

Riotous Proceedings of the Philanthropists.

During the night of yesterday, the expected meeting of the anti-slavery friends of the city was held at the residence of Judge Douglas...

Organization of the Irish body guard.

An organization of the Irish body guard has been organized to prevent Americans entering the city...

Organization of the Irish body guard.

The effect produced by this and other news, has on the public mind will be soon apparent.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

In consequence of the extreme heat of the weather, it was deemed advisable to hold the meeting on the outside of the Hall...

Organization of the Irish body guard.

At early candle-light a throng of eight thousand persons had assembled at the south part of North Market Hall.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

At the time announced, the Mayor of Chicago called the assemblage to order, and Judge Douglas then addressed the meeting.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

We have been unable to prepare in time for this morning's paper, a full report of the speech, what follows is but the merest skeleton of what was said:

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Fellow citizens, I come before you tonight to explain to you the provisions of the act of Congress, known as the Nebraska and Kansas acts, (groans and cheers) If at any time to-night I make any statement which you will make a kind and respectful response, (Cheers) All I want is to present that measure in its true light.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

I know that considerable excitement exists in this city respecting the measure, but I do not know whether you have had any opportunity to read the bill. The whole press of this city has denounced this measure, but never till this day, has any paper in this city ever published that act.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

You have been told that the bill legislated slavery into territory now free by act of Congress. I will read the 14th section of the bill to you by which you will see that the act itself declares that its true intent and meaning is not to legislate slavery into any territory or to exclude it therefrom, but to leave the people thereof free to regulate that subject for themselves.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

(Cheers and noise.) It is perfectly consistent for those who have denounced and slandered me, to seek to prevent me from being heard in my own behalf. (Tremendous cheering.) I know that I have been charged with legisla-

Organization of the Irish body guard.

tion of slavery into free territory. I say that the bill leaves the American people in the territory free to decide that question for themselves. (A Voice—We know that to be false. If you knew that before, then you know that the charge against me was false.) (Great cheering.)

Organization of the Irish body guard.

The bill is framed on the great principle of the right of the people to regulate their own government.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Great noise was here made in the crowd, interrupting him for some time. When order was restored, Judge D. resumed by saying that the attempt to prevent him from speaking indicated a desire that the truth should not be discussed. A good cause need no violence to defend it. He said he knew his rights, and would not permit them to be violated. He knew that threats of personal violence had been made if he attempted to speak, or to offer any explanation.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

After further confusion and remarks respecting it by the speaker, he read the 14th section of the act, that slavery was not legislated into or excluded from the territories. He asked was the correctness of that principle denied. (A voice—We deny it.)—He then denied the right of the people to legislate for the territories. That is the principle of the Nebraska bill. The great objection you have is the repeal of the Missouri compromise. (Cries of yes.) Well, what was the Missouri compromise? It was the prohibition of slavery north of a line, and the recognition of slavery south of that line.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Was there, he asked, a man in this crowd who was in favor of recognizing slavery south of any line. (Tremendous cheering.) He would show that the abolitionists and free-soilers in 1848, were pledged to the repeal of the Missouri compromise. The candidate who was on the Buffalo platform was pledged for the total prohibition of slavery in all the territories of the United States, north and south of the line of 36 30, therefore the whole abolition and free soil party who voted for Van Buren in 1848, voted for the repeal of the Missouri compromise.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Having disposed of the Free Soilers and Abolitionists, he desired to give the same company. The Whig party in all the free States in 1848 were pledged to the Missouri compromise, and the recognition of slavery in all the territories. Consequently they too were in favor of the repeal of the Missouri compromise.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

The Whig party and the Free Soilers and Abolitionists all having been in favor of its repeal in 1848, the Democratic party nominated Lewis Cass, who had previously proclaimed that that compromise was unconstitutional, and he received the votes of the Democratic party. Who then, in 1848 was in favor of the Missouri compromise? Not a man of the crowd around him. (A voice; Stephen A. Douglas.) Well, then, said he, I was the only man in Illinois in favor of the Missouri compromise. He said that in 1848 he had offered the Missouri compromise and it was rejected in the House of Representatives by the northern votes. (A voice; why did you reject it?) The reason for its rejection, he said, was because it had been repudiated by the South and a new settlement was necessary.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

