The Ohio Statesman

MANYPENNY & MILLER, Publishers.

GEO. W. MANYPENNY, Editor.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUG. 28, 1861.

Democratic Union Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. J. Jewett,

Of Muskingum.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

John G. Marshall,

Of Brown.

SUPREME JUDGE,

THOMAS J. S. SMITH,

Of Montgomery.

TREASURER OF STATE,

GEORGE W. HOLMES,

Of Hamilton.

SECRETARY OF STATE,

WILLIAM W. ARMSTRONG,

Of Seneca.

COMPTROLLER,

EWAYNE GRISWOLD,

Of Pickaway.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,

JABEZ W. FITCH,

Of Cuyahoga.

THE OHIO STATESMAN

For the Campaign.

We will furnish the different issues of the Ohio Statesman, during the Campaign, as follows:

The Daily Statesman, per month, at ..... 50 cents.
The Tri-Weekly Statesman, per month, at ..... 25 "

Either of the above issues will be furnished for one or more months, in clubs or single copies, at the above rates.

The Weekly Ohio Statesman will be furnished as follows:

In clubs of 5 copies, for two months $1.00
In clubs of 11 copies, for two months 2.00
In clubs of 20 copies, for two months 3.00
In clubs of 40 copies, for two months 7.00

The two months' Clubs will cover the period of the Campaign, and thus place our MAMMOTH WEEKLY in the hands of all who want it, as a Campaign paper, on very reasonable terms.

Let the friends of the good cause—the true Union men of Ohio—go to work, and spread the

CAMPAIGN STATESMAN

all over the State. We expect to make it an efficient aid in the good work of the redemption of the State of Ohio. Let it be well circulated.

August 30, 1861.

Business Notice.

The recent order from the Postoffice Department cancelling the postage stamps of the old issue will render it impossible for such stamps to be hereafter received at this office, in payment of dues.

August 24, 1861.

Union Democratic State Executive Committee.

This body met in this city on yesterday evening, and elected SAMUEL MEDARY Chairman and AMOS LAYMAN Secretary.

Candidate for Lieutenant-Governor.

The Union Democratic State Central Committee met in this city yesterday and nominated JOHN G. MARSHALL, Esq., of Brown county, as the Union Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, to fill the vacancy on the ticket occasioned by the declination of JOHN S. HARRISON.

Mr. MARSHALL was formerly an old line Whig, but did not take an active part in politics until the rise and supremacy of Abolitionism in the Republican party. In the last canvass he took an active part, and made many very able speeches on the side of the Democracy. He is a good lawyer, a sound Union Democrat, an honest man, and will make an excellent presiding officer of the Senate.

Before adjournment, the Committee passed the following resolution:

Resolved, by the Democratic State Central Committee of the State of Ohio, That we have observed with astonishment the efforts of the Executive of the United States, through his agents within the free States, to abridge the constitutional right of free speech and a free press, as essential in a free government to the maintenance of liberty, by attempting the suppression of Democratic newspapers, either directly or by illegally prohibiting their transmission through the mails; and that we have read with indignation of the assaults by mobs upon Democratic citizens and Democratic presses, under the false and impudent pretense that they are "secessionists and traitors," or support the cause of secession and treason, and that the Democracy of Ohio, true to the Union and to the principles of the Constitution, will protect and defend their right to free speech, a free press, free assemblages of the people and a free ballot, by all the legal and constitutional means in their power, against either the illegal and unconstitutional orders and acts of the Executive or violence by mobs.

"A Fellow Feeling Makes Us Wondrous Kind."

The Cincinnati *Gazette*, is rejoicing over the fact that the Southern disunion papers are opposed to the proposition of the Democracy of Ohio, for holding a national Convention. We had no doubt but that this would be the case.—We expected the opposition of the disunionists of the South like the Memphis *Appeal*, and the Abolitionists of the North like the Cincinnati *Gazette*. They are each working for separation; and of course they each oppose any measures that might give the least promise of preserving the Union. The *Gazette* is as rank a disunion paper as the *Appeal*. The *Appeal* avows its design, and the *Gazette* pursues the course to bring it about *certain*, under false colors. It is emphatically a masked battery for the permanent destruction of the Union.

Gen. McClellan.

We see it going the rounds of the papers that Gen. MCCLELLAN has appointed that contemptible abolition demagogue, HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts, to a position in his staff. If we believed it, we should be astonished; but we venture to say that it is not true. We have too much confidence in and respect for Gen. MCCLELLAN to believe that he has committed any such act.

The Journal and the Mac-a-check Press.

