NATIONALS AND INDIANS PLAY TO 14-INNING TIE

Home Team Comes From Behind and Overcomes Three-run Lead in Ninth; Five Scoreless Frames Follow.

[BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE]

Cleveland, June 8.—Cleveland and Washington played fourteen innings to a tie, each scoring five runs. Score:

CLEVELAND	AB	H	O	A	E	WASHINGTON	AB	H	O	A	E
Graney, lf	4	0	3	0	0	Moeller, rf	5	1	2	0	0
Turner, 2b	6	2	1	6	0	Judge, 1b	5	0	12	1	0
Speaker, cf	7	0	4	0	0	Foster, 2b	5	0	5	1	0
Roth, rf	7	0	2	1	0	Milan, cf	5	2	4	0	0
Gandil, 1b	5	0	13	1	0	Jamieson, lf	1	0	1	0	0
Howard, 2b	4	1	0	3	0	Shanks, lf	5	0	2	0	1
Engle, 3b	5	0	2	1	0	Rondeau, lf	1	0	0	0	0
Wagner, ss	6	0	2	3	1	Morgan, 2b	5	1	1	5	0
O'Neill, c	6	1	8	0	0	Henrie, c	5	0	9	1	0
Coveleskie, p	0	0	0	0	0	McBride, ss	6	1	5	4	0
McHale, p	1	0	0	0	0	Harper, p	2	1	1	2	0
Bagby, p	3	0	2	1	0	Gallia, p	4	0	0	2	0
*Billings	0	0	0	0	0	Alnsmith, c	0	0	3	0	0
*Smith	0	0	0	0	0						
Chapman	1	0	0	0	0	Totals	47	9	42	17	2
Totals	52	10	42	14	1						

*Batted for McHale in ninth.
†Batted for Howard in ninth.
‡Batted for Bagby in fourteenth.

Score by innings:

Washington	200 000 000 000 03	5
Cleveland	010 00 002 000 00	5

Summary: Runs—Turner, Speaker, Roth, Gandil (2), Moeller, Judge, Foster, Milan, Henry. Two-base hits—Wahlgrens, Gandil, Speaker, Milan. Three-base hit—Gandil. Double plays—Turner, Gandil and O'Neill, Judge, Henry and Judge, McBride and Morgan, Morgan, McBride and Judge. Bases on balls—Off Coveleskie 1, off McHale 1, off Harper 2, off Gallia 4. Hits and earned runs—Off Coveleskie 10 hits and 6 run in 1 inning; off McHale 0 hit and 0 run in 2 innings, off Bagby 0 hits and 0 runs in 10 innings; off Harper 1 hits and 2 runs in 4 1-3 innings; off Gallia 3 hits and 3 runs in 3 2-3 innings. Struck out—By Coveleskie, 11; by McHale, 1; by Bagby 6; by Harper, 1; by Gallia, 6. Umpires—Dill and Dineen.

All other American league games postponed; rain.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

All games postponed; rain.

LAS VEGAS NINE TO PLAY ALBUQUERQUE TEAM AT HOPEWELL

The Albuquerque baseball team will play Sunday afternoon at Hopewell field. The Las Vegas nine will put up the opposition. The Albuquerque management closed negotiations with the Las Vegans yesterday.

The Albuquerqueans, so far, have an ever-victorious record. Las Vegas may do sad things to that record, however. A report reaching Albuquerque says that the Las Vegans have rounded up several strong players and that Meadow City will send a hard-hitting and fast fielding team here.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

At Los Angeles—Salt Lake 2; Los Angeles 3.
At Portland—Oakland 8; Portland 6.
At Oakland—Vernon 10; San Francisco 1.

WESTERN LEAGUE

Topeka 9; Des Moines 6.
St. Joseph 6; Sioux City 5.
Lincoln 5; Wichita 4.
Omaha 6; Denver 5.

Rejected Militiamen Return.

East Las Vegas, N. M., June 8.—Several militiamen who failed to pass the army's physical examination at Columbus have returned to their homes in Las Vegas. They were given an ovation by the townspeople, who made them feel that their willingness to serve their state and the nation was appreciated even though they were not given an opportunity to risk their lives.

