THE DAILY PRESS.

HENRY REED & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 23

Cincinnati Weekly Press.

Our weekly edition is published this morning, and is for sale at the counting-room at three cents single. Persons not within convenient reach of the daily, will find the WEEKLY PRESS the best substitute, and a complete news and literary journal for the family. Subscription price $1 a year.

State Schools—Their Perpetuity.

The Newburyport *Herald* mentions as an illustration of the folly of legacies for specific purposes, after the death of the donor, the case of the Putnam School in that city. Mr. Putnam, many years ago, left a legacy to be applied, after it had accumulated to a certain amount, to establish a school where boys could be trained for business. At the time he lived, there were no such schools. (Query—Are there now?) The *Herald* says: "By the time the legacy had reached the requisite amount, the high schools provided by the State had rendered the Putnam School unnecessary. But a handsome building was erected, and the school is maintained. But it is an entire waste of money, which might have been devoted to some useful purpose."

Up to the present generation, education has been chiefly maintained by schools, seminaries and colleges endowed or supported by private generosity. Benevolent people who have wealth, without direct heirs, which they wish to leave to benefit mankind, naturally look to some means of providing them with education. Out of this has grown the institutions which furnished the higher branches of education for the greater part of the present generation. But this fountain must now be dried up, because the State has taken the charge of education. Our citizens have seen the operation of the same feeling in this city, in incorporating a bequest, left for founding a free school, into the common school fund, on the ground that all our schools are free, where it must share the fate of the public schools.

It will easily be seen that our State school system must be fatal to all the means by which education has heretofore been sustained. That, its friends will not deny. It is their boast that the State has provided so perfect a system for all, or will provide it when the system is perfected, that all other schools are unnecessary, and, as the Newburyport paper says, and as our managers of the Hughes and Woodward bequests thought, "an entire waste of money which might have been devoted to some useful purpose." Thus the operation of the public school system is, as its friends claim, to combine all the means of education into one system, so that if that should fail, it would leave the country entirely destitute, and obliged to begin from the foundation to build up educational institutions.

To this extent all the friends of the State school system will agree with us. We have stated nothing but what they regard as the honor and boast of the school system, though the idea of its failing, they will treat, of course, as a ridiculous chimera of a diseased imagination. Probably they would say that it arose from hostility to education, and from advocating ignorance. Such are the arguments of educational minds. Should the public school system be overthrown, the country would find that during its existence it had broken down all private institutions for education—this is the aim of its friends—that it had cut off all those endowments from private generosity and munificence, which, with the growth and accumulations of generations, have established so many schools and colleges. All of these would be "a waste of money that might be applied to some useful purpose."

There are some old established colleges which may be preserved; but the means which founded them are intended to be cut off by the public system, because it is expected to furnish just as good institutions for all. Therefore, if the system breaks down, the country will have lost all those institutions which would have been established by private generosity during the period of its existence, and as we said before, will have to begin the work of founding schools from the bottom.

To this point we have the advocates of the State school system with us, except that they will not listen to any supposition of a break down. But now we come to the question, will the State school system ever be overthrown? Has it the elements of perpetuity, so that it is safe to trust all the interests of education to its fate? We wish to weigh well our words in this matter, for we know that to discuss this question, and to suggest a doubt, will disturb many good men; but we do not suppose that any reflecting man, who permits himself to think on the subject, can believe in its perpetuity. Man is said to be a reflective animal, but men go on "perfecting"—as they call it—our public school system, and placing the interests of education entirely in its hands, when they know that it can not endure; when they know that, judged by the light of all the past, and by what they see daily before their eyes, the State school system has in it the elements of fatality. But men will not allow themselves to reflect. They set up the State school system as a matter of faith; and if any doubt its supreme wisdom, they pronounce them friends of ignorance, and consequently friends of crime, for it is a part of the creed that crime comes from want of education.

We will take only the warnings of the peculiar advocates of the system, and show by them that its destruction is sure. They have often proclaimed that if party considerations got the control of the schools they would be ruined. Imagine the teachers' situations in our schools the spoil of party contests, and you have then an institution which should be broken down as soon as possible. But will they be kept sacred from party contests? Does any sane man believe that they will? What will save them? Are they any more sacred than the Judiciary? Yet that shares the fate of party scrambles. Are they any more sacred than the Church? Yet would the Church be exempt from corruption if its officers were subject to the political elections? Political considerations have already entered into the management of the schools, when this announcement is made that any such thing would be fatal; and the cry means that if any party but ours gets the control of them, they will be ruined. Why should a Democratic or a Republican majority confer that they are made to be trusted with the schools? And when they have come fully into the party scramble, and the teacherships have shared the fate of other offices, what institution can be imagined, or read of, with such capacities for wrong and oppression as the public schools? When the experiment of self-government in America has resulted in placing the children under the control of such persons as the average of those who are elected to office in party scrambles, it will have been played out; and then it would have been better if it never had been born. And let it be remembered that however the school system may have become demoralized in this way, it will still cut off all private educational undertakings, for it will monopolise the public means, and all other efforts will still be a waste of money.

