judge RANKIN appeared for the plaintiff, was tried by the Jury, this morning, the defendant being in default, on a question of the right of property in two mules. Verdict for the defendent, $250 damages.

The case of the STATE v. THOMAS DAVIS and WESLEY DAVIS, indicted for an assault and battery with intent to murder, upon the person of JOHN KEYS—REAMEY and TAYLOR for the State, and S. W. ANDREWS for the defendants—was taken up this forenoon, for trial before the Jury, and is progressing this evening.

ARRIVALS AT THE O. P.—The Sheriff of Clark county, last evening, arrived at the Penitentiary with three new convicts. One of them, W. Norrer (colored), is an old offender, sentenced to a seven years' term for passing counterfeit money. He had already served out two terms in the Penitentiary. These, with the present one, will make fifteen years of State service for the old man, who is said to be a good blacksmith, and is, therefore, a valuable acquisition to the establishment.

A DESIRABLE NEWSPAPER OFFICE FOR SALE.—We would direct the attention of Printers or others who wish to purchase a first-rate Newspaper and Job Printing Office, for a low sum on easy terms, to an advertisement in the *Statesman* of an establishment answering this description, located in one of the most improving portions of Missouri. The office pays about $3,000 a year, and is offered for $1,300 in three payments.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—"*What God will do with Seceders from his Government*," or "The Divine way of putting down Rebellion."

This interesting theme will be discussed Sunday evening, (17th inst.) by Rev. Thomas Gorman, in the Unversalist church, Third st. The public are invited. Services at half past seven o'clock.

☞ To-morrow, Sunday, March 17th, is St. Patrick's Day. At St. Patrick's Church there will be appropriate exercises, and in the evening, a lecture and music by the Choir. On Monday, the Montgomery Guards will celebrate the anniversary by a parade.

☞ Two hundred oil wells are already bored and being bored within twenty miles of Marietta, fifteen in the neighborhood of Pomroy, Meigs county, and quite a large number in Athens, Gallia and Lawrence counties.

PRIMARY MEETINGS.—The primary meetings of the Democracy, in the city and township, take place this evening, to appoint delegates to the City and Township Convention. See notice in our column of special notices.

☞ The Wooster *Democrat* announces that Hon. S. S. Cox will lecture before the Library Association of that place, on next Monday evening, the 18th inst.

☞ The Cleveland *Plaindealer* states that on Tuesday, the 12th inst., an oil well at Titusville took fire and burned to the height of one hundred and fifty feet.

☞ The net profit on 75,000 pigeons shipped from Circleville, during the past five weeks, is stated at $7,000. Catching pigeons pays as well as "striking ile."

☞ The Court of Common Pleas of Cuyahoga county, yesterday, sentenced three convicts to the Penitentiary—one, a burglar, for five years.

PERSONAL.—N. Gundersheimer has just returned from the east, where he has purchased one of the finest assortments of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings of every grade and variety ever offered in this market. He has purchased his entire stock of first hands, which will enable him to sell as low as any other establishment west of the mountains. He has secured the services of the well-known cutter Mr. Robert Sparling to take charge of the tailoring department. Those desiring the best of material gotten up in the latest and best style of cut and workmanship, will do well to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

He has also a full and complete stock of Gents' furnishing goods, all of which has just arrived and are of the latest patterns. Persons calling cannot fail to be suited.

A large and well selected stock of Ready Made Clothing kept constantly on hand, at prices to suit the times.

Remember the place, No. 129 South High street, one door North of the Goodale House.

COUGHS.—The sudden changes of our climat are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act specdily and certainly, when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off.—Public Speakers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. For sale wholesale and retail, by Roberts & Samuel, No. 24 North High street, S. Samuel & Co., No. 85 South High street.

CAUSE AND EFFECT—USEFUL LOGIC.—Cause—James Pyle's pure Dietetic Saleratus. Effect—Light, pleasant, wholesome bread, good health, contented housewives, a happy family, and money saved! Nothing like the Dietetic. Depot, 345 Washington Street, New York. Sold by grocers everywhere.

Who will suffer from Foul Humors, Sores, or Disease of the Skin, when such certain remedies as McLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL AND BLOOD PURIFIER, and McLEAN'S VOLCANIC OIL LINIMENT can be so easily obtained. The Cordial will purify the blood thoroughly, and the Liniment will cure any sore. See the advertisement.

