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S. B. KLAINE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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LOCAL NOTICES

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REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Electors will make a cross mark, thus X, in the square at the right of the name of the candidate for whom they wish to vote.

For Judge 31st Judicial Dist.— F. C. PRICE.

FORD COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff— WALDO TARBOX. For County Clerk— JOHN RAPP, Jr. For County Treasurer— B. F. MARTIN. For Register of Deeds— S. P. REYNOLDS. For County Surveyor— JOHN G. FONDA. For Coroner— DR. JAS. HAWKINS. For Commissioner, 2d District— H. R. BROWN.

Election, Tuesday, November 2.

That was an Awful Famine.

Morris county corn is worth ten cents more per bushel now than this time last year. This, of course, is due to the crop failure in India.

Morris county hogs are bringing \$1.00 more per hundred than last year, which Mr. Bryan explains is all due to that terrible famine in far away India.

Morris county cattle are worth 75c per hundred more than last year for which we can thank that crop failure on the south end of Europe discovered by Mr. Bryan.

Morris county wheat, what little we have, is worth 25 cents more in 200 cent dollars than last fall. Everybody knows that failure in India is accountable.

Morris county flax sells for 23 cents more per bushel than last season, but we must remember that famine in India was somewhat dreadful.

Morris county baled hay instead of being worth \$2.75 to \$3.00 per ton as last year now sells for \$4.00 to \$4.50. This, as anyone can readily see, is caused by the demand for baled hay and chopped food by the starving residents of India.

Potatoes are worth 65c to 70c per bushel as compared with 40 cents last season, butter 12c to 15c as compared with 8c to 10c last fall, eggs 10c, as against 6c or 7c last fall, but all these things are easily accounted for. In fact many Morris county people don't appear to appreciate the extent of that famine in India and the far reaching results in all agricultural districts and it must be remembered that those famishing natives of India have enormous appetites especially when the republican party and an American tariff bill are getting in their work in the United States.—Council Grove Republican.

Do You Ever.

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and \$1.00 at W. F. Pine's Drugstore.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Winter Protection of the Peach.

Ford county peach growers will be interested in the following bulletins, issued by the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station, at Columbus, Mo.:

Numerous experiments in protecting the peach against winter killing have been carried on the Missouri Experiment Station during the past two years. The results of these trials are reported by Prof. J. C. Whitten in Bulletin 38 of that station. The bulletin is illustrated with cuts showing the different methods employed, and is for free distribution among the peach growers of the Mississippi valley.

In this latitude, winter killing of the fruit buds of the peach is usually due to the unfavorable effects of freezing, after they have been stimulated to growth by warm weather or early spring. It is seldom that the temperature drops sufficiently low to injure dormant peach buds. Peach fruit buds may safely endure a temperature of ten or twenty degrees below zero, provided they mature well in autumn, are entirely dormant and the cold comes on gradually. Zero weather may kill fruit buds that have swollen during previous warm days, or that were not properly ripened in autumn. The early swelling and growth of the buds is due to the warmth they receive from the sun on bright days, is practically independent of root action, and may take place on warm, sunny days in winter, while the roots are frozen and dormant.

Shading or whitening peach trees to prevent their absorbing heat on sunny days, opposes growth of the buds, and is, consequently, a protective measure. Whitening the twigs and buds by spraying them with lime whitewash is, on account of its cheapness and beneficial effects, the most promising method of winter protection tried at that station. These whitened buds remained practically dormant until April, while unprotected buds swelled perceptibly during warm days late in February and early in March. Eighty per cent of the whitened buds passed through the winter safely, while only twenty per cent of the unwhitened buds escaped winter killing. Whitened buds blossomed three to six days later than unwhitened ones. Thermometers covered with material the color of the peach twigs registered during bright sunny weather, from ten to over twenty degrees higher than thermometers covered with white material of similar texture, thus indicating that whitened peach twigs might be expected to absorb much less heat than those that were not whitened.