Our neighbor of the *Journal* is a cunning dodger. He publishes the first paragraph, and *four* lines and a *half* of the second, of the article from the Mac-a-check *Press*, on the subject of the nomination of a Governor, but carefully excludes that portion in relation to Doctor DORSEY and the traitorism of Democrats, and also that portion which says: "In fact we know of but one man in the Democratic party that we would be willing to trust in the office of Governor in this hour of our country's peril, and that man is JOHN BARCUS."

Why did not the *Journal* publish this? Was it fearful that it would score out of its net some of those who are looking for position?

Suppressing Newspapers.

The New York *Times* publishes a letter from Washington to Philadelphia, "setting forth the following as among the very recent determinations of the Government:"

"The Administration decided to-day to take another step, which will be quite as startling at first as the former, but which is equally founded on sound policy. The Constitution provides for the freedom of speech and of the Press. But it also provides for the privileges of the writ of habeas corpus. It has been found that the safety of the Republic required the suspension of that writ. The Administration is now satisfied that the safety of the Republic requires that those papers in the North which do not yield a hearty support to the Government, and *to all the measures of the Administration*, and which, by their sympathy with the South, nourish at the North a hostile feeling against the Government, shall be warned to desist, and if they persist, shall be suppressed."

That is decidedly refreshing. We must not only "yield a hearty support to the Government," but "to *all* the measures of the Administration;" otherwise the papers not having the stomach for this "shall be suppressed." As to supporting the *Government of our country*, no good Democrat finds any difficulty or embarrassment in this. We have always done this, and always intend to do so; but as to sustaining "*all the measures of the Administration*," that is impossible, without total abasement. That would include supporting the management of the War Department—unless that is not considered a portion of the Government. The Cincinnati *Commercial* publishes a petition, which it says will receive the "signatures of thousands," asking for the removal of Mr. CAMERON, the Secretary of War, which reads as follows:

"To His Excellency, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States:

"The undersigned, anxious that your Administration should in this time of National peril, have the unqualified respect and receive the cordial support of all the friends of the Government; and recognizing (as it is forced upon the attention of all observant citizens) the wide spread and growing want of confidence in the integrity and capacity of the Hon. Simon Cameron, Secretary of War; and believing most earnestly, that the universal popular will and a great public emergency, demand a change which shall place the War Department in the hands of a man whose honesty has never been questioned, and whose capacity is eminent, and has been proven in service, respectfully request and emphatically urge, the removal of Mr. Cameron and the appointment of the Hon. Joseph Holt of Kentucky. This is submitted, without partizan prejudice or personal feeling, with the deepest solicitude for the general welfare, and under the greatest apprehensions that the Republic will suffer irreparable detriment, if you continue in office a Secretary of War whom the people believe unworthy and incapable."

The *Commercial* says:

"This will receive thousands of signatures. We hope that petitions of similar import will be circulated throughout the country. The President must be made understand the popular will in this matter. Not even the defeat of the Southern army of the Potomac would give such confidence and joy to the friends of the Government, as would the removal of Cameron and the appointment of Holt. The pith of the matter is clearly presented in the petition. It is that the *Administration* should be such as to command the respect and support of "*all the friends of the Government*." We would go for the removal of another member of the Cabinet, Gideon Welles, who is of no account whatever, and the appointment of Com. Vanderbilt or some other capable man."

Now the question arises, are the "thousands" who sign this paper, loyal citizens, or are they sympathizers with the rebels? And is the *Commercial* a loyal paper, or will it be suppressed under the rule adopted at Washington? Pennsylvania loyalty consists in supporting Mr. CAMERON and the War Department, and getting fat contracts, and the Pennsylvania loyalists insist that the Republicans who are trying to remove CAMERON are only mad because he has not favored them.

Which is right we cannot determine, not being in the secrets. We do wish, however, that they would soon agree upon which is right so that we shall know which to support to be considered a loyal citizen.

In our simplicity of heart, we had supposed that the Cabinet were a unit, and that the man they call "honest old Abe" was so purely honest that he would not tolerate a man who was not above suspicion. We had understood that he appointed CAMERON, and that he alone could remove him. At least, that was what ANDREW JACKSON did, and would do again; and as Mr. LINCOLN was the "second JACKSON," we had supposed he would do so. But he has not, and he *dare* not remove SIMON CAMERON. Mark that! The New York *Times* don't like the Pennsylvania rule. It says:

"There is obviously an egregious error in this statement of Government purpose. One may support the Government, loyally, honestly and heartily, and yet not support 'all the measures of the Administration.'"

That is just our view of the case.

The *Commercial* not only wants CAMERON removed, but it wants WELLES, the Secretary of the Navy, ousted. In short, it is fighting the Army and Navy of the United States, the former because it is corrupt, and the latter because it is incompetent. If the rebels read the *Commercial*, it being a *Republican* paper, and considered good authority, it will certainly give them great encouragement to know that the Army and Navy are in such hands.

