The Ohio Statesman

MANYPENNY & MILLER, Publishers.

GEO. W. MANYPENNY, Editor.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

SUNDAY MORNING, OCT. 27, 1861.

The "Coming Man."

The "coming man" is always like the "good time," when eagerly looked for and expected, a long time in coming. He usually appears suddenly and unexpectedly, if he comes at all. When men fix their eyes upon a certain man as the "coming man," they are usually bitterly disappointed.

With many of our countrymen, one year ago, ABRAHAM LINCOLN was the "coming man." But scarcely was he invested with the robes of office, ere that anticipation was discovered to be a mistake. Then, one after another was elevated to the same dignity, and lastly JOHN C. FREMONT was heralded far and wide as certainly the "coming man." But fate or something else seems to have decreed otherwise.

It is time to be rid of this hallucination.—The great men of the world are seldom its real saviors. The Israelites of old wanted a "coming man"—a king—and God gave them SAUL, who stood head and shoulders above all the people. Yet he proved the nation's curse. So it hath ever been when a people, forgetting to rely on Providence and on their own stout hearts and strong arms, have sought a leader, under the name of President, General, Protector, Dictator, King or Emperor, whom they might idolize, worship and obey.

If our country is to be saved, and saved as it is and was, with all its free democratic institutions, it must be saved by the people themselves. We must cease looking for the advent of a "coming man" to save it. If one should come, and we should all bow down before him, he would be likely to prove, as SAUL did to the Israelites, a snare and a curse.

We may have great generals and able statesmen; but it is doubtless for the best that no one of them should rise in public estimation very high above the rest, nor even so high as some who remain in private life. None of these should be placed over and above the mass of the people; but they all should be mere instruments for the execution of the popular will. Ever in this country must we be able to say—the people are greater than any one man or any set of men.

Autumnal Reflections.

The autumn is the year perfected. The other seasons are but preparations for the autumn, which is their crown and glory. Fruits and grains have attained their full maturity, and have been gathered, or are being gathered into storehouses for human sustenance and enjoyment. Autumn resembles the mature period in the life of a good man, when the rich promises of youth and early manhood are more than redeemed by the thick clusters of noble and generous deeds.

We are now having, on the whole, a pleasant and abundant autumnal season. Whatever may have been the cause of our present great national calamity—whatever the sin or sins of which we, as a people, or as individuals, may have been guilty, the same benign and bountiful Providence still, as heretofore, watches over us, giving us the fruits and products of the earth in their season, and making ample provision for all our needs. Should not this lead us to be grateful, and wherein we are conscious of having erred, to immediate and true repentance?

Two-thirds of the autumn of 1861 has now passed away. Truly may we take up the lamentation—the summer is over, the harvest is past, and our country is not saved! Yet looking back over the past six months, our hearts are cheered and encouraged by the recollection of many a patriotic, generous and heroic deed in the defense and support of our country's cause. There have not been wanting instances of cowardice and treachery—there are men among us who, reckless of consequences, are bent on sowing broadcast the seeds of strife and dissension among our loyal people; but full two-thirds of the population of this "great country" are united as one man in a determination to count no cost too dear—no sacrifice too great for the sake of saving that country in its integrity and in all its greatness. This unanimity of purpose is the anchor of hope for our salvation as a people.

☞ The Washington *Star* of the 25th contains the following interesting items:

RUMORED CROSSING OF THE LOWER POTOMAC BY THE REBELS.

The tug Murray, Captain Parks, has arrived at the Navy Yard from Indian Head. Captain Parks reports that the George Page was seen in the Potomac between Shipping Point and Evansport yesterday at noon. It is supposed she ran out of Acquia Creek, screened by the darkness and fog during the prevalence of the storm night before last. Yesterday afternoon she was observed to cross over to the Maryland side, and Captain Parks, with his glass, could see that she was crowded with men. She was only observed to make one trip. She crossed at Budd's Ferry (between Evansport and Shipping Point), where the river is about one-fourth miles wide. She is covered and protected by the Confederate batteries, which have recently thrown balls from their rifled guns across the river, and to a distance of two miles into Maryland.