The whitewash used was four parts of water, one part of skimmed milk and enough freshly slacked lime to make as thick a wash as could conveniently be pumped through a Bordeaux spray nozzle without clogging. This wash was sprayed on the trees by means of a bucket spray pump. The first application was made the last of December and three subsequent sprayings were necessary to keep the trees thoroughly coated until spring. The cost for material and labor is about 10 cents per tree, when done on a small scale.

Shading the trees with canvas hay covers was about as beneficial as whitening, but was more expensive.

"Baling," by drawing the branches together in a vertical bundle and covering them with coarse grass and corn stalks, protects the buds. Old trees with stiff branches cannot well be treated in this manner without injury to the branches.

"Layering," or bending down the trees in autumn and covering with earth, has proved beneficial. Shading the trees with board sheds, enabled peach buds to survive the winter uninjured, when eighty per cent of unprotected buds were killed. Trees protected in this way blossomed later, remained in bloom longer, set more fruit in proportion to the number of apparently perfect flowers, and held their fruit better than any other trees on the station grounds. This is the most effective means of winter protection tried at the station, but it is probably too expensive for commercial orchards.

Those who believe chronic diarrhoea to be incurable should read what Mr. F. E. Grisham, of Gaars Mills, La., has to say on the subject, viz: "I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have tried all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found a remedy that effected a cure and that was Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy." This medicine can always be depended upon for colic, cholera morbus, dysentery and diarrhoea. It is pleasant to take and never fails to effect a cure. 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by W. F. PINE, City Drug Store.

A woman is quoted as saying that, by way of experiment, she washed her face with the juice of a watermelon. The result was so soothing that she repeatedly washed her face in this manner, and her astonishment was great, a few days later, in that there was not a freckle on her previously befreckled face. The price of watermelons is likely to go high, upon this becoming known.

A pain in the chest is nature's warning that pneumonia is threatened. Dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind over the seat of pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, and prompt relief will follow. Sold by W. F. PINE, City Drug Store.

SPEARVILLE NEWS.

—Mike Hines will have a public sale Nov. 4th.

—J. H. Wells went to Newton, Tuesday, on business.

—Ben Bixby was in Kinsley on Monday and Tuesday.

—Mrs. S. E. Day departed Saturday morning for Newton.

—Mrs. E. F. Bogart went to Dodge City, Monday evening.

—Rev. H. B. Johnson returned, Monday night, from Emporia.

—A sister and niece of C. W. Richardson, from Indiana, are visiting here.

—Mrs. L. C. Woodbury left for her home, in Newton, Monday morning.

—Miss Carrie Tusing of Nickerson, visited with her mother, Mrs. Pratt, last week.

—Mrs. H. W. Dorsett went to Kansas City, Tuesday evening, to hear "Mod-Jeka."

—The recent rains, stopping farm work, brought lots of traders to town Monday.

—Everybody is keeping awfully quiet about that wedding that is going to come off next month.

—John Paige shipped two cars of cattle from Kinsley to Kansas City, Monday. He returned Wednesday.

—Mrs. R. S. Crane returned to Dodge City, Thursday last, from visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bogart.

—Wanted.—By the Republican township committee—Senator Titus to repeat the speech he made here last fall.

—H. W. Dorsett went to Topeka, Sunday, to purchase a car load of apples for the enslaved farmers of Ford county.

—Mrs. Acuff left for her home, Monday morning, after a month's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Muir.

—Ben Fyhr has bought the Shaffer feed mill and is repairing it this week, preparatory to starting it up.

—Prof. Eastman was up from Dodge City the first of the week looking after the damage to his farm by Thursday's fire.

—Edwards & Nichols report large lumber sales this fall. Lumber trade the past four years has been exceedingly light.

—Miss Nora Hutson returned home from Coffeyville, Kas., last week where she has been visiting the past month.

