

CONGRESS, BY A VOTE NEARLY UNANIMOUS, PASSED THE RESOLUTION...

THE GENERAL COMMANDING TAKES THIS OCCASION TO REMIND THE OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS OF THE ARMY...

ON THIS, OUR NATION'S BIRTHDAY, WE DECLARE TO OUR FELLOW CITIZENS...

IT IS HOPED THAT THIS GOVERNMENT WAS MADE ON THE PRINCIPLES...

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

Judge of the Supreme Court, RUFUS P. RANNEY, of Cuyahoga.

Secretary of State, WILLIAM W. ARMSTRONG, of Seneca.

Attorney General, YMAN R. CRITCHFIELD, of Holmes.

School Commissioner, CHAS. W. H. CATHART, of Montgomery.

Member of the Board of Public Works, JAMES GAMBLE, of Cochocton.

FOR CONGRESS, SAMUEL S. COX, OF FRANKLIN.

Democratic County Ticket.

For Clerk of Courts, THOMAS S. SHEPARD.

Prosecuting Attorney, MILTON H. MANN.

Commissioner, J. W. BARRE.

Infirmary Director, O. CASE.

Democratic Candidates for Congress.

3d District—C. L. VALLANDIGHAM.

4th " J. F. MCKINNEY.

5th " FRANK C. LEBLOND.

6th " CHILTON A. WHITE.

7th " SAMUEL S. COX.

8th " WARREN P. NOBLE.

11th " WELLS A. HUTCHINS.

12th " WILLIAM E. FINCK.

13th " JOHN O'NEILL.

14th " GEORGE BLISS.

15th " JAMES R. MORRIS.

16th " J. W. WHITE.

17th " GEORGE W. BELDEN.

Democratic Editors and Central Commissioners.

We would call the attention of all the Democratic editors of Ohio...

Meeting at Somersford, Madison County.

There will be an immense meeting at Somersford, Madison county...

Chillicothe, O., Sept. 15, 1862.

Dear Sirs—I see it stated in your issue of yesterday morning...

Very respectfully yours, JOSEPH OLDS.

Letter from General George W. Herndon.

Chillicothe, Sept. 7.

To the Editors of Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin and Ohio:

Gentlemen: Please say to the relatives and friends of the soldiers of this command...

Very respectfully, GEORGE W. MORGAN.

Colonel Langworthy, of the 99th Ohio, who has been dismissed from the United States service for bad conduct...

The Peril and the Remedy.

The New York Times (Republican) has in its issue of the 13th inst. a leader on "The Real Peril of the Country."

Mr. Lincoln may not realize the fact, and none of his secretaries probably will venture to tell him of it; but the people look upon the Government at Washington as actually falling to pieces...

A little further on in the same article the Times says:

Men of all parties, who love the country, and who would see it saved by its constituted authorities, tremble with apprehension when they see these authorities utterly incompetent to the great task that is devolved upon them.

And after a sentence or two, the Times adds:

Three months more of such disaster and humiliation as the past three months have witnessed, and millions of thousands and tens of thousands, now loyal to the Constitution and the Government, to seek refuge for their country in any hands capable of carrying it through its perils and maintaining its unity at whatever sacrifice.

The Times can think of but one remedy for what it calls "this terrible state of things," and says that remedy the President alone can apply.

It consists in the complete reorganization of the Executive Government, upon a basis and with men that will command public confidence, and be able to wield the Executive power with dignity and effect.

Such remarks and such a proposition as the above had appeared in a Democratic journal, it would have been charged with a design to aid the rebellion and subvert the Government.

But in this "go-party" time, it is not of so much consequence that it is said as who says it.

A Republican or an Abolitionist, like the British sovereign, "can do no wrong."

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

It is anticipated at Washington that the President will grant General McDowell a general trial by court martial as soon as the General will take part in it can be spared from the field.

The rebels destroyed the Chesapeake canal above Seneca dam, by blowing up all the culverts and dams and letting the water out.

It is reported upon what is said to be reliable information from Richmond, Va., that the "Meridian No. 2" is in no condition for service, her plating not having been completed.

The arrangements for the negro colonization experiment in Central America, it is said, have been completed by the Government. An expedition will start early in October with five hundred emigrants under the conduct of Senator POMEROY.

APPLANT OAKENITH, who has been in jail in Boston since December last, and was convicted in June of fitting out a vessel for the slave trade, made his escape on the 11th inst. by means, it is supposed, of a ladder, which was found standing against the yard wall in the rear of the building.