Former Giant Pitching Great Ball in International League

BILL RITTER ©INTL. FILMSERVICE

Bill Ritter, by winning two games for the Rochester against the leading Richmonds, has become a popular favorite in Rochester and his winning work for the local club since he was shifted there by the New York Giants has raised the hopes of Rochester fans to pennant aspirations. It was through the friendship of President Hempstead of the New York club, and Owner Chapin (Chapin), of the Rochester club, that Ritter was allowed to go to Rochester. But Ritter is still considered such a promising pitcher by Manager McGraw that he insisted on an optional agreement with the Rochester club that allows the pitcher to be recalled by the Giants at any time. Ritter won his first game for Rochester the day after he left the Giants, and also won the double header recently. He has lost but one game in Rochester.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W	L	Pct		W	L	Pct
Brooklyn	27	15	.643	Boston	20	22	.476
New York	22	18	.550	Cincinnati	22	25	.468
Philadelphia	22	24	.468	Pittsburgh	20	25	.444
Chicago	22	24	.478	St. Louis	20	27	.426

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W	L	Pct		W	L	Pct
Cleveland	27	15	.643	Detroit	22	23	.489
New York	25	18	.581	Chicago	19	23	.452
Washington	24	19	.558	St. Louis	19	27	.413
Boston	23	21	.523	Philadelphia	14	27	.341

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

National League.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh at New York.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Boston.

American League.
Boston at Detroit.
Washington at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
New York at St. Louis.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

At Kansas City, 13; Minneapolis, 12.
At Louisville, 5; Indianapolis, 4.

SENATOR FALL IS CHIEF HEWER OF MEXICAN PLANK

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL]

Santa Fe, June 8.—United States Senator Albert B. Fall managed to keep in the limelight at the republican national convention at Chicago. A dispatch under June 7 says: "Stop murder in Mexico" loomed up today as the possible big slogan for the republican fight for the presidency next fall. The Mexican plank of the republican national platform became the center of the fight over party declarations of faith and Senator Albert B. Fall, of New Mexico, took charge of the campaign for a virile, vigorous republican Mexican policy."

Senator Fall, who for months has been the leader of the opposition to President Wilson's course in Mexico, came to Chicago with half a dozen tentative drafts of a Mexican plank. Conferences of prospective members of the convention resolutions committee with Senator Fall today reviewed these declarations and the senator later declared that he was confident that the Mexican declaration would furnish the real issue for the fall campaign.

He placed at the disposal of the resolutions committee all of his information regarding the Wilson Mexican policy, gained through personal investigation on the border and through the activities of his own "secret service" in Mexico.

"The administration's policy cannot be defended," said Senator Fall today. "Both republicans and democrats will probably agree to a certain extent on the issues involving the European war, preparedness and minor questions of the day. Conditions in the country have just about eliminated the tariff as a possible issue.

"In this situation it is apparent to me that the time has come for the republican party to make its fight on the issue of protecting the lives and property of Americans in Mexico, where the Wilson administration has abandoned our citizens to death and their property to destruction."

Senator Fall expects to represent New Mexico on the resolutions committee and he will fight for a plank that will put the party on record as favoring American intervention in Mexican up Mexico."

NEW MEXICO MAY OBTAIN ADDITIONAL DRY FARM STATION

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL]

Agricultural College, N. M., June 8.—That New Mexico needs a second dry farm experiment station is to be impressed upon officials of the department of agriculture by Dr. George E. Ladd, president of the New Mexico agricultural college, who has gone to Washington, D. C., for the purpose of asking for an appropriation sufficient to establish a station in the high altitude contour in the northern part of the state.

New Mexico has one dry farm experiment station at the present time, located at Tucumcari. Dr. Ladd believes that if the proper effort is made an additional station will be established. A second station will mean much to the development of the dry farming industry.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

At New Orleans, 4; Memphis, 2.
At Birmingham, 1; Nashville, 2.
At Atlanta, 2; Chattanooga, 5.
Others not scheduled.

JAPAN REFUSES TO TURN OVER FUNDS TO CHINA

Peking Branch of Yokahama Bank Withholds Salt Monopoly Surplus Money; American Loan Scored.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)

Peking, April 30.—Japan's refusal to co-operate with the quintuple group of bankers in turning over $5,500,000 Mexican of the salt monopoly surplus fund to the Chinese government has created much comment in China, and has provoked hostile criticism from press friendly to the Yuan Shi-kai government.

Sir Richard Dane, the foreign director of the salt monopoly, approved of the release of $5,500,000 to the Chinese government and gave assurance that such action will in no way imperil the interests of the five foreign powers which made the loan with the salt monopoly as security. However, under instructions from Tokio, the Yokohama Specie bank in Peking has declined to turn over to the Chinese authorities $800,000 which it had deposited with it to the credit of the salt monopoly.

Japanese Hostility Inferred.

This action on the part of Japan is interpreted by the Chinese press as an indication that Japan desires to prevent the Peking government from getting money at this time to put down the revolutionary movement in the south.

The Peking Daily News, in discussing the action of Japan, says: "Actions speak louder than words. Japan professes friendship towards China, and is seriously perturbed if her motives be questioned. Fortunately, the demands of last year need no interpreter. They speak for themselves. And so it is with regard to the recent action of the Japanese government in respect of handing over Chinese money to the Chinese government.

