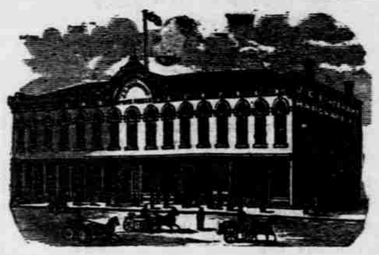
State Historical Society
Topeka

THE ABILENE  REFLECTOR.

VOL. 2. ABILENE, DICKINSON COUNTY, KANSAS, SEPT. 11. 1884. NO. 4.

J. G. NORTHCRAFT,

Druggist and Pharmacist,

We are still in the lead with a choice and carefully selected stock of

DRUGS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ABTICLES,
STATIONERY,
FINE PLUSH GOODS, &c.

A COMPLETE LINE OF HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES.

WE ARE THE HEADQUARTERS FOR PHYSICIANS
Having Telephone Communication to any part of the City.

PRESCRIPTIONS OUR SPECIALTY,
as we employ none but competent pharmacists in compounding them.

GERMAN SPOKEN AT OUR STORE.

SALE OF SCHOOL LAND.

I will offer at public sale, in the County Treasurer's office, Dickinson County, Kas., on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER, 14th, 1884,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following tracts of school land, to-wit:

	S.	T.	R.	A.	Value per acre
N E ¼, of S E ¼,	16	13	1	40	$ 3 00
N W ¼ of S E ¼,	16	13	1	40	3 00
S W ¼ of S E ¼,	16	13	1	40	4 50
S E ¼ of S E ¼,	16	13	1	40	3 50
N E ¼ of S W ¼,	16	13	1	40	3 00
S E ¼ of S W ¼,	16	13	1	40	3 50

No bids will be taken for less than the appraised value.

Given under my hand this 8th day of September, A. D., 1884.

THOMAS KIRBY, County Treasurer.
By M. V. BRILLHART, Deputy. 51-5w

Cottage Hotel

J. W. GORE.

J. E. BONEBRAKE, Pres. W. R. Dryer, Cash.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
....OF ABILENE,....
Capital, $75,000. Surplus, $15,000.
Stockholders' liability, $150,000.

M. KIRSCH, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, Northest corner Fourth and Spruce Strests, Abilene, Kansas. Vol2nol

A MAGNIFICENT CHANCE

TO CLOSE BUYERS OF

Men's and Boys

Clothing. Clothing.
Clothing. Clothing.

A few remarks from the old Reliable Clothier,

Simon Rothschild,

Cor. Broadway and 3d. ABILENE.

OWING TO OUR IMMENSE PURCHASE

Of Large Stocks of **FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING** for cash, during the late depression in the woolen market, we are positively offering special inducements to the retail trade of the finest line of Clothing ever brought to the city—well made and perfect fitting. It will be to the interest of all close buyers to examine our stock before purchasing.

WE LIKE TO PLEASE OUR PATRONS.

We keep store to do business, and the way we get trade is by being more liberal with our patrons than any other dealer dare be. We name **lower prices,** have a bigger stock, display more styles, handle better goods, than any other house in Dickinson county. Come and see us. If we cannot suit you better in styles and prices, then don't buy.

I M P O R T A N T !

Special Announcement !

EXTENSION OF BUSINESS

$50,000 Worth of Dry Goods. Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c. &c.

To be closed out within Fourteen Days, sale to begin on MONDAY, AUG. 11.

BERRY BROS. MERCANTILE COMPANY

Beg to inform their numerous customers and general public that owing to their much increasing trade they have erected and are now completing a most extensive store in addition to their present one, and the buyers are now busily engaged placing orders for FALL AND WINTER supplies, of which they are determined to make the GREATEST and GRANDEST exposition yet offered in Central Kansas; and in order thereto, B. B. M. Co. have decided to offer the residue of their Spring and Summer Stock at such WAY DOWN prices as must effect an IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE. Special attention will be directed to their various other branches of business during the above days, and special quotations may be obtained by requiring purchasers, as they are determined that ALL MUST BE CLEARED and that nothing but an entire new stock will pass through to their new departments.

Observe that the sale begins on Monday, Aug. 11. A call respectfully solicited.

BERRY BROS. MERCANTILE CO.

J. E. BONEBRAKE HARDWARE COMPANY.

Buffalo Scales, 5 tons.
Bain Wagons.
Mitchell Wagons.
Caldwell Wagons.
Houston Buggies.
Abbot Buggies.
Hadock Buggies.
Halliday Wind Mills.
Star Wind Mills.
Silver & Dening Pumps.
Red Jacket Pumps.
I X L Feed Mills.
Raymond Feed Mills.
Buckeye Feed Mills.