PORTUGAL has decreed that the free introduction is permitted of foreign cereals, wheat, corn, rye, barley, and oats, in grain, flour and baked bread, through the inland and maritime of the kingdom, until the end of April, 1863. The foreign cereals thus admitted are only subject to the duties which national grains pay when dispatched for consumption.

EIGHT regiments have been raised in different States for General Sherman under authority of the Governor. The Governor of Ohio telegraphed to Washington the other day that he had ready for Suez a regiment and a battery.

FOUR or five hundred contrabands, mainly from Maryland and North Carolina, arrived in Washington on Thursday and Friday of last week. The stoutest were set to work; the residue went drifting along by various routes to the North.

J. H. LIGHTBURN, who commanded our forces in their recent retreat down the Kanawha to Charleston, Va., is Colonel of the 4th Virginia Infantry.

COLONEL BRADLEY T. JOHNSON, of Maryland, now with the rebel army under JACKSON, issued the other day a proclamation calling upon the citizens of that State to enroll themselves with the Confederate hosts, each man to bring with him "a stout pair of shoes, a blanket and a tin cup."

CAMP DOWDALL at Chicago is now clear of rebel prisoners. There were in the camp at one time over eleven thousand.

CAPTAIN JOHN H. PIATT, late Aid de Camp to General Pez, has been assigned to duty on the staff of General SIGEL.

A SURGEON recently returned to Washington from the late battle fields, relates that on one occasion a surgeon, attending to his own wound on the rebel side, asked him, as a favor, and as a matter of pressing necessity, to give him some lint. The United States surgeon promptly and cheerfully answered the demand, for which he was the recipient of the warmest thanks from the rebel surgeon. The intercourse between the respective surgeons was marked by the utmost courtesy and kindness. In the repeated conversations between them, no allusion whatever was made to the war. In parting from each other, mutual hopes were expressed that when they met again it would be under more happy circumstances.

The impression prevails that the Excise and Direct Tax law requires that stamps be now used on bank-notes, checks, and on all papers mentioned in Schedule B. The law requires that stamps be used on these papers on and after the 1st of October, and those papers on which stamps were used on these papers on and after the 1st of October, and those papers on which stamps were used on these papers on and after the 1st of October.

GABRIEL was wounded in the thigh and foot by a bayonet, in the engagement in which he was captured. His resistance was desperate, but he was compelled to make an unconditional surrender. It is rumored that the Italian government will send him to America.

The World's Horse Fair at Chicago closed on the 13th inst. after having been in progress nearly two weeks. It was only a partial success—the receipts not being large enough to cover the premiums and other expenses. Some fine and valuable horses were on exhibition, particularly from Kentucky and Michigan.

At Elmira, New York, recently, while some laborers were engaged in digging a cellar, the owner of the premises picked up from among the dirt, a twenty dollar gold piece, which he took particular pains to show around town. The excitement became intense, and the cellar was quickly filled with volunteer laborers, who threw out the earth with a rapidity that must have been exceedingly gratifying to the person interested in having the work finished. Occasionally an old copper would turn up, and soon signs were in requisition. One twenty-five cent piece was discovered. At length the excitement became so intense that a ferret was actually paid the owner four dollars for the privilege of digging three holes. It was rewarded by the discovery of four coppers. The cellar was full of volunteer diggers from about ten A. M. until midnight, at which time a sufficient excavation having been made, the owner

proclaimed that no more digging would be allowed.

The General LEX reported wounded, is not the General LEX commanding the rebel forces in Maryland, but his son, FITZSIMON LEX.

When General McCLELLAN's army came fairly up with the rebel forces about three o'clock on Sunday morning, the 14th inst., the latter were posted on the east side of the south Blue Ridge Mountains, and stretching on a line from north to south from a point immediately opposite Middletown and Jefferson, both of which villages are eight or ten miles from Frederick—Middletown on the road to Hagerstown, and Jefferson on the direct road to Harper's Ferry. Our right, commanded by BURMAN, rested on Middletown, and our left, under FRANKLIN, on Jefferson. A general engagement immediately commenced, General McCLELLAN necessarily attacking the enemy in their very advantageous position.

HAGERSTOWN, Maryland, is a village of four thousand inhabitants, and the capital of Washington county. It is twenty-six miles from Frederick. Washington is a strong Union county, having sent fourteen hundred men to the war, giving four thousand Union majority, and appropriating sixty thousand dollars in bounty money.