He said that in 1848 the Missouri compromise was adopted as a principle of allowing the people to regulate their own institutions. In 1850 the people of Chicago, by a unanimous vote of the city council, adopted the principles of the compromise of 1848. The Illinois Legislature, in 1849, adopted the principles of these measures, and in the House of Representatives of the Legislature of Illinois, resolutions were adopted instructing him to vote to apply the principles of these compromise measures to all future territorial government, on both sides of the line.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

That resolution, which he read, was adopted by all the representatives except four. Not a representative from Cook county voted against it. He did not understand the justice of the Whig party who voted to disavow their resolutions of instruction, to disavow their own resolutions. After further insisting on this point, Mr. Douglas concluded his remarks. He said that in answer to the question why he should not read the Nebraska bill, he said, "because it was repudiated by the South and a new settlement was necessary."

Organization of the Irish body guard.

He said that in 1848 the Missouri compromise was adopted as a principle of allowing the people to regulate their own institutions. In 1850 the people of Chicago, by a unanimous vote of the city council, adopted the principles of the compromise of 1848. The Illinois Legislature, in 1849, adopted the principles of these measures, and in the House of Representatives of the Legislature of Illinois, resolutions were adopted instructing him to vote to apply the principles of these compromise measures to all future territorial government, on both sides of the line.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

That resolution, which he read, was adopted by all the representatives except four. Not a representative from Cook county voted against it. He did not understand the justice of the Whig party who voted to disavow their resolutions of instruction, to disavow their own resolutions. After further insisting on this point, Mr. Douglas concluded his remarks. He said that in answer to the question why he should not read the Nebraska bill, he said, "because it was repudiated by the South and a new settlement was necessary."

Organization of the Irish body guard.

He said that in 1848 the Missouri compromise was adopted as a principle of allowing the people to regulate their own institutions. In 1850 the people of Chicago, by a unanimous vote of the city council, adopted the principles of the compromise of 1848. The Illinois Legislature, in 1849, adopted the principles of these measures, and in the House of Representatives of the Legislature of Illinois, resolutions were adopted instructing him to vote to apply the principles of these compromise measures to all future territorial government, on both sides of the line.

Free Speech.

There is or was a certain party in this country, who have heretofore boasted that three of their great cardinal principles were—"free speech, free labor and free men."

Hypocrisy.

The members of the Congressional District, composed of the counties of Stark, Portage and Summit have nominated as their candidate for Congress Benjamin F. Leiter, of Stark county.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

We have not yet received the proceedings of this body. We shall probably receive them in time for our next paper. We should have taken down the proceedings of the Convention had we been permitted to read them but as a large majority of our readers are aware, an afflicting dispensation of Providence called us home.

Taxes.

We direct the readers attention to the following excellent article from the Carrollton Companion, on the subject of taxes. It shows plainly and truthfully how the people's money is expended, and who is responsible for that expenditure.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

We refer our readers to the Tax advertisement of the Treasurer, which will be found in another column. The law now makes it the duty of the Treasurer to specify the rate of taxes levied for each particular purpose, so that the people can see without any trouble for what purposes they called on for taxes and to the amount. The great cry of the whig leaders has been "high taxes, high taxes" and they have all been charged upon the Democratic—"locofoco extravagance." Let every tax payer read this advertisement and understand for himself. The first levy is one and a quarter mill on the dollar valuation, for the payment of interest on the public debt. No Whig can say against this for they are the very men who have entailed this debt upon the State, and the interest must be paid as well as the principal.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

The next item is State expenditures seven-tenths of a mill. This item covers the salaries of all the state officers, Judges of the Supreme Courts and Courts of Common Pleas, expenses of the Legislature, Lunatic Asylums, Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylums, Penitentiary, and erection of the New State House, and all other expenditures connected with the general administration of the State government.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

The remaining levies made by the Legislature are one and a half mills for school funds and one-tenth of a mill for school library fund—the balance being levied by County Commissioners, for county purposes, Road, Bridge, Poor, and for school purposes, by the Boards of Education of the respective townships.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