SPRING GOODS—JUST RECEIVED.—Spring Cassimeres, Cloths and Vestings, of the latest and most recherche styles at CLARK'S New York Clothing Store, No. 121 South High Street.

C. P. KIRKPATRICK, No. 169 South High Street, has a very choice assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, fine Jewelry, Clocks, Silver and Plated Ware, at prices to suit the times.

GUERNSEY'S BALM.—There is no other external remedy as good or as cheap. Try it; just try it once and believe what we say. 25 cents a bottle.

☞ See advertisement of Prof. MILLER'S Hair Invigorator in another column.

GUERNSEY'S BALM

Arrivals and Departures of Mails.

DEPARTURES.

Mails for New York City, Boston, Albany, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Steubenville way, Cleveland, Zanesville, Newark, Granville, Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New Orleans, close daily (Sundays excepted) at 7½ o'clock p. m.

A through mail for New York and Cleveland closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock p. m.

C. C. & C. R. R. way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock p. m.

Central Ohio Way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock p. m.

Cincinnati way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock p. m.

Chicago, Dubuque, Delaware, Marion and Worthington Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock p. m.

Mails for Xenia, Springfield, Dayton, Toledo, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis, and Detroit, closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 7½ p. m.

A through mail to Xenia, Springfield and Cincinnati closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock p. m.

Urbana, Piqua, Tiffin and Union City mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 7½ o'clock p. m.

Lancaster, Logan, Nelsonville, Circleville, Chillicothe, Portsmouth, Washington, C. H., Athens, Marietta and Hillsborough, mails close daily (Sundays excepted) at 7½ o'clock p. m.

Red way Mail by National Road to Zanesville, closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 11 o'clock a. m.

Harrisburgh Mails close daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock p. m.

Mt. Vernon Mail, by way of Westerville and Sunbury, closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock p. m.

Dublin Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock p. m.

ARRIVALS.

Mails from New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Albany, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Dayton, Toledo, Xenia, Detroit, Springfield, Cincinnati, Chillicothe, St. Louis, and all Southern cities, arrive between the hours of 9 o'clock p. m. and 4 o'clock a. m.

Mails from Indianapolis, Chicago and Dubuque, arrive at 3:40 a. m.

Mails from Washington City, Baltimore, Wheeling, Zanesville, Newark, Steubenville, Mt. Vernon, and the C. C. C. R. way Mail, arrive at 2½ o'clock p. m.

Way Mail from Cincinnati, arrives at 2½ o'clock p. m.

Lancaster Mail arrives at 3½ o'clock p. m.

East Way Mail over the National Road, arrives at 11 o'clock a. m.

Mt. Vernon way Mail arrives at 11:00 a. m.

Mail from Dublin arrives at 2 o'clock p. m.

Urbana Way Mail arrives at 8 o'clock p. m.

Harrisburgh Mail arrives at 11 o'clock a. m.

Office delivery open every day (except Sunday), from 7½ o'clock a. m. to 8 o'clock p. m. Open on Sundays from 7½ to 9 o'clock in the morning, and from 5 to 6 in the evening. JOSEPH DOWDALL, P. M.

Rail Road Time Table.

LITTLE MIAMI & COLUMBUS & XENIA R. R.

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Accommodation	6.10 A. M.	9.15 P. M.
No. 2 Ex.	2.30 P. M.	7.30 P. M.
Night Express	2.45 A. M.	2.45 A. M.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.

Express and Mail	3.00 P. M.	1.40 P. M.
Night Express	3.25 A. M.	1.30 A. M.

CENTRAL OHIO R. R.

Express Train	3.00 A. M.	2.30 A. M.
Mail Train	2.40 P. M.	2.20 P. M.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.

Express Train	3.00 A. M.	2.30 P. M.
Mail Train	2.40 P. M.	2.20 P. M.

COLUMBUS & INDIANAPOLIS R. R.
[Columbus, Piqua & Indiana R. R.]

Express Train	8.10 A. M.	11.10 A. M.
Express Train	2.45 P. M.	8.10 P. M.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?
DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?
BELLINGHAM'S
CELEBRATED

Stimulating Onguent,

For the Whiskers and Hair.