We know of a large town where the public schools are great, magnificent, and almost perfected, where they have only been saved from destruction, for several years past, by whispering the alarm on election day, that "the Catholics are trying to get the control of the schools!" According to the most hopeful friends of the system in that place, it is only saved from ruin by that game.

There, too, it was announced by the peculiar advocates of the system, at the last school election, that if the school elections were not kept out of politics, which in reality means, there, if the Democrats are not kept out of the control, the schools will be ruined. As the school elections are provided at a different time, and in a different manner, from all other elections, so as to escape notice, and "keep politics out," and as not one quarter of the voters usually think of the school elections, this game has been successful several times. But can it be relied on for permanency? Can a school system which already hangs by such a slender thread, be said to have the elements of perpetuity?

When this religious dodge is stated in large terms, as a principle, it is that if sectarian considerations enter into the control of the schools, they will be ruined. All the friends admit this. As interpreted, it means that the schools are now in the control of Protestants, and if the Catholics get the control, they will be ruined. We care not to dispute this point; but does not Protestant control equally ruin the schools for the Catholics; and have not Catholic citizens equal rights in the schools? Furthermore, will any rational man, who observes the progress and the politics of this country, say that a system which will be ruined if the Catholics carry the school elections, is a safe one to build up, to drive out all other means of education? There are plenty of Protestant politicians now, who, to carry their own elections, would give the nominations for school officers to the Catholics.

Besides, the Protestants have the control of the schools now, and they insist that certain of their religious observances shall be used in the schools, or else they will be utterly Godless, and, therefore, ruined. Has not this set a precedent for the Catholics, when they get the control of any of the schools, to insist on their religious observances, and will not this ruin the schools for the Protestants? Several of the Ward schools in New York have been "ruined" in that way already. It will thus be seen that this system which is driving out all other educational means in the country, and making all education depend on its fate, is, by the admission of its most zealous advocates, as easily ruined as a woman's reputation. Yet any one who suggests the rashness of this venture, will be denounced as an enemy of education, and maligned as if he had denied some religious dogma.

We have merely referred to the elements of ruin to the system, which its friends have announced, and our space limits us to mere suggestions for consideration in that. We have not entered into the subject by any means. At some future time we may.

Muscular Christianity.

A sound body is now regarded as requisite for a sound theological mind; and, by a sound body is meant not only good digestion, but muscle. People have begun to doubt that it is necessary that preachers should be pale and delicate in order to be spiritual; they begin to distinguish between sanctity and dispepsia, and to deny that to die young is proof of the love of the gods. They really begin to suspect that God prefers stout, robust, long-lived and muscular Christians. It is singular that it was never thought of before, but by the particular directions given to the Hebrews, it will be seen that God required that those who were set apart for service in his sanctuary, should be physically perfect in every function. Milk-faced, narrow-chested preachers will no longer be allowed to charge their weakness on God, nor to palm it off for spirituality. Indigestion and costiveness have got to stand on their own merits. They are no longer to be called special chastenings to show special love. Insuficient, crooked legs, narrow shoulders, sunken chests and limpsy arms will now be charged where the responsibility belongs, to ill-begotten birth, or neglected bodily education. The time has come when the temple of the body is to be honored and built up as the image and the temple of the living God. We shall have no more people too good for this world; but to be good will be the very way to make one's days long in the land.

The power which will be added to the preaching of the gospel by this muscular dispensation, is slightly illustrated by an instance which happened in the town of Litchfield, Conn., as related by the *Enquirer* of that place. The Rev. James Richards, D. D., after carrying on a long newspaper controversy with several clerical opponents, resolved to bring the argument to an issue in accordance with the new dispensation. He entered the house of the Rev. Francis Bacon, and then "got well in" on his peepers, smeller, potatoe-trap, mug, lug, kisser, and bread-basket.

The Rev. James Richards, D. D., was arrested for this, and brought before a worldly magistrate, who had no reverence for the muscular dispensation. But Doctor Richards did not stand up to his faith and practice, as Paul did before Felix; but he recanted, or his friends did for him, by urging that he was insane, or, as they used to call it in scriptures, possessed with a devil. But the worldly magistrate thought it best to place him under bonds, lest he should become insane again. The magistrate was probably an enemy to the truth, and wished to prevent the faithful from ex-pounding the gospel.

THE ATLANTIC is out for September, with a list of articles which show that this oracle of the modern Athenian owls has all its pristine vigor. This number is more than usually full and attractive.

