The Ohio Statesman

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1861.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Adams Express Company places us daily under obligations to it for the very latest papers from the eastern cities.

The American Express Company has our thanks for its daily favors in the shape of the very latest eastern papers.

To the Union Democracy of Franklin County.

Notice is hereby given to the Union Democracy of Franklin county, to meet on FRIDAY, August 2d, between the hours of THREE and SIX o'clock, p. m., in the townships, and SIX and EIGHT p. m., in the wards, at the usual places of holding elections (excepting Norwich township, which will be held at SCHOFIELD'S School House, and the 4th ward at GAVER'S room, and the 1st ward at E. BELLER'S), to appoint delegates to attend the County Convention, to meet at the C. H. Hall, in the City of Columbus, on SATURDAY, the 3d of AUGUST, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention on the 7th of August, to nominate a State ticket.

The following is the number of delegates allotted to each ward, based upon the vote cast for Supreme Judge in 1860, allowing one for each fifty, and an additional delegate for each fraction of twenty-five votes so cast:

1st Ward,	7	Hamilton Tp.	3
2d "	5	Mifflin "	3
3d "	5	Washington "	3
4th "	6	Madison "	7
5th "	13	Blendon "	2
Montgomery Tp	6	Norwich "	3
Truro "	4	Jefferson "	4
Prairie "	3	Jackson "	6
Clinton "	3	Sharon "	2
Pleasant "	3	Franklin "	5
Brown "	1	Plain "	4
Perry "	4		

WM. DOMIGAN, H. S. HIGH,
H. W. MILLER, WM. COOPER,
JOHN M. PUGH, J. BULEN,
J. REINHARD, ALEX. THOMPSON,
SAM'L DOYLE, JAMES HORLOCKER,
R. PICKEREL,
County Central Committee.

ATTENTION VEDETTES No. 2.—All persons knowing themselves to be members of the "Columbus Vedettes No. 2," are hereby ordered to appear at their Armory on Town street, at 8½ o'clock on Monday evening next, July 29th, for the transaction of very important business.

By order of the Commandant

Jly24-4t.

☞ Major General JOHN C. FREMONT visited Camp Chase yesterday morning. He was received by officers and men with due honor, and after having viewed the troops and their quarters, he returned to the city. After spending a few hours with Governor DENNISON at his residence, General FREMONT and lady took their departure for the West.

BOY SOLDIER DISCHARGED.—MICHAEL BURNS, a boy a few days past thirteen years of age, who had enlisted, without his father's knowledge or consent, and was a fifer in Company G, Captain H. TERRY, of the Twenty fourth Regiment now at Camp Chase, was, on the application of his father, PATRICK BURNS, of Erie county, yesterday discharged from the service by Judge ALDRICH, on *habeas corpus*.

☞ Yesterday evening, we stepped into the Grocery establishment of WM. H. RESTIEAUX, 106 South High street, below State, and were taken through the four stories of his building, which are well filled with a large, choice and admirably arranged stock of every sort of goods in this line of business. Mr. RESTIEAUX has been fortunate in laying in a large assortment of such goods early in the season, at comparatively moderate rates, which enables him to furnish his customers with the best and the cheapest at once.

☞ The following named delegates were elected in the Fourth Ward to meet in Township Convention this (Thursday) evening, July 25th, to nominate a candidate for Justice: John Weaver, O. P. Hines, S. Bacher, H. Wilson, F. Fornof, H. Wetzel and John Philips.

☞ The Sixteenth Indiana Regiment, Col. HACKEMAN, numbering 980 men, passed through this city, yesterday, on their way, it was said, to Washington.

THE FOURTEENTH REGIMENT.—This Regiment of three months' volunteers, under the command of Col. STEADMAN, passed through this city yesterday afternoon, on their return home from Western Virginia, their term of enlistment having expired. They are principally from Toledo and the surrounding country.

The officers and men of this regiment have seen hard service, but have borne themselves nobly and gallantly. They have been in several skirmishes, as at Phillippi, at Laurel Hill, Cheat River, and other places, and have had to undergo severe and protracted marches over mountain heights and across deep ravines and gorges, encountering the chills of the mountain air at night, and the intense heat of the sun by day. Yet though their faces are tanned and bronzed, the men look hardy and robust.

The Regiment comes back with only fourteen of its original number missing—five of whom were killed. They bring with them various trophies taken from the secessionists, as flags, swords, etc. Ohio has reason to be proud of the brave boys composing the Fourteenth, and of their efficient field and company officers.