The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the Citizens of the United States, that they have obtained the Agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated and world-renowned article. The

STIMULATING ONGUENT

is prepared by DR. C. F. BELLINGHAM, an eminent physician of London, and is warranted to bring out a thick set of

Whiskers or a Mustache

in from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp, it will cure BALDNESS, and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn RED or TOWY hair DARK, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth, and flexible. The "ONGUENT" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers; or a box of the "Onguent" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it, by mail (direct), securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, $1.15. Apply to or address

HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO.,
DRUGGISTS, &c.,
24 William Street, New-York.
feb20d&w6m

No. 1 ..... Vol. 1

"OUR PAPER,"

A NEW LITERARY PAPER,

For March 16th, 1861,

Now Ready—For Sale Everywhere—Price Five Cents a Copy.

CONTENTS:

"STILL WATERS;" A Brilliant Story.
"THE CHEAP EXCURSION;" A Complete Story.
"THE KING AND THE BEGGAR;" Complete in this number
BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF EDGAR A. POE.
THE DYING BOY'S REQUEST; by Mark Norris.
THE DUTY OF THE PRESENT HOUR.
THE PHILOSOPHY OF BATHING.
LOVE: A Poem.
LIFE EVERYWHERE.
RUSTIC SIMPLICITY AND SHREWDNESS.
WHAT? A Poem.
THE MOUTH OF LONDON.
HOW PEARLS ARE FORMED; TRUSTING TO LUCK; WHO WOULD BE A BACHELOR; GIVE THE CHILDREN FRESH AIR; ONE DROP AT A TIME; THE WAY TO DO GOOD; MORAL INFLUENCE; RAILWAY ACCIDENTS IN FROSTY WEATHER; UTILIZING WASTE STEAM; A NEW MATERIAL FOR RIBS OF UMBRELLAS; CEMENT FOR HOLES IN IRON CASTINGS; SHELL-FISH ROPE-MAKERS; COINING BY AIR POWER; A CURIOUS RELIC; THE FOUR SWORDS OF LONDON; FACTS ABOUT CELEBRATED MEN; HISTORY OF THE PIANO FORTE; KISSING; THE DOKOS OF SOUTH AFRICA.
WIT AND HUMOR.
NOTICES OF NEW BOOKS.

And much other Interesting and Instructive Reading Matter.

TERMS:
One copy ..... $2 per annum.

HUNT & MINER, Publishers,
71 and 73 Fifth street,
next to the Post-Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.
R. KENNEDY, General Agent.
march6.

WM. KNABE & CO.,
AT THEIR NEW SALES ROOM, NO. 159 BALTIMORE ST.,
AND
NOS. 1, 2, 3 and 7 N. EUTAW STREET,
Offer for sale their celebrated
GOLDEN MEDAL, GRAND AND SQARE PIANO-FORTES.
Being highly recommended by the first Professors and Musical Amateurs of the country, and every INSTRUMENT WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.
The most fastidious customer may rely upon being pleased in every respect.
Terms liberal. WM. KNABE & CO.
SELTZER & WEBSTER, Agents,
oct26,1y&w. Columbus, Ohio.

GUERNSEY'S BALM
REMOVES AND PREVENTS INFLAMMATION and pain, and heals the worst burn, scald, bruise, cut, or fresh wound of any kind, prevents swelling and pain from bee stings, mosquito bites, and poisonous plants, neuralgia, rheumatism; aids in the breast, salt rheum, etc. When taken internally, it will positively cure croup in children, and gives immediate relief in the worst case of this terrible complaint; also, removes hoarseness and sore throat. Price, 25 cents a bottle. Should be in every house. For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers. IRVIN STONE,
Sole Proprietor, No. 1 Spruce st., New York
octdly

ADVERTISEMENT.
For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of the distressing complaint use
ASTHMA.
ENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,
Made by C. S. ENDTSUCH & CO., 107 Nassau St., N. Y.
Price $1 per box; sent free by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

TELEGRAPHIC.

REPORTED FOR THE STATESMAN.

U. S Senate—Special Session.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—In the Senate, Mr. Mason offered the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, The presence of a military force, concentrated and permanently quartered at the seat of Government, is a departure from all former usage of the Government, and dangerous to the rights and liberties of the people; therefore,

Resolved, That the President inform the Senate what number of troops of the army are quartered in this city, the respective arms of the service, and the purpose for which they were brought here; and further, that he inform the Senate when said troops are to be withdrawn, and, if not to be withdrawn, for what purpose they are here, and whether it is his purpose to increase said force, and to what extent.

Mr. Douglas' resolution in respect to the forts, arsenals, navy yards, and other public property in the seceding States, was then taken up.