RE-POSTMASTER FOWLER ATTACKED BY YELLOW FEVER.—A gentleman, who came passenger from Havana in the *Quaker City*, says the New York *Tribune*, reports that when he left Mr. Fowler, our Ex-Postmaster, was down with the yellow fever.

Pro-Slavery Oratory and Negro Plots.

A correspondent of the Galveston *News*, writing of the negro plot at Austin, Texas, says:

"The slaves have been told that there was a candidate for President in the field who, if elected, would free them."

If that is the effect of it, they had better stop that kind of panic-preaching in the South. It will be remembered that the slaves heard so much of the same sort from Democratic orators in 1856, that the negroes in some of the States believed that if Fremont was elected, he would free them; and extensive disaffection prevailed among the slaves in some parts of Tennessee about election time. Southern orators should remember that while they are declaiming that the election of a Republican President will be followed by aggressions on slavery, the negroes are treasuring up every word; and they had better have Abolition orators roving loose among them, than such pro-slavery panic-preaching.

The Mexican Papers.

We have received the first number of a new serial of this title, to be published semi-monthly, by Edward E. Dunbar, of New York, some time a resident of Mexico, and a newspaper correspondent. The work is devoted to the Mexican question as the great American question, and proposes to give a full history of Mexican affairs, and to advocate such a course on the part of the United States Government toward Mexico, as may be consistent with the welfare of both nations. Ross & Tousey, No. 121 Nassau-street, New York, are General Agents for the publication.

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Movements of the Prince of Wales.

QUEBEC, August 21.—Amid a pouring rain, the Prince left the Governor-General's house, to take up his residence in the Parliament Buildings.

At the levee, all the Roman Catholic Bishops in the Province were first presented separately; next, the Judges of the Superior Court of Lower Canada; then the members of the Legislature and Council, the Speaker of which read an address in French and English, to which the Prince replied.

At the conclusion, the Speaker was desired to kneel down, and the Prince, taking an unsheathed sword from the Duke of Newcastle, struck the Speaker lightly, saying "Rise up, Sir Narcisse Belleau."

The members of the Lower House were then introduced, and an address was read by the Speaker, William Henry Smith, on whom the honor of Knighthood was bestowed. After this, the officers of the garrison were presented; then the Anglecian Bishop and clergy, who presented an address and received an appropriate reply. About 1,000 gentlemen were then presented; a number of addresses from national societies were then presented. After a levee, upward of fifty members of the Legislative Council and Assembly partook of a *de jeuner* with the Prince.

In the afternoon, the Prince drove to Montmorenci Falls. There were a dozen arches on the way, and the houses were dressed with flags, &c. Crowds on the road cheered lustily. The Prince was delighted with the Falls. He visited the Natural Steps, and returned to town to dinner, at seven o'clock, with a select party. A ball comes off at Music Hall, to-night.

Political.

SARATOGA, August 21.—The Breckinride State Convention met to-day at the United States Hotel, John A. Green, Jr., in the Chair, and M. McMahon, Secretary. Thirteen out of the sixteen members of the Convention were present, viz: Messrs. G. W. Smith, T. P. Mott, and Mr. Folk, of Brooklyn; Radford, of Westchester; Hasbrouck, of Ulster; Taylor, of Washington; Maltby, of Oneida; Miller, of Tioga; Rapslie, of Yates; Hatch, of Erie, and Eddy, of Niagara.

Arrangements were made for an active and powerful prosecution of the campaign. The committee were satisfied by facts presented that the Cagger and Richmond Committee do not desire any union of the party that will result in the election of Breckinridge and Lane.

TOLEDO, August 22.—James B. Steedman was nominated for Congress to-day by the Douglas Democrats of the Fifth District.

Battles with Indians.

ST. LOUIS, August 22.—The St. Joseph Agent of the Pony Express received, by the last arrival, a note from the Agent at Salt Lake City, announcing the detention of the Express by the Indians.

A fight took place between Lieut. Perkins' command and the Bannocks, in which seventeen Indians were killed and three soldiers badly wounded. A fight also occurred between the mail *employes* at Shell Creek and the Pah Utah Indians, in which five of the latter were killed.

Sporting Intelligence.

FONDA, August 22.—In the great trot today between "Flora Temple" and "Brown Dick," the former was the conqueror. Time—2:32, 2:25½, and 2:28. The last was a dead heat, "Brown Dick" having been drawn; cause, lameness.

BUFFALO, August 22.—The annual regatta took place to-day. There were 12 entries; race, 20 miles. Uncle Sam won the first prize, and Young Republic the second.

Another Defaulting Postmaster.

