

Published every Wednesday By the Globe-Republican Publishing Co. OFFICIAL CITY ORGAN.

Entered at the Postoffice at Dodge City, Kansas, for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

Subscription rates: One year \$1.50, Three months .75, Six months 1.00.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS: Parties who find an X after their name on the margin of the paper or wrapper, may know that their subscription has expired and is due.

D. M. FROST, Editor and Manager; L. A. LAUBER, Asst. Editor and Man.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1890

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

- For Representative, JOHN L. FINLEY. For Probate Judge, D. W. MOFFITT. For Clerk of District Court, H. M. CLARK. For County Attorney, E. H. MADISON. For Supt. Public Instruction, J. A. BEADLE. For Commissioner First District, JOHN W. SIDLOW. For Congress Seventh District, JAMES R. HALLOWELL.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A delegate convention of the Republicans of Kansas will be held in the city of Topeka on Wednesday, the third day of September, 1890, at the hour of 4 o'clock, p. m., for the nomination of delegates to said state convention.

Table with columns: Co., DEL., Co., DEL. listing names of delegates from various counties like Allen, Anderson, Barber, Barton, Bourbon, Brown, Butler, Chase, Chautauque, Cherokee, Cheyenne, Clark, Clay, Cloud, Coffey, Comanche, Cowley, Crawford, Decatur, Dickinson, Doniphan, Douglas, Edwards, Elk, Ellis, Ellsworth, Finney, Franklin, Garfield, Geary, Grant, Gowanus, Graham, Gray, Greenwood, Greeley, Hamilton, Harper, Harvey, Haskell, Hodgeman, Jackson, Jefferson, Jewell, Johnson, Kearney, Kiowa, Labette, Lane, Leavenworth, Lincoln.

By order of the committee HENRY BOOTH, Chairman.

"WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY" is a power in more ways than one. These words were the signal for the New York Central men to stop work.

The only objection the editor of the Times and his fellow democrats raise against the republican congressional platform, is the cry that they "got square on to almost every principle that the democratic party has been contending for."

COL. J. R. HALLOWELL in an interview says: "The papers west of here have made an attack upon me, claiming that I was opposed to Governor Humphrey and prohibition. Humphrey and I have been intimate friends for years. Why, I believe I know more about his private affairs than anyone else in the state."

The straight republican ticket is the winner this fall.

BRO. BAXTER played it cute on Bro. Pettillon. He comes out this week with the tax list, notwithstanding Pettillon's refusal to divide.

It was somewhat of a comfort to look upon the cold wave signal Monday, even though there was no very marked change in the temperature.

This office is indebted to Hon. Preston B. Plumb for a copy of the tariff bill, 1890, as reported to the senate from the committee on finance.

THE Senate has passed Senator Plumb's concurrent resolution providing for the transfer, with Mrs. Grant's consent, the remains of General Grant from New York to Arlington cemetery.

THE packed democratic convention of last Saturday was too much for J. M. Kirkpatrick, therefore he did not allow his name to be presented for the office of clerk of court. He had a good following from the country, but it must be remembered the country had no say in that convention.

It is estimated that the present corn crop will be about 1,500,000,000, after two successive crops of 2,000,000,000 each. It would, therefore, seem entirely safe to say that there is not less than 500,000,000 old corn now on hand.

THE Topeka Capital, State Journal, and Wichita Eagle declare that the tariff must be lowered, because it is burdensome to the people. This is identically what the democrats claim. It is what they claimed in 1888—Empire Republican.

Yes, but nobody was willing to let the democrats attempt the job. When a man is sick he doesn't want a quack—State Journal.

OUR exports this year of corn amounts to 101,500,000 bus. of which England took 54,500,000 bus. Our exports of wheat, new, 54,250,000, of which England took 38,250,000. Exports of flour were 12,231,711 brls., of which England took 7,423,988 brls. Flour reduced to wheat shows the shipment to have been in almost equal amounts to each.

HERETOFORE the democratic ticket has been made up almost exclusively from residents of Dodge City. The outside has been given no chance for an office, but the faith have been asked to go to the polls and vote for the ring candidates.

THE Gazette, of Creston, Iowa, comes to our desk announcing the nomination of C. H. Thomas by the republican party of Union county, Iowa, as candidate for clerk of the court. Mr. Thomas was a resident of our county in 1886, and was employed in the office of the Probate Judge, where he made many warm personal friends by his every day good-fellowship and courtesy in the dispatch of the business of the office, in which he displayed splendid clerical and legal ability.

