# The Ohio Statesman

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1861.


## LOCAL MATTERS.

The Adams Express Company places us daily under obligations to it for the very latest papers from the eastern cities.

The American Express Company has our thanks for its daily favors in the shape of the very latest eastern papers.

SCHOOL NOTICE.—The examination of the public schools in this city will take place on Monday and Tuesday, the 24th and 25th inst. The closing exercises of the High School will take place at Bigelow Chapel on next Tuesday evening.

The present term will close on Tuesday the 25th inst. The schools will be re opened on the 9th day of September next.

All those citizens who acted last year on the committee of examiners, and the friends of popular education generally, are cordially invited to be present at and take part in the examinations next Monday and Tuesday.

We especially call upon the parents to attend, and by their presence practically manifest their interest in the mental welfare of their children intrusted to the care of our teachers.

OTTO DRESEL,
Secretary of the Board of Education.
COLUMBUS, O., June 21, 1861.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.—The June number of Blackwood is already on our table. It opens with a most delightful essay on the mania of "Book-Hunting," in which this foible, as well as other weaknesses of human nature, are treated in a kindly, genial spirit.

"The Monks of the West," takes us back into the times behind the innovations and reforms of a later and more restless period, and makes us feel a love and reverence for "saintly men," whose lives, if they did not square with our notions of moral and religious duty, were, nevertheless, full of good deeds.

The review of Miss BREMER'S travels and observations during a two years' tour in Switzerland and Italy, and her earnest searching for the true church—the church of the future—cannot fail to interest the admirers of the Swedish novelist.

The "Cruise up the Yangstze in 1858-9," is a sprightly descriptive narrative of a voyage up that river beyond Nankin, to be completed in a subsequent number.

The articles "From Fatherland" (Germany), and the "Memoirs of a Tory Gentlewoman," together with the continuation of "Norman Sinclair," and several short poems, fill out this number. It is truly a literary number, just the one to turn the mind off for a brief season from the conflicting elements around us, and afford instruction and amusement.

This number closes a volume of Blackwood. It is published by LEONARD SCOTT & Co., New York, the publishers also of the standard British Reviews, at $3 a year.

CAPT. WALLACE, Company B, Fifteenth Regiment, arrived here yesterday as special messenger from Col. G. W. ANDREWS, making application to have the Regiment enlisted for three years. Capt. WALLACE, as we are informed, made application to Gov. DENNISON, and after working hard all day, is compelled to return without receiving the least satisfaction or information. The Regiment is divided as follows: five Companies at Grafton, three at Phillippi, two at Cheat River.

Capt. WALLACE, Company B, was the only Company at Phillippi at the capture of the Secession troops. Why it is that officers can get no satisfaction or information at Headquarters about such important matters, is difficult to determine on any principle of common sense.

Capt. WALLACE returns to his Regiment this morning, no wiser than he came, so far as the business of his mission is concerned.

THE TWENTY-FOURTH REGIMENT.—The field officers of this Regiment are—Colonel, R. P. Scammon; Lieutenant-Colonel, J. A. Garfield; Major, J. A. Gilbert. The following are the Captains in the Regiment, with the aggragate number of men in each company:

| | Men. | Aggregate. |
|---|---|---|
| Capt. Kellogg | 89 | 99 |
| " Sturgess | 83 | 86 |
| " Higgins | 93 | 96 |
| " Patterson | 98 | 101 |
| " Jackson | 84 | 87 |
| " Hall | 87 | 90 |
| " Terry | 84 | 87 |
| " Arnold | 84 | 87 |
| " Hill | 81 | 84 |
| " Given | 98 | 101 |
| | 881 | 911 |

☞ We learn that Capt. TURNEY's company, the Montgomery Guards, was disbanded yesterday—the requisite number of men to make a full company not having been obtained.

We understand that Capt. TURNEY intends raising another company within two weeks from this time.

MOVEMENTS OF THE TROOPS—The Cincinnati Enquirer gives the following as the expected movements of troops from Camp Dennison:—Third and Fourth Regiments last evening, if transportation could be furnished; Seventh and Tenth to-morrow morning; Twelfth and Sixth on Monday; Fifth and Eighth on Tuesday; Eleventh and Thirteenth on Wednesday and Thursday—all over the Cincinnati and Marietta Road into Virginia.

☞ Queen VICTORIA has been on the throne of Great Britain twenty-four years. She became Queen by the death of her uncle, William IV., June 20, 1837. She was proclaimed Queen June 21, and crowned June 28.

☞ The Third Regiment, Col. MARROW's, was inspected at Camp Dennison on Thursday evening, and is now ready to move. It is said to be one of the best in the field.

☞ Col. ROBERT ANDERSON has received his commission as Brigadier-General in the United States army.