CHICAGO, August 22.—The Davenport (Iowa) *Democrat and News* says that Samuel Workman, Postmaster at Iowa City, has resigned and retained $10,000 of the Government money. The office was closed yesterday and taken possession of by Agent Alexander, of the Postoffice Department.

Workman has been absent for some months.

From New York.

NEW YORK, August 22.—Subscriptions in this city in aid of the Pope, up to the 20th inst., amounted to upward of $51,000.

The Committee of Invitation to the Prince of Wales—Messrs. Wilson G. Hunt, J. J. Astor, Robert B. Minturn and Robert Keeley—left yesterday for Montreal.

Fire at Springfield, Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., August 22.—The extensive flour-mill of C. Freeman was destroyed by fire this evening. The building contained a large quantity of wheat, a part of which was saved. Loss $15,000; insured for $12,000.

From Chicago.

CHICAGO, August 22.—E. H. Denison, arrested some two weeks since on the charge of embezzlement, had an examination last evening, which resulted in his honorable discharge.

The Arabia at Boston.

BOSTON, August 22.—The *Arabia* arrived at half-past two P. M. Her mails will reach New York at midnight. The *Europa* sailed at noon with $50,000 in specie.

Naval.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The United States steam frigate *Susquehanna* left to-day for the Mediterranean.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT FROM FIREWORKS. The wife of Alderman Edge, of Jersey City, N. J., was sitting with another lady in the window of an engine-house, in that city, looking at a firemen's procession, when a ball from a Roman candle struck her in the eye, destroying her sight, and badly lacerating her face. The other lady was slightly injured.

SEVERE ACCIDENT TO A COMEDIAN.—Mr. A. H. Davenport, the comedian, met with a serious accident on the 14th inst. He was driving in a wagon at Stamford, Conn., and was thrown from his vehicle upon a pile of stones. He lay without consciousness for some time before he was discovered, and was then taken to his home upon a mattress. He was very badly bruised and cut.

NO SMALL CHANGE IN CALIFORNIA.—In the official report of the California Mint the following passage occurs, which illustrates one of the singular phases of social life on the Pacific:

Half-dimes, three-cent pieces, coppers and nickels are unknown to our commerce, and are almost unknown in our mint, although a few half-dimes were once issued, to the great indignation of some people, who consider them a dangerous innovation, as having a tendency to reduce the price of labor and the profits of trade.

AN ENGLISH PEER'S PRODIGALITY.—Lord Overstone gave a dinner to a regiment of volunteers, at Windsor, England, and furnished such meager fare that many of his guests sent him twelve penny postage-stamps each by way of remuneration.

AN INCENDIARY SENTENCED IN VIRGINIA.—Thomas O. Quilla, *alias* Foster, indicted in Richmond, Va., for using incendiary language in relation to slavery, has been found guilty, and sentenced to suffer one year imprisonment, and pay a fine of $100 and costs.

HOME INTEREST.

☞ Gas Stoves at CHESTER'S Tea-room.

☞ CHESTER'S Tea-rooms, Walnut, below 5th.

☞ Clothes renovated and repaired, 120 W. Sixth.

☞ Clothing renovated and repaired, 59 E. Third.

☞ CARPENTER'S cheap Pictures, 20 Fifth-street.

☞ Good Pictures in cases for 15 cents, at APPLEGATE'S Mammoth Gallery, Fifth and Main. au1-tf

☞ A. A. EYSTER, Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Nos. 343 and 371 Western-row.

☞ Pictures for ten cents at JOHNSON'S Gallery Ninth and Main.

☞ WHO SHOULD USE DR. BOYER DONS'S VEGETABLE IMPERIAL WINE BITTERS?—All who are afflicted with incipient consumption or weak lungs should use them.

All who suffer from weak stomachs, indigestion, dyspepsia or piles should use them.

All who suffer from general or nervous debility, restlessness at night, want of sleep, etc., should use them.

All persons who are convalescent after fever or other sickness should use them.

Ministers of the Gospel, lawyers, lecturers, and all public speakers, should use them.

Book-keepers, and all persons leading a sedentary life, should use them.

The aged and infirm should use them.

All who require a stimulant or tonic should use them.

All who are addicted to the use of ardent spirits, and wish to reform, should use them.

They are made of a pure sherry wine and of the native plants and herbs of the country, and should be recommended by temperance societies, clergymen, physicians and all friends of humanity.

They are prepared by an experienced and skillful physician; and, aside from their medicinal properties, are a most delightful beverage; and yet, as a medicine, are as innocent and harmless as the dews of heaven.

Sold by druggists generally.

CHAS. WIDDIFIELD & CO., Proprietors,
73 William-st., New York.
JOHN D. PARK,
Fourth and Walnut-sts.
au7-dwTu,Th,Sat

Wedding and Visiting Cards,
Engraved and Printed, Seals and Presses; De La Rue Stationery and Envelopes.
SHIPLEY & SMITH,
(Successors to H. H. Shipley & Bro.,)
522 West Fourth-street.
jy2-ay

FALL ELECTION.