☞ The Cincinnati *Times* "thanks heaven that the people will soon be released from party servility," and this, too, after announcing the fact that there is now to be a *new party* organized. This from the *Times* is exceedingly rich, when we remember that it was the *special pet* organ of a party in Ohio, that required a man in a dark cellar or garret to hold up his hand and take about three *oaths*, that he would not tell that he was a member of such a party, and that he would not vote for any foreign born person, or one professing the Catholic religion, for any office of trust, honor or emolument. The *Times* is a "rich batch."

Mrs. Lincoln.

The lady of the President is represented as enjoying a gay time at Long Branch. Balls, fireworks and other festivities are marking her stay. This "playing Court" at watering places during such serious times as the present, is, to say the least, very unbecoming. We have been led to regard Mrs. Lincoln as a lady of sound sense, and earnestly devoted to the sacred cause in which her husband plays the most important part; but her conduct in this respect is calculated to change the high opinion heretofore entertained. Her place is at the White House, and if her health required recreation, it would have been more becoming in the President's wife, to have taken it, at the present time, quietly and unobtrusively. Grand balls, grand suppers and grand fire-works, in honor of anybody's wife, are just now very much out of place.—*Cincinnati Times.*

We protest against these attacks on the Administration by these organs of the new Republican Union Party. Mr. CAMERON, the Secretary of War, and Mr. WELLES, the Secretary of the Navy, are politically assailed by them, and even Mrs. LINCOLN can't make a visit to the Springs without some ominous meddler sticking in his advice as to where "her place" is. How can it be expected that the President can successfully prosecute this war under such circumstances? Let Mrs. LINCOLN enjoy her "fire-works," "grand balls" and "suppers."

The Secretary of War.

The attacks of the Republican press of the country have at last brought the Pennsylvania plunderers to the rescue of Mr. CAMERON. The Philadelphia *Press*, as is usual with FORNEY when he has access to the crib, advances to the rescue of his boss companion, SIMON. We submit the following from the *Press*, for inspection, to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, St. Louis *Democrat*, Chicago *Tribune*, and all other Republican papers who have been charging the Secretary of War with peculation, fraud and thieving:

THE ATTACKS UPON THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

The assailants of Secretary Cameron, after having made a concentrated movement against him, are beginning to realize the fact that they are committing a grand mistake. Every one of their allegations has fallen to the ground. General denunciation is always a safe refuge for mere partisans, but, when driven to specific charges, their malignity and falsehood are made shamefully apparent. These men should remember that General Cameron is a man of enormous fortune, and, therefore, beyond every motive of cupidity; and that, although in times past a decided and somewhat energetic partisan, he has reached that period of life when the ambition to do right becomes almost a religious duty. It is this feeling that induces him to defy calumny and to challenge investigation. He has manifested a liberality in the dispensation of his patronage to all loyal men, irrespective of party, that, however complained of at the start, is now known to have been productive of the happiest consequences.

There is scarcely a county in the loyal States in which may not be found a number of young Democrats, sons of patriotic fathers, generally in straitened circumstances, upon whom he has conferred commissions in the army. And in doing this he has contrived to take care of his own party by providing for young Republicans. In the matter of contracts, not a contract has been given out by General Cameron which has not met the approbation either of General Scott or the officers of the regular army at the head of the military bureaus.

If General Cameron has committed a mistake, it is because he has yielded too much to the martinets in the regular service, or, as the Washington lobby would have it, "has not been sufficiently attentive to his friends." The result is, that many of those who complain of Cameron are indignant because he has not been able to make them rich. Nobody could be Secretary of War in these times without being subject to the most searching criticism, and as General Cameron has been an active politician, and is as liable to make mistakes as any other man, he ought not to complain if he receives his full share of this kind of hypercriticism.

But journalists should remember, that while a jealous and zealous vigilance should be exercised in regard to all men occupying high positions in a crisis like this, merely malignant antagonism may run to such extremes as to weaken the common cause, and to encourage the common enemy. One thing is sure: No Cabinet minister, in the existing state of the public mind, can commit a flagrant wrong without being detected, denounced, and disgraced—and among the first to assist in the chastisement of such an offender will be the *Press*.

We thought it was strange if FORNEY did not come to the rescue of SIMON. He *knows* SIMON is a pure man, ever since his "enormous fortune" prevented FORNEY from being elected to the United States Senate.

☞ The following items are from the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* of the 25th:

ARREST OF MAYOR BERRET.

The arrest of Mayor Berret and his removal hence produced much sensation, but no surprise, that military measure having previously been expected. It was not for the reason merely that he refused to take the oath of loyalty as an ex officio member of the Board of Police authorized by Congress. There were other grounds, good and sufficient, to the Government for this proceeding. A guard has temporarily been placed over his house, where his family still remain.