THOSE OVERCOATS.—The three thousand overcoats for the troops are all to be furnished at $7.50 each, by she following parties:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| O'Harra & Breyfogle, Columbus | 750 | overcoats. |
| Smith, Comstock & Miller, Columbus | 750 | " |
| A. A. Stewart, Columbus | 300 | " |
| Mack & Brothers, Cincinnati | 1200 | " |

☞ Brigadier-General CHARLES W. HILL, of Toledo, left this city yesterday morning, for Grafton. The State troops composing his Brigade are the 14th, 15th, 16th, 18th and 22d Regiments. The following appointments to his staff are made from this city:

Brigade Major, Capt. Wallcutt; Quarter-Master, R. E. Champion; Surgeon, Dr. R. N. Barr.

☞ Forty thousand muskets, buck and ball, arrived in Cincinnati on Thursday, evening, per Adams Express, consigned to Gen. ANDERSON.

☞ DAVID SULLIVANT, an employee in BUTLER & BRO.'S Bakery, has had his hand severely crushed by being caught in the machinery. It is said he will lose the use of it.

☞ The examination of the Public Schools in this city, takes place on Monday and Tuesday of next week. The closing exercises of the High School will take place on Tuesday evening.

☞ Yesterday morning, twenty members of Company C, State Fencibles, left the city, under command of Corporal R. S. NEIL, and proceeded by railroad *via* Loveland, to join their company at Athens.

☞ The first new wheat of the season was received at Memphis, Tenn., on the 15th, and sold for $1 25 per bushel.

☞ WM. MCDONALD of this city, has been appointed Sutler of the Fifteenth (Col. IRVINE'S) Regiment.

### Rail Road Time Table.

LITTLE MIAMI & COLUMBUS & XENIA R. R.

| | Leaves. | Arrives |
|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati Accommodation | 5.00 A. M. | 9.10 P. M. |
| Express | 11.40 A. M. | 11.03 A. M. |
| Mail and Accommodation | 9.10 P. M. | 2.00 P. M. |
| Night Express via Dayton | 12.00 midnight. | 3.20 A. M. |

JNO. W. DOHERTY, Agent.

COLUMBUS & CLEVELAND R. R.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Night Express | 3.40 A. M. | 11.15 P. M. |
| New York Express | 11.10 A. M. | 10.50 A. M. |
| C. C. & C. Way Express | 2.30 P. M. | 7.50 P. M. |

JAMES PATTERSON, Agent.

CENTRAL OHIO R. R.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| No. 3 Express | 3.30 A. M. | 11.25 A. M. |
| No. 5 do | 2.15 P. M. | 11.45 A. M. |

W. J. FELL, Agent.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mail Train | 3.30 A. M. | 11.25 A. M. |
| Express Train | 11.25 A. M. | 8.45 P. M. |

JOS. ROBINSON, Agent.

COLUMBUS & INDIANOPOLIS, R. R.
(COLUMBUS PIQUA & INDIANA R. R.)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| No. 1 Express | 6.30 A. M. | 2.00 P. M. |
| No. 2 " | 3.00 P. M. | 8.45 P. M. |
| Accommodation | | 10.50 A. M. |

C. W. SMITH, Agent.

### COLUMBUS POST OFFICE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

DEPARTURES.

Mails for New York City, Boston, Albany, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Steubenville way, Cleveland, Zanesville, Newark, Granville, Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New Orleans, close daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock p. m.

A through mail for New York and Cleveland closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

C. C. & C. R. R. Way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Central Ohio Way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 10 o'clock a. m.

Cincinnati Way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 10 o'clock a. m.

Chicago, Dubuque, Delaware, Marion and Worthington Mails closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Mails for Xenia, Springfield, Dayton, Toledo, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis, and Detroit, closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock p. m.

A through mail to Xenia, Springfield and Cincinnati closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 10 o'clock a. m.

Urbana, Piqua, Tiffin and Union City mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock p. m.

Lancaster, Logan, Nelsonville, Circleville, Chillicothe, Portsmouth, Washington C. H., Athens, Marietta and Hillsborough mails close daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock p. m.

East Way Mail by National Road to Zanesville closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 12 o'clock m.

Harrisburgh Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Mt. Vernon Mail, by way of Westerville and Sunbury, closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Dublin Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Lancaster Way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at o'clock p. m.

ARRIVALS.

Mails from New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Dayton, Toledo, Xenia, Detroit, Springfield, Cincinnati, Chillicothe, St. Louis, and all Southern cities, arrive between the hours of 9 o'clock p. m. and 4 o'clock a. m.

Mails from Indianapolis, Chicago and Dubuque arrive at 3:40 a. m.

Mails from Washington City, Baltimore, Wheeling, Zanesville, Newark, Steubenville, Mt. Vernon, and the C. O. R. R. Way Mail, arrive at 12 o'clock m.