—George Peppercorn came in from La Junta, Sunday, to spend a few weeks recuperating from a severe spell of sickness.

—Mr. Brakey of Bloomington, Ill., who has been visiting with Willis Warner, on the Sawlog, left for Newton, Sunday evening.

—Ben Lampe visited the parental home in Wheatland the latter part of the week, and returned to his work in Dodge City, Sunday.

—A. West, Santa Fe roadmaster and two Santa Fe claim adjusters were out investigating the damage, Friday and Saturday, done by Thursday's fire.

—Wheatland township has proved this year that its name is no misnomer. Some of the wheat raised in that township tested as high as 63 pounds per bushel, and a great deal of it over 60 pounds.

—The cheese factory shut down, this week, for the season, which has been a prosperous one. The factory has been unable to fill their orders most of the summer, and will start up early next spring, as there is milk enough.

—A fine rain, beginning Friday night and keeping up till Monday morning, put the ground in good shape for fall seeding, and also checks the danger of fire for the present. A larger acreage of wheat will be sown this fall than last fall.

—The Spearville political pot is not boiling very hard just now, but our people are not slow in knowing when prosperity has struck them, and know how to show their appreciation, by voting the ticket instrumental in bringing it back.

—One of the worst fires in this part of the county for a long time, was started on G. S. Winan's farm, two miles east of town, last Thursday, by a west bound freight train. A very high wind took it rapidly north, and before night it had reached the Jetmore branch, 30 miles from where it started, burning over a scope of country from one to four miles wide. Luckily no lives were lost, and no valuable buildings were burned, though several thousand dollars' worth of feed went up in the smoke. Only the prompt assistance of the farmers for several miles around and section men from Wright, Spearville, Bellefont and Offerle, it would have been much worse. C. M. Richardson, D. G. Curtis, Henry Schrader, were among those who had unaccountably close calls. The fire was plainly seen by people at Rush Center, Ness City and Larned.

BROGS' LITTLE GIANT PILLS cures Consumption, Sick Headache, and the many other complaints caused by indigestion. W. F. PINE, City Drug Store.

THE GLOBE-REPUBLICAN is one dollar a year, payable in advance.

The Newspaper as an Educator.

The influence of newspapers in an educational line has long been recognized, and the adoption of this class of literature in the public schools is about to be realized as a regular part of instruction. Kansas City schools have adopted this method, and prominent educators of the country are favoring the plan.

The opinion entertained by a great many more or less prejudiced persons that a good newspaper office is the best school going seems to gain some justification from certain passages in the newly issued volume of essays and discourses by President Eliot. Discussing wherein modern education has failed to do all that was expected of it, Dr. Eliot says:

"These, then, are the four things in which the individual youth should be thoroughly trained, if his judgment and reasoning power are to be systematically developed: Observing accurately; recording correctly; comparing, grouping and inferring justly; and expressing cogently the results of these mental operations."

Harper's Weekly says "To observe accurately and record correctly are the particular things in which every reporter for a good newspaper is drilled every day, and he does not get far in his business without getting practice almost as regular, in comparison, inference and cogent expression. If practice in these things is the best things for the judgment and reasoning power, we ought to be thankful that so much of it goes to equip the newspaper man for his momentous job of superintending all creation. There is no class of men in the country whose state of mind is of more importance to us than the newspaper men. It is a comfort to be able to infer from the statements of authority that there is no class that is in a better way to have its mind developed. Of course all pupils are not scholars, and the fact that newspapers continually print inaccurate reports and draw unwarranted inferences only means that the task is quite difficult, and that the learners do imperfect work."

A Creek Indian who recently killed a white man on Dog creek, in the Creek Nation, says the Cushing Herald, was quietly fishing when he was arrested. When asked if he had killed the man for money, he said: "No, I killed him for fish bait!" and proved his startling statement by pointing to parts of the murdered man's arm sliced up in a bucket.