Several small boats have been observed crossing at or near the same point. A schooner with wood, which run the blockade yesterday, heard the firing between the Island Belle and Freeborn and the Matthias Point batteries quite distinctly night before last.

There were lying at Indian Head yesterday the Harriet Lane, Yankee, Hale, Wyandank, Herbert, and Murray, (which last has come up.) The wood schooner mentioned, reports that all the Government transports at Smith's Point have gone around to Annapolis.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL FROM DOWN RIVER.

Four oyster boats have arrived this morning, two of which left Patuxent river (Mill creek) on Saturday, at 3 P. M. As they came up the river, they saw no batteries at Mathias Point, but saw several hundred soldiers on the Point, armed with muskets. Passed Acquia Creek. Saw the George Page lying up and come down to the end of the old steamboat wharf, as if she was coming out after night. Proceeding up the river, passed the batteries at Quantico, which fired twice at each vessel as they passed, but did not strike either. The Confederates were seen building a battery at Cockpit Point. They had cut all the woods down behind, and left the front trees to cover the battery till ready to open. At Quantico they saw the Fairfax, which the enemy appeared to be unloading. They also saw the schooner Mary Virginia, of Washington, loaded with wood, also taken by the Confederates. The upper fleet was laying at Indian Head. The enemy has a fishing boat anchored under Cockpit Point, mounted with two small guns; also the schooner Blossom, mounted with two guns, lies in Acquia Creek.

Colonel Van Derveer.

The Dayton Empire says that Colonel Van Derveer, of the Thirty-fifth Ohio Volunteers, now in Kentucky, was at the muster and organization of coming home to Hamilton on the day of the late State election. He voted an open Democratic ticket. The gallant Colonel wanted to vote for the true Union ticket, and did so. His record is right.—*Cin. Enquirer.*

Latest from the South.

Richmond papers of the 17th instant, two days later than our previous advices, contain the following intelligence:

The Richmond *Examiner* of the 17th says:

The Georgia Legion, now encamped at the Fair Grounds, under command of Hon. Howell Cobb, were yesterday furnished with one thousand Enfield rifles, with sword bayonets attached. These celebrated weapons need no praise. They are in the hands of parties who know how to use them.

FROM MANASSAS.

The late news from Manassas is full of interest. Passengers from there by the Central train, yesterday, report that Fairfax Court House had been abandoned by our troops, on Tuesday night, and that the sheds in the neighborhood, previously occupied by us, for the quartering of our soldiers, had been burned, to prevent the enemy from turning them to useful account. Our troops are said to have retired in the direction of Centreville. All Tuesday night the trains from Manassas to Fairfax were busily employed in transporting troops and carrying supplies back to Manassas.

Passengers also state that heavy firing was heard in the direction of Fairfax, yesterday morning, for half an hour before the train left Manassas.

FEDERAL VESSELS CHASED OUT OF PAMLICO SOUND BY CONFEDERATE STEAMERS

The Norfolk *Day Book* of yesterday says:

The steamer Roanoke, Captain Hobbs, arrived here last evening, about 8 o'clock, from Roanoke Island.

The Roanoke left the island at 6 o'clock on Monday afternoon, and her captain reports that the Confederate steamers Curlew, Fanny, Raleigh, Winslow and Edwards, left on Sunday afternoon, under the command of Commander Lynch, for Hatteras. Very heavy firing was heard on Monday following in the direction of Hatteras, which began at daylight, and continued until 8 o'clock; but no reports from the expedition had reached the island when the Roanoke left.

The captain further states that it was reported that two Federal war steamers were cruising in Pamlico Sound previous to the departure of the expedition, but that they were chased out by our steamers.

THE SANTA ROSA FIGHT.—A correspondent of the Atlanta, (Ga.) *Intelligencer*, describing the Santa Rosa fight, says:

"I scarcely know whether we achieved a victory or suffered a defeat. We did the duty which we went to perform, and did it well; yet we shot down our own friends in numbers. Indeed, I think as many of our men were shot by friends as by foes. Night skirmishing is a dangerous business, especially in an unknown country, as was the Island of Santa Rosa."