Mr. Douglas advocated his resolution. He did not believe the policy of the Administration was war. The construction of the Inaugural was disputed by some on his side, while the Republicans were silent, neither assenting nor dissenting from his interpretation. The policy of the Administration being peace, he desired to relieve the apprehensions of the country by obtaining a reply to his resolution, which he believed would give quiet and restore good feeling among the differens sections of the country. He gave his reasons why Lincoln does not meditate war, among which were, that he had no power to collect revenue in the seceding States, nor could he call out the militia, unless it be to act as a *posse comitatus* to the federal officers in cases where the laws were obstructed. If he designed taking the forts, &c., an army of 250,000 men would be necessary, costing over $350,000,000 annually.

In conclusion, he advocated such amendments to the Constitution as would hold the border States, and this would secure a re union of all. He congratulated the Republicans that they had patriotically abandoned the prohibition of slavery in the territories, and admitted the popular sovereignty doctrine in the formation of the governments for Colorado, Dacotah and Nevada.

Mr. Wilson said Mr. Douglas was a man of anxiety. The President had scarcely delivered his kind and generous inaugural, when the Senator from Illinois steps forth, unasked, to give his interpretation of it. Nobody on the Republican side had undertaken to sanction or disavow that interpretation of the Inaugural. He was not content that the President and the Cabinet, which had just taken possession of the Government and country in ruins, should have time enough to cast about and see what principle and patriotism require to be done; but he rushed into this chamber, and brought in a resolution asking the Administration to declare to the country what it intends to do. The Administration should make known its policy through gentlemen in whom it had confidence.

Mr. Douglas said he could pardon the petulance of the Senator, who only showed he was hurt. He talked about strutting, when it was that Senator's only purpose to make a personal assault on him. He referred to Mr Wilson as belonging to the war wing of the Republicans.

Mr Fessenden called Mr. Douglas's attention to the fact, that he said the Senator from Maine instead of Massachusetts.

Mr. Douglas said he was mistaken. He did not refer to the Senator from Maine. His words were from whatever quarter they came.

Mr Fessenden replied that his remarks were understood as he (Mr. Fessenden) had said.

Mr. Douglas—Some cannot understand truth when it is told. Courtesy requires the Senator to accept the explanation. The Senator attaches more importance to himself than others do. He is respectable in debate. Very well. He should not think allusion was made to him, as there were other people than himself.

Mr. Fessenden thought Douglas had merely made a slip of the tongue in saying the Senator from Maine.

Mr. Douglas—When I a make correction, the Senator is bound to accept it. You don't admit it, because I say the statement is false and the Senator ought to know it. (Sensation.)

Mr. Fessenden said the Senator was determined on a personal quarrel. He could not admit Douglas to be a gentleman, because he had used ungentlemanly language. He then proceeded ironically to speak of Mr. Douglas, and showed why the resolution ought not to pass.—The tendency and design of Mr. Douglas' speech was to induce the belief that the country is about being plunged into a war by an act of the Administration, and to influence the suspicions of the people. He made it a rule in this chamber to insult no man, or use offensive language. He did not know whether Mr. Douglas held to the code of honor.

Mr. Douglas said that Mr. Fessenden would be informed when he made inquiry in the proper way.

Mr. Fessenden replied that Mr. Douglas' courage was well known; but he need not be fearful that he would send him a challenge—or words to that effect.

Then there was further colloquy.

Mr. Hale said he recognized a portion of the censure of Mr. Douglas as intended for himself. He found already prepared for him a little speech, to be found in an old book, 15th chapter: Absalom said moreover, Oh, that I were made judge in the land, that every man which hath any suit or cause might come unto me, and I would do him justice. [Laughter.] This speech he preferred to his crude ideas.

Mr. Douglas—The quotation would have great weight. It only showed it was read to avoid argument and to make a personal attack on him; hence he would say come on, make attack after attack. Get your quotations in advance. I am ready to meet you. The Senator from Massachusetts led off in a miserable personal attack. The Senator from Maine followed. The Senator from New Hampshire then came in with what he called a written speech. I expect to give them some trouble during this session. I know their schemes. I do not mean they shall break up the Union and draw the country into war. (Applause in galleries.)

A Senator suggested the galleries be cleared.

Mr. Douglas—As the galleries will not be quiet, I will say no more. And he abruptly took his seat.

Executive session adjourned.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The Southern Commissioners do not expect an answer for several days. It is understood the Cabinet now has their mission under consideration. Great weight is attached in political circles to the declaration of Fessenden in the Senate, that the Administration contemplated a policy of peace, and would exercise no authority not strictly in accordance with law, and not till ample time had been taken for the examination of the question in all its bearings.