Way Mail from Cincinnati arrives at 3 o'clock p. m.

Lancaster Mail arrives at 9 o'clock p. m.

East Way Mail over the National Road arrives at 11 o'clock a. m.

Mt. Vernon Way Mail arrives at 11:00 a. m.

Mail from Dublin arrives at 12 o'clock m.

Urbana Way Mail arrives at 9 o'clock p. m.

Harrisburgh Mail arrives at 11 o'clock a. m.

Lancaster Way Mail arrives at 12 o'clock m.

Office (delivery open every day (except Sunday) from 7 o'clock a. m. to 8 o'clock p. m. Open on Sundays from 7½ to 9 o'clock in the morning, and from 5 to 6 o'clock in the evening.

JOHN GRAHAM, P. M.

## TELEGRAPHIC!

REPORTED FOR THE STATESMAN.

### Proceedings of the Western Virginia Convention.

WHEELING, June 21.

The Convention to-day adopted an ordinance relating to the disbursement of the public revenue, and providing for the appointment of an Auditor, Treasurer and Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Also an ordinance fixing the salaries of certain officers.

A resolution was affirmed and referred, recommending to the Federal authorities the construction of a military road from Webster, on the Northwestern Virginia Railroad, Southward to some suitable point in Southwestern Virginia.

Another was adopted that a copy of the declaration and signatures be forwarded to the President of the U. S.

The Convention adjourned over till Monday, to afford the committee of 17 time to prepare an ordinance for the organization of the State Militia.

### Important from Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, June 21.

The St. Louis Democrat's special from Syracuse, about twenty-five miles south of Booneville, says an expedition nearly one thousand strong, with four pieces of artillery, under Capt. Totten of the regular service, left Booneville Wednesday night, and reached this place at 10 A. M. yesterday.

Gov. Jackson, with about 500 men, arrived here on Tuesday. After impressing the property of both enemies and friends, he got tidings of pursuit, and suddenly left yesterday forenoon, proceeding southward toward Warsaw.

Our forces have gone forward to-day, but there is little hope of overtaking the fleeing party.

A battle took place at sunrise on Tuesday morning, between 800 Union Home Guards, under Capt. Cook, near town, Cole Camp, and a large party of secessionists from Warsaw and surrounding country, in which fifteen Guards were killed and twenty wounded, many of them severely, and thirty prisoners taken.

Most of the Guards were in a large barn when the firing began, but they immediately sprang to arms.

It is said they killed 40 of the attacking party before being overpowered by superior numbers. Nearly all of them finally escaped and are ready to join our forces to dispatch the passage of the State troops.

Capt. Cook reached here this morning in disguise and says not over half his force was armed and not more than 200 participated in the fight. He hastened forward to overtake and consult with Capt. Fulton.

Some of Jackson's part went west from here on Monday night by railroad, taking what rolling stock they could and destroying the rest, and burning Lamine bridge, a costly structure six miles west of here.

Syracuse is now protected by the Federal troops.

Among several letters captured in Booneville by Gen. Lyon, are some embracing orders from head-quarters to destroy the bridges on the North Missouri, Hannibal & St. Joseph and Pacific Railroads, and instructions to different officers and individuals respecting the organization of troops, &c., &c.

One enumerates the arms and ammunition seized at the Liberty Arsenal some time since. The list is as follows: 108 brass and 12 iron six pounders, 66 balls, 480 pounds canister, 380 fixed rounds, 180 muskets, 224 rifles, 121 carbines, 811 pistols, 469 sabres, 39 artillery swords, 1,000 pounds cannon powder, 9,900 pounds musket powder, 4,800 pounds rifle powder, 180,000 musket cartridges, 9,000 muskatoon cartridges, 17,500 rifle cartridges, 58,000 pistol cartridges, 10,000 blank cartridges.

### Arrival of 170 Cases of Arms at New York.

NEW YORK, June 21.

We learn on excellent authority that the steamer Bavaria, recently arrived, brought 170 cases of arms. Many of the boxes are double the usual size. The number of arms is estimated as between 8,000 and 10,000 stand.

### Dispatches from Washington.

[Special to the Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, June 21.

Gen. McDowell visited Gen. Scott, to-day, with plans and propositions to capture the Enemy immediately. Gen. Scott answered: "No, Sir; No."

The Ohio camp is supposed to be directly menaced. Their picket flags are visible from Gen. Schenck's headquarters.

The Navy Department know nothing of the landing of our troops at Savannah or elsewhere on the Southern coast.

It should be understood that a large number of the Regiments accepted by Government within a few weeks, were accepted on condition that they should be ready to move within a specified time. Not a few have have failed to comply with this stipulation, and there is more room for new ones than there might otherwise be. No full Regiment that is ready within ten days will be likely to be refused.