KILLED AND WOUNDED.—The Pensacola *Observer* has the following semi official statement of the killed, wounded, and prisoners:

Killed 81, wounded 38; prisoners 22; among whom is Lieut. Sayre. The surgeons, who were arrested while in the performance of their duty, have been released upon parole, not to serve again in the State of Florida.

We have 18 Yankee prisoners, instead of 15, as reported.

News by Telegraph to the Richmond Examiner.

THE SOUTHERN COMMERCIAL CONVENTION.

MACON, GA., Oct. 16—The Convention, this morning, passed a resolution recommending Congress to open all the ports of the Confederate States free to all countries at peace with them.

MACON, Oct. 16, P. M.—The Convention this morning adopted, with great enthusiasm and unanimously, a resolution recommending Congress to suspend the collection of import duties, and to throw our ports open for free trade to all nations who maintain peace with us.

Some slight modifications and additions were made to the action of the Convention on yesterday upon the subject of advance upon cotton.

A resolution was also adopted requesting Congress to alter and adjust coins, weights, and measures to a decimal ratio.

A series of resolutions were also adopted in relation to the sequestration act, and recommending that the payment of debts sequestered be not required during the war; that claims for indemnity and indebtedness due the North be allowed as a set-off; that the courts be empowered in certain cases to modify the retroacting effect of the bill; and that the property of Northern residents laboring under the disabilities of coverture of infancy be exempted.

A committee, consisting of delegates from Charleston, Savannah and Mobile, was appointed to examine into the plan for a marine battering ram, submitted by J. R. Batts, of Georgia.

The Convention then adjourned.

Latest Intelligence from the Kanawha Valley—Skirmish at Hawk's Nest.

The steamers Glenwood and Freestone, from the Kanawha Valley, arrived at our wharf—the former yesterday morning and the latter last evening. The Glenwood brought down nine prisoners, in charge of Sergeant-major King and a detachment of soldiers from the Seventh Ohio Regiment. The prisoners were sent directly to Columbus.

The Freestone brought Major Joseph W. Burke of the Tenth Ohio, who is quite ill of fever, and Lieutenant Ross, Quartermaster Roosa and Adjutant Pauley. The Tenth has now a single field officer on duty.

From those officers we have obtained the particulars of a skirmish which took place in the neighborhood of Hawk's Nest on New river, seven miles above Gauley Bridge, on the afternoon of Monday last. About three o'clock on that day our pickets were fired upon across that river, but without any damage. Parts of the 9th and 28th regiments, under command of Col. McCook, immediately repaired to the spot, which was at Miller's Ferry, when suddenly a rebel cavalry company and between two and three hundred militia appeared from among the woods and skirmishing commenced. A desultory firing was kept up across the river for four or five hours, with no other loss upon our side than one killed and two wounded, belonging to the Twenty-eighth Regiment. Two mountain howitzers were brought to play upon the rebels, who managed to dodge the musket fire behind the trees, but some shot and shell from the howitzers dislodged them, and they fell back, dragging five or six killed or wounded with them.

The next day, however, they re-appeared in stronger force but they hugged the woods and fired from behind trees. Col. McCook ordered a rifled six pounder to be brought to bear, and a few rounds, well directed, shivered huge splinters from the trees, and these flying in all directions made it too dangerous for them to remain, and they had entirely disappeared when the Freestone left.

There is a great deal of sickness in the Eleventh Regiment, which is at Gauley Bridge, and a great want of forage for horses, but otherwise, the condition of things remains unchanged.—*Cin. Gazette, Oct. 25.*

Break in the Ohio Canal.

We have already noted the break on Friday morning last in the Canal about a mile from the foot of Superior street. No cause is assigned for the break, which is about the length of two boats, and in decided the best portion of the First Division.

The Hon. R. H. Nugen, Representative in Congress from the 15th District, and who has long been largely connected with the canals, immediately undertook the work of repair.

Nothing could exceed the vigor with which the work has been prosecuted, a force of one hundred and fifty men being employed day and night. The water is to be let on to-day, which will admit the passage of light boats, and by the end of the week the Canal will be in running order.