Sheriff.

☞ THE FRIENDS OF FRANCIS DARE will support him as their choice for SHERIFF of Hamilton County, subject to the decision of the approaching Democratic Convention. jy27-dw

☞ MR. EDITOR, PLEASE ANNOUNCE JOB STEPHENS as a Candidate for SHERIFF of Hamilton County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention, and oblige a host of friends. [au21

Court of Common Pleas.

☞ ALEX. B. HUSTON IS A CANDIDATE for the office of CLERK OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. au14-tf

Probate Judge.

☞ ALEX. PADDACK IS A CANDIDATE for PROBATE JUDGE, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. au12-tf

☞ GEORGE H. HILTON IS A CANDIDATE for re-election to the office of PROBATE JUDGE, subject to the decision of the approaching Democratic Convention. au11-tf

Prosecuting Attorney.

☞ DENNIS J. TOOHY WILL BE A candidate for the office of PROSECUTING ATTORNEY of Hamilton County, subject to the choice of the Democratic Convention. au19-t sept

☞ THOMAS A. LOGAN WILL BE A candidate for PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. [au11-tf]

☞ CHARLES LOOMIS IS A CANDIDATE for the office of Prosecuting Attorney for Hamilton County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. au15-tf

OHIO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS!

Special Notice.

☞ THE CLOSING PARTIES OF the SEASON at the Ohio White Sulphur Springs will take place on

AUGUST 30, 31 AND SEPTEMBER 1.

MENTER'S FULL CORNET BAND will be in attendance from

THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, UNTIL MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3.

The proprietor hopes to see all his friends and the friends of the Springs present at the above time.
au23 A. WILSON, JR.

Read, all who wish to get Rich!

☞ A BOOK, CONTAINING INSTRUCTIONS how to make a fortune in a few months, will be sent to any and all persons, on receipt of their correct address and 20 cents in postage stamps. Address J. F. DE LISLE, Agent,
jel5-1tf Box 1,244 Cincinnati, Ohio.

☞ $55. ☜

LADD, WEBSTER & CO.'S Sewing Machines!

☞ NEW STYLE JUST ISSUED AT FIFTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

$55.

☞ Call and see them at 80 West Fourth-st.
[au2-tf]

☞ MY SCHOOL WILL BE RE-OPENED on MONDAY, 3d September. There will be taught all the usual branches of English and Mathematical Education, the Ancient and several Modern Languages. My constant endeavor is to make my scholars thoroughly acquainted with what they study, and to cultivate their powers of reason and reflection. Particular attention is paid to youth studying for college. Terms, $30 per session of twenty-one weeks.
Apply to GEORGE CLAVE 264 West Seventh-st.
Refer to A. H. MCGUFFEY, Esq., R. KING, Esq., A. M. SEARLES, Esq., S. W. POMEROY, Esq. au21-bw*

J. CAREY, THE CELEBRATED CHIROPODIST, HAS RETURNED FROM HIS tour in Canada and the East, and begs leave to state that he intends remaining permanently in the city, and will be pleased to hear from those afflicted with CORNS or BUNIONS. Having had fourteen years' experience, he feels warranted in asserting that his mode of operating will give satisfaction to all. Office in APOLLO BUILDING, Room No. 4, fourth floor. au18-tf

☞ CARD.—THE REPAIRS TO OUR store will be completed about September 1 When we will reopen with a choice stock of HATS, CAPS and FURS, manufactured expressly for our retail trade.

Taking this occasion to express our thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us, we beg to assure our friends that no effort on our part shall be spared to merit a continuance.

J. G. TOWERS & CO.,
Hatters and Furriers,
au15-tf No. 149 Main-street.

☞ KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY is acknowledged by the most eminent physicians, and by the most careful druggists throughout the United States, to be the most effectual blood-purifier ever known, and to have relieved more suffering, and effected more permanent cures than any preparation known to the profession. Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Scaly Eruptions of whatever nature, are cured by a few bottles and the system restored to full strength and vigor. Full and explicit directions for the cure of Liver Complaint and other powerful and running sores, is given in the pamphlet with each bottle. For sale by JOHN D. PARK, SUIRE, WOLSTEIN & CO., and GEORGE E. DIXON. Price $1.
au21-ly

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE—THE MEMBERS OF the Bricklayers' Union will meet at Union Hall, on Plum-street, between Seventh and Eighth-streets, on FRIDAY EVENING, the 24th inst., at eight o'clock. By Order of Trustees.
[au-23b]