The Secretary of War telegraphed to-day to Gov. Curtin for more troops. A similar request, we learn, has been sent to Gov. Morgan and other States.

It is deemed desirable that all Regiments now accepted should be ready for the field at the earliest moment.

The Board of Army Surgeons meets to-morrow, to examine applicants for Surgeons to fill the vacancies in the army. No one will be appointed, unless certified to by the Board as duly qualified.

A contract for six hundred of the Griffin rifle guns was awarded to-day. Gen. Meigs strongly recommended it.

NEW YORK, June 21.

The World says: Information was received here yesterday by the steamer Africa, that 60 officers in the Prussian army have been granted leave of absence for two years. Their services are soon to be tendered to the United States Government for that length of time.

The Texan troops, numbering 489 men, now at Fort Hamilton, in consequence of having pledged themselves not to take up arms against the Confederate States, have petitioned the War Department for a discharge.

WASHINGTON, June 20.

There are from 25,000 to 30,000 troops on the Virginia side, within ten miles of the Potomac. On this side there are from 30,000 to 40,000, ready to cross at a moment's notice.

Should the enemy advance from Fairfax, they will meet not only the number of troops first named, but a flank movement will be made by a force at least 10,000 strong, stationed on the river six miles above the city.

The Federal army will be fully 30,000 men, while that of the Rebels cannot be more than 15,000 or 20,000 at the farthest.

Citizens of the adjoining counties of Virginia were arriving almost hourly in Alexandria, today, by boat and on foot, to escape being impressed into the service. Guards are scouring those counties with lists of voters against the ordinance of secession; and arresting all they can get hold of and taking them to Manassas Junction. Many, who were escaping, were fired on by the closely pursuing Rebels. The object in arresting them, is to impress them into the service against the Government.

[Special to the Post.]

WASHINGTON, June 21.

A party of Rebels came up the Potomac last night, and attempted to fire the Long Bridge. They were fired upon by our troops; four or five were killed and a number wounded, and the balance, nineteen in number, taken prisoners, and are now at the Arsenal. The Rebels were provided with powder and matches to destroy the Bridge. The number killed is probably exaggerated.

All the Army Surgeons connected with Regiments were ordered over the Potomac late last night.

The War Department has discovered female secessionists carrying on regular correspondence with Beauregard via Mt. Vernon.

The National Republican of this morning, says, it is probable that Congress will place means at the disposal of the President for the colonization of such of our colored people as desire to emigrate to Hayti; and that the contraband slaves now held by the Federal troops will be included in this measure.

This morning, the Rebels were concentrating a large force at Fairfax Court House.

Every movement indicates an attack on our lines within a short time.

It is believed that Beauregard can concentrate 60,000 troops at any given point within a week. Undoubtedly he has large forces at command, and it is not improbable that he will be forced to make a speedy advance movement.

To-day advices have been received from the camp of the Connecticut troops, near Vienna, Va. No new movements had taken place. Our troops in occupation of Vienna are fully prepared for any attack.

A strict examination of the causes of the lamentable affair at Vienna, has resulted in the exculpation of the engineer of the train which took up the Ohio troops.

The responsibility of the blunder, which resulted so disastrously for our troops, rests upon Gen. Schenck.

[N. Y. Times, Special.]

Lt. Col. B. F. Wilson, of the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment, now at the Relay House, is authorized to raise an additional Regiment in Massachusetts. Many of the men now in the old Sixth, who are here for three months, will join the new Regiment.

The Pawnee, on her cruise down the river, seized 10,000lbs. of bacon and other stores, destined for the Secessionists.

[Special to the N. Y. Commercial.]

WASHINGTON, June 21.

Officers of the army say unless a collision occurs before to-morrow evening, there is little chance of any taking place at any time.

There is confirming conviction here that the Rebels are outflanked, and must fight or surrender.

[To the Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, June 21.

Five Regiments are under orders to march at a moment's notice, indicating preparations for emergencies.

While Mrs. Lincoln and her two younger children and some friends were riding in Virginia to day, the tongue of the carriage broke and the horses became unmanageable, and the driver was thrown from the seat.

The consequences looked serious, when the horses were stopped by a member of the New York Twenty-fifth Regiment.

Lieut. Tyler's Marine corps, lately arrested in New York, were dismissed from service.

BALTIMORE, June 21.

The American learns that there are eleven thousand troops in the Rebel camp, four miles this side of Winchester.

Cadwallader is still at Williamsport. The secessionists opposite threaten to bombard the town.

The people are frightened and are leaving.