Too much credit cannot be awarded Mr. Nugen for his unremitting exertions to facilitate the repairs, and also to Mr. Jonathan Frazee, of Independence, the thanks of the public are due.—*Cleveland Herald, Oct. 24.*

☞ It is reported that Governor Berry, of New Hampshire, has received notice from the Secretary of War that the Government has an abundant supply of horses and wagons, and that no more are required. With upwards of five hundred thousand men and all the necessary means of transportation that are required, and in view of the near approach of the inclement season, the question may be asked, what are we waiting for?

☞ The Springfield (Ill.) Journal, President Lincoln's home organ, states that General Fremont tried, but failed, to get his officers to indorse him.

Trip of the Steamship Fawnee to Fortress Monroe.

An officer on board of the United States steamer Fawnee, who was transferred from the Harriet Lane, writes as follows from Fortress Monroe:

"As soon as we heard of the Pocahontas and Seminole being fired into, as you are aware, we replaced the machinery which was being removed, and, at midnight, steamed down the Potomac. As we approached the battery at Freestone Point we were saluted with a round of musketry, followed by the discharge of a heavy field piece. Then came whizzing along a solid 32 pound shot, which struck us forward, under our bow gun, entering about three inches into the side of the ship, and then, glancing, fell into the river. The second shot told better. It made an entrance through the ship's side, directly under the after-quarter boat, and lodged in the iron case on the opposite side of the ship. The shots then followed very quickly, and were remarkably well aimed. My opinion is that they can hit any object within their range nine times out of ten. We ran the gauntlet of this fire without returning a shot. This annoyed our brave tars, but our captain knew his own business best. When we reached the anchorage at Potomac creek, we took on board three hundred marines. We are now anchored abreast of Fortress Monroe. We are bound down along the Southern coast, and are determined to have our full share of the fight. We tried the range of our new rifled gun on Snell's Point this afternoon. The distance is nearly five miles, and our shot fell only a few feet short. We could knock the works there to pieces, if it were necessary. We have named the gun 'Paddy Bowen's pet,' in compliment to our late brave commander. This evening, some rebel tugs showed themselves near Snell's Point, but not liking our appearance, they made their way back toward Norfolk. A large number of vessels arrived yesterday and to-day from the North, with Government stores."

Swindling the Government.

[Correspondency of the Cincinnati Gazette.]

MARIETTA, O., Oct. 23.

Holding a position which enables me to witness the affairs of Government transacted in this section, I hasten to lay before you, in as brief a manner as possible, a scheme of the Government officials to swindle the Government out of a few thousand dollars and fill their own capacious pockets at Uncle Sam's expense. It is a well known fact that our little city of Marietta is of late a place of some note as a horse market. Thousands of horses have been and are being bought in this vicinity every day. The manner of making these purchases and the extensive swindling operations connected with them, are sufficient to embarrass the Government, and to merit the supreme contempt of every loyal citizen. Horses have been and can be bought at comparatively low rates; and while your officers are scouring the country and buying horses at $60 and $80 per head, they are at the same time demanding of Uncle Sam the *neat* sum of $106 and $120. I know this to be strictly true, from the fact that citizens are availing themselves of the opportunity to "*feather their nest*," as they term it, and have now begun to carry on an extensive speculation in this way. Many cases of this kind have taken place directly within the reach of my observation.

This may seem a small matter at first, but when we consider that this stupendous system of swindling is carried on in many of the departments, we may well wonder at its appalling magnitude. I, if necessary, would take up arms to-morrow to rid the country of these smooth-tongued, white-livered, dishonest officials.

Have we an honest man in our country? If so, let us have him to command the department of Southern Ohio. Put him into office, and the people will rush forth to meet him with maddened enthusiasm. HAM.

The Grand Jury of Seneca County and the "Knights of the Golden Circle."

We learn that the Grand Jury of this county had numerous witnesses before it who were examined of as to whether they had any knowledge of the "Knights of the Golden Circle," or any other political organization intended to overthrow the Government. The Grand Jury found that none existed, and their investigation most effectually squelches the falsehood in circulation that there is a secret organization in this county of the character of the above.

We understand that the Grand Jury had McKee, the editor of the *Tribune*, before them. In his paper of Thursday last he insisted that there was an organization of the K. G. C. in this county. He remarked editorially:

"Ominous signs and suspicious private interviews may be noticed upon our streets daily and particularly among 'peace' men. These suspected characters are well armed; doubtless ready to raise the secession flag in Tiffin, as soon as Jeff. Davis shall march on Washington."