Geo. Alexander, Lieutenant, and Jas. T. Harrison, Surgeon in the Navy, were confirmed to-day. E. C. Crosby is nominated Minister to Guatemala. Holloway, of Indiana, is appointed Commissioner of Patents.

Virginia Convention.

RICHMOND, March 15.—In the Convention to day, Mr. Conrad advocated the majority report, and maintained that there was a legal right for secession, though the policy of Virginia should be to make a proper demand for amendments to the Constitution, and he believed the North would accede to them. He said a future report would make these propositions, and had no doubt they would be acceptable to the Convention.

BOSTON, March 26.—Four Gloucester fishing vessels, for the George's Banks, have been missing several weeks, and are probably lost, with from thirty to forty lives.

The Methodist church on Harvard street, Cambridgeport, was destroyed by fire at about midnight.—Loss, $150,00; insurance $5,000.

Nearly one foot of snow fell between 10 o'clock and this morning, which is greatly drifted by the strong north east gale.

ADRIAN, MICH., March 15.—The dwelling house of John Colvin, at Raisin, in this county, was destroyed by fire last night. One child, six years old, was burned to death, and another was seriously burned. The whole family barely escaped.

PETERSBURG, VA., March 15.—The whole vote was 1,541. For secession, 572; against, 782. An immense procession, headed by a band and the secession flag, escorted Mr. Pryor to the depot. He speaks at Richmond to-night.

From New York.

NEW YORK, March, 15.—A fire in Thore's Union Square Hotel building, this morning, destroyed the wardrobes and regalias of Holland's, Pacific, Crescent, Benevolent, and Arcana Lodges of Masons, Metropolitan Chapter of Royal Arch Masons, Cœur de Lion and Columbia Encampment of Knights Templars. The building was entirely destroyed. Total loss, from $20,000 to $25,000.

A fire occurred in Orange street this morning, on the premises of the American Hoop Skirt Company. Susannah Wilson, daughter of the janitor of the building, jumped to the ground, five stories, and was killed. Anna Trainor was taken out of the building, by a fireman, in an insensible state. Her recovery is doubtful.

Sterling exchange advanced to 6 and 6½ per cent. for bankers' bills.

NEW YORK, March 16.—The *Times* Washington correspondent says the Cabinet came to no decision yesterday on the proposed evacuation of Fort Sumter, in opposition to which some very strong arguments were made.

Recent letters from Major Anderson resent with indignation the insinuations against his disposition to hold the fort to the last extremity. [Herald Correspondence.]

A member of the Virginia Convention called on the President to-day, who assured him no vessels would be sent South with hostile intentions, that there would be nothing done in regard to the affairs of the South for sixty days, and that it was his purpose to restore peace and prevent the shedding of blood.

Dr. Thomas, of Dubuque, has been tendered the mission to Bogota.

Intelligence from Baltimore says that the first resistance to Federal authority will be there. The purpose of the secessionists is said to be to resist any Republicans taking possession of the Government offices in Baltimore to the last.

Intelligence from Charleston states that there exists a pretty strong party in South Carolina opposed to ratifying the Montgomery Constitution, who will resist it at every point.

The Government of the seceded States has appointed W. L. Yancey, P. A. Rost, A. W. Mann, and Butler King, special Commissioners to England and France, to obtain a recognition of the independence of the Confederate States, and to make such commercial arrangements as their joint interest may inspire.

NEW YORK, March 16.—The Mohawk and Crusader have gone to the Gulf. The revenue vessels added to the fleet are intended to augment it to a respectable coast guard. The Philadelphia will probably be used, in case of the evacuation of Fort Sumter, to bring the garrison to Old Point Comfort.

Counterfeit twos on the Bank of North America of this city, and tens on the Farmers' Bank of Pittsburgh, have made their appearance.

The *Tribune* says, our Charleston correspondent writes to us that the shot fired the other day at Fort Sumter, was the result of a deliberate plan to try the temper of Major Anderson, and that the statement that it was accidental is an unblushing lie.

A Washington despatch to the same paper says: Upon the day of Maj. Anderson's last statement to the War Department, his stock of bread was reduced to fourteen days, and rice to about twenty-three. With the other supplies on hand, he might maintain himself a month.

LOUISVILLE, March 16th.—A large Southern rights meeting was held at the Court House, last night, attended with considerable confusion, and finally broke up in a row.