Something important is expected of Gen. Patterson's column shortly. Three hundred Confederate troops arrived at Harper's Ferry yesterday and completed the work of destruction, burning the Rifle Factory, Shenannodah Bridge, and ran a locomotive into the river. They said they were instructed to blow up every house in town that had a Union flag flying; but they found none.

They arrested eleven Unionists, driving the balance into the river, firing on them as they swam to the Maryland shore.

A messenger arrived from Col. Wallace from Cumberland, reports Col. Wallace on the point of starting for Bedford. He is sent to Gen. Patterson for aid to drive the Rebels from Romney.

### From the South.

LOUISVILLE, June 21.

The Picayune of the 16th says there are in New Orleans parties who will undertake to capture the steamer Brooklyn for $100,000.

The Mobile Advertiser of the 16th says three plans have been suggested to the council of defense to sink or drive off the Niagara from Mobile Point. It adds that the Niagara will be obliged to get out of the way of an iron battery, which will soon be after her.

Gov. Harris of Tennessee, in his message, recommends a law requiring payment of all sums due from the State to all persons or governments on terms of peace, and advises such policy towards citizens of belligerent States, as the rules of war justify. He recommends the issue of treasury notes to pay the expenses of the provisional government, the same to be received as currency.

### Maine State Loan.

AUGUSTA, June 21.

Offers for Maine State loan from par to four per cent. premium have been made largely in excess of the amount called for.

### From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 21.

Within a few hours there has been rumors of a large Secession force advancing upon Fortress Monroe from the direction of Yorktown. A reconnoissance towards Great Bethel, therefore, was made this morning, under the direction of Capt. Smith, U. S. A.

Max Ebor's Regiment of German Turners, with a company of Regulars in charge of two pieces of artillery left Hampton six hours ago, and have not been heard from.

Our picket guard, near Little Bethel, was yesterday driven in by the Rebels.

Tetes du pont are being formed on Hampton Creek, preparatory to rebuilding the bridges.

Two persons came in this morning, representing themselves to be deserters from Bewall's Point, but I learn from Gen. Butler that their statements were so contradictory that he was obliged to send them to the guard house as spies.

It is said that the Rebels are erecting strong masked batteries opposite the Rip Raps, since the successful experiment with Sawyer's gun.

Important events are expected at that place.

No correct returns of the killed and wounded at Great Bethel have been or ever will be made.

From ten to twenty Virginians come in daily to take the oath of allegiance.

### From Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, June 21.

The First Iowa Regiment, Col. Botts, left Hudson, at the junction with North Missouri and Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad, Tuesday morning to effect a junction with Gen. Lyon at Booneville.

Nothing new from the West

### New York Troops.

ELMYRA, June 21.

The 16th Regiment, Col. Christian, left at 10 o'clock for Washington.

Five Regiments are now here, and will be mustered into the U. S. service for three years immediately.

### Wisconsin Troops.

CLEVELAND, June 21.

The Second Wisconsin Regiment passed through here this evening for Washington. They were welcomed by a large and enthusiastic crowd of citizens. Before leaving, they partook of refreshments which had been abundantly provided in the park.

### Funeral of Maj. Winthrop.

NEW HAVEN, June 21.

Maj. Winthrop's funeral to-day was attended by the Military, City, and State officials, and citizens.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., June 21.

It is exceeddigly quiet and hot here.

The reports of the outposts on the Loudon Railroad are of a peaceful character, except that Rebel flags and pickets are seen four miles outside of camp.

## THE MARKETS.

### Columbus Retail Market.

FRIDAY, June 21, 1861.

The following are the retail quotations corrected by Wm. H. Restieux, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 34 Statesman Building:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 90c | N O. Sugar ℔ lb | 6¼@8c |
| Oats ℔ bu | 18@20c | Maple do | 9@10c |
| Corn ℔ cu. | 90c | Molasses ℔ gal | 40@50c |
| Butter ℔ lb | 8c@12½c | Syrup ℔ gal | 60@75c |
| Lard ℔ lb | 12½c | Tea ℔ lb | 50c, 75c, $1 00 |
| Tallow ℔ lb | 9@10c | Yeddo Tea | $1 00 |
| Dried Apples ℔ bu | 87½@100 | Rio Coffee ℔ lb | 12½@16c |
| Dried Peaches | 2 75@3 00 | Java do | 20c |
| White Beans ℔ bu | $1 00@125c | Rice ℔ lb | 10c |
| Potatoes ℔ bu | 20@25c | Broome ℔ doz | $1 00@1 75 |
| Salt in sack | 15@20c | Hay ℔ ton | $7 00 |
| Salt ℔ bbl | $1 60 | Soap (bar) ℔ lb | 6@8c |
| Beef ℔ cwt | $6 00 | Flour ℔ bbl | $5 00@5 50 |
| Hams ℔ lb | 12½c | White Wheat do | $5¼@6 00 |
| Shoulders ℔ lb | 9 | Rye Flour ℔ bbl | $4 00 |
| Salt Pork ℔ cwt | $8@10c | Candles, Tallow, box | 12½c |
| Wood ℔ cord | $2@2 25 | Candles, Opal, box | 16c |
| Mackerel No. 1 hf bbl | $9½ | Cheese ℔ lb | 8@12½ |
| Mackerel No 1 qr bbl | $5 | Hominy per bush | $1 00 |
| Mackerel No 1 kits | $2 75 | Whisky per. gall | 25@1 00 |
| White Fish per h'f bbl | $4 00 | Raisins, M R. Box | 2 80 |
| White Fish per qr bbl | $2 10 | " Layers " | 3 00 |
| Cod Fish ℔ lb | 7c | " Sultan ℔ lb | 12½c |
| Herring ℔ bbl | $5 00 | Figs ℔ lb | 12½@15 |
| Corn Meal ℔ bu | 35@40c | Pranes ℔ lb | 10@15 |
| Eggs ℔ doz | 8c | Wool Twine | 18c ℔ lb. |
| Dried Beef | 12½c | | |