IN POINT of privacy the execution of Kemmler was a dismal failure. In their eagerness to prove to the country that this victim of experiment either died a "sudden" or a "lingering" death, the prison authorities invited a score or more of witnesses. But the witnesses—more properly the jury—disagree, and for the next few months the papers and magazines will be full of reading touching upon this new-fangled method of sending a soul into eternity.

THE Ninth National Encampment of the Sons of Veterans will be held at St. Joseph, Mo., August 25-30. Advice received indicate that thousands from every portion of the state will attend. The attractions consist of a parade of cavalry, artillery, infantry and secret societies, in which nearly sixty bands and drum corps will take part.

THE Atchison Champion's flop over into the ranks of the democracy, for that is all that its newly assumed position on the tariff amounts to, will not excite much surprise, for it has for some time given indications of a disposition to bolt the republican party.

Is placing the name of Miss Fannie Thome before the democratic county convention last Saturday, we have no doubt but Mr. Mellicker, of Wheatland, did it with all sincerity, believing her to be the best fitted to fill the office of superintendent of public instruction, though in so doing he placed her in a position that would lead the republicans to believe that she was bolting the convention of her party.

UNDESIRABLE IMMIGRANTS. The number of steerage passengers reported at New York during the month of July shows that immigration is on the increase, but that it is the undesirable class of people who are flocking to this country, while the number of cabin passengers—or better classes—are gradually falling off.

THE following from the N. Y. Press is worthy of thought at this time: "Italian and Polish Jews come here in large numbers. During the week 5,376 steerage passengers were landed, an increase of 211 over the corresponding week of 1889. The passengers landed for the month of July numbered 27,866, while in the same month of 1889 only 24,715 were landed. The cabin passengers landed from the incoming steamships numbered 2,701 for the week ending yesterday, while for the month 7,841 were landed, a falling off of 1,061 compared with the month of July, 1889."

THE O. P. BILL. The original package bill, as reported by the conference committee, passed the House last Wednesday by a vote of 120 to 93. With the President's signature the bill becomes a law, and the original package saloon in Kansas will come to an untimely end.

"That all fermented, distilled or other intoxicating liquors or liquids transported into any state or territory, or remaining therein for use, consumption, sale or storage, shall, upon the arrival in such state or territory, be subject to the operation and effect of the laws of such state or territory, to the same extent and in the same manner as though such liquors or liquids had been produced in such state or territory, and shall not be exempt therefrom by reason of being introduced therein in original packages or otherwise."

RAISING HOGS AND HOMINY, et cetera. Some years ago a witty and sarcastic representative of Michigan in congress, Roswell G. Horr, discussing political outrages in the south on the floor of the House, told the Confederate brigadiers that the south "ought to raise more hogs and hominy and less h—l." It was a profane utterance, but it fitted the situation so thoroughly that it was re-echoed over the entire country.

KANSAS SOLDIERS' HOME. Last week, while in Dodge City, we had the pleasure, in company with W. H. Hussey, H. F. Milliken and Sheriff Buster, of visiting the Kansas Soldiers' Home, located on the river five miles from Dodge City, on the site of old Fort Dodge.

Captain D. L. Sweeney, the commandant of the home, is getting things in fine shape, and undoubtedly the right man in the right place. He will please accept the thanks of the party for courtesies extended during our visit.—Santa Fe Monitor.

Thoughts by the Way.

Written expressly for the GLOBE-REPUBLICAN LIFE'S MORAL FAILURES are paved with splendid but broken resolutions.

TO SUCCEED in what is right requires one continual battle. Evil may come unsought, but for the good we must strive.

WE MUST STRIVE for the good because it is a positive blessing to possess it; and that for which we do not strive is seldom appreciated. Besides if good were possessed without effort we should give it up at the first temptation, for we should prize it so little that we would make no effort to retain its possession.

WHY, THEN, is sin in the world? First because of disobedience to law, both natural and moral. Without disobedience to law there could be no sin.

HENCE, all moral life becomes a moral battle. He who is led by sin and passion becomes a fiend incarnate. He who is led by his surroundings, be they either good or bad, becomes a putty man. He alone, who makes a persistent fight for the right can hope to be a man.