☞ A writer in the Zanesville *Courier* advocates the establishment of a National Armory at that point.

CLOTHING CONTRACTS.—U. S. Quarter Master DICKINSON, on the 23d inst., awarded contracts for thirty thousand suits of army clothing, all to be manufactured in Cincinnati, and delivered within fifteen days.

The contracts are with

H. Mack & Bros	10,000 Suits.
Heidelbach, Sesengood & Co	10 000 "
Stadler Brothers	2,000 "
Cohen, Guiterman & Co	3,000 "
Between several of the Manufacturers	5,000 "
Total	30,000 Suits.

The *Commercial* mentions that MACK & BROS. have contracted with the Columbus mills for fifty thousand yards of cloth for army overcoats, to be delivered at the rate of one thousand yards per day.

☞ The Commissioners of Hamilton County have fixed upon the following rules as the amount of relief to be granted to the families of volunteers, in the several cases named:

Wife without children	$1 00 per week.
Wife with one child	1 25 " "
Wife with two or three children	1 50 " "
Wife with four or five children	2 00 " "
Dependent parent	1 00 " "

THE SCOTCH THISTLE.

When the stealthily approaching Dane stepped upon the thistle, he cried out with pain, and the Scottish camp was saved. Let all who have been injured by poisonous compounds of Saleratus give the alarm, and save the community. PYLE'S DIETETIC SALERATUS is pure and safe. Depot, 345 Washington street, New York.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Killed and Missing—Mr. Breckinridge.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Information reached here this morning that the Confederate pickets extended to where Gen. Tyler formerly encamped, in the neighborhood of Fall's Church.

The most serious apprehension is still felt for Hon. Alfred Ely.

Maj. Bidwell, of the 1st Michigan Regiment, who assumed the command of the regiment after Col. Wilcox fell, is busily engaged in gathering up his men. He estimates that 30 or 40 will cover the killed, and double that number the wounded in his regiment.

The business of the War Department to-day is remarkably heavy. Telegraphic dispatches heavily accumulate, the senders tendering troops in surprising numbers. Illinois has offered 17, and Indiana 10 regiments. Some of them have already started, and others will be en route to-morrow. Ambulances, containing the wounded, continue to arrive.

A Times dispatch says our loss and wounded will not exceed 500, though the missing will be three times that number.

The surgeon in charge of the hospital at Centerville, states that when he left there yesterday morning, the rebel pickets were within a hundred rods of the village. There were 120 in the hospital when he retired.

During the fight the Rebels carried American flags to deceive our men. The rebels' sharp shooters also fired on the vivandiers who were carrying water to the wounded. The rebels also shot at the ambulances which were bringing off the wounded. They also fired point blank at the hospital buildings, and it is said by some that they fired the building.

Senator Breckinridge visited the rebel prisoners at Fairfax Court House and Centerville, and does not, in his interviews with them, conceal his sympathies with them and their cause.

The Tribune's dispatches say that Capt. Seymour, of Anderson's command in Sumter, was actively engaged yesterday in disposing the artillery in defensive works in Virginia to the best advantage.

Several fresh regiments were posted in the intrenchments, lying on their arms all night, but nothing was seen of the rebels, who have not ventured beyond Centerville.

It is reported to-day that the rebels evacuated Manassas and were moving towards Richmond. Towards noon large trains of baggage wagons were seen going towards Manassas from the enemy's lines, showing that they were at that time preparing for a backward movement.

The Intelligencer this morning says, we learn that two officers in Ellsworth's Zouaves arrived here last night, one of whom left Centerville at 4 P. M., the other Fairfax Court House at 12 M. They both report that up to that time, at these respective points, no secession forces had appeared, a fact which would seem sufficiently to indicate that it is no part of their purpose to undertake anything like an advance towards Washington. Affairs wear a more cheerful aspect to-day.

Fresh troops are continually arriving. Baggage wagons and commissariat supplies seem to be as plentiful as heretofore, and altogether there is a gathering up of army fragments.

In the present confused condition of affairs it is impossible to procure full lists of the killed and wounded. There cannot be any official report giving the information. The names of such, however, as can be reliably ascertained, are transmitted as soon as received.

Men ordered to Washington—The 69th re-enlists for the War—Col. Wilcox reported Killed.

[Herald's Dispatches.]

WASHINGTON, July 23.—About 20,000 men have been ordered here from the different States, to which the Governors of several States of New England and New York respond nobly.