### WHOLESALE MARKET.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FLOUR—sales at $4 50@4,75 for red, and $5 00@5 25 for white.

WHEAT—firm at 90@95c.

CORN—sales at 20c.

OATS—sales dull at 16@18c.

RYE—small sales at 45@50c.

HAY—sales at $5@6.

POTATOES—sales at 20@25c.

BEANS—sales at 87c@$1 25.

SALT—rules at $1 55 per bbl.

WHITE FISH—rule at $7 00@7 50 per bbl.

### New York Cattle Market

REPORT

FOR THE WEEK ENDING WEDNESDAY, June 19, 1861.

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF CATTLE OF ALL KINDS, FOR THE WEEK.

According to the reports from the several market places in the city, there have been received this week:

| | B'ves. | Cows. | Veals. | Sheep and Lambs | Swine. | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| At Allerton's, | 3,766 | 31 | 769 | 490 | .... | .... |
| Browning's | 101 | 34 | 78 | 3,593 | .... | .... |
| O'Brien's | 19 | 47 | 212 | 1,450 | .... | .... |
| Chamberlin's | 25 | 20 | 52 | 2,561 | .... | .... |
| Rec'ed Sunday | .. | .. | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Sold bu'rs, Ber. | 600 | .. | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Total | 4,511 | 132 | 1,111 | 9,094 | 4,235 | 19,084 |
| T'l pr's week | 3,688 | 109 | 1,187 | 9,181 | 5,466 | 19,631 |
| P'w'k, l'y'r | 4,364 | 356 | 342 | 9,709 | 7,696 | 12,968 |

BEEVES FROM DIFFERENT STATES.

A. M. Allerton & Co., Proprietors of the Washington Drove-yards, 44th-st, report the Cattle in Market from the following States:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 64 | Illinois | 2,631 |
| Pennsylvania | 13 | Kentucky | 127 |
| Ohio | 335 | Iowa | 288 |
| Indiana | 238 | | |

BEEF CATTLE.

Number reported for this market at Forty-fourth street, 3,766.

The prices to-day are quoted as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| First quality | 8¼@9 | Ordinary | 7@8 |
| Medium | 8 @— | Some extra good | 9@— |

The general average of the market is 8¼c.

The most of the sales are 8@8½c.

Total number of Beeves received in the city this week, 4,515.

This is 327 head more than last week, and 151 head more than the average of last year. The average number of each Wednesday market last year was 3,491 head, while the number to day being 3,766, shows 275 head more than the average, and 446 head more than this day week.

THE CLOSE OF THE MARKET.

Owing to the considerable sales on Monday, and very extensive sales yesterday, there were but few Bullocks left for sale to-day, and these were soon closed out at prices that make the average of the market full as good as last week. It would have been better if owners and their brokers had not lost confidence in their power to demand an advance, which they did in consequence of not being able to concentrate the trade so as to bring all the buyers face to face with the sellers, so as to see what was the strength of the demand.

The quality of the stock this week is very good, including a good many Western distillery-fed cattle, and the number from Illinois astonishes every one, even those who are well acquainted with the great resources of that State.

The sales to-day have been rather slow, at the prices current at the close of the business last night, which were $2 or $3 a head better than at noon. This was occasioned by a good many country butchers who came in during the afternoon—men who do not usually come till Wednesday, but having got bit by advanced prices last Wednesday, concluded to try Tuesday evening, and got bit again; that is, had to pay more than they probably would have had to pay to day for the same Bullocks.

Butchers are beginning to complain of the light weight of Steers that have been out on grass, and say that salesmen all estimate them too high, their looks being more improved than their weight or yield of fat. The general quality this week is very fair. The weather to-day is quite cool for the season, and favorable to the cattle trade.