The city has been filled with rumors of the arrest of other residents, including gentlemen connected with the War Department; but the result of calm and patient inquiry shows a wonderful facility for sensation inventions, and an unhesitating readiness to believe them. Of the several women recently taken under surveillance is Mrs. Greenow, well known in connection with fashionable circles. She, as well as the others, is accused of giving aid and comfort to the enemy. The Provost Marshal's docket of such cases is not as yet filled.

MRS. MAYOR BERRET.

In addition to the arrests named in previous dispatches, it is stated to-day that Mrs. Mayor Berret is under arrest in her own house. It is certain that there are two officers guarding the house; but the object is probably not to deprive her of her liberty, but to prevent the mayor's private papers from being carried off until they have been examined.

ASSASSINATION OF GENERAL M'CLELLAN CONTEMPLATED.

General McClellan went out seven miles, late last Friday afternoon, to review Major-General Hooker's brigade, returning to the city after dark. During the review a number of secessionists were discovered in ambush and arrested near the road between the troops and the city. It is thought that their object was to assassinate General McClellan when on his way home in the evening. They were placed in the wagons, and under a strong guard were conveyed to the encampment.

ARREST OF MRS. PHILLIPS.

The facts in relation to Mrs. Phillips are, that she has long been known to sympathize with the South, and has been instrumental in aiding the cause of the rebels. That her house, which has been a kind of Southern-mail post-office, may be searched, she has been temporarily deprived of her liberty by being placed under a guard on her own premises. I informed you some time ago that her daughters, on hearing of the fall of Ellsworth, clapped their hands, and the mother joined them in demonstrations of joy, in the presence of the friends of the Union.

Mr. Phillips is a prominent lawyer here, and was a member of the United States House of Representatives from Alabama in the Thirty-fifth Congress.

OUR CAPTURED OFFICERS.—The Hon. Alfred Ely and Colonel Corcoran, with all our officers captured by the rebels, numbering sixty, are at Richmond, confined in a room 60 by 24 feet, in the tobacco warehouse. Mr. Ely and Colonel Corcoran are well. They are all fed on fresh beef and wheat bread. Mr. Wigfall, among others, has visited them. He said that the prisoners might be exchanged if our Government consented—that if we would fight like Christians, they would—if like Comanches, they would fight like Comanches. They have very strong entrenchments two miles this side of Richmond, and between Manassas and Bull Run.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

"Taking like Fire."

The Sandusky *Register*, an abolition paper in Ohio, says: "The Union movement seems to be taking like fire in a dry stubble throughout the State." Fire in a "dry stubble" soon burns out, and leaves the ground black. That is the way the *Republican* fire burned when it was applied, by the abolitionists, to the country in 1854, and its course is marked with desolation. Now everybody—even those who applied the fire, are busy trying to smother and extinguish it, before we are entirely consumed. Throw on the water! don't let it consume the stacks of grain and the fences.

☞ The Cincinnati *Gazette* is wonderfully mild when it puts on its false face to lecture *Democrats* as to their duty in this crisis of our country, but heretofore when it desired to carry an election for the Republicans it was the most vindictive slanderer of the Democrats in the State. The lectures of such a paper deserve to be treated with scorn, and the editor should be scouted for his hypocrisy and presumption. The Democracy of the country know their duty, and dare perform it.

Henry Clay's Views.

The *Tribune* and the Republican press now frequently putting themselves on the record of Abolition, which means Disunion, we fall back upon the following letter from Henry Clay to Rev. Walter Colton, showing the effects of such sentiments upon the Union, the Constitution, the Government, and the laboring people of the free States:

"ASHLAND, Sept. 2, 1843.

"MY DEAR SIR: Allow me to select a subject for one of your tracts, which, treated in your popular and condensed way, I think would be attended with great and good effect. I mean abolition.

"It is manifest that the ultras of that party are extremely mischievous, and are hurrying on the country to fearful consequences. They are not to be conciliated by the Whigs. Engrossed with a single idea, they care for nothing else. They would see the Administration of the Government precipitate the nation into absolute ruin, before they would lend a helping hand to arrest its career. They treat worst and denounce most those who treat them best, who so far agree with them as to admit slavery to be an evil. Witness their conduct toward Mr. Briggs and Mr. Adams in Massachusetts, and toward me.

"I will give you an outline of the manner in which I would handle it. Show the origin of slavery. Trace its introduction to the British Government. Show how it is disposed of by the Federal Constitution; that it is left exclusively to the States, except in regard to fugitives, direct tax and representation. Show that the agitation of the question in the free States, will first destroy all harmony, and finally lead to disunion—perpetual war—the extermination of the African race—ultimate military despotism.