The President and Secretary Seward visited the fortifications on the Virginia side to-day, and were received by the gallant 69th with the greatest enthusiasm. The President asked them if they intended to re-enlist. They replied yes if the President desired. He announced emphatically that he did, and wrote them a letter complimenting them on their brave and heroic conduct and expressing the hope that the whole regiment would re-enlist. This was received with cheers, and a determination expressed to go in for the war and to stand by the Government and flag forever.

The barbarities practiced by the rebels at the battle of Bull Run are unparalleled. A private in the 1st Connecticut Regiment found a wounded rebel lying in the sun, and he carried him gently to the shade and gave him a drink from his canteen. The rebel revived and deliberately shot his benefactor. Another instance where a number of our wounded had been placed together in the shade, were deliberately fired upon by the rebel cavalry.

The Michigan regiments at one time marched up to the heaviest of the rebel batteries, which had been several times unsuccessfully charged by the New York Fire Zouaves. They were subjected to a terrible fire by artillery and rifles. They, as well as the Zouaves, were without support, and after three ineffectual attempts were compelled to abandon the effort to take the battery in this case.

Col. Wilcox, who was reported wounded and taken prisoner, is reported killed. The total number killed of the regiment is estimated at 40. It is the general opinion of nearly all the officers that the loss of the enemy was nearly twice as great as ours.

Missouri Union Convention.

JEFFERSON CITY, July 23.—The State Convention passed a resolution this morning by 45 to 21, declaring the office of the President of the Convention, held by General Sterling Price at the last session, vacant. General Robert Wilson, former Vice President, was unanimously elected President. He is a staunch Union man.

A motion was made to declare the office of Daniel Keefer vacant, as he was elected as a Union man at the late session of the Convention and has since edited a secession paper.

Uriel Wright made a violent disunion speech, denouncing the Administration as revolutionary, despotic, and usurping unwarrantable powers, and denouncing the Union leaders in St. Louis and the State. The matter was referred to a committee of three.

A committee of seven was appointed, one from each Congressional District, whose duty it is to report to the Convention what action they deem it advisable to take in the present distracted condition of the State. The following gentlemen were elected, all Union men: In order from the 1st to the 7th Congressional District—Messrs. Broadhead, Henderson, W. A. Hall, W. P. Hall, W. Douglas, Hendricks, and Bagg. Adjourned till 3 o'clock P. M.

At the afternoon session Ex-Gov. Stewart offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention the Executive Department of the State has expatriated itself.

He spoke in favor of the Convention going to work to fill the vacancy. Referred to the committee of seven appointed this morning.

On motion the Convention adjourned until to-morrow morning.

JEFFERSON CITY, July 24.—In the Convention this morning, Mr. Walk introduced a resolution to the effect that any change in the Executive or Government of the State by the present Convention would not conduce to the welfare of Missouri. The resolution was strongly debated and finally referred to the committee of seven chosen to report what action this Convention shall take. Had a vote been taken, it would have been lost.

After some other unimportant business the Convention adjourned till to-morrow morning.

The Convention is waiting for the report of the committee of seven, which represents every Congressional District of the State, before taking any action. It will report to-morrow.

The State Government in the Executive Department will be re-organized it is thought, and the present incumbents removed.

[Special to the Commercial Advertiser.]

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The body of Colonel Cameron, of the 19th Regiment, and brother of the Secretary of War, has not been recovered by the messenger sent to obtain it. It is reported that the house in which it was deposited was burned, and it is feared that the body is reduced to ashes in the conflagration.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Prussian officers have gone to Washington to tender their services to the Government.

A special dispatch says the nomination of Connolly for Governor of New Mexico was rejected by the Senate.

From New Mexico.

INDEPENDENCE, MO., July 23.—The Santa Fe Mail and Carson City Express arrived yesterday with dates to July 7th from Santa Fee, and July 11th from Canon City. Business in New Mexico dull.

From Arizona we learn that the Palo Alto mines are being worked very successfully, and at a clearing up of a rostras the amount of quartz obtained was very rich and of such a character as to encourage the operators to more diligent labor.

Granville Overy is a candidate for the Confederate Congress, from the Messilla Valley.

News from Canon City unimportant.

Passengers by the stage were Hon. John S. Watts, J. E. Buro, of New York city, J. M. Jackson, of Arizona, and Jack McDonald, of the Rocky Mountains.

Rains were more abundant than usual at this season. At the base of the Rocky Mountains and on the plains the roads were very bad, but, notwithstanding, the stage came in ahead of time, as it has heretofore done.