REBEL papers report that SHELLELL and MASON have been recalled from their foreign missions; that General JOHNSON is to take command west of the Mississippi, and that General LEX claims to have paroled seven thousand prisoners, and to have taken thirty pieces of cannon in his raid into Maryland.

Our forces defeated at Charleston, Va., have fallen back to Ripley, Va. This is a village about thirty miles east from Point Pleasant—The whole Kanawha Valley is now in possession of the rebels.

The military authorities at Lexington, Missouri, are stopping all boats running above that place, to prevent them from falling into rebel hands. There are many tons of goods at St. Louis waiting shipment to Leavenworth and points above.

THE 73d Illinois (from Springfield and vicinity), which passed through Cincinnati a few days ago, may be called a Methodist regiment. The Colonel, JOHN F. JACQUES, the Chaplain, JOHN S. BARBER, seven captains and twenty privates, are regular Methodist preachers, members of Conference, and six hundred and forty of the privates are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The Chaplain has four sons, all of whom are serving in the ranks of the same regiment. An organization so well clad in the armor of faith, ought to present a formidable front to the enemy.

THE ill-success of the Administration in carrying out the war, has caused a feeling of discontent among the people, and the Administration because they apprehended that it would use all means to put down the rebels and achieve success for our arms. They will fall away from its support, if it all, because of its unpopularity. With the people, the merit of rulers, as of military commanders, is judged by their success; and rightly, because it is to conduct affairs in a manner honorable and useful to the nation that they have power conferred to their hands. It is nothing to say that the nation has given the Administration credit for the measures of the opposition party, and that its failure is owing to this amiable mistake. The plain answer is, that the Government is responsible for the acts of its agents; it gains credit for its success, and loses it for its failure. It is to be held responsible for its inefficiency and not success. What the people demand is, to have the war carried on successfully.

(For the Press of the State.)

Bratting Postponed until the First of October.

THE STATE OF OHIO, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, COLUMBUS, Sept. 14th, 1862.

To the Several Commissioners for Superintending Drafting:

The attention and energies of the people of the State having been almost exclusively devoted to the protecting of our southern border for the past ten days, and the work of recruiting, for most of the past week, I feel it my duty to the gallant people of the State, to postpone the day for the commencement of the draft. I do, therefore, by virtue of the power vested in me, order and direct the Commissioners of the several counties of this State, to suspend the order of the Probate Court of Franklin county, in relation to the commencing of the drafting of the militia, to postpone the execution of the order for drafting until Wednesday, the first day of October next, on which day they will proceed in the manner heretofore indicated, to draft the quota from each county, in their respective counties. The several Military committees are requested to ascertain from the Commissioners of their respective counties, the number that was due from their counties on the first day of September, and continue their noble efforts in aid of the recruiting service until the first of October, when it is hoped and believed the entire quota from each county will be filled.

The necessity for the force called for by the President is now apparent to all. Our very friends are threatened in the desperate efforts of the rebels to destroy our glorious Government, and to divide the State of Ohio, and with one grand effort lay the ranks.

DAVID TOD, Governor.

A Disunion Organ in Ohio.

There are, we regret to say, a number of Disunion Republican papers even in Ohio. One of them, the Zanesville Times, of the 6th inst., said:

"It is our deliberate judgment, and it must also be the judgment of every man who will look this matter squarely in the face, that the restoration of the country under its former status is impossible. The person has been consecrated to us in the blood of tens of thousands of our people, and our only remedy is to give up the Union, and with a growing hostile sentiment against it in another, can only be kept in cohesion by holding over to the terrors of the sword and a powerful standing army. This would be repugnant to every principle of a republican form of government, and crushing to the hopes of freemen."

The journal from which the above is taken is edited by Dr. Gleason, a "Union" member of the Legislature, and a delegate to the Convention which nominated General George B. Wright for Governor of Ohio. The Democratic editor was ever arrested by the military authorities, and had his paper stopped, ever uttered sentiments as vile, not to say treasonable, as that—Gleason's Equivocal.

Flood in Philadelphia—Loss of Life and Property.

The heavy rains Friday morning, the 13th inst., caused an overflow in the Twenty-first Ward, Philadelphia, which extended to the Seventeenth and Sixteenth Wards, doing an immense amount of damage, some estimating the loss at \$1,000,000. The food was carried either by a defective culvert, or the overflow of a body of water which had congregated on the Lamb Tavern road and Broad street. The flow of which was very powerful, carrying trees, furniture, and, in some cases, ever so many people. It is said, which covered an area of five acres, is marked by complete devastation of property. The water was nine feet deep.