J. E. BONEBRAKE HARDWARE COMPANY.

Sandwich—2, 4 and 6 hole Shellers.
Veteran 2 hole Shellers.
Tiffin and Favorite Shellers.
Washing Machines.
Clothes Wringers.
Barb Wire.
Plain Wire.
Gasoline Stoves.
Lawn Mowers.
Gas Pipe, any size.
All Kinds Pipe Fittings.
And thousands of other goods.
On any and all the above goods we will give bottom prices.

J. E. BONEBRAKE HARDWARE COMPANY.

Scared by St. John.

N. Y. Sun, Sept. 5.

Many members of the Republican State Committee who were in town yesterday expressed fears of the consequence of the Prohibition vote. Mayor Parsons of Rochester said that the Prohibitionists were very strong in the western part of the state. They expected to poll 1,500 votes in Monroe county, and made even larger estimates in other counties. While he would not admit that any of their predictions would be verified, he believed they would poll a large vote. Other members of the committee agreed with Mr. Parsons, and advised the committee not to be too sanguine of carrying the state. The Democrats were working industriously, and the Independent Republicans were busy. It would require hard work to make Republican success sure. Members of the committee from northern New York also spoke of the Prohibition strength in that section of the State. Indeed, in all the reports except those from the river counties the danger from the prohibition movement was spoken of.

Some of the Kings county members said that both the German newspapers in Brooklyn had gone over to Cleveland and that there was danger of losing much of the German vote in that city, because the German Republicans had no organ there.

A suggestion that Blaine ought to come here and stump the State was made at the committee's meeting. John J. O'Brien, Bernard Biglin, Solon B. Smith, and John R. Lydecker, who represents the New York machine on the committee, hoped that Mr. Blaine would visit New York, saying that they would like to talk with him.

Charles J. Folger.

In speaking of the death of this eminent and distinguished citizen, which sad event occurred at his home in Geneva last Thursday afternoon, the New York *Sun* says. "Mr. Folger was a man of ambition, of honorable aims, and of probity and integrity in the various relations of his life, but he was more energetic than strong, more aspiring than dominant, and by temperament wholly unfitted to bear the strain of political adversity.

As a lawyer his career was creditable and successful. He was a good Judge, and, had he been elected Governor of this State, he would have made a good Governor, if it be possible that any man springing from his political conditions could have been a good Execcutive, which it is difficult to believe. His defeat, the conditions under which it occurred, and the consequences that it entailed was more than he could bear. He never recovered from the shock and disappointment of that disaster. It was to him the completest of shipwrecks, and not even the distinguished preferment that President Arthur had bestowed upon him when he called him to the national Treasury could alleviate his overwhelming sense of it.

He did his duties well as Secretary of the Treasury, and leaves an honorable record behind him. Like Horace Greeley, he furnishes another sad, but instructive, example of the dangers that men run when they yield to the temptation which chance throws in their path, and grasp at high places that they were never destined to fill.

Resubmission Within the Party Lines a Snare and a Delusion.

If any persons suppose that prohibition is to be set aside in favor of some temporizing policy concerning the liquor traffic, they are much mistaken, or the Capital is. We look for no further noise after this year about a constitutional prohibitory policy, except from the democratic party. It will cease to be an issue inside the republican party, because it will become a recognized and conceded party doctrine, and the legislature will act upon it with a freedom that is given in all other cases.—Topeka Capital.

It seems, then, that this promise on the part of the republican leaders and politicians, to settle this question in favor of resubmission within the party lines, is a delusion and a snare, used to influence anti-prohibitionists to vote for JOHN A. MARTIN. Voters would do well to watch all of these specious arguments. The fact of the matter is, party lines do not rest so heavily upon the intelligent voters as they once did, and to a large number of men principle is worth more than party. A man who is an anti-prohibitionist because he honestly believes that prohibition is a failure, cannot vote his principle and for JOHN A. MARTIN at the same time. Either principle or party must be surrendered in this contest. Which shall it be?

Coming Events.

The Clifford Dramatic Co. will hold the fort at Bonebrake's Opera House, Sept. 18, 19 and 20th. This company, although first-class when here before, have added a number of new people, new wardrobes, scenery, &c., until now they stand second to none on the road. Turn out and give them rousing houses and open the season with a No. 1 company in good shape.

The Telephone.

The telephone, or the name of any other popular invention, is not more common or more familiar to the ear than is becoming the words "Davis" and "Vertical Feed." Since the High Arm and other improvements have been added, "The Davis" is synonomous with "high grade," "the best," "the standard" in the sewing machine world.

The Blaine Libel Suit.