After all, the burthen of the whigs about "high taxes" and Democratic extravagance, the fact stands out in bold relief, that the whole expenditures of the State Government, under a Democratic administration, only require a levy of seven-tenths of a mill, while county expenses under a whig administration require a levy of one and a quarter mill. And it should be borne in mind that, at least one third of the State expenditures for the present year are for extraordinary purposes for which the whigs as a party are purely responsible. For instance, the New State House. This work was commenced and continued by whig Legislatures, and when the Democrats came into power more than half a million dollars had been expended in its construction and yet not half done. The old one being burnt down it became absolutely necessary to finish the new one, and it was impossible to change the plan, so per force, it must be finished, cost what it may, or all that had been expended must be lost. For this purpose alone, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars was required last year and one hundred thousand dollars the present year.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Had it not been for these extraordinary expenditures, made absolutely necessary by previous whig legislation, the levy the present year for the State purposes would only be about half a mill, perhaps less—being less than one half what is required to keep our little county in operation. Next year the state levy for the same purposes is six-tenths of a mill. When Whigs bow out "high taxes," just turn to the advertisement of the Treasurer and show them for what purpose the taxes are levied, and who are responsible for them. The taxes in some localities are high, no doubt of that, but unfortunately for them, when we come to examine the facts we find that the whigs are the very men who are the cause of it in nine cases out of ten.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

MURDER.—Between 8 and 9 o'clock last night, A. M. Knauer, was severely stabbed in an affray with George Francis, that he died in a few moments. The fight occurred at the upper end of Clinton, near the Missouri Iron Works. The quarrel seems to have arisen from a dispute between a woman with whom Knauer boarded, and to whose daughter it is said he was to have been married next week, and the wife of Francis, who alleged to her husband that Knauer had insulted her. Francis met Knauer as he came up from the First Ward, and in the scuffle which ensued Knauer was stabbed three times; two of the wounds penetrating below the diaphragm to a depth of about 5 inches—both probably reaching the stomach. The third was a punctured wound in the under side of the left arm. A man named John Wood, in front of whose residence the stabbing took place, endeavored to get Francis away from Knauer, and was finally compelled to knock Francis down. His jaw is said to have been broken in three places by the blow. Knauer walked some 50 or 60 feet to the door of the house in which he boarded, fell into the way and expired in a few moments. Francis was immediately arrested, and committed by Esquire McClane. In the absence of the Coroner, Esquire McClane conducted the inquest. The verdict of the jury was that the deceased, Adam Knauer, came to his death from wounds inflicted with a dirk, knife or other sharp instrument in the hands of Geo. Francis.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Francis had a further hearing before Esquire McClane, at 1 o'clock, to day, and was fully examined for trial on a charge of murder.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Bechel Francis, wife of the prisoner, was also committed to being necessary before the fact.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Knauer was a native of Reading, Pa., and been in this vicinity for about 5 years, and is generally represented as very mild and inoffensive man. His remains were placed in an iron coffin, and was to be kept subject to the order of his friends in Reading.—Whiting Argus of Tuesday.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.—We learn that the Democratic Congressional Convention which assembled at Harmon Springs on Tuesday nominated Amasa Street, of the present incumbent, for reelection on the 5th or 7th inst. The Convention then separated in good feeling without passing any resolutions.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Mr. Ragan, one of the unsuccessful candidates, announced after the adjournment of convention that he would probably run as an independent candidate, and was soon after seen in close and earnest consultation with some leading whigs, doubtless advising them how to defeat the nominee of the convention. Before commenting on this inexplicable course had bold movement, we shall await further developments.—Spartan Union.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

MONSIEUR.—The Free Soil party of Pennsylvania has been transferred over to the Whigs. A State Convention assembled at Harrisburg on the 30th, and resolved to withdraw the Free Soil State Ticket, and recommended in support of Judge Pollock, the Whig candidate for Governor. The Whig papers are cheering with great glee over this result. The Pittsburg Union predicts that this transfer will result in a decided rebuke from the East.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

THE HILLSBOROUGH [Ohio] Citizen says the corn crop in that region is ruined beyond hope. Some of the farmers report the crop will not average three bushels to the acre.