Beattie Delaney, of Adamson's mill factory, sustained a damage of \$10,000; Miller & Hirsch's gin and mill factory, \$10,000; Foreman's tannery, \$10,000. The factory of Cornelius & Baker was badly damaged, also the laboratory of Wyeth & Brothers. Five persons were drowned. Considerable damage was also caused by the overflow of the Schuylkill and other streams, and injury to the water mills.

Democratic County Nominations.

MANHATTAN—The Democracy of this county held their convention on the 8th inst., and put in nomination the following ticket, which they expect to elect on the 24 Tuesday of next month:

For Sheriff, Frederick Fellengale; Auditor, Abram W. Bryson; Treasurer, William Schmick; Recorder, Jacob Shively; Prosecuting Attorney, Alexander F. Moore; Commissioner, Israel Schiller; Infirmary Director, Christian Kestner; Coroner, Gottlieb Busch.

The Managing Sentinel, speaking of the Convention says:

The Convention on last Monday was, by all accounts, the largest and most enthusiastic gathering of the kind that ever assembled in this county on a similar occasion. Every township was fully represented by regular delegates and alternates, backed by a large and intelligent force of willing sympathizers. The business sessions were well conducted, and terminated in their efforts to induce the Democracy to stand, and join the so-called Union party in electing Radicals to office. But falling in

with their darling, enterprise, to break up the Democratic party—a thing that had been tried in vain for three quarters of a century—they very gracefully "give it up," and proceed to show the necessity of parties.

The New York Evening Post, one of the ablest and most influential of the organs of the late bogus "Union" party, in its issue of last Saturday says:

Parties are necessary in a free government; they are necessary because the danger is so long as they oppose each other and in common with the patriotic principles only by lawful and constitutional means. We are glad to find, in the words of the Democratic leaders and journals, that they recognize more clearly the danger and announce this fundamental principle, which a large part of that party fatally forgot after the late Presidential election.

The object of every party is, or ought to be, the good of the whole country. The first object of all parties is, in this country, to put down the rebel army, and to restore law, to punish the traitors and conspirators whose machinations have brought this grievous evil on the country, and to restore law and order all over the Union.

The time is near when a new House of Representatives is to be chosen. The leaders of the Democratic party are rallying, and ask the support of the people at the coming election for a candidate who will be able to advance their power, to be responsible for the acts and for the efficiency of the men it elects to govern the nation; and that the present Administration has not shown itself to be as efficient as the people have a right to expect. They represent that the nation has given the Administration credit for the measures of the opposition party, and that its failure is owing to this amiable mistake. The plain answer is, that the Government is responsible for the acts of its agents; it gains credit for its success, and loses it for its failure. It is to be held responsible for its inefficiency and not success. What the people demand is, to have the war carried on successfully.

For Auditor, William C. Thompson; Sheriff, Allan J. B. H. Thompson; Recorder, Frank H. Hurd; Recorder, John Harbo; Coroner, Dr. M. M. Shaw; Infirmary Director, James Spout.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Knox county deprecate, in these times, the re-election of this rank Abolitionist, B. F. Wade, to the U. S. Senate, and, in common with the patriotic, conservative citizens of Ohio, desire the election of one who is in favor of the Constitution and the laws enacted in consonance therewith.

Resolved, That the delegates here present, representing the Democracy of Knox county, most heartily indorse the nomination of Major John O'Neill, the Democratic candidate for Congress in this District, and we will do every thing in our power to secure his triumphant election.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Marion county have nominated a ticket that will be elected by a very handsome majority. Here it is:

For Auditor, William C. Thompson; Sheriff, Allan J. B. H. Thompson; Recorder, Frank H. Hurd; Coroner, Dr. M. M. Shaw; Infirmary Director, James Spout.

The Convention that nominated this ticket adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That we, the Democracy of Marion county, in Convention assembled, reiterate and affirm the platform of principles adopted at the Democratic State Convention, held at Columbus on the 4th day of July, 1862, and pledge ourselves to a rigid maintenance of the same, believing that, as they have maintained the Union and preserved our National honor for three-quarters of a century, so are they the only principles which can form the basis of its restoration, or settlement of our unhappy troubles.

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