Other Banks Pay.

In terms of the certificate granted by Sir Richard Dane four of the five banks concerned in the reorganization loan have handed over their quota of the surplus of salt revenue to the Chinese government, but the Yokohama Specie bank, under instructions from Tokio, has declined to hand over the $800,000 deposited with it to the Chinese authorities, presuming to set up another authority than that provided for by the loan agreement. The action on the face of it looks decidedly unfriendly, and if the Japanese find themselves less in favor here than they were before, the fault can only rest with themselves, as they have been guilty of an offense which cannot be lightly condoned. The reorganization loan agreement provides that if the inspector general, Sir Richard Dane, as it happens to be, is satisfied that there is sufficient surplus to meet the stipulated charges upon the revenue, the banks are authorized to release the deposits lodged with them from the salt revenue and hand them over to the Chinese government. For some reason or other the Japanese government has seen fit to depart from the terms of the loan agreement. In the opinion of Tokio the determining authority is no longer to be Sir Richard Dane and his colleague on the inspectorate general, but the Japanese government, or those who are charged with the responsibility of advising them on matters Chinese. Their action is palpably ultra vires of the agreement. Evidently the 'scrap of paper' theory prevails in Tokio, where agreements are regarded as binding only on the other party. Japan, according to her statesmen, is to be a law unto herself, and to do exactly as she pleases in China. Fortunately, the amount involved at the moment is not a large one, but the offense is not lightened on that account, and no further comment is needed than the recital of the fact that the other banks observed the terms of the agreement and paid over their respective quota. Punctilious Japan, however, failed to do so.

Money Belongs to China.

"The inference to be drawn hardly needs to be stated. The money belongs to the Chinese government. All the safeguards which the powers provided in their respective interests are satisfied, and the money should be paid over in full. The fact that the Japanese alone declined to abide by the terms of the agreement indicates that they are animated by the policy which has been too obvious since the commencement of the European war, the embarrassment of the Chinese government and furtherance of Japanese aims in this country, aims which are not in the interests of China nor in the interests of the powers to acknowledge."

Salt Income Increasing.

The income from the salt monopoly for the four months of December, 1915, and January, February and March, 1916, was $27,384,000 Mexican as against $24,420,000 Mexican for the same period twelve months earlier, an increase of $2,964,000 Mexican. According to Sir Richard Dane's statement, the balance remaining of the salt funds in the group of bankers, all of which is surplus on March 31, 1916, was $19,298,000 Mexican. The amount which the chief inspectors authorized to be released to the Chinese government on April 4, was $5,500,000. All of this which was held by European bankers has been turned over, but the Japanese refused to follow the lead of the English, Russian, German and French banks.

Japan's attitude towards the American loan concluded by Lee Higginson & Co. with the Chinese government has also been extremely hostile. Japanese newspapers in China have criticized this loan and the Japanese minister, Eki Hioki, has made inquiries concerning it at the American legation.

No Right to Interfere.

In discussing the American loan, the National Review, of Shanghai, "If Japan has not right to retain salt funds belonging to the Chinese government still less has she or anybody else a right to criticize the closing of contracts for foreign loans from other sources. The loan just concluded is, on its merits as an international transaction, the perfectly logical sequence of President Wilson's attitude in 1913. He then refused to support the United States banking interests affiliated with the sextuple syndicate on the ground that the character of the transactions contemplated was such as to prejudice the political independence of this country; and he was undoubtedly right. The clear implication was that loans from the United States that did not so prejudice Chinese political independence would have the favorable regard of his administration. The parties to the present contract have taken perfectly legitimate advantage of that implication, and the signature of the loan contract may be taken as an earnest of the increasing financial co-operation of the United States in the industrial and commercial development of this country. As such it should have the hearty approval of all who desire to see this country advance. The general principles of the transaction appear to be thoroughly sound, and the details, so far as is known, are also entirely favorable, the financial house concerned taking up the loan at 97, a far better rate than some of the European powers have recently been able to obtain.

"The fear that the proceeds of the loan may be used for the purpose of suppressing the insurrection in the south appears to be entirely unnecessary. The loan is for specified industrial and development purposes, and there is no likelihood that it will be used for any other purposes. Objection on this ground is captious, in any case, but objection from any of the powers represented in the quintuple syndicate is singularly inept, and more particularly so from those who were only admitted on sufferance, and after much beseeching. As we have said, President Wilson withdrew support from his nationals interested in that syndicate because he held that it sought to abridge Chinese political independence. Russia and Japan insist in joining the syndicate, not because they had money to invest, but simply in order that they might have a controlling hand in Chinese political development. Having entered the syndicate, they had part and lot with the other members in the signature, in spite of the parliament, to protest afterwards supported by an armed expedition from the Yung-tse northwards of the reorganization loan, the funds of which were not definitely earmarked for industrial or similar enterprises but were, it was freely alleged by those who made the protest, to be used for wrecking the constitution. The protest, whether justifiable or not, was a legal protest by a legally constituted parliament—yet Japan heeded it not; neither did any other foreign power interested in the loan.