Levi Tyler and B. O. Davis, old and prominent citizens, the latter formerly of Boston, died last night.

The Southern Pacific Rail Road Co. asks the stockholders to take one dollar's worth of new stock for each share held.

FORT KEARNEY, March 15—By the Pony Express we have San Francisco dates to the 2d instant.

A change of venue being refused Horace Smith, who killed Newall, Jan. 1st, both houses of the Legislature, by more than two-thirds majority, changed the venue to Placer county. Smith's place of residence. The Governor will veto the bill.

MONTGOMERY, March 15.—President Davis' veto on the African slavetrade act objects to the section authorizing the sale of Africans to the highest bidder, as in opposition to the clause in the Constitution forbidding such trade. The vote to pass it over the veto was 15 yeas, 24 nays. Congress adjourns to-morrow.

THE MARKETS.

New York Cattle Market

REPORT

FOR THE WEEK ENDING WEDNESDAY, March 13, 1861.

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF CATTLE OF ALL KINDS, FOR THE WEEK.

According to the reports from the several market places in the city, there have been received this week:

	Beeves.	Cows.	Sheep and Veals.	Lambs.	Swine.	Total
At Allerton's	2,521	38	341	620	....	....
Browning's	119	29	33	2,406	....	....
O'Brien's	38	29	34	1,308	....	....
Chamberlin's	21	23	14	1,473	....	....
Sunday sales	..	..	....	....	....	....
Sold bu'rs, Bar.	505	..	....	....	....	....
Total	3,204	139	422	6,307	8,706	18,818
T'l pr'v week	3,552	98	422	5,689	9,084	18,653
Average No. p'w'k, P'v's	4,364	356	343	9,700	7,696	12,968

BEEVES FROM THE DIFFERENT STATES.

A. M. Allerton & Co., Proprietors of the Washington Drove yards, 44th st., report the Cattle in Market from the following States:

New York	148	Iowa	17
Pennsylvania	—	Connecticut	—
Ohio	565	New Jersey	10
Indiana	907	Massachusetts	—
Illinois	1,342	Missouri	—
Kentucky	—	Michigan	43
Virginia	104	Canada	—

BEEF CATTLE.

Number reported for this market at Forty-fourth street 2,521.

The prices to-day are quoted as follows:

First quality ..... 9@10½ Ordinary ..... 8@8½
Medium ..... 8½@9 Poor cattle good 10

The general average of the market at nearly 9c.

The most of the sales range from 8½c to 9½c.

Prices per head and per pound, of different weights, will be found in accounts of sales of ready droves

Total number of Beeves received in the city this week, 3,504.

This is 448 head less than last week, and 1,160 less than the average of last year. The average number at each Wednesday market last year was 3,451 head, while the number to day being 2,521, shows 930 head less than the average, and 330 head less than this day week.

Tuesday, March 12.—We are at length able to report one market entirely satisfactory to drovers, speculators, and cattle-brokers. There is a decided advance in the price of bullocks, particularly those of first quality, and trade is more lively than we have seen it before this winter. The advance of price upon first class and medium grades is fully equal to half a cent a pound, and nothing fit to kill sells less than 8 cents a pound for the beef, sinking offal, and all the choice bullocks sell at that, or calculated to net 9¼@9½c for a pound for the beef, with better estimates for the owner of the supposed weight. Beside the advance of price per pound, there is also an advance of the grades of quality, so that such as sold last week slow at 8½ cents now sells quick at 9 cents, and some still higher. The supply to day is very light, numbering only 2,000 head, including a few stale bullocks that came in too late for the market last Wednesday, and which, for a rarity, sell higher now than they would then if they had arrived the first day of the market. There is only a moderate proportion of the stock of first quality, though there are several very good droves; the best from Virginia, estimated at an average of 9¼ cwt., which are likely to average 800 a head.

THE CLOSE OF THE MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, March 13.—The weather this morning is warm and foggy and the market opened dull, with not over 500 or 600 on sale, and it continued dull all the forenoon. Butchers, particularly those who buy wholesale, to kill and sell by the quarter or side, were quite unwilling to pay the advance, and those were non; retail butchers operate in market to a very limited extent, this small number of bullocks, and as the brokers would not recede from the rates established yesterday, the trade dragged on through the day as dull as it has some Wednesdays with four times the number of bullocks on sale. Still, as so large a proportion were sold at an advance yesterday, we have placed the figures in our table of quotations at an advance upon all grades of half a cent a pound for the net weight of the beef, and as the first class was nearly all sold at more than that advance, and scarcely anything yesterday or to-day, at less than 9 cents a pound, we think the whole will average very near 9 cents.