In relation to opening the market on Monday we are assured by Mr. Allerton, and requested to assure all drovers and shippers of cattle, that he has no intention of changing the regular market days from the way they are now established—that is, opening the market on Tuesday, the choice of yards being drawn for on Monday evening. Tuesday, by force of circumstances, having become the principal market day, and Wednesday the day for closing up what is left unsold the first day, which, unless the day is very stormy, rarely amount to over one-fourth the whole number, makes it necessary that stock should arrive early Tuesday morning. There is no necessity that it should arrive on Monday; but as a portion of it does, owners are anxious to make sales, and as proprietor of the yards, Mr. Allerton does not feel authorized to say sales shall not be made. Besides there are several men who have been in the habit of selling cattle at Bergen on Monday who wish to sell the same class on Monday here. It is the same class who forestalled the market by opening sales on Tuesday, until the proprietors of the yards were compelled to open the market on Tuesday, as they will be on Monday, if the Monday trade is allowed to go on as it has begun, and that will bring back the same train of evils that compelled an abandonment of Monday as a market day a few years ago—evils that we battled against then, and will again, because we contend for one Sabbath day every week, and we do not think that the class who count Saturday as their Sabbath are yet quite strong enough to wipe out the Christian Sabbath. To make Monday the market day of beef cattle will effectually wipe it out with all who are connected with the trade in this city. It is contended that to allow the same number and class of bullocks now sold on Monday at Bergen to be sold at Forty-fourth street on Monday, will not effect Tuesday and Wednesday any more than it does to sell the cattle there. This is an error that any one but a very blind man can see. It is an error that, if persisted in, will cost the Western shippers of cattle a pile of money by the *demoralization* of the market, by dividing and splitting up business that should be concentrated to make it effectual and beneficial.

It is argued in favor of opening the market here on Monday, that the Erie Railroad will stop landing cattle at Bergen, so there will be no Monday market there. To that we answer: then the salesmen will procure them from some other source, and if the Monday market is persisted in at Forty-fourth street, there will be a Saturday market at Bergen, so drovers will have four market days a week of about equal importance, very much to their disadvantage, and nothing to the advantage of butchers, because the "divide and conquer" class will buy and speculate out of both drovers and butchers. It is so to day. The leading cattle drovers and brokers declare their belief that the market this week has proved $3 a head loss to them on account of the disarrangement of the trade out of its regular order. It is therefore no wonder that we find so many who are bitterly opposed to opening the market on Monday. In truth all are so, except the few who are always unwilling to be restrained by any rules and regulations for the government of society. A few who hate the Christian Sabbath, are anxious to make Monday the leading market day, for two reasons. One is, to compel men to desecrate the day, or else give up their regular business. Another is a hope to drive a class of men out of the trade, so as to give them a better chance to control it. Drovers and shippers must be wary of this trap to catch their dollars.

THE SHEEP MARKET.

Receipts this week.

We cannot inform our friends in the country that there is any real improvement in the market for Sheep and Lambs. It was thoughton Monday that an advance of about 25 cents a head would be established; but we found, on Tuesday, the market quite full and business very dull, at about 4 cents a pound, live weight, as the top price. We noticed a lot of very nice Ohio sheep, well fatted, medium size—that is, not the coarse-boned sort common in that State and Kentucky—which weighed 111 ℔ average at home, and are estimated by the owner 100 here, and by the salesman at 97 or 98 ℔, which will not sell at over $4 each—the same that the owner was offered at Albany.

We noticed a beautiful lot of 38 grade Southdown Lambs from the farm of Richard Wall of Homertown, N J., sold by Wm. D. Bellis, at an average of $4 75, to James Harrington, one of the largest wholesale butchers here, who says they are the best that he has seen this year, and Mr. Wall's Lambs are always, in point of quality, at the top of the market, he having had them three years. These Lambs were out of a lot of Kentucky Ewes bought here last fall of Mr. Bellis, who thinks that Mr. Wall will make them pay nearly $9 a head, if he gets the usual price of such fat Sheep as he makes.

There were a few unclipped sheep in market this week, and they brought only about $1 12 more than they would if clipped.

The bulk of the Sheep are pretty good, but there are some that sell at prices which farmers could better afford to give than take. It will be seen from sales that Lambs are much higher per head and per pound than old Sheep.

THE HOG MARKET.

Receipts this week, 4,236.

There may be a slight difference in favor of drovers, but it is very slight. Henry D. Grant superintendent of the Market, makes the following quotations:

| | |
|---|---|
| Corn fed Hogs ℔ lb gross | 4¾@4¾c. |
| Distillery Hogs ℔ lb gross | 3¾@4 c. |

Mr. Grant reports the market clear this morning, which will give the next arrivals an advantage. Stock hogs are in demand, and sell in small lots of light prime quality at 5¾c ℔ lb, and sell as fast as they arrive.