The whole tribe of Kiowa Indians were west of Pawnee Fork, about 60 miles on their road to Fort Wise to meet their agent and receive their pensions. They were friendly.

We are gratified to learn that the accident which Mr. Andrew Stewart met with at Council Grove, is not of such a serious nature as was at first anticipated, and that he will soon be able to resume his journey.

The proprietors of that line are beginning to reap the reward of their energy and determined purpose of carrying the mails and passengers through to New Mexico and Pike's Peak in double quick time.

Arrival of the Arabia.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The Arabia, from Liverpool on the 13th and Queenstown on the 14th inst., arrived this afternoon.

LIVERPOOL, July 13.—Advices from Manchester are favorable. Market firm, but business checked in consequence of the firmness of holders.

Wakefield, Nash & Co., and Richardson, Spence & Co. report flour dull and American at 25s@28s. Wheat dull and 2d@5d lower for red Western; 9s 6d@11s for red Southern; 11s @11s 6d for white. Corn quiet and less firm; mixed 28s 6d@29s; yellow 29s@29s 6d.—Weather unsettled and wet.

The same authorities report beef firmer and fine qualities advanced 2s 5d. Pork steady. Bacon dull. Lard steady and more doing; sales at 48s 6d@50s. Tallow dull at 47s 6d@50s.

The Brokers' Circular reports coffee quiet and rice steady.

LONDON MARKET.—Barings Brothers' circular reports wheat steady and firm. Flour dull at 26s@27s 6d. Sugars firm and 6d higher. Coffee firm. Rice quiet and unchanged. Common Congo tea 11d@18½d.

The same circular reports an improved demand for U. S. 5's at 72.

Prince Napoleon and wife would sail from Lisbon on the 8th, for New York.

The Archbishop of Ferrara, Cardinal Valcinilia, is likely to succeed in the Papal Chair in case of the Pope's death.

The Sultan of Turkey has dismissed his seraglio and retains only one wife.

The latest price of Illinois Central shares was 37½@38 discount; Erie 21½@22; New York Central 69@71.

HAVRE MARKET, July 11.—Cotton quiet, but firm, with more buyers than sellers.

LIVERPOOL, July 14.—Flour quiet. Wheat firm, owing to wet weather. Corn firm at the extreme prices of Friday. Provisions quiet.

LONDON, July 13.—Consols closed at 90@90⅛ for money, 90¼@90¾ for account.

FORT KEARNEY, July 23.—The Poney Express passed here at 11 o'clock p. m., on the 22d, with San Francisco dates up to the 10th.

Gov. Nye entered on his official duties as Governor of Nevada Territory, at Carson City, yesterday. He made a speech and created a favorable impression.

Intelligence received here by way of Los Angelos, the 11th, from the vicinity of the new silver and tin mines in Southern California, represents a state of society among the miners as bordering on savage lawlessness.

At one camp in Holcomb Valley, a desperate fight, in which eight or ten persons were wounded, is stated to have occurred. The party of secessionists which left Los Angelos and went to the South, overland, not long since, in company with Gen. Johnston, had been heard from on the Colorado, which they had crossed going east.

The names of six or seven men, of some little prominence, have been published as belonging to this party; and it is presumed that not many more than that number left, although some accounts state that eight or ten men started together.

An Important Movement at Old Point Checked by the Bull Run Disaster.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 23.—An important movement from Old Point was to have taken place to-day, but has been deferred in consequence of the sad and unfortunate news from Washington.

Our troops are impatient to avenge the disasters at Great Bethel and Bull Run.

The gun boat Penguin, stationed at Newport News, yesterday allowed a heavily laden schooner from Norfolk to pass up James River. She was probably loaded with cannon, destined for Richmond. Only six shots were fired at her. The Confederates in the vicinity are allowed to do quite as they please.

Ammunition for the Seat of War—A Gun Boat Engages a Rebel Battery.

BOSTON, July 24.—200 tons of powder and one million ball cartridges were sent from Watertown arsenal yesterday for the seat of war.

A letter received from New Bedford states that the gun boat Massachusetts had a two hours' engagement on the 9th, with a rebel battery on Ship Island, at the mouth of the Mississippi.—The range was too great for effectual service. The Massachusetts was slightly damaged in the rigging.

From Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, July 23.—Advices from Northern Missouri are to this effect: Sunday morning a body of Col. Smith's Missouri Zouaves, went to Danville and arrested four men who had been engaged in hanging Colonel Sharp and Lieut. Jaeger. They took them to the outskirts of the town and shot them.