☞ POLITICAL—THIRD WARD LINCOLN CLUB! ATTENTION!—You will meet for drill at your rooms in Humboldt Hall, opposite Little Miami Railroad Depot, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Let there be a full turn-out. By order
G. W. HARTWELL, Captain.
au23-a*

☞ OTTAWA BEER—THE HEALTHIEST DRINK IN THE CITY, can be found at 152 Vine-st., between Fourth and Fifth. This drink was first made by Dr. Irish of New York, as a cure for the dyspepsia, heartburn, disease of the lungs and general debility. It has been drunk by thousands, who all pronounce it far superior to any temperance beverage ever introduced into this city. It is not only pleasant and healthy, but it is cool and refreshing, and quenches thirst better than water. Call and judge for yourselves, at 152 Vine-st., between Fourth and Fifth.
au22-a* L. B. IRISH & CO.

☞ PALMER'S LOTION IN NEW YORK.—Dennis Meehan, in the employ of Union & Wheelock, 592 Maiden-lane, New York, writes, in substance, under date of July 24, 1860, as follows: "Your Cosmetic Lotion has cured my face and hands, also my legs and feet, of an eruption which the physicians called chronic eczema, after having spent ten weeks and five days in the different New York hospitals without any real benefit to me." Prepared by SOLON PALMER,
No. 50 West Fourth-street.
And for sale by druggists generally. au23

☞ NEWMAN'S PATENT AIR-TIGHT SELF-SEALING FRUIT JARS. This Jar has been pronounced the best, most simple and cleanly ever invented, requiring neither wax, solder nor cement. House-keepers will find this Jar just what they have been looking for.
Send your orders to
JOHN F. HACKMAN,
No. 219 Fifth-street, bet. Elm and Plum,
au23-a* Opposite his Old Stand.

☞ GOLD BAND AND WHITE CHINA TEA SETS,
James Edwards' best Iron-Stone China;
Ivory handled Knives and Forks;
Plated Spoons and Forks;
Oval Tea Trays, Fruit Bowls, Goblets, Champagne and Wines; sold low for cash at
JOHN F. HACKMAN'S,
No. 219 Fifth-street,
au23-a* Between Elm and Plum.

CINCINNATI FEMALE SEMINARY!

Cor. Seventh and Mound-sts.

☞ THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING leased the above institution, begs leave to announce that it will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 3, 1860, under the superintendence of MILTON SAYLER, assisted by Miss BAUMAN, Miss STEER and other necessary teachers. The number of pupils will be limited, and the School will be strictly private and select.
Application for admission may be made to MILTON SAYLER, at the Seminary Building.
NELSON SAYLER,
au11-cw Lessee and Proprietor.

TORCHES FOR PROCESSIONS!
During the
PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN,
At 35 and 50 cents per dozen, at
SWING TORCHES $1 per dozen.
A. C. PARRY'S, (Tinner,)
jy20-tf 31 Race-st.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PHŒNIX

INSURANCE COMPANY,

—OF—

HARTFORD, CONN.

Branch Office,

33

West Third-st.,

au23-cm CINCINNATI.

The Problem, "What Shall We do for Fencing," Solved at Last by

JOHNSON'S

WOOD AND WIRE PICKET FENCE.

THE GREAT

FENCE-WEAVER

PATENTED MAY 17, 1859.

What Every Landholder Should Have.

THIS SIMPLE YET INGENIOUS MACHINE is justly pronounced one of the wonderful inventions of this prolific age.

ITS ADVANTAGES:

It is capable of weaving 150 feet of fence per hour. It can be readily worked by either one or two hands. Both time and labor are saved.

The fence when made and put up will cost fifty per cent. less than the ordinary plank fence, and is equally durable.

It will make twenty times more fencing from the same quantity of timber than the usual rail mode.

Timber otherwise considered useless for fencing purposes, can be worked in and saved.

The fence can be made in detached portions if desired, and, when completed, shipped to any place.

It is a cheap, strong and durable fence for yard and garden, orchard and field.

The machine, and specimens of the fence, are now on exhibition at the Madison House, No. 79 Main-street, in this city. State and County Rights for sale by
J. B. WRIGHT,
au23-c* Agent for the Patentees.

Torch-lights!

Torch-lights!

WE ARE MANUFACTURING SEVERAL patterns of CAMPAIGN TORCH-LAMPS, and our facilities are such that we can can make them in the largest quantities and at low prices.

Geo. D. Winchell, Marsh & Co.,
au23-b N. W. cor. Race and Second-sts.

GAS FIXTURES
—FOR—
CINCINNATI,
COVINGTON AND
NEWPORT,
At Eastern Prices.

A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT can always be found at
McHENRY & CARSON'S
LAMP AND GAS-FIXTURE DEPOT;
au17-eod8sept 162 Main-st.