"But the great aim and object of your tract should be to arouse the laboring classes in the free States against abolition. Depict the consequences to them of immediate abolition. The slaves, being free, would be dispersed throughout the Union; they would enter into competition with the free laborers—with the American, the Irish, the German—reduce his wages, be confounded with him, and affect his moral and social standing. And as the ultras go both for abolitionism and amalgamation, show that their object is to unite in marriage the laboring white man and the laboring black woman, to reduce the white laboring man to the despised and degraded condition of the black man."

The Burial of Gen. N. Lyon.

The burial of this distinguished military officer took place at 6½ o'clock P. M., on Tuesday, the 13th inst. He was buried on the farm of the Hon. John S. Phelps, and near his residence. Not one of his officers or soldiers were present, and no friend save Mrs. Phelps. He was buried by a few of the officers of the Missouri State Guard, belonging to Gen. John B. Clark's division. The only persons present were Mrs. Jno. S. Phelps, Capt. H. Boon, Capt. Poindexter, Lieut. Pindar and Dr. Peters. There were only four others present, save two of Mrs. Phelps's male servants. It is supposed that his remains will be taken up and removed to St. Louis.

The Last One Turned Out.

The Detroit *Advertiser*, a Republican paper, thus states a case in that city, and the cause:

REMOVED.—The guillotine has fallen upon the head of T. C. Fitzgibbon, Esq. About a year ago he was appointed a route agent on the Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad, a position which he has filled since with fidelity and entire satisfaction to the Postoffice Department, as we have every reason to believe. He is an Irishman and a Democrat; *but as he was the only one in the State who held an office under the General Government*, we doubt whether the Postmaster-General might not, with perfect safety to the country, have permitted him to retain his place until we have no further need of Irishmen and Democrats to aid in fighting the battles of the Union, if no longer.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, WASHINGTON, August 20, 1861.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 1.

In accordance with General Order No. 15, of August 17, 1861, from the Headquarters of the Army, I hereby assume command of the Potomac, comprising the troops serving in the former departments of Washington and North-eastern Virginia, in the valley of the Shenandoah, and in the States of Maryland and Delaware. The organization of the command into divisions and brigades will be announced hereafter.

The following officers are attached to the general staff of the army of the Potomac:

Major S. Williams, Assistant Adjutant-General.

Captain A. V. Colburn, Assistant Adjutant-General.

Colonel R. B. Marcy, Inspector General.

Colonel T. M. Key, Aid-de-Camp.

Captain N. B. Sweitzer, First Cavalry, Aid-de-Camp.

Captain Edward McKey Hudson, Fourteenth Infantry, Aid de-Camp.

Captain L. A. Williams, Tenth Infantry, Aid-de Camp.

Major A. J. Meyer, Signal Officer.

Major Stuart Van Vliet, Chief Quarter-master.

Major H. F. Clarke, Chief Commissary.

Surgeon C. S. Tripler, Medical Director.

Major J. G. Barnard, Chief Engineer.

Major J. N. Macomb, Chief Topographical Engineer.

Captain C. P. Kingsbury, Chief of Ordnance.

Brigadier General George Stoneman, Volunteer service, Chief of Cavalry.

Brigadier-General W. F. Barry, Volunteer service, Chief of Artillery.

GEO. B. McCLELLAN,
Major-General United States Army.

General McClellan and his staff are busy day and night organising his command into divisions and brigades. This work is nearly completed, and will be announced in a general order.—*Wash. Cor. New York Herald.*

Montgomery County Nominations.

The Union Democracy of Montgomery county nominated the following strong ticket:

Representatives, Jonathan Kenney, of Dayton; Michael Wallace, of Jefferson; Treasurer, Henry Morse, of Madriver; Prosecuting Attorney, Thos. F. Thresher, of Dayton; Recorder, Theodore P. Eby, of Randolph; Commissioner, Alfred Iams, of Madison; County Surveyor, Joseph B. Johns, of Dayton; Coroner, Philip Waltz, of Dayton; Director of Infirmary, John Crowe, of Dayton.

GEO. W. HOUK, Esq, was chairman of the Convention. The *Empire* says:

The meeting of the County Convention today was one of the largest and most enthusiastic ever held in Montgomery county. It shows the determination of the *people* to submit no longer to the corruption of Republican rule.—The old men and the young men are alike enthusiastic in the good cause of redeeming the country from the anarchy into which it has been plunged by the Republican party. Now won't you stand from under when you see the "Brix is loose."