DEFENDANTS PLEADING THE TRUTH IN JUSTICATION—QUESTIONS FOR BLAINE TO ANSWER.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 4.—The answer of the *Sentinel* Company in the Blaine libel suit was filed in the United States Court this morning. The defense admits printing and publishing the article complained of in an issue of Aug. 8, 1884, and denies that it was false in any particular. It sets forth that James G. Blaine was married to Harriet Stanwood at Pittsburg on or about March 25, 1851; that prior to that time and during the courtship Blaine seduced Miss Stanwood; that he at first refused to make reparation for the wrong done, but being afterward strongly urged thereto and violently threatened with chastisement and punishment for his said wrongdoing, and, perchance repenting him of the evil, married her as stated, that in the June following a child was born known as Stanwood Blaine, which lived two or three years, and was always acknowledged by the plaintiff and his wife as their son; by reason whereof the defendants say the matters and things set forth in the article recited are true, and the same being true, they were published of and concerning said plaintiff by the defendents, as they justly and lawfully might do.

The defendants file with their answers a number of interrogatories, and require that the same be answered by the plaintiff under oath, positively and without evasion, within such time as may be set by the Court, among which are the following:

State when you finally left Kentucky, and if you at any time resided there.

When did you go there, and from where?

You were next employed in what business or calling?

If you answer that the maiden name of your wife was Harriet Stanwood, state when she finally left Kentucky, and when and where you next met her?

Give the State and the place of your marriage, and the names of the persons beside yourself and wife who were present at the occurrence.

What acquaintance had you with Jacob Stanwood?

What relation was he, if any, to the person you married, and what conversation or interview did you have with him before said marriage concerning the same, and where did such interview, if any, occur, and what was said and done therein?

Was not the first child of said marriage born on the 18th day of June, 1851?

Where did said child die?

Where was it buried?

If in any cemetery give the name of the cemetery.

Was any tombstone or monument erected at the grave of said child, giving its birth, and by whose direction was said tombstone erected?

Did not said tombstone bear the following inscription relative to the birth of the child: "Stanwood Blaine, born June 18, 1851?"

Has any portion of such inscription on said tombstone been erased since its erection? If so, what portion thereof?

What acquaintance had you with a book called "The Life of James G. Blaine," written by Russell A. Cornwell, with an introduction by Gov. Robie of Maine, and published by E. C. Allen & Co. of Augusta, Me., in the year 1884?

Were not the proofs of such work submitted to you for revision?

Is not the statement upon the 68th page of said book as follows: "Miss Stanwood, in March, 1851, became his wife at Pittsburg, Pa., a correct statement of the time and place of your marriage?

Did you not communicate to the author of said book for his use in such work the time and place of your marriage as aforesaid?

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 4.—A representative of the Indianapolis *Sentinel* has been in Pittsburg for a week or more, looking up evidence in the Blaine libel suit. The points which he wished to establish were where and when the marriage took place, who performed the ceremony and what records existed of the fact. It is asserted that the *Sentinel* representative discovered that the marriage took place in the Cumberland Presbyterian Church on Sixth avenue, opposite Trinity Church. The ceremony was performed in the church at dusk by the Rev. Dr. Bryan, the pastor of the church, who died a number of years ago. There were two witnesses. One of them was the Hon. John Lemoyne, formerly of Washington, Pa., and now a member of Congress from Illinois. The name of the other witness has not been disclosed. Mr. Lemoyne was a college classmate of Blaine and knew him intimately. It is said that he will swear Mr. Blaine asked him to witness the ceremony. After it was performed Mr. Lemoyne was sworn to secrecy for six months and at the end of that time was enjoined to a longer period of secrecy. The records of the marriage here are said to have disappeared. There is no public record of it. It took place in 1851, in the early part of the year, and the *Sentinel* will claim that the marriage preceded the death of the child only a few months. It will also claim that the tombstone itself and the date of the child's birth is the record of the fact.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Will *virtuous* JIMMY HART please copy?

Automatic Tension.

The New High-Arm Davis is the only machine that has an automatic shuttle tension, which never requires any changes after having been once set right. The great problem of getting a shuttle tension that will pull evenly under any and all circumstances, has been successfully solved. The device by which this end has been accomplished is so scientific and yet so simple, that the most unskilful can use it with just as certain results as the most expert. It produces an evenness of stitch unattained by other machines.

National County Convention.

A mass convention of the National Anti-Monopoly party of Dickinson county will be held in the court house at Abilene, at 1 o'clock, p. m., of Saturday, September 13th, 1884, to place in nomination a county ticket, and transact such other business as may come before the convention. A full attendance from every township is requested, in order that steps may be taken for the more thorough organization of the party and efficient campaign work.

W. H. T. WAKEFIELD,
Ch'n County Com.
W. T. HOPKINS, Sec'y.

It is the law of development that the new shall succeed and displace the old. This law applies well to the New Davis Vertical-Feed Sewing Machine. Have you seen it?