WHY IS IT, if prohibition don't prohibit, that a lot of fellows are all the time crying that prohibition is driving people away from the country? If it don't prohibit, and whiskey and beer are what the emigrant wants, it seems reasonable that there would be a grand rush into the prohibition states.

"CHRISTIANITY is a religion of forgiveness." No other religion teaches this doctrine as a fundamental principle. The more difficult it is for sinful man to comprehend the doctrine, the stronger the proof that it is beyond man's ability to have devised it.

"FOR IF YE forgive men their trespasses, your Heavenly Father will also forgive you." The example was set by the Savior himself, when on the cross he prayed, "Father, forgive them, they know not what they do."

THE FACT that it is so difficult for christian people to learn the lesson, is significant. And if more difficult for them, notwithstanding the fact that they have made the scriptures more or less of a careful study, how much greater the difficulty of those whose modes of thought are entirely out of harmony with this great doctrine!

TO FEEL revenge against another does not injure the one against whom it is cherished; but the one who holds it in his heart is the one who is irreparably harmed. The heart, the holiest cham-

ber of the soul, is filled with rancor, hate, revenge and bitterness, and instead of being full of the best and purest thoughts of earth it is filled with the worst of earth and the lowest of darkness and despair.

WHAT OTHERS THINK. Globe Democrat: The republican revolt against any increase in customs duties which Mr. Plumb has started in the Senate is a move in the right direction.

The attitude of the republicans of the West toward the tariff may be outlined in a few words. Revision of the duties to which the party pledged itself in 1888 they interpreted to mean reduction. This is the construction which has been placed on the phrase in this section.

So far as we have ever been able to learn from a tolerably careful and conscientious study of the matter, there is not the shadow of an excuse for a single increase of duty which is made by the McKinley bill.

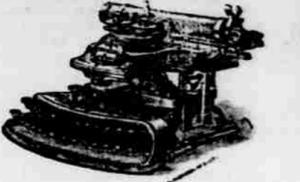
Below will be found a list of the prizes which will be drawn on AUGUST 27th, 1890, AT ZACATECAS, MEXICO, and continued monthly thereafter.

LIST OF PRIZES: 1 PRIZE of \$10,000 is \$10,000. 1 PRIZE of 5,000 is 5,000. 1 PRIZE of 2,500 is 2,500. 1 PRIZE of 1,000 is 1,000. 1 PRIZE of 500 is 500. 1 PRIZE of 250 is 250. 1 PRIZE of 100 is 100.

AGENTS WANTED In every town and city in the United States and British America. The payment of Prizes is guaranteed by a special deposit of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000), with the state government, and approved by Jesus Arechiga, Governor.

Stoddard & Co., Patent Attorneys, 615 7th Street, Washington, D. C., opposite U. S. Patent Office. Patents, Caveats and Re-issues secured. Trade Marks registered. All patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

THE CRANDALL



Standard Type-Writer.

INSTANTLY CHANGEABLE TYPE. WRITING ALWAYS IN SIGHT. Perfect and Permanent Alignment. Send for catalogue and samples of work.

CRANDALL MACHINE CO.

Manufacturers, Groton, N. Y. New York Office, 353 Broadway. Chicago " 54 LaSalle St

A LIBRARY OF AMERICAN LITERATURE.

IN 11 ELEGANT LARGE OCTAVO VOLS. With over 6,000 pages. Handsomely Illustrated with 100 full page Portraits. COMPILLED AND EDITED BY EDMUND CLARENCE STEEDMAN AND ELLEN MACKAY HUTCHINSON.

Address MILO B. STEVENS & CO., Attorneys for Claimants. Main Office: 1419 F. St. N. W. Washington D. C. Branch Office: Case building, Cleveland, O.

GRAND DRAWING OF THE

Loteria de la Beneficencia Publica

OF THE STATE OF ZACATECAS, MEXICO.

LOTTERY,

and will extend its business throughout the United States and British Columbia. Below will be found a list of the prizes which will be drawn on

AUGUST 27th, 1890,

AT ZACATECAS, MEXICO,

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$150,000.00. 100,000 Tickets at \$1.00; Halves \$5.00; Tenth \$1.00; American Currency.

Remittances must be either by New York Draft, Express or Registered Letter, American money. Collections can be made by Express Companies and Banks. Tickets sent direct to management will be paid by draft on New York, Montreal, St. Paul, Chicago, San Francisco or City of Mexico.