T. C. Henry, the former wheat king of Abilene, who went to Mexico last spring, intending to locate, has returned. He was an ardent believer in free silver until he saw its practical workings, and after a few months in a free silver country he has come back to protection, gold standard United States where there is real prosperity and progress. He did not find the business openings he had anticipated, nor did the country show itself as the hoped for land of plenty. Indeed reports from that country are that there is a great business depression owing to the depreciation of silver and many citizens of the United States who went there with the intention of residing have left.

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER AND BLOOD MAKER will assist the digestion, causing new and rich blood to flow through your veins, making life a pleasure instead of a drudge. We sell it, W. F. Pine.

DELINQUENT TAX ORDER.

The following was adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, at the meeting on October 5th, 1897: RESOLVED—That we, the Board of County Commissioners, do extend the time to November 1, 1897, of the order of the Board passed June 8, 1897, allowing delinquent tax payers the privilege of paying back taxes for the amount said property was sold to the county, all interest on such sales to be rebated if said taxes are paid on or before November 1, 1897. And be it further

RESOLVED—That from our observation and the experience of the past we will not extend the time beyond said date and will not again pass an order to the same effect.

Attest: J. H. LEIDIGH, County Clerk

The New Ballot Law.

There are some changes in the ballot law. The square is placed at the right hand of the name of the candidate for whom you wish to vote. Hereafter the square was placed on the left side. In the general manner of voting there are no material changes.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 SHOE. The Style, Fit and Wear could not be improved for Double the Price. W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 Shoes are the production of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices. We make also \$2.50 and \$2.25 shoes for men, and \$2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 for boys, and the W. L. Douglas \$3.50 Police shoe, very suitable for letter-carriers, policemen and others having much walking to do. We are constantly adding new styles to our already large variety, and there is no reason why you cannot be suited, so insist on having W. L. Douglas Shoes from your dealer. We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vici Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes. If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE. Chestnut Street, DODGE CITY, KAS.

"Invincible, Unsurpassable, Without a Peer," Writes a regular subscriber, who has read it for many years, of the Twice-a-Week issue of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, and this is the unanimous verdict of its more than half a million readers. It is beyond all comparison, the biggest, best and cheapest national news and family Journal published in America. It is strictly Republican in politics, but it is above all a newspaper, and gives all the news promptly, accurately and impartially. It is indispensable to the Farmer, Merchant or Professional man who desires to keep thoroughly posted, but has not the time to read a large daily paper, while its great variety of well-selected reading matter makes it an invaluable Home and Family Paper. TWO PAPERS EVERY WEEK. EIGHT PAGES EACH TUESDAY AND FRIDAY. ONE DOLLAR FOR ONE YEAR. SAMPLE COPIES FREE. GLOBE PRINTING CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

And What About This? From Atchison Globe. Dollar wheat is a twin with Republican success. In 1883, under Arthur, the average price of wheat was ninety-one cents a bushel. During Cleveland's first term the average was sixty-eight cents. When Harrison was president wheat varied from eighty-four cents to ninety-three cents. Cleveland's second term sent it down at once to sixty-three cents, and it continued to tumble until it reached forty-nine cents, the lowest price of the century. In the first months of McKinley's administration dollar wheat has returned. The Santa Fe paid \$33,000 to the families of the three engineers and three firemen killed in the Emporia wreck. Of course no monetary consideration can compensate for a bereavement of this nature, but the loss of the bread winner makes the money more than acceptable, and it is right and just that such payment should be made.

To Colorado and California TAKE THE C., R. I & P. Ry. ...GREAT... Rock Island ROUTE It is the BEST LINE for COLORADO TOURISTS or for an Outing in the Rockies. REMEMBER THIS IS THE SCENIC ROUTE TO CALIFORNIA. Handsome Embellished pamphlet giving full particulars as to rates, etc., sent free on application. Address JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago.

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