ARREST OF A WOMAN WITH IMPORTANT LETTERS.—A woman fresh from Beauregard's headquarters, was arrested to-day, while passing through our lines into Alexandria. She manifested great indignation, claiming that, as a lady, she was exempt from arrest. An Irish woman of one of the regiments searched her and found, among her underclothes, some twenty letters addressed to and implicating prominent citizens in Washington and Alexandria. She was sent to headquarters.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Harper's Weekly, of this week, has a cut which does justice to the venerable and inconsequential Secretary of the Navy. He is styled the Rip Van Winkle of the Navy, and is represented sleeping very comfortably with his long hair and beard spread artistically upon the ground, while John Bull is pushing off with a bale of cotton, and Louis Napoleon is getting out of the way with a box of cigars. The motto is a good one: "All's well that ends Welles."—*Cin. Commercial.*

This is pretty talk for a paper professing to be *loyal*. What will the rebels think to see such ridicule of our Cabinet?

A PENNSYLVANIA CHAPLAIN IN TROUBLE.—A man named J. M. Green, chaplain to the Tenth Pennsylvania Regiment (reserve), was arrested by officers Allen and Bush, at the instance of Mr. Cephane, the city postmaster, charged with opening letters and abstracting money belonging to said regiment, as well as others. He was committed to jail for further examination.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

A DRY GOODS BOX, MARKED "COL. CHAS. WHITTLESEY, COLUMBUS," was taken by some unauthorized person from the Baggage Room of the American House, in this city, on or about the 16th instant.

The box contained one new SADDLE (the seat of black leather), a silver circular plate on the pommel, a Bridle and Surcingle; one Colt's NAVY REVOLVER and Belt; one Regulation Blue Infantry OVERCOAT, lined with red flannel; one TENT (not regulation) in two apartments; one Blue BLANKET, and other small articles.

Any person returning said box to the Proprietors of the American House will receive the above reward, and all expenses paid. aug28-d3t

Master Commissioner's Sale.

Sale of Real Estate by order of Court.

W. M. Finch } vs. } Superior Court of Franklin County.
John Brown et al.

IN pursuance of an order of the Superior Court of Franklin county, Ohio, made at the May term thereof, A. D. 1861, in the above entitled action, there will be offered for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on

Saturday, the 5th day of Oct., A. D. 1861,

at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., at the door of the Court House, in the city of Columbus, in said Franklin county, the following real estate, to wit:

In-lot number 59 of Robert Neil's addition to the city of Columbus, being the north-east corner of Lockwin turnpike and Johnstown plank road.

Appraised at $1,200.00.
Terms of sale, cash.

WAGER SWAYNE,
Special Master Commissioner.

S. & H. Chittenden, Attys.
Printer's fees, $5.25.
Aug. 26, 1861-w4w.

PAPER FOR THE STATE.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the Office of the Secretary of State, until

Monday, the 2d day of September next, at noon,

for furnishing paper for the use of the State of Ohio, as follows:

2,000 Reams Double Super Royal Printing Paper, 27½ by 41 inches, to weigh not less than 53 pounds to the ream.

100 Reams Double Flat Cap, 16 by 27 inches, to weigh at least 96 pounds to the ream.

100 Reams Brochure Cover Paper, assorted colors, 20 by 27 inches, to weigh at least 25 pounds to the ream.

The quantities above named to be increased at the option of the Secretary of State.

Bids must be accompanied by samples of the paper, and must specify the price at which each kind and quality will be delivered at the State House in Columbus. No samples of an inferior article need be presented; the paper must be of the best quality.

The delivery of the Super Royal and Cover Paper to commence on the first of November next ensuing, and continue as the paper shall be needed.

The delivery of the Double Flat Cap to commence on the first day of December next, and continue as above.

Bonds, with approved security in double the amount of the contract, will be required (according to law), conditioned for the faithful performance of each contract. No bids to be made and the contracts awarded in accordance with the terms of the "act to provide for the purchase of Stationery, Fuel, and other articles for the General Assembly and State Officers," passed March 11, 1853. See Curw. 2198; Swan's Stat. 868.

Bids to be indorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for furnishing paper for the State."

*** Bidders are assured that no paper will be received unless it conforms in every respect with the samples. *This provision will be strictly adhered to.*

A. P. RUSSELL,
Secretary of State.

Columbus, Ohio, August 2, 1861-dtd

FUEL FOR THE STATE.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the Office of the Secretary of State, until

Monday, the 2d day of September next, at 12 o'clock M.,

for furnishing the State of Ohio with Fuel, as follows:

30,000 Bushels of Coke, to weigh not less than 40 pounds to the bushel.

10,000 Bushels Coal, to be of the best quality—equal at least to the lower vein of Hocking Coal, and free from slate, slack and dirt.

The fuel to be delivered, without charge for such delivery, at the State House in Columbus.