Democratic Sentinel.



CADIZ, OHIO. WEDNESDAY EVENING SEPT. 22, 1854. FOR THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS, ANDREW STUART, CLERK OF THE COURT, CHARLES PATTERSON, JUDGE.

FOR CONGRESS, WILLIAM S. GRANFELL, COMMISSIONER, HARRISON MILLER, DIRECTOR OF INFIRMARY, JAMES HOAGLAND.

Blank Deeds.

We have a splendid assortment of Blank Deeds for sale at this office.

Meeting of the Central Committee.

The Democratic Central Committee of Harrison county, are requested to meet at the National House in Cadiz, on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of September, 1854. Let every member be present, as business of importance is to be transacted.

Distressing News from the Seat of War.

An exchange in speaking of the distressing news from the eastern war, says: "The accounts from the seat of war all agree that the British and French troops in the East have been suffering dreadfully from cholera. It is said that of 10,000 French who formed the advance guard into the Coblentz, not less than 1,700 fell victims to disease in about eight days, and of 8,000 British who accompanied the march, 2,000 fell before the pestilence. The loss of the English was not so great, but they also have suffered severely. The allies console themselves with the idea that the Russians have suffered still more than they. During the retreat toward the Pruth, the Russians numbered 24,000 sick. It is gratifying to learn, by official announcement in the Monitor, that the cholera cases at Gallipoli and Varna are rapidly diminishing, and that the sanitary state of the troops is fast improving. Halim Pacha addressed a most feeling communication to the inhabitants of Bacharrah, calling upon them to pay every attention to the sick, and wounded enemy, who had been left by the Russians in their retreat from that capital."

The Question Well Stated.

Some men in the Democratic party, dissatisfied with the national administration in regard to the Nebraska question, are disposed, aptly remarks the West Chester Republican, to turn round and assist the opposite party in electing their candidates. If there are any Democrats of this kind whom we preach, we would desire their attention to the defeat of Col. Benton, in Missouri. The Whigs applauded Old Bullion to the skies for his great speech on that question, and they pronounced him a fearless son of the South, who dared to do his duty, and he therefore must be sustained at all hazards. This is the way they talked, but how did they act when the old Colonel came up for re-election? They did not act differently from what they usually do. Two Democrats were in the field, the one in favor of Nebraska, the other (Col. Benton) opposed. As a matter of course some verdict will say, the Whigs of the district made no nomination from their own party, but just turned in and voted for Benton. Of course they did no such thing. They nominated their own man, and voted for him too, thus lending all their aid to kill off the very individual who had bespattered with praise. The Whigs elected a member of their own party in Benton's district, and a Nebraska man at that. We commend the facts of this case to Democrats in Harrison county, and elsewhere, who are disposed to go outside of the Democratic organization, seeking for rest on the Nebraska question. The political friends of Swan and Bickensfelder, would vote to-day for a Nebraska Whig, rather than an anti Nebraska Democrat.

The Nebraska Bill.

We with a large majority of the citizens of Harrison county, are under special obligations to our neighbor of the Republican for publishing the "Nebraska Law" in the last number of his paper. Although he publishes it at a late day, "it is better late than never." By doing this act he has rendered great service to the cause of truth. His readers can have an opportunity of reading its provisions, and understanding for themselves the features of that law. The publication of that law, in the Republican will make at least 500 Nebraska Whigs in Harrison county. Our neighbor advises his readers indirectly to not read the law; but that advice will be of no avail. They will read and understand for themselves, and by so doing, will find out that this great bug bear story about its iniquity, is all a humbug.

Good Luck.

The St. Clairsville Gazette of last week, says: "Mr. William Butler arrived at the residence of his mother, near town, a few days since. He is just from California, where he spent about a year, and brings home some fifteen or sixteen thousand dollars."

Fall Elections.