One of them, Robert Jerrill, was a lawyer, and formerly editor of the Danville Herald.—Two men, concerned in the same outrage, were shot near Mexico, in Brain county, by a company of cavalry under Capt. Smith.

Four others escaped on horseback. One of those shot was Capt. Cámary.

A rebel at Mexico, named Meultrie, reports fully seven thousand troops stationed at different points north of the Missouri river. It is reported that a large body of rebels from southeast Missouri, are marching on Pilot Knob, the southern terminus of the Iron Mountain Railroad, and that Colonel Bland, stationed at that point, has sent here for reinforcements.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—It is now well ascertained that the killed will fall short of one thousand.

Col. Eristein, of the Pennsylvania 26th Regiment, returned to the battle-field about eleven o'clock Sunday night and brought off six pieces of artillery, which he delivered to the commanding officers on the Potomac yesterday evening. He reports that the field was clear and not an enemy in sight.

The President and Secretary of War are vigorously at work reorganizing a powerful army.

Within the last six hours over 6,000 fresh men, with a number of batteries of artillery, have been accepted.

A number of regiments have arrived. Every day will bring immense reinforcements to the National Capital.

Ten new regiments will be in Baltimore by this evening.

The response from every quarter has been most gratifying and truly patriotic.

Captain Tyler received a letter this morning from Captain Gibson, of the Franklin Brigade, dated at Centerville, asking for horse-fodder, from which it appears our troops are still there.

BALTIMORE, July 23.—The Massachusetts 6th Regiment, at the Relay House, have re-enlisted.

Marshal Kane is reported as lying at the Fort with fever.

This afternoon Dr. Bell, of Prince George county, Md., was arrested in Washington on the charge of uttering treasonable language against the Government. He would have been hung by the mob but for the active interference of several United States officers.

Missouri Regiments Organizing for Three Years.

ST. LOUIS, July 23.—A Springfield correspondent of the Democrat, under date of 20th, writes as follows:

Colonels Sigel and Solomon are reorganizing their regiments for the three years' service, receiving many recruits from this vicinity. The entire force now here is over 8000, nearly all of whom will re-enlist for three years.

Gen. Sweeney, with a force of 1,200 men, started to-day for Forsyth, on White River, in Toney county.

The balance of Gen. Lyon's command left Camp Sigel, twelve miles northwest of here, to-day, and will go into camp at Little York, ten miles west, on the Mount Vernon road. Other offensive movements will be made next week.

McCulloch is still at Camp Walker, Ark., with 5000 well armed troops. Jackson is some 12 or 15 miles this side with 10,000 poorly armed and undisciplined men.

Forty-nine men from Carroll and Mason counties, Ark., arrived here on Thursday last and enlisted for three years.

The Home Guards here have been relieved of active duty, and are now harvesting their crops.

Much complaint is made at the tardiness with which our troops are supplied with the necessary stores and provisions.

List of the Wounded that have been brought in.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The following wounded have been brought to the hospital at Georgetown: J. B. Gilmore, 1st Minnesota; Thomas Dengman, 2d Michigan; Henry McCullum, G. Walsen, J. Hammery, A. Bugby or Brisby, W. Roure, C. C. Davis, Lieutenant Meridan, of Wisconsin; O. S. Maynard, H. Ginley, C. A. Garren, R. J. Simpson, William Fuller, L. M. Preston, J. Warden, G. Maynard, G. D. Bayham, W. L. Linch, S. M. Bond, Harvey McDaniel, Cornelius Scheyvin, W. B. Datcher and C. A. Keys, of the 2d Wisconsin; Lieutenant Lovian, of Sherman's battery, painfully wounded in the foot.

Most of the wounded are doing well. Also in the hospital: M. L. Phelps, 2d Wisconsin; E. B. Simonds, 1st Minnesota; William Siegler, 1st Michigan; Thomas W. Counis and Thomas Crestly, 2d Wis.

Loss in Ohio Regiments—Gen. McClellan.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Ten prisoners were brought in to-day. They were Georgians and South Carolinians.

Gen. McClellan is expected to morrow.

Balls found on the battle field show rebel arms of English manufacture.

Some of the light batteries and single pieces of cannon are being sent in, among them the rifled 32 pounders left on the field.

The entire loss—killed, wounded and missing—in the Ohio First and Second Regiments is reported to be forty.

WASHINGTON, July 23—Midnight.—Gen. Tyler is in the city to-night. He says he knows nothing about Federal troops throwing up intrenchments at Centerville.