Well, the editor who suspects his neighbors of being traitors—who sees treason in friendly conversation—when brought before the Grand Jury, and placed under oath, could give no evidence to sustain his newspaper articles.

The "Golden Circle Story" was gotten up the day before the election in Marion county by the republicans to carry that county. The arrest of the men charged with being "Knights" was heralded in every daily Republican paper in the State on the day of the election for political effect. The examination of the parties arrested shows that no such "oaths" as represented were ever taken. This Golden Circle Roorback will take its place in the annals of political Munchausenns.—*Seneca Advertiser.*

What Holds the Rebel Army Together.

The Frankfort, (Ky.) correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican* says:

"The recent return of E. L. Huffman's slave from Indiana, under the Fugitive Slave Law, gives additional assurance to the world that the Government is not waging war against slavery, but is respecting the rights of loyal owners to all their property, including slaves. The Cotton States have gotten up this war upon the wide-spread belief that Lincoln intended to set all their slaves free. How chagrined should every true gentleman of those States feel when he sees these constant and accumulating proofs of his own falsehoods, and of the pure and patriotic purposes of the Government.

"Surely nothing but the cohesive power of plunder will keep the Southern army in the field a single day after it is made manifest that their whole theory is one grand lie from beginning to end, and that, after all, the Government is willing to protect them in the enjoyment of their slaves."

If the South can be made to believe that the rebel leaders have deceived them in regard to the purposes of the present Administration, there is reason to anticipate a popular re-action which will aid the Union cause more than ten thousand recruits for the army.—*Buffalo Courier.*

Our Soldiers at Cheat Mountain.

Col. Isaac H. Marrow, of the Third Ohio Regiment, stationed at Cheat Mountain summit, assures the editors of the Wheeling *Intelligencer* that he had as yet witnessed no starving, freezing and perishing among the men there.—He says he never saw soldiers better fed and better clothed, taking everything into consideration. Col. M. is the oldest Colonel now in the volunteer service, having gone out with the three months' men. His command have endured at least as many hardships and hard work as any other regiment, and out of the whole one thousand and ten men, he had only lost one by sickness. The Colonel says that while there may be just cause for complaint in some instances, the great trouble is with two classes: Those who have lived luxuriantly at home, and who expected to sleep on beds of roses, and those who were picked up and mustered into the service, in a condition, physically, which unfits them for the life they are compelled to lead.—*Cin. Gazette.*

Mrs. President Lincoln is studying the French language, "with a view to qualify herself for the more delicate exigencies of her exalted station." So says the *Tribune.*

We think that she had better devote the time thus occupied in knitting stockings and making warm clothing for our brave volunteers.—*Sussex Herald.*

A MAJOR KILLED BY A FALL FROM HIS HORSE.—Major Lewis, New York Twelfth Regiment, from Syracuse, while returning to dine with his wife at her boarding-house, on Capitol Hill, on Monday, fell from his horse, dislocated his neck, and died.

Near the same place a cavalry soldier fell from his horse and killed himself.—*Philadelphia Press.*

PARTY LINES.—At a meeting of the Cabinet, not a great while ago, it is reported that the following *patriotic, no party* resolution was unanimously passed, which we invite "no-party" Democrats to examine:

Resolved, That until the war is ended, no party lines shall be observed by the President, or any of the heads of other departments, *except in the distribution of offices.*

P. S. And the granting of *contracts.*

THE BULL RUN DEFEAT EXPLAINED.—One of our exchanges has discovered the cause of the retreat of our army at Bull Run. It says—"When the battle was at its hottest point, and nearly won to our side, there came word that there were two vacancies in the New York Custom House. Hence the stampede of the leading officers. The men followed.

Headquarters Ohio Militia and Volunteer Militia.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
COLUMBUS, Oct. 22, 1861.