Proposals to be accompanied by samples, and to specify the kind, quality and price of the fuel proposed to be furnished.

Each contractor will be required to give bonds, with approved security, in double the amount of the contract, conditioned for the faithful performance of his contract.

The bids to be made and the contracts to be awarded in accordance with the terms of the act entitled "An act to provide for the purchase of Stationery, Fuel, and other articles for the General Assembly and State officers," passed March 11, 1853. See Swan's Stat. 868; Curw. 2198.

Bids to be indorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for furnishing fuel for the State."

*** Fuel furnished by the contractor must in all cases be equal in quality to the sample. *This rule will be rigidly enforced.*

A. P. RUSSELL,
Secretary of State.

Columbus, Ohio, August 2, 1861—dtd.

Oysters! Oysters!!

C. A. WAGNER,

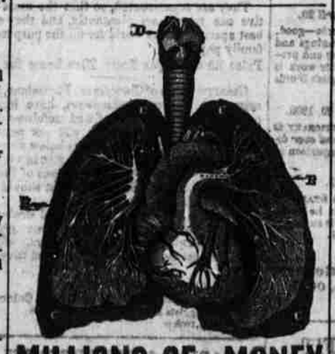
HAS JUST RECEIVED, AND WILL be in daily receipt, by Express, of

FRESH CAN & KEG OYSTERS,

From Baltimore and Fair Haven.

Call at Wagner's Oyster and Fruit Depot, No. 21 East State street.

aug24tf



MILLIONS OF MONEY For an Inch of Time!

WAS ONCE THE EXCLAMATION OF a dying Queen. That much of time can be procured at a much cheaper rate, and many long years of

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS

enjoyed by consulting Dr. MERRYWEATHER, who is curing the most obstinate and long-standing diseases of the LUNGS, HEART, LIVER, KIDNEYS, BLADDER, STOMACH, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, SKIN DISEASES, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE EYE AND EAR.

Facts are Stubborn Things!

Hear what the Philadelphia correspondent says in the "Commonwealth," Wilmington, Delaware, 9th of April, 1858:

"An English gentleman, formerly connected with the British Army, and who styles himself the 'Indian Botanic Physician,' has of late gained an extensive reputation here by his skill in curing all manner of complaints. Some of his patients I have conversed with, and they pronounce his remedies and mode of treatment as very superior. Some have been restored as if by magic. The medicine he uses is distilled by himself from various herbs possessing rare curative properties.

"While acting in the army he devoted his leisure moments to a thorough study of the effects produced by certain medicinal roots and herbs on all manner of diseases. He seems he has found a sure and speedy remedy for all the ills that flesh is heir to." His practice is already extensive and is daily increasing. In the complaints to which Females are subjected, he has no equal, as a large number here have testified that they owe not only their present good health, but their lives, to the skill of this Indian Botanic Physician."

Office 37 East State Street, Columbus.

aug17-d3m

Irish Linen Goods.

WARRANTED FABRIC

Linen Shirt Bosoms Plain and Fancy
Shirting and Bosom Linens.
Linen Sheetings and Pillow Casings.
Linen Cambrics and Long Lawns.
Linen Pocket-hand'fs, all sizes.
Linen Towellings and Diapers
Linen Napkins and D'Oylies.
Linen Table Cloths and Satin Damasks.
Linen Towels with colored borders.
Linen Stair Coverings and Crash.
For sale at low prices.

BAIN & SON,
No. 29 South High street.

Extra Family Flour.

Sugar Cured Hams.

W. R. Cheese & Butter.

In store for sale by

WM. H. RESTIEAUX,
106 South High street.

aug24-3t

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

REPRESENTATIVE.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN—Please announce the name of BENJAMIN L. REES as a candidate for re-election to the State Legislature, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Franklin county.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN—Please announce the name of S. W. ANDREWS as a candidate for Representative, subject to the decision of the Union Democratic County Convention, and oblige

MANY DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR STATESMAN—Please announce the name of J. W. DURANT, of Westerville, as a candidate for Representative to the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Franklin County Democratic Convention.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN—Please announce the name of GEO. L. CONVERSE as a candidate for Representative, subject to the decision of the Union Democratic Convention, and oblige,

MANY DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN—Please announce the name of JOHN G. EDWARDS, of Madison township, as a candidate for Representative, subject to the decision of the Union Democratic Convention of Franklin County, and oblige,

A HOST OF DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR STATESMAN—Please announce in your paper that many voters in this city and in Franklin county, desire to have OTTO DRESEL, Esq., for their next Representative. Mr. Dresel is just the man for the place.

aug16'61*

MANY DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN: *Sir*—Please announce the name of A. G. HIBBS, of Jackson township, as a candidate for Representative, subject to the decision of the Union Democratic nominating convention, and oblige,

A HOST OF DEMOCRATS.