COWS AND CALVES.

There is no material change in the Cow market to notice. Common Cows with young Calves are abundant for the demand, which appears very limited, at $30 to $50, generally about $35 to $45, and a lot of a dozen of medium quality will average about $40. A fair-looking Cow with nice Calf, assured by a broker to be all right, will bring about $5 more than a similar Cow might be bought for of some of the Cow merchants, because, in the latter case, the purchaser might get a Cow Poker Calf, and he might just as likely get a Cow and a Calf.

Veal Calves, of good quality are in good demand this week at 7c. P lb. live weight, and some are held higher; the bulk, however, sold at the quotation at 5@6c., and most and much the largest portion of all arriving by the Harlem Road spoil that interesting variety known as "poor veals," which are full two days old, and sell at $2 25 and upward P head.

There is now a very large supply of Calves, both alive and dressed, arriving by the market boats, probably more than twice as many as we report at the market places.

WORKING OXEN.

The demand continues very good for Working Oxen, and all are taken quick that come in market, at about half a cent a pound net more than the butchers will pay. The price is generally from $75 to $100 apiece.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Receipts this week, 6,307.

We report the market decidedly active this week, particularly on Saturday, Monday, and Tuesday. We don't know when we have seen it appear more lively than it did on Tuesday in Sixth street. We noticed two good lots of fine wool Sheep, well fatted—One of them by Mr. Peck of Moreye Falls, N. Y., that weighed 101 lb average at home, cy 90 lb here, sold at 8¾c; and another lot estimated variously, at 100 lb., 104 lb., and 108 lb., sold at near 8¾c. The pelts of these are worth $1 63 each. There is no difficulty in selling really first-class fat, fine wool Sheep at 6c P lb. live weight, and the market is about as much better for Sheep as it is for bullocks.—Probably the advance is the greatest on Sheep, notwithstanding the increased supply, which is greater than our figures represent, for we hear of over 1,000 head going direct from the boats to the slaughter houses.

The trade in Pelts is now very active, and the good price they bring is one of the causes of the advance on sheep. We have one curious fact in connection with the Pelt business. One large establishment has lately purchased property and put up buildings on the Bronx river at Hunt's Bridge, where it sends pelts to be washed, paying freight on the Harlem cars, 13 miles, up and down, and finds it a profitable operation, on account of the purity and abundance of the water. It is stated that the wool brings two cents a pound higher price than when washed in the city at a great expense for Croton water.

New York Market.

[TELEGRAPHED FOR THE OHIO STATESMAN.]

NEW YORK, March 16.

FLOUR—receipts of 9,161 bbls; market about 5c better, with fair demand; sales 11,000 bbls at $5.05@5 12½ for superfine state; $5 20@5 30 for extra state, $5 05@5 12½ for superfine western, $5 20@5 40 for common to medium extra western; $5 45@5 55 for shipping brands extra Round Hoop Ohio. Canadian flour a shade better; sales of 600 bbls at $5.30@6.75.

RYE FLOUR—steady at $3.30@$4.10.

WHEAT—receipts of 2,014 bush; market 1 and 2c better with fair export demand, freights have again declined; sales of 80,000 bush at $1.15@1.17 for Chicago Spring; $1.30for north western club; $1 31@1.32 1-2c for Canadian club $1 24@1 25 in store and delivered Milwaukee club; $1 5c for white canada.

RYE FLOUR—63@65c.

BARLEY—quiet at 70@80c.

CORN—receipts of 770 bush; market quite firm, with export demand; sales of 50,000 bush at 61@61½c for old mixed Western in store, and 67@68c delivered; 59@61 for new western mixed, and all the choice bullocks sell at that, or calculated to net 9¼@9½c for a pound for the beef, with better estimates for the owner of the supposed weight. Beside the advance of price per pound, there is also an advance of the grades of quality, so that such as sold last week slow at 8½ cents now sells quick at 9 cents, and some still higher. The supply to day is very light, numbering only 2,000 head, including a few stale bullocks that came in too late for the market last Wednesday, and which, for a rarity, sell higher now than they would then if they had arrived the first day of the market. There is only a moderate proportion of the stock of first quality, though there are several very good droves; the best from Virginia, estimated at an average of 9¼ cwt., which are likely to average 800 a head.

OATS—quiet and firm at 32½@34½c for Western Canadian and State.