Elections were held in Vermont and California on the 6th inst., and in Maine on last Monday the 11th inst. The remainder of the States that hold elections this fall, will be as follows:

Indiana, Oct. 10; Ohio, Oct. 10; Pennsylvania, Oct. 10; New York, Oct. 10; Massachusetts, Nov. 17; New Jersey, Nov. 17; Wisconsin, Nov. 17; Illinois, Nov. 17; Michigan, Nov. 17; Wisconsin, Nov. 17.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

The Democratic district convention which met at Barnesville on the 1st inst., put in nomination Daniel H. Wray, Esq., of Woodfield. A good nomination.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Our friend Dillon of the Democrat comes out in favor of introducing gas into our thriving villages. We are for it. Let us have gas—Spartan Union.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Why men what greater amount of ox do you want, than that which you have now?

Free Speech.

There is or was a certain party in this country, who have heretofore boasted that three of their great cardinal principles were—"free speech, free labor and free men."

Hypocrisy.

The members of the Congressional District, composed of the counties of Stark, Portage and Summit have nominated as their candidate for Congress Benjamin F. Leiter, of Stark county.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

We have not yet received the proceedings of this body. We shall probably receive them in time for our next paper. We should have taken down the proceedings of the Convention had we been permitted to read them but as a large majority of our readers are aware, an afflicting dispensation of Providence called us home.

Taxes.

We direct the readers attention to the following excellent article from the Carrollton Companion, on the subject of taxes. It shows plainly and truthfully how the people's money is expended, and who is responsible for that expenditure.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

We refer our readers to the Tax advertisement of the Treasurer, which will be found in another column. The law now makes it the duty of the Treasurer to specify the rate of taxes levied for each particular purpose, so that the people can see without any trouble for what purposes they called on for taxes and to the amount. The great cry of the whig leaders has been "high taxes, high taxes" and they have all been charged upon the Democratic—"locofoco extravagance." Let every tax payer read this advertisement and understand for himself. The first levy is one and a quarter mill on the dollar valuation, for the payment of interest on the public debt. No Whig can say against this for they are the very men who have entailed this debt upon the State, and the interest must be paid as well as the principal.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

The next item is State expenditures seven-tenths of a mill. This item covers the salaries of all the state officers, Judges of the Supreme Courts and Courts of Common Pleas, expenses of the Legislature, Lunatic Asylums, Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylums, Penitentiary, and erection of the New State House, and all other expenditures connected with the general administration of the State government.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

The remaining levies made by the Legislature are one and a half mills for school funds and one-tenth of a mill for school library fund—the balance being levied by County Commissioners, for county purposes, Road, Bridge, Poor, and for school purposes, by the Boards of Education of the respective townships.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

After all, the burthen of the whigs about "high taxes" and Democratic extravagance, the fact stands out in bold relief, that the whole expenditures of the State Government, under a Democratic administration, only require a levy of seven-tenths of a mill, while county expenses under a whig administration require a levy of one and a quarter mill. And it should be borne in mind that, at least one third of the State expenditures for the present year are for extraordinary purposes for which the whigs as a party are purely responsible. For instance, the New State House. This work was commenced and continued by whig Legislatures, and when the Democrats came into power more than half a million dollars had been expended in its construction and yet not half done. The old one being burnt down it became absolutely necessary to finish the new one, and it was impossible to change the plan, so per force, it must be finished, cost what it may, or all that had been expended must be lost. For this purpose alone, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars was required last year and one hundred thousand dollars the present year.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Had it not been for these extraordinary expenditures, made absolutely necessary by previous whig legislation, the levy the present year for the State purposes would only be about half a mill, perhaps less—being less than one half what is required to keep our little county in operation. Next year the state levy for the same purposes is six-tenths of a mill. When Whigs bow out "high taxes," just turn to the advertisement of the Treasurer and show them for what purpose the taxes are levied, and who are responsible for them. The taxes in some localities are high, no doubt of that, but unfortunately for them, when we come to examine the facts we find that the whigs are the very men who are the cause of it in nine cases out of ten.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