SHERIFF.

EDITOR STATESMAN—Please announce the name of Capt. HIRAM M. OSBORN, of Blendon township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Franklin County Democratic Convention, and oblige

aug16 MANY DEMOCRATS.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN—Please announce the name of JOHN SWIFT, of Pleasant township, as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Democratic County Convention.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN—You will please announce the name of D. C. SAUNDERS, of Hamilton township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Democratic County Convention, and oblige

MANY DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN—Please announce the name of W. W. KIRK, of Madison township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Democratic County Convention, and oblige.

aug21 MANY DEMOCRATS.

COUNTY AUDITOR.

EDITOR STATESMAN—Please announce DAVID W. BROOKS as a candidate for County Auditor, subject to the decision of the Union Democratic Convention, and oblige

MANY DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN—Please announce the name of JOSEPH FALKENBACH, of this city, who is at present clerk in the County Treasurer's office, as a suitable candidate for County Auditor, subject to the decision of the Franklin County Union Democratic Convention, and oblige

MANY DEMOCRATS.

EDITOR OHIO STATESMAN—Please announce the name of L. S. WILSON as a candidate for County Auditor, subject to the decision of the Union Democratic Convention, and oblige

MANY DEMOCRATS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Teas-Teas.

Young Hyson Tea.
Colong Tea.
Powshong Tea.
English Breakfast Tea.
Rio and Gov't Java Coffee.

For sale by

WM. H. RESTIEAUX,
No. 106 South High Street.

aug24-2t

COLUMBUS OPTICAL INSTITUTE.

The Best Artificial Help to the Human Sight ever Invented.

JOSEPH S. PERLEY,

PRACTICAL & SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN,

KEEPS THE LARGEST ASSORTment of the most improved kinds of Spectacles. All his Glasses, whether for near or far-sighted, are ground in concavo convex form with the greatest care, so as to suit the Eyes of all ages, curing Weakness, Dizziness or Inflammation of the Eyes, and imparting strength for long reading or fine sewing.

Office, 12 East State street, at Scheitzer & Webster's Music Store.

aug5-d1y

REPELLANT OR WATER-PROOF CLOAK CLOTHS. Also, other makes of Spring Cloaks Cloths, in all desirable mixtures—Binnings, Tassels and Buttons to match.

BAIN & SON,
No. 29 South High street

april5

SPECIAL NOTICES

THE COMPASS BOXED.

East, West, North, and South, in every direction, James Pyle's Dietetic Saleratus is fast superseding all others. It has more strength; is pure, wholesome and harmless. Beware of adulterated imitations! Depot, 345 Washington Street, New York. Sold by Grocers everywhere.

EFFECTS OF IRREGULARITIES AVOIDED.

Too much eating and drinking, new habits and modes of life, often produce irregularities in the bowels and general health of the system. But BRANDRETH'S PILLS will soon cure, the stomach will regain its strength, and a healthy action of the system will be restored. No Medicines are equal in usefulness to the

BRANDRETH'S PILLS,
BRANDRETH'S UNIVERSAL SALVE
& ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.

Every man of the FIRE ZOUAVES had a box of BRANDRETH'S PILLS, a box of UNIVERSAL SALVE, and an ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER put in their knapsack free of expense. And to this fact may be attributed the absence of any of THIS REGIMENT from the hospital.

EVERY SOLDIER should have a box of Brandreth's Pills, a box of Salve, and a piece of Porous Plaster. They are SURE to be useful, often life-saving.

Sold by JOHN R. COOX, Druggist, Columbus, and by all respectable dealers in medicines.

aug17-d1m

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS.

In all cases of costiveness, dyspepsia, bilious and liver affections, piles, rheumatism, fevers and agues, obstinate head aches, and all general derangements of health these Pills have invariably proved a certain and speedy remedy. A single trial will place the Life Pills beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient.

☞ Moffat's Phœnix Bitters will be found equally efficacious in all cases of nervous debility, dyspepsia, headache, the sickness incident to females in delicate health, and every kind of weakness of the digestive organs. For sale by Dr. W. B. MOFFAT, 335, Broadway, N. Y. and by all Druggists. may22-1lmdly

The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. J. B. Hyne, pastor of the Flatbush Street Baptist Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., to the "Journal and Messenger," Cincinnati, O., and speaks volumes in favor of that world-renowned medicine, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING:

"I see an advertisement in your columns of MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. Now we never said a word in favor of a patent medicine before in our life, but we feel compelled to say to your readers that this is no humbug, we know it, and know it to be all it professes. It is probably one of the most successful medicines of the day, because it is one of the best. And those of your readers who have babies can't do better than buy it a b