Gen. Lee going to Lynchburg.

BALTIMORE, July 23.—A special dispatch to the Tribune says letters have been received from Richmond communicating intelligence that Gen. Lee left that city on the 18th inst., with a large force for Lynchburg, on his way to intercept Gen. McClellan.

Fire Zouaves.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The utmost excitement continues to exist in Alexandria. The citizens anticipate an advance of the rebels within 48 hours.

But fifty of Captain Leveridge's Fire Zouaves, Company E, have returned out of ninety-seven.

It is asserted that there are no Federal troops either at or south of Fairfax Court House.

NEWBURYPORT, July 24.—A vessel just arrived reports being chased three hours on Saturday by a privateer, undoubtedly the Jeff. Davis.

[Special to the Post.]

WASHINGTON, July 24.—It is rumored that a duel will occur between Burnett and Richardson. Friends are trying to arrange the matter.

Gen. Wadsworth arrived from Fairfax Court House, where he remained to care for the wounded, and reports the rebel forces coming on. Our troops are only out as far as Bull's Cross Roads.

Large numbers of our scouts are out in all directions.

A slave escaped from the rebels says 90,000 rations were issued at Manassas on Sunday.

The Five Millions Loan.

NEW YORK, July 24.—The subscription list of the five millions dollars loan on 60 days Treasury notes at par, footed up early this morning over three millions of dollars. It is supposed that the entire amount would be taken before the close of the day. The Assistant Treasurer did not urge the matter during the excitement of yesterday and the subscriptions since Monday at noon have nearly all been voluntarily made.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—A special dispatch to the Tribune says the report that the rebels shelled and burned Ludley Church, used as a hospital by our troops, is confirmed, as also the fact that the wounded found on the road were bayoneted by the rebels.

Thirty-Seventh Congress—Extra Session.

WASHINGTON, July 24.

HOUSE.—Mr. Elliott, from the committee on Commerce, reported a bill, which was passed, authorizing the President, by and with the advice of the Senate, to appoint consuls at any foreign ports where he may deem it advisable, for preventing piracy, at a salary not exceeding $1,500 per annum, their offices to cease when internal peace shall be restored.

Mr. Sedgwick, from the committee on Naval Affairs, reported a bill authorizing the appointment of an Assistant Secretary of the Navy, at a salary of $3,000 per annum. Passed. Also, Senate bill providing for an increase of the medical corps of the Navy. Passed.

Mr. Blair, from the committee on Military Affairs, reported Senate bill authorizing the President to accept the services of 500,000 volunteers. Passed.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, July 24.

The buoyant feeling which has characterized business amongst the grocers, during the last week, has somewhat subsided. To-day's trade was not heavy, and that there should be something of a pause in the active movement of the leading staples is to be expected. Jobbers have taken stocks freely, and good sales have been made to outside purchasers, so that the first effect of proposed modifications in the tariff of sugars, teas and coffee, has, in some measure, been anticipated. Sugars are quoted at 7¾@8¾c for fair to prime; coffee at 14¾@15¾c for fair and prime; molasses at 31@32c. These figures represent the working condition of the market in round lots. Some of the dealers, strong in faith, hold at higher figures.

FLOUR—The trade is, as during this long time past, confined almost entirely to a regular consumptive demand. This varies but little, of course, in amount one week with another, and prices are kept very steady, notwithstanding the fact that the stock is very light—perhaps lighter than ever before at this season of the year. The demand runs upon the best grades and keeps them relatively higher than the low. We quote superfine at $3 75; extra, $4; family, $4 25@4 50.

WHEAT—There has been some demand for wheat from abroad during the week, which has contributed a little to the support of the market here, since our local millers are nearly all idle. To-day the market was again easier, particularly for new, old being scarce. New red was quoted at 70c; old at 75@80c; white new at 85c, and old at 90c. There is less activity in prime Kentucky white than usual at this season of the year, from interior millers. A sale of it was made to day at 90c.

CORN—Has got to 28c as a set figure again.

OATS—Were in large receipt to-day, and will not bring over 23c in bulk.

BARLEY—Has no market.

RYE—Sells occasionally at 40c, but it is in very limited request.

WHISKY—Commanded 13c very readily to-day.

Commercial.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, July 23, 1861.

FLOUR—Sales of 60 bbls red double extra at $4 37½, and 40 bbls family extra at $4 50.

WHEAT—Unchanged; sales of 3 cars new at 86c, and 3 cars old at 90c, all on track.