"The contract between Japan's attitude then, when she was urging Yuan Shi-kai to restore the Manchus and was hoping that he would do so, is very different from her attitude today when Yuan Shi-kai has given every evident sign that he does not intend to restore them. Again Japan cannot both eat her cake and have it. She cannot both contend for the indefensible propriety of the reorganization loan and at the same time impugn the propriety of the present transaction."

DEATH BLASTS TENDER ROMANCE

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL]

Santa Fe, June 7.—The sad ending of a beautiful romance is reported from Los Angeles, the story being told by the Los Angeles Times: "Joseph Goodrich of Los Angeles went to Las Cruces, N. M., two weeks ago to be married on the first to Miss Alice Beasley, one of the most attractive girls of the Mesilla valley. After his arrival there he became ill and two weeks later died at the home of the bride-to-be, where he was taken after being stricken at his hotel. Miss Beasley will accompany the remains of her intended husband back to Hanover, where the funeral services will be held at the family home. Miss Beasley is the daughter of a wealthy mining man who lives near Las Cruces and elaborate plans had been made for the wedding. All of the flowers ordered for the nuptials have been used to cover the casket."

Claxton Guest of Honor.

East Las Vegas, N. M., June 8.—United States Commissioner of Education P. P. Claxton was the guest of honor at a breakfast given this morning at the Castaneda hotel by La Junta De Las Vegas. Mr. Claxton gave an address on education, which was listened to attentively by the large company present, composed largely of educators from all parts of the state. The educational conference resumed work at 11 o'clock, discussing the methods of financing an educational survey for the state.

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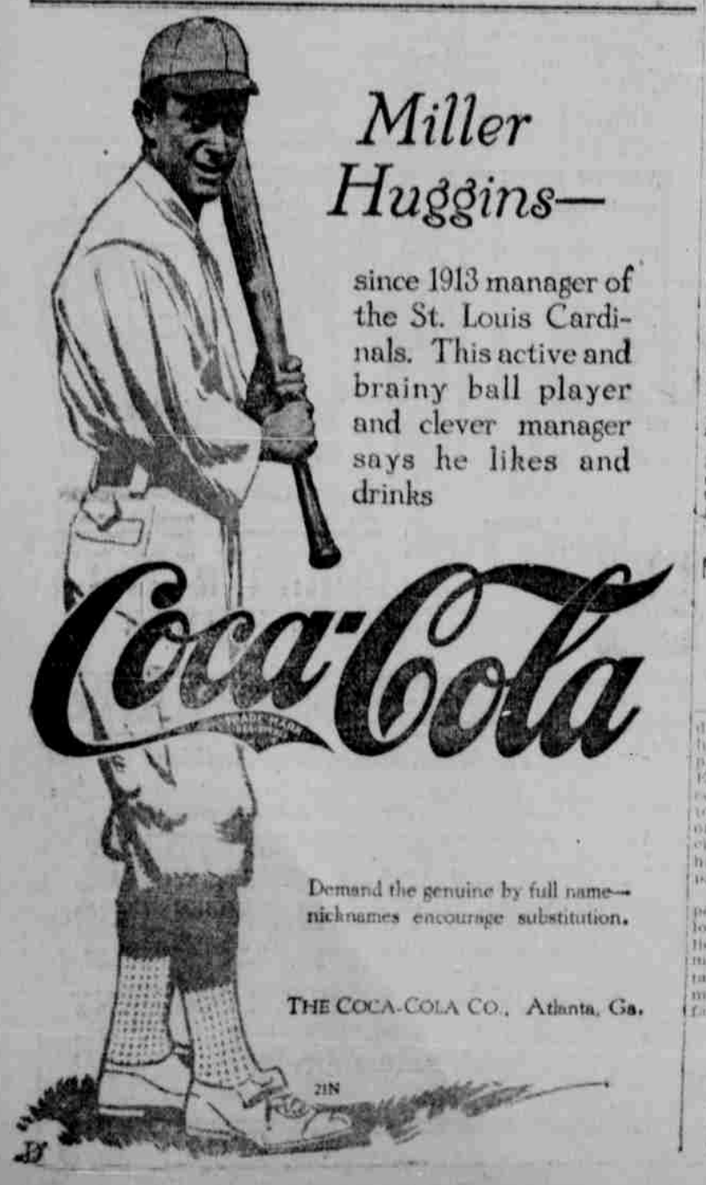

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