As a multitude of letters are received daily, making inquiries in regard to clothing and blankets contributed for the benefit of the Ohio troops in the service of the United States, it is deemed proper to state, through the public press, that all contributions will be received at the State Warehouse, in Columbus, and as soon as any considerable number is received, will be sent in charge of a trusty messenger to the troops most in need. The contributions may be sent to my address, at the expense of the State, and the freight, *if charged* by transportation companies, will be paid here.

For these contributions no charge will be made to the soldiers who receive them.

So far as possible, and the necessities may indicate, the wishes of the donors will be carried out in the distribution, but the State cannot furnish transportation to the numerous agents of benevolent associations all over the State, who are desirous of entrusting the goods and distribution to some one selected by themselves. The great expense, as well as the liability of duplicating contributions and giving them to soldiers who are already amply supplied, will at once suggest itself to the public, and I trust all will at once see the necessity of forwarding their contributions here.

I beg to add that, from all the information we can obtain, it is hoped and believed that the statements of destitution and suffering among our soldiers is, or has been, exaggerated. Every exertion is being made by the officers of the Government to forward supplies to the troops—and but very few instances of actual suffering are now known.

I have already received liberal contributions, and shall make an issue of them this week, and in due time will make public the donations which have been received through this Department.

GEO. B. WRIGHT,
Q. M. General, O.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

INTERESTING TO EVERY READER.

IT is an indisputable fact, that if any person wants one of those comfortable ESQUIMAUX BEAVER OVER COATS, he will usually find them in large quantities at MARCUS CHILDS'S.

IS any person desirous of owning one of the late style of BEAVER OVER COATS, with cape attached, don't break your necks to learn where to find them, but go to the

CAPITAL CITY ARCADE,
Opposite the State House.

You will find them there in all colors, kept by MARCUS CHILDS.

DID you never wear any of the SILK MIXED CASSIMERE SUITS, which are sold at the Capital City Arcade? Rush in and you will find them in piles, at MARCUS CHILDS'S.

YOU may also be in want of PANTS and VESTS, and there is but one establishment in the West where Pants and Vests are to be had in all stripes, shapes, styles, quantities and qualities, and that place is the CAPITAL CITY ARCADE.

DON'T forget the extensive assortment of FURNISHING GOODS, particularly in WOOLEN SHIRTS, which you can find in "Red, white and blue," at the CAPITAL CITY ARCADE,
Superintended by Marcus Childs.

IF you wish to wear garments MADE TO ORDER, you can do no better than to go to the Merchant Tailoring Establishment, next to the Arcade, and select your goods from a stock comprising all colors of Beaver Cloths, Cassimeres, Silk Velvet and Plush Vestings, and you will surely meet with a good fit by purchasing at

MARCUS CHILDS'S.

MILITARY GENTLEMEN, when they come to this city, as strangers, and wish to get a UNIFORM, it is to their best advantage to call at

MARCUS CHILDS'S,

Where a large assortment of BLUE CLOTH and other articles belonging to the equipage of an officer can be had at very moderate prices.

In short call at

Marcus Childs's,

Proprietor of that extensive business locality,
NO. 21, 23 and 25 HIGH STREET,
Opposite the State House.

oct27-d3m

BENEFIT ENTERTAINMENT.

WEBB SISTERS!
WEBB SISTERS!
WEBB SISTERS!

—AT—

Armory Hall,

—ON—

Monday Evening, Oct. 28th.

oct24

J. M. & V. KŒRNER,

No. 58,

Corner of Broad & Front Streets,

COLUMBUS,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS,

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,

FLOUR, SALT, LIQUORS, ETC.

OYSTERS BY THE CAN IN THEIR SEASON.

oct22-d1y

BOARDING! BOARDING!!

GOOD BOARD & PLEASANT ROOMS for eight or ten persons, can be had by applying to C. PATTERSON, No. 115 South Front Street, between State and Town Streets

Being but one square from the State House, makes it a desirable place for business men.

oct19-d1m

VERY STYLISH STRIPED CLOTH SHAWLS, in new designs at $3 00—Value $5 00.
1,500 yards Super Plain Black Silk at $1 00—Value $1 25 a yard.
French Merinos, 62½ cents—Value 87½ c's a yard.
" " 75 cents—value $1 00 a yard.

BAIN & SON,
oct15 No. 29 South High Street.