George W. Dorman gives the following figures as the PRICE OF HOGS THIS WEEK.

| | Live. | Dead weight. |
|---|---|---|
| First quality, corn fed, large size | 4¾@4¾ | 5¾@5¾ |
| Second quality corn-fed | 4¾@4¾ | 5¾@5¾ |
| First quality small size fat & prime, for market butchers | 4¾@4¾ | 5¾@6 |
| Large size, still-fed, fat | 3¾@4 | 4¾@5 |
| Second quality still-fed, fat | 3¾@4 | 4¾@5 |
| Small size, choice stock hogs | 5¾@5¾ | —@— |

### New York Market.

[TELEGRAPHED FOR THE OHIO STATESMAN.]

NEW YORK, June 21.

FLOUR—Opened steady, and closed quiet and rather irregular, with holders generally a little more disposed to realize; sales of 13 600 obls at $4 40@4 45 for superfine State; $4 70@4 80 for extra State; $4 30@4 50 for superfine Western; $4 70@5 00 for common to medium extra Western, $5 30@5 35 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; 5 50@5 85 for trade brands do. The demand for Canadian Flour is moderate and the market unchanged; sales of 600 bbls at $4 70@7 50 for common to choice extra.

RYE FLOUR—Rules quiet at $3@4.

CORN MEAL—Steady; sales of 400 bbls Brandywine afloat.

WHISKY—Demand moderate and market without important change; sales of 150 bbls at 16½@16¾c, including a parcel of E. & D. at 17c.

WHEAT—Common and inferior rules heavy and drooping, while good sound is in moderate request for export, in part for France, at steady prices; sales of 18,500 bu Chicago spring at 90c@$1 08; 1,900 bu North western club at $1 09@1 10; 600 bu good Racine spring at $1 15; 48,000 bu Milwaukee club at $1 00@1 16; 350,000 bu amber Wisconsin and Iowa at $1 17@1 18; 12,200 bu Canada club at $1 09@1 17; 19,000 bu winter red Western at $1 25; and 22,000 bu white Western at $1 30@1 35.

RYE—Steady; sales of 3 000 bu at 68c.

BARLEY—Dull at 55@60c

CORN—The supply continues limited, and the market may be quoted a shade firmer; sales of 54,000 bu at 40@40c for inferior to fair new mixed Western; 47@49c for good prime do.; 51@53c for Western yellow; 55@57c for Southern.

BRANS—Sold at 16c.

OATS—Selling at 28@31c for Western and Canadian; 31@33c for State.

PORK—Dull and prices tend downward; sales of 500 bbls at $15 00@15 25 for mess and $10 25 for prime.

BEEF—Market dull and nominal at $4@4 50 for prime; $5 50@6 00 for mess; $8@10 for repacked mess; and $10@11 for extra mess. Prime mess beef quiet and unchanged

BEEF HAMS—Nominal at 12@14c.

CUT MEATS—Rule dull, with trifling sales at 5@5¼c for shoulders; 6@6¼c for hams.

BACON—Dull and nominal.

LARD—Market rules in favor of purchasers, with only a nominal demand; 300 bbls sold at 8¼@9¼c

BUTTER—Selling at 7¼@12½c for Ohio and 7@15c for State.

COFFEE—Market firm; sales of 1,500 bags Rio at 13@14c and 200 bags Laguyra at 13¾@14½c.

SUGAR—Raw in moderate demand and market unchanged; sales of 800 hhds Cuba at 4¾@5c; 200 boxes Havana on private terms; and by auction 238 hhds Porto Rico at 5⅜@6¼c on four months.

MOLASSES—Unchanged; sales of 100 bbls New Orleans at 31c; 2,000 hhds Cuba Muscovado at 13@19; and 55 hhds Porto Rico at 20@36c; by auction, 60 hhds at 21¼c on four months' time.

TOBACCO—There is a good demand for export and speculation, especially for Kentucky, and the market rules quite firm; the sales include 541 hhds Kentucky, 37 hhds Mason County, 10 hhds Ohio, 14 hhds Maryland, and 219 cases seed leaf, all on private terms.

STOCKS—Dull and lower; Chicago & Rock Island 34⅞; bonds 10; Cleveland & Toledo 23; bonds 10; Galena & Chicago 60¼; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati 96; Illinois scrip 65¼; Panama 106¼; Harlem preferred 21¼; Harlem 9; New York Central 73¼; Indiana 6's 51; North Carolina 6's 44; Missouri 6's 37¾; Virginia 6's 39¼; Tennessee 6's 36; U. S. 6's 81, and registered 84.

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