CINCINNATI PUBLIC SCHOOLS—ANNOUNCEMENT.—The Intermediate and District Schools of the city will be opened in Regular Session, at 9 o'clock, on MONDAY MORNING next, August 27th. Teachers and pupils are expected to be promptly in attendance at their respective schools.

A Special Examination for admission to the Intermediate Schools will be held in each Intermediate School-house on WEDNESDAY next, August 29th, beginning at 10 o'clock, A. M. All pupils desirous of admission will please attend accordingly.

NOTICE.—All the Teachers of the Intermediate and District Schools are requested to meet in General Convention at Greenwood Hall, Mechanics' Institute, corner of Sixth and Vine-streets, on SATURDAY next, August 25th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., punctually.

Trustees and friends are respectfully invited.
au23-c I. J. ALLEN, Superintendent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Application will be made to his Excellency, William Dennison, Governor of the State of Ohio, for the pardon of James Davis, who was convicted of murder in the second degree, at the March term of the Court of Common Pleas, of Hamilton County, A. D. 1859, and sentenced to the Penitentiary during the term of his natural life.

CHARITY BROADY.

Acknowledged and sworn
THEOPHILUS GAINES,
Prosecuting Attorney, Hamilton County, O.
June 15, 1860. 5*

$7,000, $5,000, $3,000, $2,500, $2,000, $1,500, $1,000, $500. Mortgages for these several sums of money, amply secured on real estate in this city and immediate vicinity, having from one to three years to run will be sold at advantageous rates for the purchaser.
SAMUEL A. SAGENT,
au22-c Corner of Fifth and Walnut-sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DELAND & GOSSAGE,

74 & 76

West Fourth-street,

WILL OFFER TO

HOTEL AND HOUSEKEEPERS,

GREAT INDUCEMENTS

—IN—

LINEN AND COTTON GOODS!

Linen and Cotton Sheetings,
Pillow-Case Cottons,
Table Damasks, Napkins,
Scotch Diapers, &c., &c.,
Bath and Huckabuck Towels,
Marseilles and Allendale Quilts,
Furniture Coverings,
Flannels, Bed-Ticking, &c.

EVENING DRESS GOODS!

BAREGE AND ORGANDIE ROBES,
A fine assortment.

NEW GOODS,

FOR TRAVELING DRESSES,
AT 25, 30, 37½ AND 50 CENTS.
DRESS CHINTZES.....30, 25, 30 and 37½ cts.
ENGLISH CALICOES.....12½c.

DRESS SILKS

A fine assortment of

Colored and Black Dress Silks,

AT 50, 62½, 75, 87½ CTS. AND $1.

PRICES REDUCED

BAREGE ROBES.....From $6 to $12.
BAREGE DELAINES (fine styles).....12½ cts.
PINK AND WHITE MOSQUITO BOBBINET.....At 30, 35 and 37½c.

FANS,

AT 26, 25, 35, 40 AND 50 CENTS.
FINE FANS.....$1, $1 50, $2 and $3.

SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,

AT $2, $2 50 AND $3,
VERY SUPERIOR STYLES.

Goods for Carriage Linings,

In great variety.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S

HOOP SKIRTS!

A FULL ASSORTMENT.

EMBROIDERIES!

LADIES' COLLARS AND SLEEVES.
TRAVELING SETS, $1 25.....Worth $2.
MARSEILLES COLLARS.....25c.

Drab Vails and Vail Grenadines,

LACE CAPES

—AND—

Embroidered Handkerchiefs,

At Bargains.

DELAND & GOSSAGE.
[au19-tf]

DR. JAMES.

MEDICAL NOTICE

DR. JAMES, FORMERLY OF CUSTOM House-street, New Orleans, has arrived in Cincinnati, and has established an office at 79 West Fourth-street, front room, up stairs, one door below Pike's Opera-house, for the cure of old chronic, mercurial, syphilitic and private infirmities, without mercury, hindrance from business, or exposure to friends.

The unparalleled success which has attended Dr. James's practice in New Orleans, for the last eleven years, and also, in the principal cities of the United States, the many remarkable cures he has effected, which were pronounced incurable by high medical authority, and the encomiums of the almost entire Southern press, should convince the most skeptical as to Dr. J.'s abilities to treat disease.

The following are some of the diseases termed *private*, of which Dr. James devotes his particular attention, viz: Syphilis, Primary, Secondary and Tertiary, Stricture, Urethral Discharges, Gleet, Gonorrhea, Nocturnal and Diurnal Emissions, Diseases of the Back and Loins, Rheumatism, Hydrocele, Ulcers, &c.

Also diseases *peculiar to females*, such as Amenorrhea, Dysmenorrhea, Metrorhagia, Chlorosis, Nervous Debility, &c., successfully treated. Dr. James would also call the attention especially of those who have privately and improperly injured themselves in that secret and solitary habit which ruins the body and mind, unfitting them for either business or society.