E. M'COLLISTER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

TOBACCO, SNUFF & CIGARS

No. 25 Fifth Street,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Keep constantly on hand all the various brands of

Imported Cigars.

Oct. 26-1yd

The Union Forever.

COLUMBUS

ARMY TENT STOVE!

MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY

JOHN L. GILL & SON,

AT THEIR SALE ROOMS,

Nos. 90, 92, 94 & 96,

NORTH HIGH STREET.

The neatest and most complete Stove for Officers' Tents ever manufactured.
Sold at a very low figure.
Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
oct25-d1f

AKIN & EMERY,

162 SOUTH HIGH STREET,

Have a Full and Complete Assortment of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Stoves & Grates,

TIN AND COPPER WARE,

JAPAN'D GOODS

Of almost every kind,

Elegant Chamber Sets,

SPICE AND SEED BOXES,

Tin Toys, and Articles in that Line,

For Little People.

Knives and Forks, Spoons, Tubs, Buckets, Shovels and Tongs, Coal Hods, etc.,

For the Larger Ones.

We would call your further attention to the fact that we are SOLE AGENTS for the sale of the

STEWART COOK STOVE,

Which is, in all respects, clearly the "AUTOCRAT OF THE KITCHEN," having no equal in the completeness of its performance and economy of fuel. The clearest testimony of its superiority is the fact that manufacturers and dealers are constantly imitating it, coming as near it as possible in EXTERNAL APPEARANCE.

Call and examine our stock. It is no trouble to show our goods.

AKIN & EMERY.

oct23-d1m

GALT HOUSE,

No. 178 North High Street,

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

THIS HOTEL IS BUT ONE AND A HALF SQUARES from the Depot, and persons arriving or wishing to take passage on any of the trains, will find the Galt House decidedly a convenient stopping place.

Passengers waked up at all hours of the night for any of the trains.

Terms moderate, to suit the times.

oct25

Cranberries! Cranberries!

30 BBLS. CRANBERRIES, IN GOOD ORDER, on consignment.

For sale low by WM. H. RESTIEAUX,
oct22 106 South High Street.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

NEAR UNION DEPOT,

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

H. REYNOLDS.

TERMS.....ONE DOLLAR PER DAY.

oct23-3m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE TWO EXTREMES.

The common, weak, adulterated compounds of Saleratus which injure the health, and are almost worthless are one extreme. The pure, efficient, wholesome, and harmless Dietetic Saleratus made by James Pyle, at 345 Washington Street, New York, is the other extreme. Choose between them as you value your money and your health.

For Females Generally.—The Brandreth Pills cannot be too highly spoken of. They remove all obstructions, give energy and strength; cure the distressing headache, unfortunately so prevalent with the sex; depression of spirits, dullness of sight, nervous affections, blotches, pimples, sallowness of the skin, are removed, and a juvenile bloom and general sprightliness indicate the power and healthfulness of BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

Ladies, at delicate periods, will find them unrivaled; they are the best medicines for mothers and children, and cure worms and costiveness.

Let it be remembered, that BRANDRETH'S PILLS are easy in their operation, and yet unite mildness with efficiency, and require no alteration of diet during their use.

Mrs. Morgan, corner of 15th street and Union Square, New York, was dying, apparently, of CONSUMPTION. She was given up to die by her Physicians, and all her friends, but after using BRANDRETH'S PILLS for a few weeks, the cough left her, and she began to regain her strength, and is now able to attend to her duties, and feels sure of soon attaining robust health.

Mrs. Wilson, of No. 31 Beach street, New York, has cured Dyspepsia, Small Pox, Measles, Dropsy and Typhus Fever, and all Headaches, and Bilious diseases, with BRANDRETH'S PILLS, will be pleased to answer any questions.

Sold by JOHN K. COOK, Druggist, Columbus, and by all respectable dealers in medicines.

oct10-d1m

JAYNE'S AGUE MIXTURE.

Is an infallible remedy for Fever and Ague. The experience of many years, in almost every climate, proves that when used in strict accordance with the directions, it has rarely failed to cure, not only by breaking the chills, but by removing the morbid habit of the system, preventing the recurrence of the disease.

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