MURDER.—Between 8 and 9 o'clock last night, A. M. Knauer, was severely stabbed in an affray with George Francis, that he died in a few moments. The fight occurred at the upper end of Clinton, near the Missouri Iron Works. The quarrel seems to have arisen from a dispute between a woman with whom Knauer boarded, and to whose daughter it is said he was to have been married next week, and the wife of Francis, who alleged to her husband that Knauer had insulted her. Francis met Knauer as he came up from the First Ward, and in the scuffle which ensued Knauer was stabbed three times; two of the wounds penetrating below the diaphragm to a depth of about 5 inches—both probably reaching the stomach. The third was a punctured wound in the under side of the left arm. A man named John Wood, in front of whose residence the stabbing took place, endeavored to get Francis away from Knauer, and was finally compelled to knock Francis down. His jaw is said to have been broken in three places by the blow. Knauer walked some 50 or 60 feet to the door of the house in which he boarded, fell into the way and expired in a few moments. Francis was immediately arrested, and committed by Esquire McClane. In the absence of the Coroner, Esquire McClane conducted the inquest. The verdict of the jury was that the deceased, Adam Knauer, came to his death from wounds inflicted with a dirk, knife or other sharp instrument in the hands of Geo. Francis.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Francis had a further hearing before Esquire McClane, at 1 o'clock, to day, and was fully examined for trial on a charge of murder.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Bechel Francis, wife of the prisoner, was also committed to being necessary before the fact.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Knauer was a native of Reading, Pa., and been in this vicinity for about 5 years, and is generally represented as very mild and inoffensive man. His remains were placed in an iron coffin, and was to be kept subject to the order of his friends in Reading.—Whiting Argus of Tuesday.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.—We learn that the Democratic Congressional Convention which assembled at Harmon Springs on Tuesday nominated Amasa Street, of the present incumbent, for reelection on the 5th or 7th inst. The Convention then separated in good feeling without passing any resolutions.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

Mr. Ragan, one of the unsuccessful candidates, announced after the adjournment of convention that he would probably run as an independent candidate, and was soon after seen in close and earnest consultation with some leading whigs, doubtless advising them how to defeat the nominee of the convention. Before commenting on this inexplicable course had bold movement, we shall await further developments.—Spartan Union.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

MONSIEUR.—The Free Soil party of Pennsylvania has been transferred over to the Whigs. A State Convention assembled at Harrisburg on the 30th, and resolved to withdraw the Free Soil State Ticket, and recommended in support of Judge Pollock, the Whig candidate for Governor. The Whig papers are cheering with great glee over this result. The Pittsburg Union predicts that this transfer will result in a decided rebuke from the East.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

THE HILLSBOROUGH [Ohio] Citizen says the corn crop in that region is ruined beyond hope. Some of the farmers report the crop will not average three bushels to the acre.

Free Speech.

There is or was a certain party in this country, who have heretofore boasted that three of their great cardinal principles were—"free speech, free labor and free men."

Hypocrisy.

The members of the Congressional District, composed of the counties of Stark, Portage and Summit have nominated as their candidate for Congress Benjamin F. Leiter, of Stark county.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

We have not yet received the proceedings of this body. We shall probably receive them in time for our next paper. We should have taken down the proceedings of the Convention had we been permitted to read them but as a large majority of our readers are aware, an afflicting dispensation of Providence called us home.

Taxes.

We direct the readers attention to the following excellent article from the Carrollton Companion, on the subject of taxes. It shows plainly and truthfully how the people's money is expended, and who is responsible for that expenditure.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

We refer our readers to the Tax advertisement of the Treasurer, which will be found in another column. The law now makes it the duty of the Treasurer to specify the rate of taxes levied for each particular purpose, so that the people can see without any trouble for what purposes they called on for taxes and to the amount. The great cry of the whig leaders has been "high taxes, high taxes" and they have all been charged upon the Democratic—"locofoco extravagance." Let every tax payer read this advertisement and understand for himself. The first levy is one and a quarter mill on the dollar valuation, for the payment of interest on the public debt. No Whig can say against this for they are the very men who have entailed this debt upon the State, and the interest must be paid as well as the principal.

Organization of the Irish body guard.

The next item is State expenditures seven-tenths of a mill. This item covers the salaries of all the state officers, Judges of the Supreme Courts and Courts of Common Pleas, expenses of the Legislature, Lunatic Asylums, Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylums, Penitentiary, and erection of the New State House, and all other expenditures connected with the general administration of the State government.