CORN—Quiet at 30c—no sales.

OATS—Quiet at 22c.

HIGHWINES—Sales of 44 bbls at 14c, and 50 do at 14½c.

EGGS—Dull at 8c. The market remains dull at that figure.

DRIED APPLES—Sale of 55 bbls at 3c.

Leader.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.

FLOUR—Quiet; extra family at $5@5 50.

WHEAT—In demand; red, $1 15; white at $1 20 in store.

WHISKY—At 16½c.

COLUMBUS POST OFFICE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

DEPARTURES.

Mails for New York City, Boston, Albany, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Steubenville way, Cleveland, Zanesville, Newark, Granville, Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New Orleans, close daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock p. m.

A through mail for New York and Cleveland closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

C. C. & C. R. R. Way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Central Ohio Way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 10 o'clock a. m.

Cincinnati Way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at o'clock a. m.

Chicago, Dubuque, Delaware, Marion and Worthington Mails closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Mails for Xenia, Springfield, Dayton, Toledo, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis, and Detroit, closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock p. m.

A through mail to Xenia, Springfield and Cincinnati closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 10 o'clock a. m.

Urbana, Piqua, Tiffin and Union City mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock p. m.

Lancaster, Logan, Nelsonville, Circleville, Chillicothe, Portsmouth, Washington C. H., Athens, Marietta and Hillsborough mails close daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock p. m.

East Way Mail by National Road to Zanesville closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 12 o'clock m.

Harrisburgh Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Mt. Vernon Mail, by way of Westerville and Sunbury, closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Dublin Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock p. m.

Lancaster Way Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at o'clock p. m.

ARRIVALS.

Mails from New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Dayton, Toledo, Xenia, Detroit, Springfield, Cincinnati, Chillicothe, St. Louis, and all Southern cities, arrive between the hours of 9 o'clock p. m. and 4 o'clock a. m.

Mails from Indianapolis, Chicago and Dubuque arrive at 3:40 a. m.

Mails from Washington City, Baltimore, Wheeling, Zanesville, Newark, Steubenville, Mt. Vernon, and the C. O. R. R. Way Mail, arrive at 12 o'clock m.

Way Mail from Cincinnati arrives at 3 o'clock p m.

Lancaster Mail arrives at 9 o'clock p. m.

East Way Mail over the National Road arrives at 11 o'clock a. m.

Mt. Vernon Way Mail arrives at 11:00 a. m.

Mail from Dublin arrives at 12 o'clock m.

Urbana Way Mail arrives at 9 o'clock p. m.

Harrisburgh Mail arrives at 11 o'clock a. m.

Lancaster Way Mail arrives at 12 o'clock m

Office delivery open every day (except Sunday) from 7 o'clock a. m. to 8 o'clock p. m. Open on Sundays from 7½ to 9 o'clock in the morning, and from 5 to 6 o'clock in the evening.

JOHN GRAHAM, P. M.

Rail Road Time Table.

LITTLE MIAMI & COLUMBUS & XENIA R. R.

	Leaves.	Arrives
Cincinnati Accommodation	5:00 A. M.	9:10 P. M.
" Express	11:40 A. M.	11:03 A. M.
Mail and Accommodation	9:10 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
Night Express via Dayton	12:00 midnight	3:20 A. M.

JNO. W. DOHERTY, Agent.

COLUMBUS & CLEVELAND R. R.

Night Express	3:40 A. M.	11:15 P. M.
New York Express	11:10 A. M.	10:50 A. M.
C. O. & C. Way Express	2:30 P. M.	7:30 P. M.

JAMES PATTERSON, Agent.

CENTRAL OHIO R. R.

No. 3 Express	3:30 A. M.	11:25 A. M.
No. 5 do	2:15 P. M.	11:45 A. M.

W. J. PELL, Agent.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.

Mail Train	3 30 A. M.	11:25 A. M.
Express Train	11:25 A. M.	8:45 P. M

JOS. ROBINSON, Agent.

COLUMBUS & INDIANOPOLIS, R. R.
(COLUMBUS PIQUA & INDIANA R. R.)

No. 1 Express	6:20 A. M.	2:00 P. M
No. 2 "	3:00 P. M.	8:45 P. M.
Accommodation		10:50 A. M.