PORK—quiet and steady; sales of 225 bbls at $16 50@$16,75 for mess, and $12 50@13 for prime—the latter for choice.

BEEF—quiet and unchanged.

CUT MEATS—dull and declining.

LARD—steady and quiet sales 175 bbls. at 9½@10.

BUTTER—fair request at 10@14c for Ohio; 14@20 for State.

CHEESE—steady at 6@10c.

WHISKY—firmer and demand fair; sales of 1200 bbls at 17½@18c.

COFFEE—quiet but steady; no sales.

SUGARS—firm but dull; sales 150 hhds Cuba at 4¾@5¼c.

MOLASSES—sales 200 bbls N. O at 24@25c; market steady.

STOCKS—steady but dull. Money and exchange, nothing new to advise, with only a moderate business in both. C & R I 57¾; Gal. & Chic. 71; I. C. scrip 80¾; N. Y. C. 78¾; Hur. preferred 38¾; R. 20; Macon & Weston 59; C. & T. 39¾; C. C. & C. 85; M. S. quoted 56¼; Pac. Mail 66¾; Erie 33; Reading 43¾; C. C. & R. 72; I. C. bonds 89. Va. 6's 78¾ Mo. 6's 66; Tenn. 74¼; N. Y. C. 5's 74@76; Coupons 89¾.

Cincinnati Market.

FLOUR—there is not much trade doing in the market. Purphases for account of shipping orders are made daily to a small extent, but there is no movment in the trade that gives business any snap or energy. The transactions making continue to be mainly in the good grades of superfine; extras are compara ively lower than supers; we quote the latter at $4 50@4 60; the former at $4 65@4 85; family at $5, and choice white at $5 25.

WHEAT—was offered to-day a little more freely, but sellers demanded usually 2@3c above the fair working condition of the market. The business doing is mainly for account of local millers, and they are resolutely set against paying over a $1 for best red, or $1 05 for prime white

CORN—ear had a little more ready market at 33c; but shelled is very dull and easily had at 34c for mixed, and 35c for prime white in bulk.

OATS—sell readily at 25½c Some of the dealers hold at 27c. Below will ce seen a paragraph from a Chicago paper, stating the amount in store at that point in the different elevators. It is very large.

BARLEY—prime fall is mostly held at 72c., but buyers do not offer over 70c., and most of the sales are at this figure; Spring ranges from 60 to 65c

RYE—is rather more saleable, and 60c. was obtained for a small lot of prime.

CLOVER SEED—has made a rapid advance within a few days. From dragging at $4 05@4 10, it has become very active at $4 60 and sales are said to have been made at $4 65@4 75.

WHISKY—is very firm at 13½c.—*Cin. Com. March 16.*

Cleveland Market.

March 15

FLOUR—the market is quiet and unchlnged. The only noticeable sale was 50 barrels red double extra at $5 00

WHEAT—steady, sales 5 cars red at $1.01, and 1 car white at 1,16.

CORN—remains quiet at 34c.

OATS—Quiet at 24c.

HIGHWINES—sales of 25 bbls at 15c.

SEEDS—remain active, with sales of 25 bags Clover at $4 10½ and 40 bush Timothy at $2 50.

BUTTER—small sales are reported at the range embraced by our quotations.

CHEESE—sales 500 bbls W. R. at 9c.

FRUITS—small sales of peeled peaches at 12½c.

EGGS—sales of 3 bbls at 11½c, and 4 bbls at 11c.

Philadelphia Market.

[TELEGRAPHED FOR THE OHIO STATESMAN.]

PHILADELPHIA, March 15.

FLOUR—firm. WHEAT—sales of 2,000 red at $1 25@1 28, white $1 33@1 40. CORN—firm, sales of 3,000 bushels new yellow, at 53@57. COFFEE—Rio at 12½@14

WHISKY—18@18½c.

NEWARK MACHINE WORKS,
NEWARK OHIO,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, &c., &c.
LANE & BODLEY Beaten! H. & R. BLANDY Beaten! J. & J. H. DUVALL Beaten!!! COLUMBUS MACHINE CO. Beaten!!!! BRADFORD & CO. Beaten!!!!!
Our Portable Engine and Saw Mill
Was awarded the first premium of $50 at the Indiana State Fair for 1860 over Lane & Bodley's on account of Price, lightness, simplicity, economy of fuel and superior character of lumber sawed.
Our Stationary Engine was awarded at the same Fair the first premium of $200.