The following are some of the effects produced: General Debility, Impotency, Weakness of the back and limbs, Pain in the head, Dimness of vision, Loss of muscular power, Palpitation of the heart, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Irritability, Symptoms of Consumption, &c. Mentally the fearful effects on the mind are to be dreaded. Loss of memory, Confusion of ideas, Depression of spirits, Evil foreboding, Aversion to society, Self distrust, Love of solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of the evils produced.

All persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should not fail to call on Dr. James and be at once restored to perfect health. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply at once, and save yourselves from the awful and dreadful consequences of these terrible maladies.

Weakness of the organs cured and full vigor restored.

Remember Dr. James's office is 79 West Fourth-street, up stairs, front room, one door below Pike's Opera-house.

P. S.—All professional communications inviolable. Office open from nine A. M. till five P. M., Sunday excepted. au22

DODGE'S PATENT

IMPROVEMENT IN

Grates, Wood-Fires and Stoves

IT PRODUCES A COMFORTABLE, economical and perfect heat at half the cost of any other open fire.

Read the article in the Southern Medical and Surgical Journal of the 1st inst., on the evil effects of close stoves, hot-air and steam, and you will not hesitate to procure a wholesome heat for your family and self, at any reasonable cost. You can secure it by ordering

DODGE'S PATENT,

Which can be purchased at a trifling expense. Orders left at EAGLE STOVE STORE, 17 West Fifth-street, will receive prompt attention.

JOHN B. RYAN & CO.,
au21-c Proprietors of Dodge's Patent.

A New Feature

—IN—

DENTISTRY,

At Dr. Francis's Office,

au21-f 137 West Fourth-st., bet. Race and Elm.

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE,
Sycamore-st., bet. Sixth and Seventh,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE CLASSES WILL BE RESUMED on MONDAY, the 3d of September next.
No pupils are boarded in the Institution.

TERMS:

Tuition per Session of ten months.....$40
Use of Philosophical Apparatus.....4
Use of Chemical Apparatus.....4

PAYABLE QUARTERLY IN ADVANCE.

Tuition in Instrumental Music, per quarter.....$10
Tuition in Vocal Music, per month.....50c.

For further information, apply at the College.
au22-dw M. OAKLEY, S. T., President.

TEETH AND ROOTS OF TEETH
EXTRACTED
Without Drugs, Pain or Danger,
At 137 West Fourth-street.
(au21-f)

ENGLISH SAUCES.—JUST RECEIVED, 10 cases Worcestershire Sauce; 5 cases John Bull Sauce; 4 cases Reading Sauce; 10 cases Harvey Sauce; 5 cases Beefsteak Sauce; 10 cases Anchovy and Shrimp Sauce.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by
A. McDONALD & CO.,
au20 56 and Branch 249 West Fourth-st.

TAMARINDS.—JUST RECEIVED, 20 dozen jars fresh Tamarinds.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by
A. McDONALD & CO.,
au20 56 and Branch 249 West Fourth-st.

FRESH COVE AND SPICED OYSTERS. Just received, 25 cases fresh Cove and Spiced Oysters.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by
A. McDONALD & CO.,
au20 56 and Branch 249 West Fourth-st.

NEW MACKEREL.—30 KITS FAT UP expressly for family use.
DONAHOE & COLTER,
au18 219 and 221 Main-st.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NEW BOOKS!

Just received and for sale by

RICKEY, MALLORY & CO.,

NO. 73 WEST FOURTH-ST.,

Pike's Opera-house.

New Work by Marion Harland.

NEMESIS. A Novel. By Marion Harland, author of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side," &c. One vol. 12mo. Price $1 25.

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REPORT OF THE LEMMON SLAVE CASE. Containing Points and Arguments of Counsel on both sides, and Opinions of all the Judges. One vol., 8vo., paper. 25c.

JACK HOPETON; Or, The Adventures of a Georgian. By Wm. W. Turner, of Putnam County, Georgia. One vol. 12mo. Price $1.

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THE QUEENS OF SOCIETY.—Biographies of Sarah, Duchess of Marlborough; Madame Roland; Lady Mary Wortley Montagu; Georgiana, Duchess of Devonshire; Letitia Elizabeth Landon (L. E. L.); Madame de Sevigné; Sidney; Lady Morgan; Jane, Duchess of Gordon; Madame Recamier; Lady Hervey; Madame de Staël; Mrs. Thrale Piozzi; Lady Caroline Lamb; Anne Seymour Damer; La Marquise du Deffond; Mrs. Elizabeth Montagu; Mary, Countess of Pembroke; and La Marquise de Maintenon. By Grace and Philip Wharton. Illustrated by Charles Altamont Do