C. W. SMITH, Agent.

E. M'COLLISTER.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
TOBACCO, SNUFF & CIGARS
No. 25 Fifth Street,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.
Keep constantly on hand all the various BRANDS of
Imported Cigars.
Oct 25 1yd

SPRING CLOAKS AND BASQUINES! NEW STYLES—Bain & Son, No. 29 South High street, have just opened new styles of CLOTH CIRCULARS, BASQUINES and BACQUES, made in the newest and most stylish manner. Also. Superb Plain Black Silks, very heavy, designed expressly for Mantillas and Basquines. april15

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ASTHMA. For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint use

ENDT'S
BRONCHIAL CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 Nassau St., N. Price $1 per box; sent free by post.
FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS
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BONNETS, RIBBONS TABS, AND RUCHES, new styles, just opened by BAIN & SON, april15 No. 29 South High street.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

The Public Works of Ohio.

OFFICE OF THE LESSEES OF THE PUBLIC WORKS, COLUMBUS, June 13, 1861.

THE undersigned having become the Lessees of the Public Works of Ohio, under the act of May 8, 1861, and having entered into the possession of said Works, hereby give notice that in operating under said lease, and discharging their duties under the same, the business will be transacted with the public through agents appointed by the Lessees, under such rules, regulations, restrictions and limitations, as shall be prescribed for their government.

Those Agents for the present, will consist of one General Agent, a Treasurer and Secretary, for the Central Office of the Lessees at Columbus; and the necessary number of Superintendents of Repairs and Collectors of Tolls on the several Works embraced in the lease.

The General Agent shall be the principal executive officer of the Lessees, and shall have charge of the general business office at Columbus. He shall have supervision over the business of the Lessees with the public, and as such agent shall execute all contracts, except those for labor and materials connected with the ordinary repairs of the several Works, and he shall audit and settle all accounts.

The duties of the Treasurer and Secretary shall be such as are usually discharged by similar officers in other cases.

The Superintendents of Repairs shall, on their respective divisions, have power to employ and discharge all subordinates and laborers, and to purchase all tools and materials necessary in the ordinary repair of such division, and the same shall be under their special direction and management.

The Collectors of Tolls, Water Rents and Fines, are invested with all the authority and power, provided in the laws of the State and the regulations of the Board of Public Works, made for that purpose, when such Collectors acted under appointment and authority from the State.

No individual member of the Lessees shall have the right to transact business in the name of the Lessees, with any person or persons, in any other manner than through the appointed agents, unless specially authorized by the Lessees so to do; nor shall any one of the appointed agents have authority to transact any business in the name of the Lessees, except in the particular branch of the business confided to him, and subject to the restrictions and limitations of his agency.

No authority to borrow money on the credit of the Lessees, shall ever exist in any Lessee, agent or other employee of the Lessees, unless the same shall be conferred by a unanimous vote of the Lessees, at a regular meeting, and the amount so authorized to be borrowed specified in the order and entered on the journal.

GEO. W. MANYPENNY is the General Agent of the Lessees, BENJAMIN E. SMITH, Treasurer, and JOHN JOYCE, Secretary.

The Superintendents of Repairs are:

On the M. & E. Canal and W. B. & M. Road—JOSEPH COOPER, THOMAS BROWN, WM. J. JACKSON and ABNER L. RACKUS.

On the Ohio, Walhonding and Hocking Canals and the Muskingum Improvement—ROBERT H. NUGENT, THOMAS MILLER, DENNIS MCCARTHY, SYLVESTER MEDBERY and EDWARD BALL.

The Collectors on the Canals, Muskingum Improvement and National Road, are the same that were in the service of the State at the time of the execution of the Lease; but all the aforesaid agents hold their appointments at the pleasure and option of the Lessees.

KENT JARVIS,
JOSEPH COOPER,
WM. J. JACKSON,
ARNOLD MEDBERY,
THOMAS MOORE,
THOMAS BROWN,
Lessees of the Public Works.

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SOMETHING NEW.

HOWARD & CO'S. AMERICAN WATCHES.

CALL AT NO. 83, SOUTH HIGH ST., and examine our new make of

AMERICAN WATCHES,

manufactured by E. HOWARD & CO., Boston, Mass. These Watches are far superior to anything ever offered to the public, heretofore. Having the exclusive agency, I can sell them at prices to suit the times. I have just received a large stock of

AMERICAN WATCHES,

manufactured by APPLETON, TRACY, & CO.; also, a fine assortment of

ENGLISH AND SWISS WATCHES,

in Gold and Silver Cases, at Panic prices.

jan23 W. J. SAVAGE.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and

RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH, of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW:" after ten years' experience, AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURS